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## **Programmers**

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Introducing PHARMAC

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# Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

#### PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

# Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment (NPPA) provides a mechanism for individual patients to receive funding for medicines not listed in the Pharmaceutical Schedule (either at all or for their clinical circumstances). PHARMAC will assess applications that meet the prerequisites according to its Factors for Consideration before deciding whether to approve applications for funding. The Factors for Consideration will be used to assess both the individual clinical circumstances of each NPPA applicant, and the implications of each NPPA funding decision on PHARMAC's ability to carry out its legislative functions.

For more information on NPPA, or to apply, visit the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/link/nppa or call the Panel Coordinators at 0800 660 050 Option 2.

# The Pharmaceutical Schedule

The purpose of the Schedule is to list:

- the Community Pharmaceuticals that are subsidised by the Government and to show the amount of the subsidy paid to contractors, as well as the manufacturer's price and any access conditions that may apply;
- the Hospital Pharmaceuticals that may be used in DHB Hospitals, as well as any access conditions that may apply; and
- the Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals for which national prices have been negotiated by PHARMAC.

The Schedule does not show the final cost to Government of subsidising each community pharmaceutical, nor to DHB hospitals in purchasing each hospital pharmaceutical or other pharmaceuticals, including medical devices. The final cost will depend on any rebate and other arrangements PHARMAC has with the supplier or on any logistics arrangements put in place.

# Finding Information in Section H

This book contains Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule and lists pharmaceuticals that can be used in DHB hospitals:

- Part I lists the rules in relation to use of Pharmaceuticals by DHB hospitals.
- Part II lists hospital pharmaceuticals that are funded for use in DHB hospitals. These are listed by therapeutic group, which
  is based on the WHO Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) system. It also provides information on any national contracts
  that exist, and indicates which products have Hospital Supply Status (HSS).
- Part III lists optional pharmaceuticals for which national contracts exist, and DHB hospitals may choose to fund. In addition to
  the products listed in this book, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals are listed in an addendum to Part III available
  at http://www.pharmac.govt.nz.

The listings are displayed alphabetically under each heading. The index lists both chemical entities and product brand names.

# Glossary

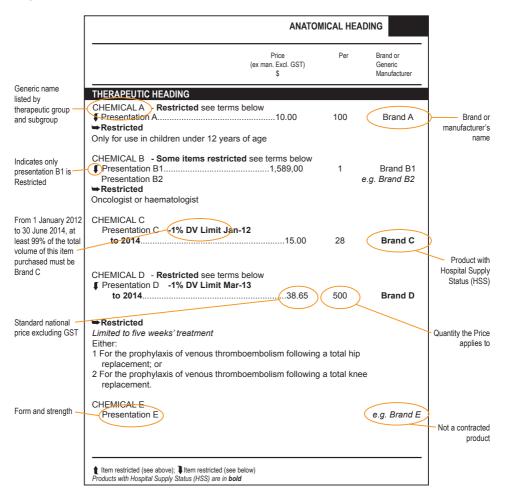
# **Units of Measure**

gramg kilogramkg international unitiu	microgrammcg milligrammg millilitreml	
Abbreviations		
capsule cap	lotionlotn	suppositorysuppos tablettab

HSS Hospital Supply Status (Refer to Rule 20)

# **Guide to Section H listings**

# Example



## INTRODUCTION

Section H contains general rules that apply, and other information relating, to Hospital Pharmaceuticals and Optional Pharmaceuticals

Where relevant, Section H shows the Price at which a Pharmaceutical can be purchased directly from the Pharmaceutical supplier by DHBs, providers of logistics services, wholesalers or other such distributors, or Contract Manufacturers.

The Price is determined via contractual arrangements between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Where a Pharmaceutical is listed in Part II of Section H, but no Price and/or brand of Pharmaceutical is indicated, each DHB may purchase any brand and/or pay the price that the DHB negotiates with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier.

As required by section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of Pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

## INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

#### 1 Interpretation and Definitions

- 1.1 In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:
  - "Act", means the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.
  - "Combined Pharmaceutical Budget", means the pharmaceutical budget set for PHARMAC by the Crown for the subsidised supply of Community Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments including for named patients in exceptional circumstances.
  - "Community", means any setting outside of a DHB Hospital.
  - "Community Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical listed in Sections A to G or I of the Pharmaceutical Schedule that is subsidised by the Funder from the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget and, for the purposes of this Section H, includes Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments (PCTs).
  - "Contract Manufacturer", means a manufacturer or a supplier that is a party to a contract with the relevant DHB Hospital to compound Pharmaceuticals, on request from that DHB Hospital.
  - "Designated Delivery Point", means at a DHB Hospital's discretion:
    - a) a delivery point agreed between a Pharmaceutical supplier and the relevant DHB Hospital, to which delivery point that Pharmaceutical supplier must supply a National Contract Pharmaceutical directly at the Price; and/or
    - b) any delivery point designated by the relevant DHB Hospital or PHARMAC, such delivery point being within 30 km of the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier's national distribution centre.
  - "DHB", means an organisation established as a District Health Board by or under Section 19 of the Act.
  - "DHB Hospital", means a hospital (including community trust hospitals) and/or an associated health service that is funded by a DHB including (but not limited to) district nursing services and child dental services.
  - "DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the National DV Limit or the Individual DV Limit.
  - "DV Pharmaceutical", means a discretionary variance Pharmaceutical that does not have HSS but is used in place of one that does. Usually this means it is the same chemical entity, at the same strength, and in the same or a similar presentation or form, as the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS. Where this is not the case, a note will be included with the listing of the relevant Pharmaceutical.
  - "Extemporaneously Compounded Product", means a Pharmaceutical that is compounded from two or more Pharmaceuticals, for the purposes of reconstitution, dilution or otherwise.
  - "First Transition Period", means the period of time after notification that a Pharmaceutical has been awarded HSS and before HSS is implemented.
  - "Funder", means the body or bodies responsible, pursuant to the Act, for the funding of Pharmaceuticals listed on the Schedule (which may be one or more DHBs and/or the Ministry of Health) and their successors.
  - "Give", means to administer, provide or dispense (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) a Pharmaceutical, or to arrange for the administration, provision or dispensing (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) of a Pharmaceutical, and "Given" has a corresponding meaning.
  - "Hospital Pharmaceuticals", means the list of Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part II of the Schedule which includes some National Contract Pharmaceuticals.
  - "HSS", stands for hospital supply status, which means the status of being the brand of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical that DHBs are obliged to purchase, subject to any DV Limit, for the period of hospital supply, as awarded under an agreement between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Pharmaceuticals with HSS are listed in Section H in bold text.

"Indication Restriction", means a limitation placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Hospital Pharmaceutical which restricts funding to treatment of particular clinical circumstances.

"Individual DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS and a particular DHB Hospital, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of that DHB Hospital's Total Market Volume up to which that DHB Hospital may purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Local Restriction", means a restriction on the use of a Pharmaceutical in specific DHB Hospitals on the basis of prescriber type that is implemented by the relevant DHB in accordance with rule 7.

"Medical Device", has the meaning set out in the Medicines Act 1981.

"Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Advisory Panel", means the panel of clinicians, appointed by the PHARMAC Board, that is responsible for advising PHARMAC, in accordance with its Terms of Reference, on Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment applications and any Exceptional Circumstances renewal applications submitted after 1 March 2012.

"National Contract", means a contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier which sets out the basis on which any Pharmaceutical may be purchased for use in a DHB Hospital, including an agreement as to a national price.

"National Contract Pharmaceutical", means a brand of Pharmaceutical listed in Section H, where PHARMAC has entered into contractual arrangements with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier that specify the terms and conditions of listing, including the Price. Such Pharmaceuticals are recognisable in Section H because the relevant listing identifies the brand and Price.

"National DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of the Total Market Volume up to which all DHB Hospitals may collectively purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Optional Pharmaceuticals", means the list of National Contract Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part III of the Schedule.

"PHARMAC", means the Pharmaceutical Management Agency established by Section 46 of the Act.

"Pharmacode", means the six or seven digit identifier assigned to a Pharmaceutical by the Pharmacy Guild following application from a Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Pharmaceutical", means a medicine, therapeutic medical device, or related product or related thing listed in Sections B to I of the Schedule.

"Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment", means Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer, listed in Sections A to G of the Schedule and identified therein as a "PCT" or "PCT only" Pharmaceutical that DHBs must fund for use in their DHB hospitals, and/or in association with outpatient services provided by their DHB Hospitals, in relation to the treatment of cancers.

"Prescriber Restriction", means a restriction placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Pharmaceutical on the basis of prescriber type (and where relevant in these rules, includes a Local Restriction).

"Price", means the standard national price for a National Contract Pharmaceutical, and, unless agreed otherwise between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier, includes any costs associated with the supply of the National Contract Pharmaceutical to, at a DHB Hospital's discretion, any Designated Delivery Point, or to a Contract Manufacturer (expressly for the purpose of compounding), but does not include the effect of any rebates which may have been negotiated between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Restriction", means a limitation, put in place by PHARMAC or a DHB, restricting the funding of a Pharmaceutical and includes Indication Restrictions, Local Restrictions and Prescriber Restrictions (as defined in this Part I of Section H).

"Schedule", means this Pharmaceutical Schedule and all its sections and appendices.

"Special Authority Approval", means an approval for funding of a Community Pharmaceutical that is marked in Sections B-G of the Schedule as being subject to a Special Authority restriction.

"Total Market Volume", means, for a particular Pharmaceutical with HSS in any given period, in accordance with the data available to PHARMAC, the sum of:

- a) the total number of Units of the relevant Pharmaceutical with HSS purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit: and
- b) the total number of Units of all the relevant DV Pharmaceuticals purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit.

"Unapproved Indication", means, for a Pharmaceutical, an indication for which it is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981. Clinicians prescribing Pharmaceuticals for Unapproved Indications should be aware of, and comply with, their obligations under Section 25 and/or Section 29 of the Medicines Act 1981 and as set out in rule 23.

"Unit", means an individual unit of a Pharmaceutical (e.g. a tablet, 1 ml of an oral liquid, an ampoule or a syringe).

- "Unlisted Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical that is within the scope of a Hospital Pharmaceutical, but is not listed in Section H Part II.
- 1.2 In addition to the above interpretations and definitions, unless the content requires otherwise, a reference in the Schedule to:
  - a) the singular includes the plural; and
  - any legislation includes a modification and re-enactment of, legislation enacted in substitution for, and a regulation,
     Order in Council, and other instrument from time to time issued or made under, that legislation.

## HOSPITAL SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS

# 2 Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 2.1 Section H Part II contains the list of Hospital Pharmaceuticals that must be funded by DHB Hospitals. Section H Part II does not currently encompass the following categories of pharmaceuticals except for any items specifically listed in this Section H Part II:
  - a) Medical Devices:
  - b) whole or fractionated blood products;
  - c) diagnostic products which have an ex vivo use, such as pregnancy tests and reagents;
  - d) disinfectants and sterilising products, except those that are to be used in or on a patient;
  - e) foods and probiotics;
  - f) radioactive materials;
  - g) medical gases;
  - h) parenteral nutrition; and
  - i) pharmaceutical products for in-vivo investigation of allergy.

Subject to rule 2.2, the funding of pharmaceuticals identified in a-i above is a decision for individual DHB Hospitals.

- 2.2 Section H Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals that PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier have entered into contractual arrangements for the purchase of, including an agreement on a national price and other obligations such as HSS. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III of Section H, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.
- 2.3 Section H Part II does not encompass the provision of pharmaceutical treatments for DHB Hospital staff as part of an occupational health and safety programme. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund pharmaceutical treatments for such use, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.

## 3 DHB Supply Obligations

- 3.1 In accordance with section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule, which includes these General Rules.
- 3.2 DHB Hospitals are not required to hold stock of every Hospital Pharmaceutical listed in Section H Part II, but they must Give it within a reasonable time if it is prescribed.
- 3.3 DHB Hospitals are able to hold stock of an Unlisted Pharmaceutical if doing so is considered necessary for the DHB Hospital to be able to Give the Unlisted Pharmaceutical in a timely manner under rules 11–17 inclusive.
- 3.4 Except where permitted in accordance with rule 11, DHBs must not Give:
  - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
  - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

#### 4 Funding

- 4.1 The purchase costs of Hospital Pharmaceuticals or Optional Pharmaceuticals administered, provided or dispensed by DHB Hospitals must be funded by the relevant DHB Hospital from its own budget, with the exception of:
  - a) Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments:
  - b) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been brought to the DHB hospital by the patient who is being treated by outpatient Services or who is admitted as an inpatient;
  - c) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been dispensed to a mental health day clinic under a Practitioner's Supply Order; and
  - d) Unlisted Pharmaceutical that have been brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient who is admitted as an inpatient.
- 4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments and Community Pharmaceuticals are funded through the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget, and Unlisted Pharmaceuticals are funded by the patient.

## LIMITS ON SUPPLY

#### 5 Prescriber Restrictions

- 5.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has a Prescriber Restriction if it is prescribed:
  - a) by a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical or, subject to rule 5.2, pursuant to a recommendation from such a clinician;
  - b) in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the DHB Hospital; or
  - c) in an emergency situation, provided that the prescriber has made reasonable attempts to comply with rule 5.1(a) above. If on-going treatment is required (i.e. beyond 24 hours) subsequent prescribing must comply with rule 5.1(a).
- 5.2 Where a Hospital Pharmaceutical is prescribed pursuant to a recommendation from a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical:
  - a) the prescriber must consult with a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical; and
  - b) the consultation must relate to the patient for whom the prescription is written; and
  - c) the consultation may be in person, by telephone, letter, facsimile or email; and
  - d) appropriate records are kept of the consultation, including recording the name of the advising clinician on the prescription/chart.
- 5.3 Where a clinician is working under supervision of a consultant who is of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical, the requirements of rule 5.2 can be deemed to have been met.

#### 6 Indication Restrictions

- 6.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has an Indication Restriction, if it is prescribed for treatment of a patient with the particular clinical circumstances set out in the Indication Restriction.
- 6.2 If a patient has a current Special Authority Approval for the Hospital Pharmaceutical that the DHB Hospital wishes to Give, then the Indication Restriction is deemed to have been met.
- 6.3 If a Hospital Pharmaceutical has an Indication Restriction that is "for continuation only" then the DHB Hospital should only Give the Hospital Pharmaceutical where:
  - a) the patient has been treated with the Pharmaceutical in the Community; or
  - b) the patient is unable to be treated with an alternative Hospital Pharmaceutical, and the prescriber has explained to the patient that the Pharmaceutical is not fully subsidised in the Community.

#### 7 Local Restrictions

- 7.1 A DHB Hospital may implement a Local Restriction, provided that:
  - a) in doing so, it ensures that the Local Restriction does not unreasonably limit funded access to the Hospital Pharmaceutical or undermine PHARMAC's decision that the Hospital Pharmaceutical must be funded;
  - b) it provides PHARMAC with details of each Local Restriction that it implements; and
- 7.2 PHARMAC may, when it considers that a Local Restriction does not conform to rule 7.1 above, require a DHB to amend or remove that Local Restriction.

# 8 Community use of Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 8.1 Except where otherwise specified in Section H, DHB Hospitals can Give any Hospital Pharmaceutical to a patient for use in the Community, provided that:
  - a) the quantity does not exceed that sufficient for up to 30 days' treatment, unless:
    - i) it would be inappropriate to provide less than the amount in an original pack; or
    - ii) the relevant DHB Hospital has a Dispensing for Discharge Policy and the quantity dispensed is in accordance with that policy: and
  - b) the Hospital Pharmaceutical is supplied consistent with any applicable Restrictions.

#### 9 Community use of Medical Devices

- 9.1 Subject to rules 9.2 and 9.3, DHB Hospitals may Give a Medical Device for patients for use in the Community.
- 9.2 Where a Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is a Community Pharmaceutical, the DHB Hospital must supply:
  - a) the brand of Medical Device that is listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
  - b) only to patients who meet the funding eligibility criteria set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule.
- 9.3 Where a DHB Hospital has supplied a Medical Device to a patient; and
  - a) that Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is subsequently listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
  - b) the patient would not meet any funding eligibility criteria for the Medical Device set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and

- c) the Medical Device has consumable components that need to be replaced throughout its usable life; then DHB Hospitals may continue to fund consumable products for that patient until the end of the usable life of the Medical Device. At the end of the usable life of the device, funding for a replacement device must be consistent with the Pharmaceutical Schedule and/or in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy.
- 9.4 DHB Hospitals may also continue to fund consumable products, as in rule 9.3 above, in situations where the DHB has been funding consumable products but where the Medical Device was funded by the patient.

# 10 Extemporaneous Compounding

- 10.1 A DHB Hospital may Give any Extemporaneously Compounded Product for a patient in its care, provided that:
  - a) all of the component Pharmaceuticals of the Extemporaneously Compounded Product are Hospital Pharmaceuticals; and
  - b) the Extemporaneously Compounded Product is supplied consistent with any applicable rules or Restrictions for its component Hospital Pharmaceuticals.
- 10.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this rule 10.1 applies to any Extemporaneously Compounded Product, whether it is manufactured by the DHB Hospital or by a Contract Manufacturer.

## **EXCEPTIONS**

#### 11 Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment

- 11.1 A DHB Hospitals may only Give:
  - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
  - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions,

in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Policy or rules 12-17 inclusive.

#### 12 Continuation

- 12.1 Where a patient's clinical circumstances have been stabilised via treatment in the Community with a pharmaceutical that has not been funded by the Funder, and that patient is admitted to hospital as an inpatient, a DHB Hospital may fund that pharmaceutical for the duration of the patient's stay, where:
  - a) the patient has not brought (or cannot arrange to bring) the pharmaceuticals to the DHB Hospital, or pharmacy staff consider that the pharmaceuticals brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient cannot be used; and
  - b) interrupted or delayed treatment would have significant adverse clinical consequences; and
  - c) it is not considered appropriate to switch treatment to a Hospital Pharmaceutical.

#### 13 Pre-Existing Use

- 13.1 Subject to 13.2, where a DHB Hospital has Given a pharmaceutical for a patient prior to 1 July 2013, and the pharmaceutical:
  - a) is an Unlisted Pharmaceutical: or
  - b) treatment of the patient would not comply with any relevant Restrictions;
  - the DHB Hospital may continue to Give that pharmaceutical if it is considered that there would be significant adverse clinical consequences from ceasing or switching treatment.
- 13.2 Each DHB Hospital must, by no later than 1 October 2013, provide PHARMAC with a report on pharmaceuticals it has Given in accordance with this rule 13 where treatment has continued beyond 1 August 2013.

#### 14 Clinical Trials and Free Stock

- 14.1 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is funded by a third party and is being used:
  - 14.1.1 as part of a clinical trial that has Ethics Committee approval; or
  - 14.1.2 for on-going treatment of patients following the end of such a clinical trial.
- 14.2 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is provided free of charge by a supplier, provided that the pharmaceutical is provided as part of a programme of which the DHB, or supplier, has notified PHARMAC.

#### 15 Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments in Paediatrics

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical for use within a paediatric oncology/haematology service for the treatment of cancer.

# 16 Other Government Funding

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical where funding for that pharmaceutical has been specifically provided by a Government entity other than PHARMAC or a DHB.

#### 17 Other Exceptions

- 17.1 PHARMAC may also approve the funding of a pharmaceutical within a single DHB Hospital for information gathering purposes or otherwise related to PHARMAC's decision-making process for considering additions to or amendments to the Pharmaceutical Schedule.
- 17.2 Funding approvals granted under rule 17.1 will be subject to specific limitations on use as determined appropriate by PHARMAC in each circumstance, in consultation with the relevant DHB Hospital and/or DHB.

## NATIONAL CONTRACTING

#### 18 Hospital Pharmaceutical Contracts

- 18.1 A DHB Hospital may enter into a contract for the purchase of any Pharmaceutical,including any Medical Device, that it is entitled to fund in accordance with this Schedule H and that is not a National Contract Pharmaceutical, provided that such a contract:
  - a) does not oblige the relevant DHB Hospital to purchase a volume of that Pharmaceutical, if that Pharmaceutical is a DV Pharmaceutical, that is greater than the relevant DV Limit;
  - b) enables PHARMAC to access and use future price and volume data in respect of that Pharmaceutical; and
  - c) enables the relevant DHB Hospital to terminate the contract or relevant parts of the contract in order to give full effect to the National Contract on no more than 3 months' written notice to the Pharmaceutical supplier.
- 18.2 From 1 July 2013, where a DHB Hospital has a pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity for which there is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, the DHB may continue purchasing the chemical entity in accordance with its pre-existing supply contract however:
  - a) from the day its pre-existing supply contract expires, that DHB Hospital is to purchase the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, and is to comply with any DV Limits for the National Contract Pharmaceutical where it has HSS:
  - b) if purchase of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, where it has HSS, would not cause the relevant DHB Hospital to be in breach of its pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity; the DHB Hospital must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical.
- 18.3 Following written notification from PHARMAC that a Pharmaceutical is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, either through Section H updates or otherwise. DHB Hospitals must, unless PHARMAC expressly notifies otherwise:
  - a) take any steps available to them to terminate pre-existing contracts or relevant parts of such a contract, and
  - not enter any new contracts or extend the period of any current contracts, for the supply of that National Contract Pharmaceutical or the relevant chemical entity or Medical Device.

# 19 National Contract Pharmaceuticals

- 19.1 DHB Hospitals must take all necessary steps to enable any contracts between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier in relation to National Contract Pharmaceuticals to be given full effect.
- 19.2 The contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and the relevant supplier of a National Contract Pharmaceutical requires it to be made available for purchase at the relevant Price by any or all of the following:
  - a) DHB Hospitals at Designated Delivery Points; and/or
  - b) Contract Manufacturers (expressly for the purpose of compounding).

In the case of Medical Devices, a National Contract may require the Medical Device to be purchased by, and/or supplied to, a third party logistics provider.

# 20 Hospital Supply Status (HSS)

- 20.1 The DV Limit for any National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS is set out in the listing of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical in Section H, and may be amended from time to time.
- 20.2 If a National Contract Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H as having HSS, DHB Hospitals:
  - a) are expected to use up any existing stocks of DV Pharmaceuticals during the First Transition Period;
  - must not purchase DV Pharmaceuticals in volumes exceeding their usual requirements, or in volumes exceeding those which they reasonably expect to use, within the First Transition Period:
  - must ensure that Contract Manufacturers, when manufacturing an Extemporaneously Compounded Product on their behalf, use the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS; and
  - d) must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS except:
    - i) to the extent that the DHB Hospital may use its discretion to purchase a DV Pharmaceutical within the DV Limit, provided that (subject to rule 20.2(d)(iii) below) the DV Limit has not been exceeded nationally;

- ii) if the Pharmaceutical supplier fails to supply that National Contract Pharmaceutical, in which case the relevant DHB Hospital does not have to comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical during that period of non-supply (and any such month(s) included in a period of non-supply will be excluded in any review of the DV Limit in accordance with rule 20.3 below);
- iii) that where the DV Limit has been exceeded nationally, the DHB Hospital may negotiate with the Pharmaceutical supplier that supplies the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS for written permission to vary the application of that DHB Hospital's Individual DV Limit for any patient whose exceptional needs require a DV Pharmaceutical.
- 20.3 PHARMAC may, in its discretion, for any period or part period:
  - a) review usage by DHB Hospitals of the National Contract Pharmaceutical and DV Pharmaceuticals to determine whether the DV Limit has been exceeded; and
  - b) audit compliance by DHB Hospitals with the DV Limits and related requirements.
- 20.4 PHARMAC will address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit by:
  - a) obtaining the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital's assurance that it will comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS in the remainder of the applicable period and any subsequent periods; and
  - b) informing the relevant supplier of the HSS Pharmaceutical of any individual DHB or DHB Hospital's non-compliance with the DV Limit for that HSS Pharmaceutical.
- 20.5 In addition to the steps taken by PHARMAC under rule 20.4 above to address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit, the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier may require, in its discretion, financial compensation from the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital:
  - a) an amount representing that DHB or DHB Hospital's contribution towards exceeding the DV Limit (where PHARMAC is able to quantify this based on the information available to it); or
  - b) the sum of \$1,000 or \$5,000 (depending on the terms of the applicable national contract applying to the HSS Pharmaceutical),
  - whichever is the greater as between sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) within the number of business days specified in the notice from the Pharmaceutical supplier requiring such payment to be made.
- 20.6 The terms and conditions of a National Contract shall apply for a National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS for a Medical Device. In the event there is any inconsistency between such a National Contract and these General Rules, for example but not limited to a DV Pharmaceutical or DV Limit, the National Contract shall prevail.

#### 21 Collection of rebates and payment of financial compensation

- 21.1 Following the receipt of any rebates from a Pharmaceutical supplier in respect of a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical, PHARMAC will notify each relevant DHB and DHB Hospital of the amount of the rebate owing to it, being a portion of the total rebate determined by PHARMAC on the basis of that DHB Hospital's usage of that National Contract Pharmaceutical, where this is able to be determined. Where data to determine individual DHB Hospitals' usage is not available, PHARMAC will apportion rebates on the basis of an alternative method agreed between the relevant DHBs and PHARMAC.
- 21.2 PHARMAC will pay each DHB Hospital the rebate amounts (if any) owing to it, no less frequently than once each calendar quarter in respect of rebates received quarterly (or more often).

#### 22 Price and Volume Data

- 22.1 DHB Hospitals must provide to PHARMAC, on a monthly basis in accordance with PHARMAC's requirements, any volume data and, unless it would result in a breach of a pre-existing contract, price data held by those DHB Hospitals in respect of any Pharmaceutical (including any Medical Device) listed in Section H.
- 22.2 All price and volume data provided to PHARMAC under rule 22.1 above should identify the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical by using a Pharmacode or some other unique numerical identifier, and the date (month and year) on which the DHB Hospital incurred a cost for the purchase of that Hospital Pharmaceutical. Volume is to be measured in units (that being the smallest possible whole Unit e.g. a capsule, a vial, a millilitre etc).

#### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

#### 23 Unapproved Pharmaceuticals

Prescribers should, where possible, prescribe Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are approved under the Medicines Act 1981. However, the funding criteria (including Restrictions) under which a Hospital Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H of the Schedule may:

23.1 in some cases, explicitly permit a DHB to fund a Pharmaceutical that is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981 or for an Unapproved Indication; or

# **PART I: GENERAL RULES**

- 23.2 not explicitly prohibit a DHB from funding a Pharmaceutical for use for an Unapproved Indication;
- Accordingly, if clinicians are planning on prescribing an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication, they should:
- 23.1 be aware of and comply with their obligations under sections 25 and/or 29 of the Medicines Act 1981, as applicable, and otherwise under that Act and the Medicines Regulations 1984;
- 23.2 be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Consumer Rights, including the requirement to obtain informed consent from the patient (PHARMAC recommends that clinicians obtain written consent); and
- 23.3 exercise their own skill, judgment, expertise and discretion, and make their own prescribing decisions with respect to the use of an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication.

Clinicians should be aware that simply by listing a Pharmaceutical on the Pharmaceutical Schedule, PHARMAC makes no representations about whether that Pharmaceutical has any form of approval or consent under, or whether the supply or use of the Pharmaceutical otherwise complies with, the Medicines Act 1981. Further, the Pharmaceutical Schedule does not constitute an advertisement, advertising material or a medical advertisement as defined in the Medicines Act or otherwise.

# PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

# **Antacids and Antiflatulents**

# **Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents**

## ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETHICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone 20 mg Oral lig 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simethicone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.a. Mvlanta Double Strength

#### SIMETHICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml

#### SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

e.g. Gaviscon Infant

#### SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate 160 mg

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strenath

Oral lig 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

500 ml

SODIUM CITRATE

Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)

# **Phosphate Binding Agents**

# ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

500 ml

Roxane

Acidex

## ⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate binding agent.

# Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

# **Antipropulsives**

# DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

## LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

1ab 2 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201910.75	400	Nodia
Cap 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20197.05	400	Diamide Relief

# Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 3 mg

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diabetes: or
  - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
  - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
  - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
  - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
  - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
  - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

## Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

## Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

#### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications) - 1% DV Oct-15 to 201826.55	21.1 g	Colifoam
MESALAZINE		
Tab EC 400 mg49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg49.50	100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg59.05	100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g141.72	120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg22.80	20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201854.60	30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201841.30	7	Pentasa
OLSALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg53.00	100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE		
Cap 100 mg		
SULFASALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201914.00	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201913.50	100	Salazopyrin EN

# **Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders**

# **Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations**

30 g	Proctosedyl
12	Proctosedyl
Ε	
30 g	Ultraproct
12	Ultraproct
	30 g

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants			
DILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut N	Motility		
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019 HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE	17.14	10	Max Health
Tab 10 mg - <b>1% DV Dec-17 to 2020</b>		100 5	<b>Buscopan</b> Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg	18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	41.50	120	Cytotec
H2 Antagonists			
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg			
ANITIDINE  Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020  Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020  Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020  Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	18.21 5.14	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors			
ANSOPRAZOLE			
Cap 15 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		100	Lanzol Relief

100 Lanzol Relief

	Pri (ex man. e		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEPRAZOLE				
Tab dispersible 20 mg				
→ Restricted				
nitiation Only for use in tube-fed patients.				
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		1.00	90	Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 40
Powder for oral liq			5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazol
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	1	3.00	5	Omezol IV
ANTOPRAZOLE				
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019			100	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		3.35	100	Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial				
Site Protective Agents				
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE	_	4.54	50	Ocalmadamal
Tab 120 mg	1	4.51	50	Gastrodenol
CUCRALFATE				
Tab 1 g				
Bile and Liver Therapy				
ODNITHING LAGRAPTATE Best data described				
-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below				
Grans for oral liquid 3 g  → Restricted				
nitiation				
or patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not res	sponded to treat	tment with,	or are int	olerant to lactulose, or
here lactulose is contraindicated.				
RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	62	25.00	56	Xifaxan
→ Restricted nitiation				
or patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial	of maximum to	lerated dos	ses of lac	tulose
	or maximan to	noratoa ao	300 01 IQ0	anooo.
Diabetes				
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors				
CARBOSE				
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018			90	Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		7.78	90	Glucobay
Hyperglycaemic Agents				
Trypergrycaethic Agents				
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page				
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Cap 25 mg			100	Proglicem
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page	28	0.00	100 100 30 ml	Proglicem Proglicem Proglycem

(		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Restricted Initiation For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.				
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE  Inj 1 mg syringe kit		.32.00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Tab 1.5 g Tab 3.1 g Tab 4 g Gel 40%				
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet				
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Ini insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per n	nl			
3 ml prefilled pen INSULIN ISOPHANE	,	.52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml		.42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml		.42.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 m	nl			
vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		.94.50	5 5	Lantus SoloStar Lantus
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.63.00	1	Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe		.51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
NOUL IN OUT ILLOINE	Ψ	1 61	Wandacturer
NSULIN GLULISINE Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	27.02	1	Apidra
		5	
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5 5	Apidra
	40.07	5	Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN NEUTRAL			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
ing number 100 a por mi, o mi ouranago			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
GLICLAZIDE			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.29	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE	0.05	100	Minidiah
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.85	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1,000	Metchek
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2018	7.82	500	Metformin Mylan
PIOGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.47	90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	5.06	90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	7.10	90	Vexazone
Digestives Including Enzymes			
PANCREATIC ENZYME			
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250	U		
protease))	-		
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph	Eur		
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) – 1% <b>DV Oct-15 to 2018</b>		100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 P		100	2.0011 10000
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) - 1% <b>DV Oct-15 to 201</b>		100	Creon 25000
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph		.50	0.00 20000
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)	•		
, ,			
JRSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID — <b>Restricted</b> see terms below	27.05	100	Ursosan
Cap 250 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	37.90	100	UISUSAII

- Initiation Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis Either:
  - 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

continued...

→ Restricted

	Price		Brand or
(ex	x man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

# Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

#### Initiation - Cirrhosis

#### Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 μmol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

# Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

#### Initiation - Haematological transplant

#### Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

#### Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

#### Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

# Laxatives

# **Bowel-Cleansing Preparations**

#### CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSUI FATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium

picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep

#### MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

## MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBONATE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM SULPHATE

Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium

bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate

Klean Prep

# **Bulk-Forming Agents**

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Powder for oral soln

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
OOCUSATE SODIUM  Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES  Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021  PARAFFIN  Oral liquid 1 mg per ml  Enema 133 ml	3.10	200	Laxsol
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% - <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>	3.78	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE — Restricted see terms below  Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial  → Restricted	36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
nitiation – Opioid induced constipation  3oth:  1 The patient is receiving palliative care; and  2 Either:  2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation  2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation			
Osmotic Laxatives			
SLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	6.50	20	PSM
ACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 ml	Laevolac
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICA Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, s bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg – 1%	RBONATE AND SOE sodium		
Feb-18 to 2020SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 i		30 50	Molaxole  Micolette
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%		1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL			
Tab 5 mg - <b>1% DV Oct-15 to 2018</b> Suppos 10 mg - <b>1% DV Jan-16 to 2018</b>		200 10	Lax-Tabs Lax-Suppositories

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

**SENNOSIDES** 

Tab 7.5 mg

# Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
  - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
  - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
  - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT): and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

#### Continuation

# Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

#### **ARGININE**

Powder

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

Powder

#### → Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- € Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

# → Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − 1% DV May-16 to 2018......2,234.00
 Naglazyme

## → Restricted

#### Initiation

Both:

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### 1 Thou

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
  - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI.

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

## All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

#### HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

#### IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
  - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

IMIGLUCEBASE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial
- Ini 40 iu per ml. 10 ml vial
- ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel.

## LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

#### All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 1 The patient 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
  - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

#### LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

(Any Oral soln 1.100 mg per 15 ml to be delisted 1 October 2018)

#### ⇒ Restricted

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 50 mg

#### ⇒ Restricted

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

#### SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

# SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

Tab 500 mg

Oral liq 250 mg per ml

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

# → Restricted

# Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

# Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

# **Minerals**

# Calcium

## **CALCIUM CARBONATE**

Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) – <b>1% DV Mar-18 to 2020</b>	250	Arrow-Calcium
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)2.07	10	Calsource

# **Fluoride**

#### SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

# lodine

POTASSIUM IODATE		
Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine)4.69	90	NeuroTabs
DOTA CCILIM IODATE MITH IODINE		

POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE

Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%

Iron		
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE - Restricted see terms below  Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1	Ferinject
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropriate.		
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) - 1% DV Jun-15 to 20182.89	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID		
Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 1% DV  Jun-18 to 2021	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		
FERROUS SULPHATE		
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) - 1% DV Jun-18 to 20212.06	30	Ferrograd
Oral lig 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201910.80	500 ml	Ferodan

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

FERROUS SUI PHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID

Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 mg

FERROUS SULPHATE WITH FOLIC ACID

Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg

(Any Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg to be delisted 1 September 2018)

IRON POLYMALTOSE

IRON SUCROSE

Magnesium

MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE

Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag

Zinc

ZINC

Oral lig 5 mg per 5 drops

ZINC CHLORIDE

Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule

ZINC SULPHATE

**Mouth and Throat** 

**Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration** 

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Soln 0.15%

Spray 0.15%

**Spray 0.3%** 

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE

Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Oral spray

CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE

Paste

Powder

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Mouthwash 0.2% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......2.57 200 ml healthE

CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE

Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%

DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL

Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Paste 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B			
Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE	. ==		
Oral gel 20 mg per g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.79	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN	4.05	041	MULLL
Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.95	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe	terms below		

# → Restricted Otolaryngologist

THYMOL GLYCERIN

Compound, BPC - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019......9.15 500 ml PSM

# Vitamins

# **Multivitamin Preparations**

Mineral Boost

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
  - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
  - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

## MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

## → Restricted

## Initiation

Either:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

90

500

Vitamin B6 25

Apo-Pyridoxine

(ex m	Price an. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS			
Tab (BPC cap strength) − 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	10.50	1,000	Mvite
riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg, cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg			e.g. Vitabdeck
→ Restricted nitiation			
Any of the following:			
<ol> <li>Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or</li> <li>Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; o</li> <li>Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.</li> </ol>	r		
Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg			e.g. Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted			org. r acaramo coram
Initiation			
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.  Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochede 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine			e.g. Pabrinex IV
hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml			e.g. Pabrinex IM
ampoule (1)			e.g. Pabrinex IV
VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 drops			e.g. Vitadol C
Vitamin A			
RETINOL  Tab 10,000 iu  Cap 25,000 iu  Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml			
Vitamin B			
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.31	3	Neo-B12
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE			

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial

Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 ......2.70

Price	207)	Brand or
(ex man. excl. C	Per	Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX  Tab strong, BPC – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	500	Bplex
Vitamin C		
ASCORBIC ACID  Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	500	Cvite
Vitamin D		
ALFACALCIDOL  Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL  Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019	100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT Vit.D3
Oup 1.20 mg (00,000 m) 170 D7 OUT 110 2020	12	TILIDO

# Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted

## Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

# Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

# Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

#### ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted

## Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

#### Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

## Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

# **Antianaemics**

# Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA [ERYTHROPOIETIN ALFA] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	48.68	6	Eprex
1	Inj 2,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	120.18	6	Eprex
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe	166.87	6	Eprex
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe	193.13	6	Eprex
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	243.26	6	Eprex
	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe		6	Eprex
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe	352.69	6	Eprex
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	395.18	6	Eprex
	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		1	Eprex

# Restricted

#### Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus: and
    - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

## Initiation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

#### Continuation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

# Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

## EPOETIN BETA [ERYTHROPOIETIN BETA] - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Ini 2.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

## ⇒ Restricted

## Initiation - chronic renal failure

## All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

# Initiation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

## Continuation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

#### Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

\*Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

# Megaloblastic

## FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	20.60	1.000	Apo-Folic Acid
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		500	Apo-Folic Acid
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

e.g. Driclor

→ Restricted

Initiation For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted

#### Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Fither:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure: or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

#### FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg	28	Revolade

→ Restricted

# Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
  - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
  - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

# Initiation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

# Continuation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

**POLIDOCANOL** 

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

#### SODIUM TETRADECYL SUI PHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THROMBIN Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID  Tab 500 mg - <b>1% DV Sep-16 to 2019</b> Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - <b>1% DV Sep-15 to 2018</b>		100 10	Cyklokapron Cyklokapron
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB − <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial <b>Restricted</b>	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

#### Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

# **Blood Factors**

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
⇒ Restricted	·		

#### Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

FΑ	CTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below		
1	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
			FEIBA NF
			FEIBA NF

# → Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Hae

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

# MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe420.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe840.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
	Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe2,520.00	1	Xyntha

## ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Note: Preferred Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

# NONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 250 iu vial	310.00	1	BeneFIX
		620.00	1	BeneFIX
		1,240.00	1	BeneFIX
		2,480.00	1	BeneFIX
		3,720.00	1	BeneFIX

Price		Brand or	
ex man. excl. (	GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

## NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial287.50	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 500 iu vial575.00	1	RIXUBIS
		1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial2,300.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS

# → Restricted

#### Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

#### OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	287.50	1	Advate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	575.00	1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,725.00	1	Advate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	3,450.00	1	Advate

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Notes: Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2 PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

#### OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
1	Inj 1,000 iu vial	950.00	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Ini 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS

#### → Restricted

## Initiation

Notes: Second Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website <a href="http://www.pharmac.govt.nz">http://www.pharmac.govt.nz</a> or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2
PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

#### Vitamin K

ווח	VTO		

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Antithrombotics**

# **Anticoagulants**

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 250 mg vial
- → Restricted

# Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

#### CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

#### **DABIGATRAN**

Cap 75 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
DALTEPARIN			
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	39.94	10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe		10	Fragmin

# DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

## DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

# DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag

# ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe27.93	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule		
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe56.18	10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe74.90	10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe93.80	10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe116.55	10	Clexane
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe133.20	10	Clexane

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe  → Restricted			
nitiation			
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance	e or heparin intolerance	е.	
HEPARIN SODIUM	•		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	98.53	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial			D#
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	99.50	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.40	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE		00	1 11201
HEPARINISED SALINE Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	56 94	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule	00.04	30	i iizoi
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN - Restricted see terms below			
	153.00	15	Xarelto
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation – total hip replacement  Limited to 5 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
Initiation – total knee replacement			
Limited to 2 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUI	M CHLORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chlorid	e 74.6 mcg		
per ml, 5,000 ml bag			
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg	0.70	100	Managan
Tab 3 mg Tab 5 mg		100 100	Marevan Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11.75	100	Ivialevali
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Dec-16 to 2019		90	Ethics Aspirin EC
0	12.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - <b>1% DV Mar-17 to 2019</b>		84	Arrow - Clopid

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
DIPYRIDAMOLE Tab 25 mg Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	11.52	60	Pytazen SR	
EPTIFIBATIDE – Restricted see terms below  Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial  Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial  → Restricted Initiation  Either:		1 1	Integrilin Integrilin	
<ul><li>1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing pe</li><li>2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-corona</li></ul>				
PRASUGREL – Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 5 mg ↓ Tab 10 mg  → Restricted		28 28	Effient Effient	

#### Initiation - Bare metal stents

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

#### Initiation - Drug-eluting stents

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

#### Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

### Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

#### TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

#### **TICLOPIDINE**

Tab 250 mg

## **Fibrinolytic Agents**

#### **ALTEPLASE**

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

#### **TENECTEPLASE**

Inj 50 mg vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

#### UROKINASE

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Ini 50.000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Ini 500.000 iu vial

## **Colony-Stimulating Factors**

## Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

Mozobil

→ Restricted

#### Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
    - 3.1.2 Either:
      - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to  $10 \times 10^6$ /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment: or
    - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect >  $1 \times 10^6$  CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
    - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
      - 3.2.2.1 Both:
        - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of  $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
        - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to  $10 \times 10^6$ /L; or
      - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1  $\times$  10<sup>6</sup> CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
      - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
  - 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

## Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

<b>FILGRASTIM</b>	- Restricted see terms below	

	COLUMN TICCUITOR COC COLLING BOICH			
t	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe	270.00	5	Zarzio
t	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial	520.00	4	Neupogen
	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe		5	Zarzio
-	Restricted			

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

Neulastim → Restricted

#### Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or

continued...

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

equal to 20%\*).

Note: \*Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

## Fluids and Electrolytes

ı	Intravenous A	١	lmi	ini	st	rati	n
ш	avciious <i>r</i>	70	ш	ш	J.	Iuu	

CALCIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		
CALCIUM GLUCONATE		
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule34.	.24 10	Hospira
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES		•
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,		
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml		
bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 202144.	.10 18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,		
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	0.4	DI 1 140
1,000 ml bag - <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b> 27.	.24 12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE		
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,		
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,		
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021211.	.92 12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5%
COMPOUND CODIUM LACTATE (LADTMANNIC COLUTION)		Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]		
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag - 1% DV		
Jun-18 to 202123.	.40 18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,	10	Daxiei
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV		
Jun-18 to 202115.	.72 12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]		
Inj 5%, bag1.		Baxter
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag - <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b> 143.		Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021111.		Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag - <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b> 109		Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – <b>1% DV Oct-17 to 2020</b>		Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – <b>1% DV Oct-17 to 2020</b>		Biomed Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag - <b>1% DV Aug-18 to 2021</b>		Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag - <b>1% DV Aug-18 to 2021</b>		Fresenius Kabi
(Baxter Inj 5%, bag to be delisted 1 August 2018)		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag

GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	ı. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE	,		
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	203.40	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	159.96	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	282.72	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV			
<b>Jun-18 to 2021</b> Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - <b>1% DV</b>	163.32	12	Baxter
Jun-18 to 2021	163 20	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – <b>1% DV</b>	100.20	12	Daxiei
Jun-18 to 2021	173.40	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag			
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	163.08	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag	050.00	40	Bt.
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	253.32	12	Baxter
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	476.64	48	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag	0.0 .	.0	
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	772.32	48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	151.80	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,			
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag			
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial			
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial	20.50	1	Biomed

		rice		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Dav	Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule			50	InterPharma
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019			50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		10.65	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		10.80	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		11.25	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule		7.50	30	InterPharma
, 0.0 /s, =0 spss		5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		91.20	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		78.24	48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		22.14	18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		15.12	12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle				
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]				
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		47.50	5	Biomed
WATER				
Inj 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule – 1% <b>DV Mar-17 to 2019</b>			50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule			30	InterPharma
.,, = 0		5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag		0.00		
Inj 500 ml bag				
Inj, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		19.08	12	Baxter
,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Oral Administration				
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE				0.1.1
Powder	1	69.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES				
Powder for oral soln - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		2.30	10	Enerlyte
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE				
Soln with electrolytes				
PHOSPHORUS				
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)				
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE				
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)				
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)		7.42	200	Span-K
Oral lig 2 mmol per ml			•	- Practice

(e	P ex man.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg  SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml  SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE				100	Sodibic
Powder – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018  Plasma Volume Expanders		84.6	0	454 g	Resonium A
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	1	20.00	)	10	Gelofusine

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Arrow-Quinanril 5

## **Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System**

### **ACE Inhibitors**

**CAPTOPRIL** 

95 ml Capoten

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

$\sim$	1 1	71	ח		
U	LA	ZF	۱۲	H	IL.

Tab 0.5 mg2.00	90	Zapril
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 20197.20	200	Apo-Cilazapril
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 201912.00	200	Apo-Cilazapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE		
Tah 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 0.96	100	Fthics Fnalanril

	. / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Tab 10 mg	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.24	100	Ethics Enalapril
	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Ethics Enalapril
·				•

### LISINOPRIL

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	90	<b>Ethics Lisinopril</b>
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 20182.76	90	Ethics Lisinopril

#### **PERINDOPRIL**

Tab 2 mg = 1% by 3ep-17 to 2020	30	Apo-reilliuopili
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	30	Apo-Perindopril

#### QUINAPRIL

1 45 5 1119	1 /0 D 1 COP 10 to 2010		00	7111011 Gamapin o
Tab 10 mg	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.15	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5.97	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20

4.31

TRANDOLAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Cap 1 mg
- → Cap 2 mg

#### **ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics**

Tah 5 mg - 1% DV Sen-15 to 2018

### CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to	<b>2019</b> 10.18	100	Apo-Cilazapril/
			Hydrochlorothiazide

ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg

#### QUINAPRII WITH HYDROCHI OROTHIAZIDE

Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20183.65	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20184.78	30	Accuretic 20

	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists				
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.10.66	90	Candestar
Restricted nitiation – ACE inhibitor intolerance				
intiation – ACE inhibitor intolerance Either:				
<ol> <li>Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is no inhibitor); or</li> </ol>	t resolved by	y ACE inhibit	or retria	I (same or new ACE
2 Patient has a history of angioedema.				
nitiation – Unsatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor				
Patient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of a	an ACE inhib	itor.		
OSARTAN POTASSIUM				
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		1.39	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020			84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020			84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		2.31	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics				
OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		.15.25	30	Arrow-Losartan &
,				Hydrochlorothiazid
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers				
OOXAZOSIN				
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			500	Apo-Doxazosin
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Cap 10 mg				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
PRAZOSIN Tab 1 mg		5 53	100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg			100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 5 mg			100	Apo-Prazosin
ERAZOSIN				
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		n 59	28	Actavis
1 ab 1 mg 1/0 by 3cp-10 to 2013				
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		(.50)	500	Apo-Terazosin

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

## **Antiarrhythmics**

**ADENOSINE** 

Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

Ini 3 mg per ml. 10 ml vial

→ Restricted

#### Initiation

For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.

#### AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

#### → Restricted

Cardiologist

#### AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Cordarone-X
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Cordarone-X
Ini 50 mg per ml. 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	5	Lodi

#### ATROPINE SULPHATE

#### DIGOXIN

Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	240	Lanoxin
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial

DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE

Cap 100 mg

#### FLECAINIDE ACETATE

Tab 50 mg	38.95	60	Tambocor
Cap long-acting 100 mg	38.95	30	Tambocor CR
Cap long-acting 200 mg	68.78	30	Tambocor CR
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	52.45	5	Tambocor

#### IVABRADINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 5 mg

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;
    or
  - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

#### MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg	162.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
Cap 250 mg	202.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride

### PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Antihypotensives**

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted

#### Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers	
eta-Adrenoceptor Blockers	=
a-Adrenoceptor Blockers	eta
drenoceptor Blockers	a-A
enoceptor Blockers	(di
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ATENOLOL			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.61	500	Mylan Atenolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	7.67	500	Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	21.25	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	3.53	90	Bosvate
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.15	90	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	9.40	90	Bosvate
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg - <b>1% DV Dec-17 to 2020</b>	2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL			
Tab 200 mg	21.40	180	Celol
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg	8.99	100	Hybloc
Tab 100 mg	11.36	100	Hybloc
Tab 200 mg	29.74	100	Hybloc
Tab 400 mg			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	3.00	30	Betaloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018	4.64	100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg	23.40	28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	24.00	5	Lopresor
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	24.70	100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL			
Tab 5 mg	9.72	100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg	15.62	100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg	23.46	100	Apo-Pindolol

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg	3.65	100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg	4.65	100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg	18.17	100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	39.53	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	12.48	100	Mylan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule		5	Sotacor
(Sotacor Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
TIMOLOL MALEATE			
Tab 10 mg			
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## **Calcium Channel Blockers**

## **Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers**

#### **AMLODIPINE**

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	100	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	250	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	250	Apo-Amlodipine
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	30	Plendil ER

#### **ISRADIPINE**

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

Cap long-acting 2.5 mg

Cap long-acting 5 mg

#### NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist

#### Both:

- 1 Patient is a Paediatric Patient; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
  - 2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
  - 2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

#### **NIFEDIPINE**

Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	10.63	60	Adalat 10
Tab long-acting 20 mg	9.59	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	3.14	30	Adalat Oros
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.67	30	Adalat Oros
Cap 5 mg			

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

#### **NIMODIPINE**

Tab 30 mg

Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial

## **Other Calcium Channel Blockers**

DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg4	.60 10	0 Dilze	m
Tab 60 mg8	.50 10	0 Dilze	m
Cap long-acting 120 mg31	.83 50	0 Apo-l	Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg47	.67 50	0 Apo-	Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg63	.58 50	0 Apo-	Diltiazem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg - <b>1% DV Jun-16 to 2019</b> 62	.90 10	0 Pexs	ia
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE	.00	· · · · · ·	"9
	.01 10	ιΛ laant	in
Tab 40 mg		P	
Tab 80 mg		P	
Tab long-acting 120 mg		- 1	amil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg			amil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule25	5.00 5	Isopti	ın
Controlly Asting Agents			
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE	•		
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.40 4	Myla	n
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% <b>DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>			
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% <b>DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>		,	
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE		,	
Tab 25 mcg = 1% DV Sep-15 to 201810	.53 11	o Clan	idine BNM
Tab 150 mcg			
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.07 5	Gala	pies
METHYLDOPA			
Tab 250 mg15	.10 10	0 Meth	yldopa Mylan
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
BUMETANIDE			
Tab 1 mg	.36 10	0 Burin	107
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial	.30 10	U Dulli	IEX
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]		<b>.</b>	40
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5.00 50	) Urex	Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml	00 -	F	amida Olania
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% <b>DV Jun-16 to 2019</b>	.20 5	Frus	emide-Claris

Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag  – <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>	747.24	12	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	1,096.92	18	Baxter

## **Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics**

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE

Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg

Potassium Sparing Diuretics		
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg15.00	100	Apo-Amiloride
Oral liq 1 mg per ml30.00	25 ml	Biomed
(Apo-Amiloride Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)		
SPIRONOLACTONE		
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20194.38	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201911.80	100	Spiractin
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	25 ml	Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics		
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]		
Tab 2.5 mg - <b>1% DV Mar-18 to 2020</b>	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 202020.42	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE		
Oral liq 50 mg per ml26.00	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]		
Tab 25 mg	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE		,,
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	90	Dapa-Tabs
METOLAZONE - Restricted see terms below		
Tab 5 mg		

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has not responded to loop diuretics and/or loop-thiazide combination therapy; or
- 2 Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsive to high dose loop diuretics and concentrated albumin
- 3 Paediatric patient has oedema secondary to nephrotic syndrome that has not responded to loop diuretics.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Lipid-Modifying Agents			
Fibrates			
BEZAFIBRATE  Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018  Tab long-acting 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018  GEMFIBROZIL  Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	6.78	90 30 60	Bezalip Bezalip Retard Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN  Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018  Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018  Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018  PRAVASTATIN  Tab 10 mg  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  SIMVASTATIN  Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500 500 500 500 500 100 100 90 90 90 90	Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat  Apo-Pravastatin Apo-Pravastatin Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Mylan

#### Resins

**CHOLESTYRAMINE** 

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral liq 5 g

## **Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors**

EZETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 x normal) when treated with one statin; or
  - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
  - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atoryastatin.

30

**Ezetimibe Sandoz** 

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg	6.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg	7.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg		30	Zimybe
→ Restricted			,
Initiation			

### All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

## Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

#### **ACIPIMOX**

Cap 250 mg

### NICOTINIC ACID

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.12	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	17.89	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

#### **Nitrates**

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE		
Tab 600 mcg8.00	100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose4.45	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose4.45	200 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 202018.80	100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 20197.50	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	90	Duride

## **Other Cardiac Agents**

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

#### Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98 5.25	5	Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			'
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule		10	Aspen Adrenaline
1:4: 40.000 40 1	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	24.45	5	Dobutamine-Claris
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	16.89	5	DBL Sterile Dopamine
FOUEDDINE			Concentrate
EPHEDRINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml symige Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	36.04	10	Max Health
		10	max riculti
ISOPRENALINE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
NORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2019	125.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
	125.00	10	Notautenanne bivivi
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE	115 50	25	Na acumanhrina LICI
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	115.50	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE	4.050.00	_	Dun atta MD
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	1,650.00	5	Prostin VR
AMYL NITRITE			
Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule			
DIAZOXIDE			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
■ Tab 25 mg			

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer

#### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

#### Either:

- 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.

Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	300.30	10	Milrinone Generic Health
MINOXIDIL			
Tab 10 mg	70.00	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg	27.95	60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg		60	Ikorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE] Tab 400 mg			

# SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

## **Endothelin Receptor Antagonists**

AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
	4,585.00	30	Volibris
■ Tab 10 mg		30	Volibris
⇒ Restricted			

## Initiation

### Either:

1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for ambrisentan by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel;

2 In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

#### BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	401.79	60	Bosentan-Mylan
		375.00	56	Mylan-Bosentan
t	Tab 125 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	401.79	60	Bosentan-Mylan
	•	375.00	56	Mylan-Bosentan

(Mylan-Bosentan Tab 62.5 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018) (Mylan-Bosentan Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 All of the following:

continued...

-		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	¢ Por	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
- 1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II, III, or IV; and
- 1.4 Any of the following:
  - 1.4.1 Both:
    - 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
    - 1.4.1.2 Either:
      - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or contraindicated to sildenafil; or
      - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease; or
  - 1.4.2 Both:
    - 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
    - 1.4.2.2 Either:
      - 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and failed to respond; or
      - 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while on a PAH monotherapy; or
  - 1.4.3 Both:
    - 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
    - 1.4.3.2 Any of the following:
      - 1.4.3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
      - 1.4.3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
      - 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
      - 1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy; or
- 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

### Continuation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
  - 3.2 Any of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
    - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
    - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHAWHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
    - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors			
SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below  1 Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	0.75	4	Vedafil
■ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		4	Vedafil
		4	Vedafil

#### Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial → Restricted

#### Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon\*

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support. avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

### Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
  - 1.2 Any of the following:
    - 1.2.1 PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
    - 1.2.2 PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications: or
    - 1.2.3 PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
  - 1.3 Any of the following:
    - 1.3.1 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
    - 1.3.2 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class III: or
    - 1.3.3 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
  - 1.4 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
  - 1.5 Fither:
    - 1.5.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) > 25 mmHg; or
    - 1.5.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and
  - 1.6 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 3 Wood Units or at least 240 International Units (dyn s cm-5): or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

#### Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide.

#### Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery: or
  - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
  - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS'	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostacyclin Analogues			
EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Inj 500 mcg vial		1	Veletri Veletri
1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for	epoprostenol by the F	Pulmonary	Arterial Hypertension Panel;

#### **ILOPROST**

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or

2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE  Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) − 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018  MAFENIDE ACETATE − Restricted see terms below  I Powder 50 g sachet  Restricted Initiation		15 g 100 ml	Crystaderm Pharmacy Health
For the treatment of burns patients.  MUPIROCIN  Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]  Crm 2%  Oint 2%  SULFADIAZINE SILVER  Crm 1% – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	 3.45	15 g 15 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream Foban
	 . 10.80	50 g	riamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>	 . 15.95	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE  Nail soln 8% − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018  ⇒ Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 6.50	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE  Crm 1% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020  ⇒ Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only  ECONAZOLE NITRATE	 0.70	20 g	Clomazol
→ Crm 1% - <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only Foaming soln 1%  KETOCONAZOLE			
Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%	 2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
MICONAZOLE NITRATE  Crm 2% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020  Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only  Tinc 2%	 0.74	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
ERMETHRIN  Crm 5% - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		30 g	Lyderm
Lotn 5% – <b>1% DV Oct-17 to 2020</b> HENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%	 3.69	30 ml	A-Scabies
Antiacne Preparations			
DAPALENE Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
ENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
SOTRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	10.47	100	lastona 10
	14.96	100 120	Isotane 10 Oratane
Cap 20 mg	 .19.27 23.12	100 120	Isotane 20 Oratane
RETINOIN  Crm 0.05% – <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>	 .13.90	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018 Lotn, BP - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		100 g 2,000 ml	Pharmacy Health PSM
ROTAMITON			
Crm 10% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	 3.37	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
IMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - <b>1% DV Sep-16 to 2019</b>	 1.59	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone
Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone
INC			10%
Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion- ;Zinc Cream (PSM,
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

Price   (ex man. excl. GST)   Per   Bland or Generic				
S				
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			Por	
Crm	THE AMERICAN CONTROL OF	<b></b>	Геі	iviariuracturer
Oint   1% DV   Jul-18 to 2020   Action   Actio		1.00	00 =	Orion
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater that 30 g. Oint, BP. – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020			•	
Oint, BP - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		4.25	500 g	boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.  ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Cm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%  Emollients  AQUEOUS CREAM Cm 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		1 26	20 a	healthF
Emollients		1.20	20 g	ilicaltile
Emoillents				
Cm   100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018				o a Sudoorom
AQUEOUS CREAM  Crm 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	Citi Ziic 13.23 % With Wool lat 4 %			e.g. Sudocieni
Crm 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	Emollients			
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.   Crm 500 g - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018				
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.  Cm 500 g - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	Crm 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	1.00	100 g	Pharmacy Health
Crm 500 g - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018.	N			SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.  CETOMACROGOL  Cm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		4.00	500 ··	AFT 01 0 for a
CETOMACROGOL         Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018         2.74         500 g         healthE           Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018         1.47         1         healthE           CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL         2.00         100 g         Pharmacy Health           Crm 90% with glycerol 10%         3.20         500 ml         Pharmacy Health           Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019         2.82         500 ml         Pharmacy Health           Sorbolene with Glycerin         3.87         1,000 ml         Pharmacy Health           Sorbolene with Glycerin         Sorbolene with Glycerin         Pharmacy Health         Sorbolene with Glycerin           EMULSIFYING OINTMENT         Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020         1.84         100 g         Jaychem           Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.         3.59         500 g         AFT           Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.         3.59         500 g         AFT           GLYCEROL WITH PARAFEIN         e.g. QV cream         e.g. QV cream           OIL IN WATER EMULSION         1.60         1         healthE Fatty Cream           Crm, 100 g         1.60         1         healthE Fatty Cream           Oll liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% and liquid paraffi		1.99	500 g	AFT SLS-free
Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018				
Crm BP, 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		0.74	F00 =	h a alth F
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,			-	
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	•	1.47	ı	nealthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019.  2.82 500 ml  Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin  3.87 1,000 ml  (Pharmacy Health Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, to be delisted 1 October 2018)  EMULSIFYING OINTMENT Oint BP – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020. Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. Oint BP, 500 g – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020. Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.  GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%  Crm. Crm, 100 g		0.00	400	Discours and Live III
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019	Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,		100 g	
Sorbolene with Glycerin    3.87	Crm 00% with alvoored 10% 19% DV Aug-16 to 2010		500 ml	
Sample   Sample   Sample   Sample   Sorbolene with   Sorbolene with   Sorbolene with   Glycerin	Oiiii 90 % Willi giyeeloi 10 % - 1 % DV Aug-10 to 2019	2.02	300 1111	Sorbolene with
Sorbolene with Glycerin  (Pharmacy Health Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, to be delisted 1 October 2018)  EMULSIFYING OINTMENT  Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		0.07	1 000 ml	•
(Pharmacy Health Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, to be delisted 1 October 2018)  EMULSIFYING OINTMENT  Oint BP – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		3.67	1,000 mi	•
(Pharmacy Health Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, to be delisted 1 October 2018)  EMULSIFYING OINTMENT  Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020				
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	(Pharmacy Health Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, to be delisted 1 October	er 2018)		, co
Oint BP – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		,		
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.  Oint BP, 500 g — 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1.84	100 a	Javchem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.  GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%  Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%  Crm 2.63 500 g healthE Fatty Cream Crm, 100 g healthE Fatty Cream PARAFFIN Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% 3.10 100 g healthE White soft - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 0.85 10 g healthE Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both white soft paraffin and yellow soft paraffin. Yellow soft  PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%  e.g. AlphaKeri;BK;DP; Hydroderm Lotn Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%  e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil UREA			3	
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%  OIL IN WATER EMULSION Crm		3.59	500 g	AFT
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%  OIL IN WATER EMULSION  Crm	Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			
OIL IN WATER EMULSION  Crm	GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN			
Crm	Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10	%		e.g. QV cream
Crm, 100 g	OIL IN WATER EMULSION			
PARAFFIN  Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%	Crm	2.63	500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%	Crm, 100 g	1.60	1	healthE Fatty Cream
White soft - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both white soft paraffin and yellow soft paraffin. Yellow soft  PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT  Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%  Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			100 g	healthE
Yellow soft  PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT  Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%  Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%  Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%  e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil  UREA				
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT  Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%  Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%  UREA  e.g. AlphaKeri;BK;DP; Hydroderm Lotn e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil		h white soft paraffin a	and yellow	<i>i</i> soft paraffin.
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%  Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%  UREA  e.g. AlphaKeri;BK;DP; Hydroderm Lotn e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil				
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%  Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%  e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil  UREA				
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3% e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil UREA	Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			• .
UREA	Late liquid paraffic 04 70/ with Lat 00/			,
				e.g. Aipna Keri Bath Oil
OIII 10% - 1% DV Sep-10 to 2019 1.3/ 100 g nealthe Urea Cream		1.07	100 ~	hoolthE Ukea Cream
	יווט אין אפר אים אין פארווויע פאר ווויע פאר ווויע פאר ווויע פארווויע פארווויע פאר ווויע	1.3/	ioo g	nealuic Orea Cream

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

100 g

100 g

Aristocort

Aristocort

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

WOOL FAT Crm

VIIII			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%			
Oint 0.05%			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	3 15	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018.		50 g	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1%		oo g	
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% – <b>1% DV Dec-16 to 2019</b>	2 20	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE		ov g	200.
Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only			
⇒ Crm 0.1%			
→ Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 30 q = <b>1% DV Feb-17 to 2019</b>	1 11	30 g	DermAssist
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to 100		30 y	Deliliassist
Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		500 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	10.20	000 g	r namaoy moana
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Crm 1%	2 48	14.2 g	AFT
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN		· 9	7.11
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – <b>1% DV Sep-17</b>			
to 2020 to 2020	10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE	10.37	250 1111	DF LOUI NO
Crm 0.1%	2.30	30 g	Locoid Lipocream
3111 V.1 / V.	6.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%	6.85	100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%	6.85	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1%	4.95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1%	4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE		•	
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	1.51	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	2.90	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	1.51	15 g	Elocon
	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	7.35	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

## **Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents**

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

#### Fither:

- 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or
- 2 For continuation use.

#### BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

#### HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20182.00	15 g	Micreme H
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN		

15 a Pimafucort Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%......2.79 15 g Pimafucort

### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100.000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

## **Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations**

Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		60 60	Novatretin Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL	.41.00	00	Novatietiii

Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ...........26.12

30 q Daivobet Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ........ 26.12 30 a Daivobet

CALCIPOTRIOL

100 a Daiyonex

COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR

Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%

METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]

Tab 10 mg

**ACITRETIN** 

Lotn 1.2%

#### PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURII SULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN

Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium - 1% DV

500 ml **Pinetarsol** 

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Tab 400 mg

Crystals

## **Scalp Preparations**

RFT	4MFTH/	SONE	VAI FI	RATE

Scalp app 0.1%	7.75	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			

30 ml

Dermol

## **DERMATOLOGICALS**

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%	3.65	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations			
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2020	17.98	12	Apo-Imiquimod Cream
	21.72	24	5% Perrigo
(Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5% Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet to be de	elisted 1 August 2018)		<b>3</b> .
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%	33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator			·
Other Skin Preparations			
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%			
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Crm			
Lotn	3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
	5.10	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM  Crm 5% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.95	20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restr  ↓ Crm 16%  → Restricted  Dermatologist or plastic surgeon	icted see terms below	v	
Wound Management Products			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			
Gel 2.5%			e.g. Orion

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

## **Anti-Infective Agents**

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3%

Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyguinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and

ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE

healthE 50 q 1 healthE

CLOTRIMAZOLE

Vaginal crm 1% with applicator - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019......1.60 35 a Clomazol Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019......2.10 Clomazol 20 g

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

40 a Micreme

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020....4.45 75 a Nilstat

### Contraceptives

### Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOFSTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV

168 Ginet

## **Combined Oral Contraceptives**

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV Microgynon 20 ED 84

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV Levlen ED 84

Jan-18 to 2020......1.77

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg......9.45 84 Microgynon 50 ED

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width	31.60	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
<b>Emergency Contraception</b>			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL  Tab 30 mcg  Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day − 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		1 1	Jadelle Mirena

### → Restricted

#### Initiation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and
- 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other appropriate pharmaceutical therapies as per the Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or
  - 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or
  - 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hysteroscopy or endometrial biopsy.

#### Continuation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bleeding; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

#### Initiation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by laparoscopy.

#### Continuation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Note: endometriosis is an unregistered indication.

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	.7.25	1	Depo-Provera
NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	.6.25	84	Noriday 28

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Obstetric Preparations**

### **Antiprogestogens**

MIFEPRISTONE

Tab 200 mg

### **Oxytocics**

### CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL

Ini 250 mcg per ml. 1 ml ampoule

#### DINOPROSTONE

Pessar	ies	10	mg
Vanina	. ~ ~	.1 4	

 Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g
 52.65
 1
 Prostin E2

 Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g
 64.60
 1
 Prostin E2

#### **ERGOMETRINE MALEATE**

Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020......105.00 5 DBL Ergometrine

#### OXYTOCIN

#### OXYTOCIN WITH FROMFTRINF MAI FATE

Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -1%

## **Tocolytics**

PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms below

 ¶ Cap 100 mg − 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 ......16.50

 30
 Utrogestan

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Both:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour\*; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

#### Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour\*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
  - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part IV (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 23.1)

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Inj 500 mcg ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted Obstetrician			
Oestrogens			
OESTRIOL  Crm 1 mg per g with applicator – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020  Pessaries 500 mcg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below  I Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020  Restricted Initiation Both:  1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and	4.81	100	Ricit
Either:     The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers of the selective al		ndicated; or	
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
TAMSULOSIN – Restricted see terms below		100 d.	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below  ■ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml  Restricted Initiation Both:	30.00	200 ml	Biomed
<ul><li>1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and</li><li>2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years</li></ul>	prior to the applica	tion.	
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE  Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.34	28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN  Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019  Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin Apo-Oxybutynin

## **GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM**

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE - Restricted see terms below			
	37.50	30	Vesicare
	37.50	30	Vesicare
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or i	s non-responsive to, o	oxybutynin	•
TOLTERODINE TARTRATE - Restricted see terms below			
	14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
	14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
→ Restricted			
Initiation			

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

60

1

Andriol Testocaps
Reandron 1000

## **Anabolic Agents**

**OXANDROLONE** 

→ Restricted

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

## **Androgen Agonists and Antagonists**

CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	15.87	50	Procur
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	30.40	50	Procur
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 5 mg per day	80.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	76.50	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			

## **Calcium Homeostasis**

CALCITONIN		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET – Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 30 mg	28	Sensipar

Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial......86.00

#### Restricted

### Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

#### 1 All of the following:

- 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
- 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
- 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or

#### 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
- 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
- 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate

continued...

### HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	1	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

### **ZOLEDRONIC ACID**

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation - bone metastases

Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy: or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
  - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
  - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

#### Initiation - early breast cancer

Oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum of 2 years.

### Corticosteroids

#### BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

#### BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

#### **DEXAMETHASONE**

Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	0.88	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	14.19	10	Max Health
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	25.18	10	Max Health
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	14.32	100	Florinef

## HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
YDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5.30	1	Solu-Cortef
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	80.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	10.50	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	22.25	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	9.00	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	16.00	1	Solu-Medrol
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	40.00	5	Depo-Medrol
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCA			•
Inj 40 mg with lidocaine [lignocaine], 1 ml vial – 1% <b>DV Oct-15 t</b>	•	1	Depo-Medrol with
ing to mig man indecame [iigneeame]; This that The BY Got To t	.0 2010	•	Lidocaine
REDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			•
REDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	20.80	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% <b>DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>		5	Kenacort-A 40
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		ŭ	
RIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

# **Hormone Replacement Therapy**

## **Oestrogens**

OESTRADIOL		
Tab 1 mg		
Tab 2 mg		
Patch 25 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20196.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day - 1% DV Mar-17 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE		
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201812.36	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	84	Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED FOLLINE)		

**OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)** 

Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

10

Mylan Clomiphen Serophene

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations**

#### **OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE**

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol

(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

#### **OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE**

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

### **Progestogens**

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETA	TF
---------------------------	----

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201914.00	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Provera

## **Other Endocrine Agents**

t	Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20184.75	2	Dostinex
	19.00	8	Dostinex

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation: or
  - 2 Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or
  - 3 Patient has acromegaly.

### CLOMIFFNE CITRATE

DANAZOL		
Cap 100 mg68.33	100	Azol
Cap 200 mg	100	Azol

**GESTRINONE** Cap 2.5 mg

**METYRAPONE** 

Cap 250 mg

**PENTAGASTRIN** 

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

## Other Oestrogen Preparations

#### FTHINYI OFSTRADIOL

100 NZ Medical & Scientific

**OESTRADIOL** 

Implant 50 mg

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

OFSTRIOL

Tab 2 mg

## Other Progestogen Preparations

**MEDROXYPROGESTERONE** 

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.......101.00 100 Provera HD

NORETHISTERONE

## Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

## **Adrenocorticotropic Hormones**

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

 Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
 75.00
 1
 Synacthen

 Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
 690.00
 1
 Synacthen Depot

### **GnRH Agonists and Antagonists**

BUSERELIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

**GONADORELIN** 

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

Lucrin Depot 3-month

continued...

Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe......591.68

## Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

### **Growth Hormone**

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 5 mg cartridge109.50	1	Omnitrope
1	Inj 10 mg cartridge219.00	1	Omnitrope
_	Inj 15 mg cartridge328.50	1	Omnitrope .
	Postal and		

→ Restricted

Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
  - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
  - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
  - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
  - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

### Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

### Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

### Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

### Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

### Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

### Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
  - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m²/day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

### Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

Price		Brand or
	GST)	Generic
` \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

### Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Both:
    - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
    - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
  - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

### Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

### Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

### Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
  - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
  - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
  - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
  - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
  - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
  - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

## **Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations**

CARRIMAZOI F

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

→ Restricted

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms on the next page

**↓** Tab 50 mg .......35.00 100 PTU

Pr	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. GST)		Generic
<b>(</b>	\$	Per	Manufacturer

### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

### Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

### **PROTIRELIN**

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

### Vasopressin Agents

### ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

### DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	25.00	30	Minirin
t	Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	54.45	30	Minirin
	Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	23.95	6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation - Nocturnal enuresis

#### Either:

- 1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or
- 2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.

Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated.

### TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018215.00	5	Glypressin



		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials				
Aminoglycosides				
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		.=		<b>5</b>
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe		176.00	10	Biomed
<ul> <li>Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe</li> <li>Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2020</li> </ul>		265 00	5	DBL Amikacin
→ Restricted		203.00	5	DDL AIIIIKACIII
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	alist			
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE	anot			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		8 56	5	Hospira
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			25	APP Pharmaceuticals
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below				
Cap 250 mg		126 00	16	Humatin
⇒ Restricted		120.00	10	Tiditidan
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologis	t			
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	ılist			
TOBRAMYCIN				
<b>↓</b> Powder				
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.				
■ Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2018		15.00	5	Tobramycin Mylan
Restricted	P.A			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	IIIST			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
Restricted	liot			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special			-0.1	TODI
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml  → Restricted	2,	200.00	56 dose	TOBI
Initiation				
Patient has cystic fibrosis.				
Tallott flad dyold libroots.				
Carbapenems				
ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial		73 50	1	Invanz
⇒ Restricted				iii vanz
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next page	ne e			
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial		60.00	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
▶ Restricted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial	102.00	10	DBL Meropenem
Inj 1 g vial	159.00	10	DBL Meropenem
→ Restricted			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation	on		
EFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	11.00	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
EFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial - <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>	2 20	5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	AFT
111 1 9 Viai 170 DV 3CP-17 to 2020		<u> </u>	ALI
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generat	ion		
EFACLOR	04.70	400	Dark and Oafaalan
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefactor Ranbaxy-Cefactor
		100 ml	nalibaxy-celaciói
EFOXITIN Inj 1 g vial  – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	E0.00	10	Cefoxitin Actavis
	56.00	10	Celoxillii Aclavis
CEFUROXIME Table 250 minus	00.40	50	7
Tab 250 mg		50 10	Zinnat Cefuroxime Actavis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati			
efotaxime	OII		
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	<b>DBL Cefotaxime</b>
EFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	23.00	5	Ceftazidime Mylan
◆ Restricted			·
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory sp	pecialist		
EFTRIAXONE			
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		1	DEVA
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	0.84	1	DEVA
lnj 2 g vial	2.75	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation	on		
EFEPIME - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Cefepime-AFT
Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	6.92	1	Cefepime-AFT
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			



	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Conhalosporing and Conhamusing - 5th Congretion					

### Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

### Initiation – multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

### **Macrolides**

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	9.00	30	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.05	2	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) - 1% DV Oct-15			
	to 2018	12.50	15 ml	Zithromax
$\Rightarrow$	Restricted			

### Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome\*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome\*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms\*: or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications

### Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
  - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

### Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

### Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

### Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

### CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.98	14	Apo-Clarithromycin				
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.40	14	Apo-Clarithromycin				
	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml		50 ml	Klacid				
	Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-17 to 31 Aug 2020		1	Martindale				
<b>=</b>	→ Restricted							

### Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Fither:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents.

### Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

### Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

### ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

1ab 400 mg 16.95	100	E-IVIYCIII
Grans for oral lig 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)		
Inj 1 g vial16.00	1	Erythrocin I\
FRYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only		

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg

### ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab dispersible 50 mg	7.19	10	Rulide D
Tab 150 mg	7.48	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg	14.40	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ **Penicillins AMOXICILLIN** 500 Apo-Amoxi Apo-Amoxi 500 100 ml Alphamox 125 100 ml Alphamox 250 10 Ibiamox 10 Ibiamox Ibiamox 10 AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID 20 Augmentin 100 ml Augmentin Grans for oral lig 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml - 1% DV 100 ml Curam Ini 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ........... 10.14 m-Amoxiclay 10 Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ...... 12.80 10 m-Amoxiclay BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN Bicillin LA Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 .... 315.00 10 BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G] Sandoz 10 **FLUCLOXACILLIN** 250 Staphlex 500 Staphlex AFT Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......2.29 100 ml 100 ml **AFT** 10 Flucloxin 10 Flucloxin 5 Flucil PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V] Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018......2.88 Cilicaine VK 50 50 Cilicaine VK 100 ml **AFT AFT** 100 ml PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below 10 PipTaz Sandoz 15.50 1 Tazocin EF → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist PROCAINE PENICILLIN Cilicaine 5 TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial

#### → Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN — Restricted see terms below  I Tab 250 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.99 3.15	28 28 28 28	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below  1 Tab 400 mg	52.00 70.00	5 1	Avelox Avelox IV 400

### Initiation – Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Active tuberculosis; and
  - 1.2 Any of the following:
    - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
    - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
    - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
    - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
    - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated.

### Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Fither:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

### Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

### Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium; and
- 2 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

**NORFLOXACIN** 

### **Tetracyclines**

### DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Cap 150 mg

Cap 300 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GS)	٦\	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS)	Per	Manufacturer
OXYCYCLINE			
→ Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab 100 mg	6.75	250	Doxine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
MINOCYCLINE			
Tab 50 mg			
Cap 100 mg − Restricted: For continuation only			
ETRACYCLINE			
Tab 250 mg			
Cap 500 mg	46.00	30	Tetracyclin Wolff
GECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
ZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	182.46	5	Azactam
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLORAMPHENICOL - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.10	16	Clindamycin ABM
Oral liq 15 mg per ml			
Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	65.00	10	Dalacin C
Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted			Outliette Litela
lnj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	65.00	1	Colistin-Link
<ul> <li>Restricted</li> <li>Ilinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory sp</li> </ul>	ocialist		
	Jeciansi		
APTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 350 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	175 16	1	Cubicin
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% <b>DV Sep-15 to 2018</b>		1	Cubicin
→ Restricted	240.02	'	Cubiciii
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
OSFOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IEXAMINE HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g			
INCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms on the next page			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	٦,	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. doi	Per	Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below			
<b>↓</b> Tab 600 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Zyvox
		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1,650.00	10	Zyvox
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	34 50	12	Fucidin
⇒ Restricted	04.50	12	i ucium
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal r	medicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOL	.E]		
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg			
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct			
to 2020	2.97	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below	0.07	4	Mulan
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020      Restricted	2.37	1	Mylan
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Omnical microbiologist of infectious disease specialist			

## **Antifungals**

### **Imidazoles**

KETOCONAZOLE

Tab 200 mg

→ Restricted

Oncologist

INFECTIONS				
		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Polyene Antimycotics				
AMPHOTERICIN B  ■ Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3,	450.00	10	AmBisome
→ Restricted Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, once Either:  1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed un		. , ,		
Both:     2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and     2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease treatment to be appropriate.				
Inj 50 mg vial     → Restricted  Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, once	cologist, ı	respiratory sp	ecialist or	transplant specialist
NYSTATIN Tab 500.000 u		. 17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500,000 u		15.47	50	Nilstat
Triazoles				
FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		0.00	00	Mulan
			28 1	Mylan Mylan
■ Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020			28	Mylan
■ Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml			35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial − 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			1	Fluconazole-Claris
■ Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			1	Fluconazole-Claris
→ Restricted				
Consultant				
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below				
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		2.79	15	Itrazole
■ Oral liquid 10 mg per ml				
Restricted				
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious	disease	specialist		
POSACONAZOLE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below				
Tab modified-release 100 mg			24	Noxafil
■ Oral liq 40 mg per ml      ■ Restricted		/61.13	105 ml	Noxafil
- neamoteu				

→ Restricted

### Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

1 Either:

1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
  - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

### VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 50 mg - <b>1% DV Jan-16 to 2018</b>	56	Vttack
	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		Vttack
t	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml1,156.32	70 ml	Vfend
t	Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2019	1	Generic Partners
_	Pactriotod		

### Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

### Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

### Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
  - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

### Other Antifungals

### CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 50 mg vial667.50	1	Cancidas
1	Inj 70 mg vial862.50	1	Cancidas
	<b>=</b>		

### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Fither:



INFECTIONS			
(e	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued  1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under 2 Both:  2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physical disease)			
treatment to be appropriate.  FLUCYTOSINE — Restricted see terms below  ↓ Cap 500 mg  → Restricted  Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist  TERBINAFINE  Tab 250 mg — 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	1.33	14	Deolate
Antimycobacterials			
Antileprotics			
CLOFAZIMINE – Restricted see terms below  ↓ Cap 50 mg  → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE – Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 25 mg  → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist		100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics			
CYCLOSERINE – Restricted see terms below  Cap 250 mg  Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialise ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg  Tab 400 mg  Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialise ISONIAZID – Restricted see terms below	48.01 49.34	56 56	Myambutol Myambutol
■ Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20.00	100	PSM
→ Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below	n or internal medi	cine phys	sician
Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018      Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018      Restricted		100 100	Rifinah Rifinah

**↓** Grans for oral liq 4 g......280.00

PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

Paser

Stromectol

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic	
	<b>\$</b>	Per	Manufacturer	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory	specialist			
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory	specialist			
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory	specialist			
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below				
Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	275.00	30	Mycobutin	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease spec	cialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below				
		100	Rifadin	
Cap 300 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Rifadin	
		60 ml	Rifadin	
■ Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	128.85	1	Rifadin	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician	, paediatrician or public h	nealth phys	ician	
Antiparasitics				
Antiparasitics				
Anthelmintics				
ALRENDAZOLE - Pastricted see terms below				

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

MEBENDAZOLE

Tab 100 mg .......24.19 24 De-Worm

Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml

PRAZIQUANTEL

Tab 600 mg

### **Antiprotozoals**

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 60 mg vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted	Ψ	FEI	iviariulaciulei
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
NTOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Rest	risted and tarma balour		
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg		12	Malarone Junior
Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg		12	Malarone
→ Restricted		12	Maiarone
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis	st or rheumatologist		
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	33 48	8	Lariam
Lariam Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)		ŭ	
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis	st or rheumatologist		
METRONIDAZOLE	•		
Tab 200 mg	10.45	100	Trichozole
Tab 400 mg		100	Trichozole
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml	25.00	100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		100 ml	AFT
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	6.94	5	AFT
Suppos 500 mg	24.48	10	Flagyl
IITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg	1,680.00	30	Alinia
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PRNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	23.00	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial	180.00	5	Pentacarinat
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 7.5 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-fo	petal medicine specialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial → Restricted			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial  → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial → Restricted			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

SODIUM STIBOGI UCONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

### **Antiretrovirals**

### Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

#### Restricted

### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

### Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

### EFAVIRENZ − Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 50 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018....

t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	30	Stocrin
t	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018190.15	90	Stocrin
t	Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201863.38	30	Stocrin
	Oral liq 30 mg per ml		
E.	FRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above		
t	Tab 200 mg770.00	60	Intelence
NI	EVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above		
t	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 201865.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
	Oral suspension 10 mg per ml203.55	240 ml	Viramune Suspension

# Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

### → Restricted

### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

### Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ARACAVIR SHILDHATE	- Restricted see terms on	the previous page
ADACAVID OULFDALE	- nestricted see lettis of	trie brevious baue

t	Tab 300 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml	229.00 256.31	60 240 ml	Ziagen Ziagen
ΑB	ACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the	orevious page	)	
t	Tab 600 mg with lamiyudine 300 mg	427.29	30	Kivexa

EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

pag	ge			
t	Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil fumarate			
	300 mg	30	Atripla	

EMTRICITABINE − **Restricted** see terms on the previous page

1 Cap 200 mg......307.20 30 Emtriva

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Oral liq 10 mg per ml

STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Cap 30 mg

1 Cap 40 mg

1 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml

ZIDOVUDINE [	A7T1	- Restricted	see terms	on the	previous	nage
ZIDO VODIIVE [	, , , _ , ,	Hootilotou	occ terrio	OII tillo	provious	page

L	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019152.25	100	Retrovir
t	Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201930.45	200 ml	Retrovir
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial750.00	5	Retrovir IV

### **Protease Inhibitors**

#### → Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ΑT	AZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Cap 150 mg	68.34	60	Reyataz
t	Cap 200 mg	57.79	60	Reyataz
DA	RUNAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	35.00	60	Prezista
t	Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	76.00	60	Prezista
INE	DINAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Cap 200 mg			
t	Cap 400 mg			
LO	PINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	83.75	60	Kaletra
t	Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20204	63.00	120	Kaletra
t	Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml7	35.00	300 ml	Kaletra
RIT	ONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 100 mg	43.31	30	Norvir
t	Oral liq 80 mg per ml			

### Strand Transfer Inhibitors

#### Restricted

### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

### **INFECTIONS**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page  1 Tab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the previoung Tab 400 mg		60	Isentress

### **Antivirals**

### **Hepatitis B**

ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below

### → Restricted

### Initiation

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as:
- 2 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 x ULN); and
- 3 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load greater than or equal to 10-fold over nadir; and
- 4 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Both:
    - 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic; and
    - 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine; or
  - 5.2 Both:
    - 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and
    - 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.

### **ENTECAVIR**

Tab 0.5 mg	400.00	30	Baraclude
LAMIVUDINE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2020	6.00	28	Zeffix
	4.20		Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
(Zeffix Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)			
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL			
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a fumarate)	531.00	30	Viread
Tab 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	38.10	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
			Teva

(Viread Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a fumarate) to be delisted 1 September 2018)

### **Hepatitis C**

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

### Initiation

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

			INFECTIONS
(ex man. e	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OIMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR  Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatment via PHA  Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from PHARMAC  http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/.  Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56), with			direct distribution supply.
dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56)	VIRIN ARMAC's 's website		Viekira Pak direct distribution supply. Viekira Pak-RBV
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR  Tab dispersible 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	.5.38 .5.98 10.10	25 56 35 5	Lovir Lovir Lovir Aciclovir-Claris
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018		30 30	Vaclovir Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 450 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	50.00	60	Valcyte

Limited to 3 months treatment

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

### Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

### Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
  - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
  - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

### **HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment**

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg.......838.20 30 Truvada
 → Restricted

### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

### Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

Dour.

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 All of the following:
    - 2.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
    - 2.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
    - 2.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
    - 2.1.4 Any of the following:
      - 2.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
      - 2.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
      - 2.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
    - 2.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

2.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

### Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis; and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis, and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 All of the following:
    - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
    - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
    - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
    - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
      - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
      - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
      - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
  - 6.2 All of the following:
    - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
    - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
    - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

### Influenza

### OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

### → Restricted

#### Initiation

### Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

#### ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

#### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

#### Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

### **Immune Modulators**

### INTERFERON ALFA-2A

Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe

Ini 6 m iu prefilled syringe

Ini 9 m iu prefilled syringe

### INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

### INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

#### PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALEA-2A - Restricted see terms below

Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)

■ Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)......1,290.00

Combination Pack
Pegasys RBV
Combination Pack
Combination Pack

#### → Restricted

# Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

### Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
  - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

### Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
  - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
  - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

### Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

### Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
  - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use: and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Anticholinesterases** EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Ini 10 mg per ml. 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted Initiation For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis. NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020......98.00 50 AstraZeneca NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Ini 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule -10 Max Health PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE 100 Mestinon **Antirheumatoid Agents HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE** Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......10.50 Plaquenil 100 I FFI UNOMIDE 30 Apo-Leflunomide Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 ......2.90 30 Apo-Leflunomide PENICILLAMINE **D-Penamine** 100 100 **D-Penamine** SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule **Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism Bisphosphonates** ALENDRONATE SODIUM 30 Fosamax ⇒ Restricted Initiation - Paget's disease Both: 1 Paget's disease; and 2 Any of the following:

2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to site (base of skull, spine, long bones of lower limbs); or

### t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or

2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.

2.1 Bone or articular pain; or2.2 Bone deformity; or

### MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
t	Tab 70 mg4.82	4	Fosamax

### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

### Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

### Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

### ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms below

### → Restricted

### Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

### Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

### Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score greater than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM  Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201813.50	100	Arrow-Etidronate
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM		
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202017.05	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM		
Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID		
■ Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, vial600.00	100 ml	Aclasta

### MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

#### → Restricted

### Initiation - Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

### Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
  - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
  - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
  - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
  - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

### Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

### Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

### Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:

<del></del>			
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Por	Manufacturer

- 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
- 2.2 Bone deformity; or
- 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

### Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
  - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
  - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

### Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

### Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

### → Restricted

### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or

### MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis).

#### Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

### TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

### → Restricted

### Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

### All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

### Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

### **Enzymes**

### HYAI URONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

# Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

### ALL OPURINOL

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	4.54	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	10.35	500	DP-Allopurinol

### MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted see terms below			
	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Any specialist			
All of the following:			

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose: or
  - 2.3 Both:
    - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
    - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
  - 2.4 All of the following:
    - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
    - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
    - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and
- 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

### COLCHICINE

	Tab 500 mcg10.08	100	Colgout
FEI	BUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 80 mg39.50	28	Adenuric
	Tab 120 mg39.50	28	Adenuric

#### → Restricted

### Initiation

Any specialist Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be

**Tracrium** 

Tracrium

Pacifen

Botox

Dysport

Dysport

Dantrium

Dantrium Dantrium IV

Mivacron

Mivacron

Norflex

AstraZeneca

AstraZeneca

**DBL Rocuronium** 

**Bromide** 

Lioresal Intrathecal Lioresal Intrathecal

5

1

1

2

100

100

6

5

5

100

50

10

50

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

### PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

**Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents** 

CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN

Inj 1.5 mg vial

**⇒** Restricted

Haematologist

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 202112.50
BACLOFEN

1ab 10 mg	100
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201811.55	1
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule209.29	1

Inj 100 u vial	467.50
Inj 300 u vial	
lnj 500 u vial	1,295.00
DANTROLENE	

Cap 25 mg	65.00
Cap 50 mg	
Inj 20 mg vial	800.00
MIVACURIUM CHI ORIDE	

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	33.92
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	67.17
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE	

OH HENADHINE OH HATE	
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE	

7.11.001.101.101.101.102	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule260.00	
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV May-18 to 201925.95	

UXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	78.00

SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	- 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020

Inj 10	mg vial		

**VECURONIUM BROMIDE** 

Reversers of	Neuromuscular Blockade
SLIGAMMADEX -	- Restricted see terms on the next nage

	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	10	Bridion
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	10	Bridion

### **MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM**

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade: or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

## Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB			
Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather t	han each individua	al line item.	
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	3.63	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	2.30	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	1.30	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	1.00	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	15.20	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	26.20	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	4.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren
ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 60 mg			
■ Tab 90 mg			
■ Tab 120 mg			
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation			
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
IBUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	11.71	1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only		.,	
→ Tab 600 mg - <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only			
Tab long-acting 800 mg - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2018	7.99	30	Brufen SR
Oral lig 20 mg per ml		200 ml	Fenpaed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
INDOMETHACIN			

Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg Cap long-acting 75 mg Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg

## **MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM**

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
KETOPROFEN				
Cap long-acting 200 mg		12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Cap 250 mg				
MELOXICAM - Restricted see terms below				
→ Restricted				
Initiation Either:				
<del></del>				
All of the following:     1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and				
1.2 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with le	ee than o	r equal to 5%	of norms	Il circulating functional
clotting factor; and	30 111411 01	r cquar to o	o or morning	a on odialing ranolional
1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arth	ropathy is	s inadequate	ly controll	ed by alternative funded
treatment options, or alternative funded treatment option	ns are cor	ntraindicated	; or	
2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8	days' use	).		
NAPROXEN				
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018			28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		6.53	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB				
Inj 40 mg vial		100.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab 200 mg				
TENOXICAM				
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial		9.95	1	AFT

## **Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain**

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders**

## Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

#### Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
  - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
  - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
  - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
  - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

### **TETRABENAZINE**

## Anticholinergics

#### BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	7.99	60	Benztrop
Ini 1 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule	95.00	5	Cogentin

### PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

## **Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents**

## AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 1	00 mg38.24	60	Symmetrel

## APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

#### **BROMOCRIPTINE**

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 5 mg

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	28.00	100	Entapone
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	10.00	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg	12.50	100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg	17.00	100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	17.97	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to	<b>2020</b> 37.15	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	7 20	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ramipex
	24.00	100	Паппрех
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.70	100	Ana Danininala
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	16.51	100	Apo-Ropinirole
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
TOLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	132.50	100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics			
Andestricties			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			_
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	357.00	5	Precedex
ETOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ISOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – <b>1% DV Sep-16 to 2019</b>	1 020 00	6	Aerrane
•		Ü	Tionuno
KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	27.00	1	Biomed
Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		1	Biomed
, 01 , ,		1	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – <b>1% DV May-16 to 2018</b>		5	Ketamine-Claris
	47.00	J	Netallille-Clails
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
PROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		5	Provive MCT-LCT 1%
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019	49.00	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019840.00 THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule	6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics		
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%		
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%		
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack — 1% DV Sep-15 to 201829.20 Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack — 1% DV Sep-15 to 201820.25	5 5	Marcain Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201820.70 Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag — <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>	5	Marcain
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial135.00	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe		
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag210.00 Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe	10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	10	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Paste 5%  Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe	-	<b></b>
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe25.46	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%		

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ETHYL CHLORIDE				
Spray 100%				
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]				
Crm 4%		5.40	5 g	LMX4
		27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			3	
Gel 2% – <b>1% DV Sep-15 to 2018</b>		3.40	20 ml	Orion
Soln 4%				•
Spray 10%		.75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		.38.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule			25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule			1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial			5	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule			25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule			1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial			5	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe		81.50	25 10	Cathejell Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		01.30	10	FIIZEI
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule		27.00	10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:700,000, 3 mi ampoule			5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge		.00.00	Ü	Ayloodillo
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		.60.00	5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE A			HYDROCH	ILORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5				
syringe – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		. 17.50	1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDIN			•	
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		81 50	10	Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHRI				1 11201
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%	NEHID	NOUNLUN	IIDE	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE		45.00	00	ENAL A
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%			30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g			20 5	EMLA EMLA
		.45.00	5	LIVILA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		10.00		0 1 100/
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		.43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			_	
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial			5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		.55.00	10	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	29.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	39.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.15	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.55	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			•
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	270.00	5	Naropin
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			

## **Analgesics**

## **Non-Opioid Analgesics**

ASPIRIN

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

#### Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%. 3 ml bottle

#### → Restricted

### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

### NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

## PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

Tab so	oluble 500 mg	1.60	20	Paragesic Soluble
Tab 50	00 mg			
Oral lic	q 120 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.35	1,000 ml	Paracare
Oral lic	q 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Aug-18 to 2020	5.81	1,000 ml	Paracare Double
				Strength
Inj 10 i	mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.40	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppo	s 25 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
Suppo	s 50 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
Suppo	s 125 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.69	10	Gacet
Suppo	s 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.79	10	Gacet
Suppo	s 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	12.60	50	Paracare
(Paragesic	Soluble Tab soluble 500 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)			

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

### → Restricted

### Initiation

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

## SUCROSE

ALFENTANIL

Oral lig 25%

**Opioid Analgesics** 

ALI LITTINIC			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	34.38	10	Hameln
CODEINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	5.75	100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	6.80	100	PSM
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	13.50	100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE			
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	9.55	60	<b>DHC Continus</b>
FENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.95	10	<b>Boucher and Muir</b>
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10.45	10	<b>Boucher and Muir</b>
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	185.00	10	Biomed

LINIANIE			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	<b>Boucher and Muir</b>
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag	210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10.45	10	<b>Boucher and Muir</b>
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	185.00	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	3.66	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	6.65	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	9.25	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.85	10	Methatabs
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5.00	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	6.55	200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	8.84	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	14.00	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml	RA-Morph

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Dav	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.52	10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.60	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	6.10	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg	1.70	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg	2.50	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg	6.38	10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	97.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	24.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	50.75	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.47	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4 76	5	DBL Morphine
170 DT COP 11 to 2020		Ü	Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.19	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE	40.70	_	DDI Manubina Tantuata
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	42.72	5	DBL Morphine Tartrate
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	4.72	20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	7.69	20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	14.11	20	BNM
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	1.98	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	6.84	20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	8.57	5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			•
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 1% DV			
Sep-17 to 2020	10.01	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine
3ep-17 t0 2020	10.21	1,000	(Relieve)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	rei	ivialiulaciulei
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE	4.40	40	DOM
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		10 10	PSM PSM
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		10	PSIVI
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 3 mg per mi, 100 mi bag Inj 10 mg per mi, 100 mi bag			
Inj 10 mg per mi, 100 mi syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4 98	5	DBL Pethidine
injoo ing per ini, i ini ampedie 170 by oop 17 to 2020		J	Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5 12	5	DBL Pethidine
11,00 mg por mi, 2 mi ampoulo 17,0 21 00p 11 to 2020		Ü	Hydrochloride
(PSM Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)			,
REMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	12.05	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 1 mg viai – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5 5	Remifentanil-AFT
	19.90	3	neilliellailli-AF i
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.25	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	4.50	-	Tramel FO
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5 5	Tramal 50 Tramal 100
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	1.52	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	2.51	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	12.60	100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.68	100	Apo-Clomipramine
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 75 mg	11.19	100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg	6.45	100	Dopress
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Cap 10 mg			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
IMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	E 10	50	Tofranil
rab iving	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg		50	Tofranil
· ·		50	TOTALIII
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 75 mg			

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 30 mg IORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		3.22	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective				
PHENELZINE SULPHATE				
Tab 15 mg RANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE				
Tab 10 mg				
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors				
MOCLOBEMIDE		05.40	500	And Mark 1
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		.85.10 .30.70	500 100	Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Moclobemide
•		.00.70	100	Apo-mociobennae
Other Antidepressants				
MIRTAZAPINE		0.55	00	A.v. Mintervalue
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018			30 30	Apo-Mirtazapine Apo-Mirtazapine
/ENLAFAXINE		0.20	00	ripo ilintazapino
Cap 37.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		6.38	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		8.11	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		.11.16	84	Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors				
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE		4.70	0.4	DOM O'talanna
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		1./9	84	PSM Citalopram
SCITALOPRAM  Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		1 11	28	Escitalopram-Apotex
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			28	Escitalopram-Apotex
LUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30	Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		1.99	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
PAROXETINE Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		4.02	90	Apo-Paroxetine
SERTRALINE	•••••	4.02	50	Apo-i aloxetilie
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		3.05	90	Arrow-Sertraline
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			90	Arrow-Sertraline
Antiepilepsy Drugs				
Antiepilepsy Drugs Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus				
• • • •				

			_
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	11.83	5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg	33.07	5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg	40.87	5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	133.92	5	Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE		405	
Tab 200 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	26.37	250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg			
Oral lig 50 mg per ml			
GABAPENTIN – Some items restricted see terms on the next page			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin			
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Gabapentin
Capsule 100 mg		100	Arrow-Gabapentin
• Supodio 100 mg	7.10	100	Neurontin
			Nupentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	4.07	100	Apo-Gabapentin
Capsule 300 mg		100	Arrow-Gabapentin
3			Neurontin
			Nupentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	5.64	100	Apo-Gabapentin
Capsule 400 mg		100	Arrow-Gabapentin
			Neurontin
			Nupentin
(Arrow-Gabapentin Capsule 100 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Neurontin Capsule 100 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Nupentin Capsule 100 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Arrow-Gabapentin Capsule 300 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Neurontin Capsule 300 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Nupentin Capsule 300 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Arrow-Gabapentin Capsule 400 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Neurontin Capsule 400 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Nupentin Capsule 400 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation - preoperative and/or postoperative use

Limited to 8 days treatment

### Initiation - pain management of burns patients

Re-assessment required after 1 month

## Continuation - pain management of burns patients

Re-assessment required after 1 month

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

### Initiation - epilepsy

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Either:

- 1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents.

Note: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

## Continuation - epilepsy

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life.

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

## Initiation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with neuropathic pain; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has Chronic Kidney Disease Stage 5-associated pruritus\* where no other cause for pruritus can be identified (e.g. scabies, allergy); and
  - 2.2 The patient has persistent pruritus not relieved with a trial of emollient/moisturising creams alone.

## Continuation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Either:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a marked improvement in their control of pain or itch (prescriber determined); or
- 2 The patient has previously demonstrated clinical responsiveness to gabapentin and has now developed neuropathic pain in a new site.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications. Dosage adjustment of gabapentin is recommended for patients with renal impairment.

### LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
t	Tab 100 mg	50.06	14	Vimpat
	·	200.24	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	·	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

#### Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

LAMOTRIGINE			
Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg	15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
, •	9.64	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg	20.40	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
,	29.09		Lamictal
	19.38		Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	34.70	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
,	47.89		Lamictal
	32.97		Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg	59.90	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
•	79.16		Lamictal
	56.91		Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	24.03	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg		60	Everet
Tab 750 mg		60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg		60	Everet
Oral lig 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV May-18 to 2019		10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	30.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		500	PSM
3		300	1 OW
PHENYTOIN Tab 50 mm			
Tab 50 mg			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
PREGABALIN			
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin			
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	2.25	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE			•
I I IIIIII DOILE			

Tab 250 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM VALPROATE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral liq 40 mg per ml			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	16.60	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms below			
	509.29	60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	509.29	60	Diacomit
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Paediatric neurologist			

- Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

### Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

#### **TOPIRAMATE**

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax

## VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

## ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
    - 1.2.2 Fither:
      - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
      - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from

## **NERVOUS SYSTEM**

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
  - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

#### Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
  - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

## **Antimigraine Preparations**

## **Acute Migraine Treatment**

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE

Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

RIZATRIPTAN		
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 201924.44	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Tab 100 mg - <b>1% DV Jun-17 to 2019</b> 46.23	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen42.67	2	Clustran

## **Prophylaxis of Migraine**

**PIZOTIFEN** 

## **Antinausea and Vertigo Agents**

APF	REPI	TAN	Τ-	Restricted	l see	terms	on	the	nex	t pag	jе
•	_	_									_

ŧ	Cap 2 $\times$ 80 mg and 1 $\times$ 125 mg $-$ 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	84.00	3	Emend Tri-Pack
ſ	Can 40 mg	71 // 3	5	Emand

|--|

#### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemotherapy for the treatment of malignancy.

BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE  Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab 50 mg - <b>1% DV Jan-16 to 2018</b>	20	Nauzene
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	100	Prokinex
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2019	10	Droperidol Panpharma
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule46.50	5	Hospira
■ Patch 1.5 mg	2	Scopoderm TTS

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	1.30	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	4.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON  Tab 4 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019		50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab 8 mg 19 DV May 17 to 2010		10 50	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019 Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		10	Apo-Ondansetron Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.50	5	Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	2.20	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Suppos 25 mg	6.35	250	Nausafix

PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 25 mg

	N	EKVUUS SYSTEM
Price (ex man. excl. \$	. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TROPISETRON  Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		Tropisetron-AFT Tropisetron-AFT
Antipsychotic Agents		
General		
AMISULPRIDE         Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019.       4.5         Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019.       14.7         Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019.       27.7         Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.       65.5	75 60 70 60	Sulprix Sulprix Sulprix Solian
ARIPIPRAZOLE - Some items restricted see terms below  Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	30 30 30	Aripiprazole Sandoz Abilify Aripiprazole Sandoz Abilify
Tab 15 mg − 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021       17.5         I Tablet 15 mg       175.2         Tab 20 mg − 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021       17.5         I Tablet 20 mg       213.4	30       30       30       30       30       30       30       30       30	Aripiprazole Sandoz Abilify Aripiprazole Sandoz Abilify
Tab 30 mg − 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021       17.5         ▼ Tablet 30 mg       260.0		<b>Aripiprazole Sandoz</b> Abilify

(Abilify Tablet 5 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018) (Abilify Tablet 10 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)

(Abilify Tablet 15 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)

(Abilify Tablet 20 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)

(Abilify Tablet 30 mg to be delisted 1 August 2018)

#### → Restricted

### Initiation - schizophrenia or related psychoses

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effect; or
  - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

### Initiation - Autism spectrum disorder\*

Psychiatrist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder\* and has symptoms of severe irritability; and
- 2 An effective dose of risperidone has been trialled and has been discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate response; and
- 3 The patient is aged less than 18 years.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg	6.69	50	Clopine
ŭ	13.37	100	Clopine
	5.69	50	Clozaril
	11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	8.67	50	Clopine
·	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	17.33	50	Clopine
·	34.65	100	Clopine
	14.73	50	Clozaril
	29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg	34.65	50	Clopine
v	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral lig 50 mg per ml	17.33	100 ml	Clopine
HALOPERIDOL			·
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	23.84	100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		10	Serenace
		10	00:0:100
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	47.89	10	Wockhardt
LITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	34.30	500	Lithicarb FC
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	12.83	100	Lithicarb FC
Cap 250 mg	9.42	100	Douglas
OLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0.64	28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial			
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			

	Price	r)	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS <sup>-</sup>	Per	Generic Manufacturer
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.79	90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	1.86	60	Actavis
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.06	60	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg	14.56	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
	21.45	100	Clanival
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate
DLANZAPINE - <b>Restricted</b> see terms below		-	
Inj 210 mg vial	280 00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Postriotod	500.00	į.	Zypieża i leipievy

## → Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

## **NERVOUS SYSTEM**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DALIDEDIDONE Bestelet de la terra belevie	Ψ	FEI	iviariulacturei
PALIPERIDONE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 75 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
→ Restricted			ŭ
Initiation			

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

## PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

#### BISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

	SI EI IID CITE TIOCHIOLOGI COC ICITIC DOION			
t	Inj 25 mg vial	135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
	Inj 37.5 mg vial		1	Risperdal Consta
	Inj 50 mg vial			Risperdal Consta

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

#### **ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE**

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

## **Anxiolytics**

RI	ISPIRO	NF HV	DROCHI	ORIDE

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	23.80	100	Orion
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	14.96	100	Orion

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	15.05	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM			·
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.79	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.17	100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.53	100	Ox-Pam

DIN	METHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Cap 120 mg520.00	14	Tecfidera
	Cap 240 mg2,000.00	56	Tecfidera
t			

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC), Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

## FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 0.5 mg	2,650.00	28	Gilenya

## ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

NATALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below				
Ini 20 mg per ml. 15 ml vial	1.750.00	1	Tvsabri	

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

#### TERIFI UNOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

Toh 14 ma	1 582 62	28	Aubagia
l lah 14 mg	1 582 62	28	Allbadio

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).



Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms above

Avonex Pen Avonex

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

## **Sedatives and Hypnotics**

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral lig 100 mg per ml Oral lig 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

30 Circadin

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted

### Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and

4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

#### Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

## Initiation - insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated

Both:

- 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and
- 2 For in-hospital use only.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MIDAZOLAM			
Tab 7.5 mg Oral lig 2 mg per ml	40.00	100	Hypnovel
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018	4.30	10	Midazolam-Claris
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018	2.50	5	Midazolam-Claris
NITRAZEPAM			
Tab 5 mg	5.22	100	Nitrados
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TEMAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.27	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 125 mcg			
→ Tab 250 mcg			
ZOPICLONE			
Tab 7.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		30	Zopiclone Actavis
	8.99	500	Zopiclone Actavis

## Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE - Restricted see terms below		
<b>■</b> Cap 10 mg107.03	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 18 mg107.03	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 25 mg	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 40 mg	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 60 mg	28	Strattera
■ Cap 80 mg	28	Strattera
	28	Strattera
- Postvieted		

## → Restricted

## Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Once-daily dosing; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or
  - 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in worsening of co-morbid substance abuse or there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised stimulant therapy; or
  - 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has been trialled and has been discontinued because of inadequate clinical response; or
  - 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is considered inappropriate because the patient has a history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizophrenia; and
- 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in combination with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant, except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimulant therapy to atomoxetine.

Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed methylphenidate hydrochloride tablet formulations (immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine sulphate tablets.

### **CAFFEINE**

Tab 100 mg

DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

**■** Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018......17.00 100 PSM

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

### Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

## Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

### METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

	THE THE THE THE PROCESS OF THE PROCESS OF THE PORT OF			
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg	58.96	30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg	65.44	30	Concerta
	Tab extended-release 36 mg		30	Concerta
	Tab extended-release 54 mg		30	Concerta
	Tab immediate-release 5 mg		30	Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 10 mg		30	Ritalin
	· ·			Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg	50.00	100	Ritalin SR
	·	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg	15.60	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg	20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	,		30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg		30	Ritalin LA
_	Pactriotod			

### Restricted

#### Initiation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

#### Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

## Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
  - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

## MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### ⇒ Restricted

## Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
  - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
  - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

### Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

# Treatments for Dementia

DOI	NEP	Ł۷	IL I	٦Y	DK	JUL	ILUF	KIDE	
	T - 1-	_			40/	D1/	O	47.	

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
no Bookstand			

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

## **Treatments for Substance Dependence**

BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE	<ul> <li>Restricted</li> </ul>	see terms	below
-----------------------------	--------------------------------	-----------	-------

t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg57.40	28	Suboxone
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg	28	Suboxone

⇒ Restricted

## Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$	Per Manufactur	er

#### continued...

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

#### Initiation - Maintenance treatment

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV .lun-17 to 2020

3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and

11 00

7yhan

Habitrol

4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

#### BUPROPION HYDROCHI ORIDE

Tab modified follows for mg 170 by tall 17 to 2020	00	_,
DISULFIRAM		
Tab 200 mg44.30	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below		
<b>↓</b> Tab 50 mg − <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b> 112.55	30	Naltraccord

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - Alcohol dependence

## Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

### Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

## NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below

	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	17.59	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	20.16	28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	16.61	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	18.20	216	Habitrol
1	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	33.69	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	·			Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	38.95	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

### VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 1460.4	48 25	Champix
t	Tab 1 mg67.	74 28	Champix
	135.	48 56	Champix

## NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacture

#### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
  - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

## **Chemotherapeutic Agents**

## **Alkylating Agents**

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

 Inj 25 mg vial
 271.35
 1
 Ribomustin

 Inj 100 mg vial
 1,085.38
 1
 Ribomustin

→ Restricted

#### Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

## Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
    - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following prior chemotherapy; and
    - 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
    - 3.2.3 Either:
      - 3.2.3.1 Both:
        - 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
        - 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
      - 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

### Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Both:

- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
    - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or

	Price ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for	a maximum of 6	cycles in r	tuximab refractory patients.
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, ma			
macroglobulinaemia.			•
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg	89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	532.00	1	BiCNU
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg	79.00	50	Endoxan
	158.00	100	Procytox
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	70.06	1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE			
lnj 1 g vial		1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial	180.00	1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE			
Cap 10 mg		20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg	399.15	20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN			
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial			
THIOTEPA			
Inj 15 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	150.48	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	166.75	1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	130.00	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – <b>1% DV Feb-16 to 2018</b>		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial	22.00	4	Dovorubicio Ebouc
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe

EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE

**Doxorubicin Ebewe** 

Epirubicin Ebewe

1

**Epirubicin Ebewe** 

**Epirubicin Ebewe** 

**Epirubicin Ebewe** 

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial......25.00

Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018......30.00

Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018......32.50

Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018.......65.00

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	125.00	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	250.00	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	204.08	1	Arrow
MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe

## **Antimetabolites**

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

## → Restricted

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
  - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
  - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

#### Continuation

CADECITADINE

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE				
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	11.15	60	Brinov	
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	62.28	120	Brinov	
CLADRIBINE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5,249.72	7	Leustatin	
CYTARABINE				
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	400.00	5	Pfizer	
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	41.36	1	Pfizer	
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	412.00	20	Fludara Oral	
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		5	Fludarabine Ebewe	
FLUOROURACIL				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	10.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe	

Fluorouracil Ebewe

Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018......30.00

<sup>1</sup> Item restricted (see → above); 

I Item restricted (see → below)

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial				
SEMCITABINE				
SEMCITABINE				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		\$	Per	Manutacturer
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	GEMCITABINE			
### APPROPURINE   Tab 50 mg	Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	8.36	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Tab 50 mg	Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	15.89	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Tab 50 mg	MERCAPTOPURINE			
Allmercap  Restricted  Initiation  Readidatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist  Re-assessment required after 12 months  The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  Continuation  Re-assessment required after 12 months  The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  METHOTREXATE  Tab 2.5 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		49.41	25	Puri-nethol
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  Continuation Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  METHOTREXATE  Tab 2.5 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018  Tab 10 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018  Trexate  Tab 10 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018  Trexate  Tab 10 mg prefilled syringe  Tab 10 mg mg prefilled syringe  Tab 10 mg				
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  METHOTREXATE  Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	→ Restricted			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  Continuation  Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist  Re-assessment required after 12 months  The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  METHOTREXATE  Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	Initiation			
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Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  METHOTREXATE  Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per	day.		
### Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  ###################################	Continuation			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.  ###################################	Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018   3.18   30   Trexate   Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018   21.00   50   Trexate   Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial   Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe   14.61   1   Methotrexate Sandoz   Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe   14.66   1   Methotrexate Sandoz   Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe   14.77   1   Methotrexate Sandoz   Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe   14.88   1   Methotrexate Sandoz   Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe   14.99   1   Methotrexate Sandoz   Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe   15.09   1   Methotrexate Sandoz   Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019   30.00   5   DBL Methotrexate   Onco-Vial   Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019   45.00   1   DBL Methotrexate   Onco-Vial   Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial   - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020   79.99   1   Methotrexate Ebewe	Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018       3.18       30       Trexate         Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018       21.00       50       Trexate         Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe       14.61       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe       14.77       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe       14.88       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe       14.99       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe       15.09       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019       30.00       5       DBL Methotrexate         Onco-Vial       DBL Methotrexate       Onco-Vial         Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019       45.00       1       DBL Methotrexate         Onco-Vial       DBL Methotrexate Ebewe         Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020       79.99       1       Methotrexate Ebewe	The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per	day.		
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018       3.18       30       Trexate         Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018       21.00       50       Trexate         Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe       14.61       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe       14.77       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe       14.88       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe       14.99       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe       15.09       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019       30.00       5       DBL Methotrexate         Onco-Vial       DBL Methotrexate       Onco-Vial         Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019       45.00       1       DBL Methotrexate         Onco-Vial       DBL Methotrexate Ebewe         Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020       79.99       1       Methotrexate Ebewe				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018       21.00       50       Trexate         Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial       14.61       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe       14.66       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe       14.77       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe       14.88       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe       14.99       1       Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019       30.00       5       DBL Methotrexate Sandoz         Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019       45.00       1       DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial         Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial       25.00       1       Methotrexate Ebewe         Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020       79.99       1       Methotrexate Ebewe	-			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial   Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe				
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe		21.00	50	Trexate
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe	, , ,	44.04		
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe	, , , ,		•	
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe	, , , ,		•	
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe			•	
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe			•	
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			-	
Onco-Vial Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			-	
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019       45.00       1       DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial Methotrexate Ebewe         Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial       25.00       1       Methotrexate Ebewe         Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial       - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020       79.99       1       Methotrexate Ebewe	inj 25 mg per mi, 2 mi viai – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	50.00	5	
Onco-Vial   Methotrexate Ebewe   Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	Ini 25 mg ner ml 20 ml vial = 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	45.00	1	
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial       25.00       1       Methotrexate Ebewe         Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial       - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020       79.99       1       Methotrexate Ebewe	11) 20 119 por 111, 20 111 viai 17/0 by out 10 to 2010			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>	Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	
PEMETREXED – Restricted see terms below			1	Methotrexate Ebewe
LINE I I LACE TOUR OUT TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019		60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
			-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	⇒ Restricted		•	
	Initiation – Mesothelioma			

#### Initiation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

### Continuation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
    - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
    - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
    - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

## Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days.

#### THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

## Other Cytotoxic Agents

**AMSACRINE** 

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below

Restricted

### Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Limited to 15 months treatment

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
- 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.

## Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and
- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

## Continuation – relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

COLACDACE IL ACDADACINIACEI

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE] Inj 10,000 iu vial102.32	1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE		
Inj 200 mg vial58.06	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE		
Cap 50 mg340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Apr-16 to 20187.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)		
Inj 100 mg vial40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA		
Cap 500 mg31.76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE		,
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – <b>1% DV Sep-15 to 2018</b>	1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below	·	
□ Cap 10 mg	21	Revlimid
■ Cap 15 mg	21	Revlimid
<b>↓</b> Cap 25 mg	21	Revlimid
→ Restricted	21	TOVIIIIIQ

#### Initiation

#### Hennestele

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line\* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
    - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

### Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an Unapproved Indication (refer to Interpretations and Definitions). A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

#### PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

#### → Restricted

### Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

#### Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

## PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

#### PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

	Cap 50 mg	498.00	50	Natulan
TE	MOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	10.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
1	Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	18.30	5	Orion Temozolomide
1	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	40.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
t	Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	96.80	5	Orion Temozolomide

400 00

Niatola.

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
  - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma\*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

#### Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour\*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

### Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
  - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma\*; and
  - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
  - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

#### Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a \* is an Unapproved Indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THAI IDOMIDE	<ul> <li>Restricted see terms below</li> </ul>	ı

t	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg	28	Thalomid

## → Restricted

## Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis\*; or
- 3 The patient has ervthema nodosum leprosum.

#### Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with \* is an Unapproved Indication

**TRFTINOIN** 

Cap 10 mg........479.50 100 Vesanoid

## **Platinum Compounds**

#### CARBOPLATIN

Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201815	5.07 1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201814	4.05 1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201832	2.59 1	DBL Carboplatin

(e	Price x man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	12.29	1	DBL Cisplatin
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	22.46	1	DBL Cisplatin
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	13.32	1	Oxaliccord
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	16.00	1	Oxaliccord
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors			
DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 20 mg	3,774.06	60	Sprycel
Tab 50 mg	6,214.20	60	Sprycel
Tab 70 mg	7,692.58	60	Sprycel
Tab 100 mg	6,214.20	30	Sprycel
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator.			
ERLOTINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg		30	Tarceva
Tab 150 mg	1,146.00	30	Tarceva
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 4 months All of the following:			
ŭ	maua Nan Carall	Call Luna	a Consor (NCCI C), and
1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squa	imous ivon Smail	Cell Lun	g Caricer (NSCLC); and

- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
    - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

## Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

## GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

## → Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Fither
  - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Both:

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
- 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

#### **IMATINIB MESILATE**

Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

Tab 100 mg ......2,400.00 60 Glivec

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		60 30	Imatinib-AFT Imatinib-AFT	
LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below	4 000 00	70	<b>-</b>	
■ Tah 250 mg	1 899 00	70	Tykerh	

#### → Restricted

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
  - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
  - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
  - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680.00	120	Tasigna
	Cap 200 mg6,532.00	120	Tasigna

### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 1 Patient has 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure\* with imatinib: or
  - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: \*treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

#### Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

#### PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	30	Votrient
t	Tab 400 mg	30	Votrient

# → Restricted

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive: or
  - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
  - 2.3 Both:
    - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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continued...

- 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
  - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
  - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
  - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
  - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
  - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

### Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

# SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg2,315.38	28	Sutent
t	Cap 25 mg4,630.77	28	Sutent
	Cap 50 mg		Sutent

# → Restricted

# Initiation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

#### All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
  - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
  - 2.4 Both:
    - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
  - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
  - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
  - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
  - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
  - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having

Pi	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

### Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

#### Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
  - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

#### Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
  - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
  - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

# Taxanes

DOOLITIKEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.40	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	26.95	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	20.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Ini 6 mg per ml 50 ml vial = 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Paclitaxel Fhewe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg	104.26	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	4.55	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	7.33	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
	7.30		Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial	20.95	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	67.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
	60.00		Calcium Folinate Sandoz
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	273.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	407.50	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	161.25	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	370.35	15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	186.46	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	74 52	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% <b>DV Oct-16 to 2019</b>		5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
	00.01	J	DDL VIIIONSUNG SUNALE
VINORELBINE	0.00	4	Navalkina
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	40.00	1	Navelbine
Endocrine Therapy			
ARIBATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below			

ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below ■ Tab 250 mg .......4,276.19 120

Zytiga

#### → Restricted

# Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Fither:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
    - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
    - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
    - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
  - 4.2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
- 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

#### Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

### **BICALUTAMIDE**

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	3.80	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg	55.00	100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE			
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	54.30	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	30.64	5	<b>DBL Octreotide</b>
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	18.69	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	72.50	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 10 mg vial	1,772.50	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 20 mg vial	2,358.75	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 30 mg vial		1	Sandostatin LAR
- Doduicted			

#### → Restricted

### Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea\* and vomiting\* due to malignant bowel obstruction\*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications

# Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
  - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

# Continuation - acromegaly

#### Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months

Price	)		Brand or
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)	5	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

#### Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
    - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
  - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
  - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

### TAMOXIFFN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg19.50	100	Genox
Tab 20 mg	30	Genox
12.50	100	Genox

# **Aromatase Inhibitors**

ANASTROZOLE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 20205.04	30	Rolin
EXEMESTANE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202014.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	30	Letrole

# **Imaging Agents**

### AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
		44.000.00	10	Gliolan

#### → Restricted

### Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

# **Immunosuppressants**

### Calcineurin Inhibitors

#### **CICLOSPORIN**

Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml	198.13	50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			

#### [ Can 0.5 mm 40/ DV Nav. 444a 04 Oak

ŧ	Cap 0.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 201885.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
1	Cap 1 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018171.20	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
1	Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018	50	Tacrolimus Sandoz

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

### → Restricted

### Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

### Initiation - Steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome\*

Any specialist

Fither:

- 1 The patient is a child with steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome\* (SRNS) where ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is an adult with SRNS; and
  - 2.2 Ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; and
  - 2.3 Cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate have been trialled and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response, or these treatments are contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications

### **Fusion Proteins**

### ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial799.96	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel

#### → Restricted

### Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

#### 1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

continued...

for JIA: or

- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
  - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
  - 2.5 Both:
    - 2.5.1 Fither:
      - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
      - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
    - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

### Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

# Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	ın. exc	I. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
- 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Fither:
  - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
  - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
  - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

# Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

# Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
  - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 2.5 Either
    - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by

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the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

#### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.4 Either:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or

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- 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

# Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

### Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

#### Initiation – plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and

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scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

# Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment: and
    - 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.2.2 Either:
      - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
      - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

### Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

# Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and

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- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

# Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

## Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	579.53	1	ReoPro
$\Rightarrow$	Restricted			

# Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

# ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	2	HumiraPen
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	2	Humira

#### → Restricted

# Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Either:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
    - 1.1.2 Either:
      - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
      - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
  - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone

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0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and 2.5. Both:

- 2.5.1 Fither:
  - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
  - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
- 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

### Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline: or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

### Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

### Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or

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- 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Fither:
    - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
    - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
    - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
    - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
  - 2.6 Fither:
    - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or

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- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Fither:
  - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

# Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroillitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
  - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
  - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

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Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

# Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or

### 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
  - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
  - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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### Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

### Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

### Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

# Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and

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- 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
  - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.2.2 Either:
    - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
    - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

# Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g.
- prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

# Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

#### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

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continued...

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

### Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
    - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
  - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
  - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
  - 2.2 Patient has previously\* (\*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment; or
  - 2.3 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD; or
  - 2.4 Patient is currently receiving treatment with aflibercept and has documented previous poor response to bevacizumab.

Note: Criteria 2.3 and 2.4 will be removed from 1 January 2019.

### Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue: and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve.

### Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
  - 1.2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
  - 1.3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and

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atrophy; or			•
ore; and y; and			
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	atrophy; or documented intra-retinal re; and y; and tient has ret	atrophy; or documented previous intra-retinal cysts, cerre; and y; and	intra-retinal cysts, central retire; and y; and tient has retrialled with at leas

#### CETUXIMAB – **Restricted** see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial364.00	1	Erbitux
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux

### → Restricted

### Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

#### INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 mg - 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020 ......806.00 1 Remicade

## → Restricted

#### Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

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#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

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Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

## Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Fithor
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

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continued...

2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

### Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

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Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
  - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

### Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective;
  - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective.

#### Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>
- 3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

# Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>

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3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

### Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

# Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
  - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

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### Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

### Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

# Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
  - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

# Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

#### Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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#### Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis: and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
  - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

### Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

# Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Either:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

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- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

# Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.2.2 Either:
      - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
      - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
  - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

### Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
  - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and

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- 2.3 Either:
  - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
  - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

#### Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
  - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

#### Notes:

- 1 Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- 2 Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

### Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

# OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

# → Restricted

### Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive: and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts\* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL: and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

\* greater than or equal to  $1.5 \times 10^9$ /L and platelets greater than or equal to  $75 \times 10^9$ /L

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

# → Restricted

#### Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

#### Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and
- 3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

# PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

# → Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

#### RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Ini 10 mg per ml. 0.3 ml vial

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#### ⇒ Restricted

# Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy: or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
    - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
  - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
  - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

# Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

#### RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5.50 2	Mabthera
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	8.30 1	Mabthera

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

# Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

### Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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### Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

### Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia\* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
  - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

### Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

### Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
  - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
  - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

### Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

# Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive: or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
    - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 6 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 7 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

## Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
- 2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since the commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
- 3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

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### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

### Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
  - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
  - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
  - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
  - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
  - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used: and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

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4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

### Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

### Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

### Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

# Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

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# Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

# Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
  - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
  - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

### Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

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## Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

### Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

### Continuation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

#### Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
  - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
  - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
  - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
  - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

### Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

## Initiation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE\*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine,

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mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and

4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE\* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

## Initiation - Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

## Initiation - ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are Unapproved Indications.

## Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS\* or FRNS\*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are Unapproved indications.

## Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome\*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a \* are Unapproved indications.

### Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS\* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and

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- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are Unapproved indications.

### Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome\*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are Unapproved indications.

#### SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	770.57	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	3,082.33	1	Sylvant
$\Rightarrow$	Restricted			-

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#### Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

#### TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

### → Restricted

#### Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.3 Fither:

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- 1.3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
- 1.3.2 Both:
  - 1.3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
  - 1.3.2.2 Either:
    - 1.3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
    - 1.3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

## 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 2.3 Either:
  - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
  - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Either:
  - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
  - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 2.5 Either:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender ioints: or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.6 Either:
  - 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

## Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

## Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

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## Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Roth:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
    - 1.2 Either:
      - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
      - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD: or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

### Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

### Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
  - 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

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2.5 Both:

2.5.1 Either:

- 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
- 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
- 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

### Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline: or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

### Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

## Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

### Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1331 trial; and
- 2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

#### TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

#### ⇒ Restricted

## Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer		Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
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#### continued...

- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

## Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

### All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib: and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
    - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

## Initiation – metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
    - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

## Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

#### NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1,05	51.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,62	29.96	1	Opdivo

#### → Restricted

### Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Fither:
  - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
  - 4.2 Both:
    - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

#### Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version

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continued...

1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Keytruda

## → Restricted

## Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

4 Fither

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
  - - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
    - 4.2 Both:
      - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
      - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

#### Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Τ)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
  must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.</li>
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

## Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2,351.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT)			
Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg – <b>1% DV Jul-17 to 2019</b>	9.66	100	lmuran
Tab 50 mg - <b>1% DV Jul-17 to 2019</b>	10.58	100	lmuran
Inj 50 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	60.00	1	Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2-8 × 10°8 CFU vial	149 37	1	OncoTICE
⇒ Restricted	140.07	'	OHOUTIOL
Initiation			
For use in bladder cancer.			
EVEROLIMUS – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg	4.555.76	30	Afinitor
■ Tab 10 mg	6.512.29	30	Afinitor
→ Restricted	-,		
Initiation			

1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis: and

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Neurologist or oncologist

2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

continued...

Both:

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(ex	man.	excl.	GST)	_	Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued

#### Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

#### MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg25.00	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial	4	CellCept

### **PICIBANIL**

Inj 100 mg vial

### SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg749.99	100	Rapamune
1	Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
1	Oral liq 1 mg per ml449.99	60 ml	Rapamune

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis: or
- HUS or TTP: or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy: or
- · Significant malignant disease

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Antiallergy Preparations**

## Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

#### Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## **Allergy Desensitisation**

### BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

### PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted

#### Initiation

## Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive: and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

### YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

## **Allergy Prophylactics**

## BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose5.26	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose6.00	200 dose	Alanase

	Price	)T\	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
UDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	5.26	200 dose	<b>Butacort Aqueous</b>
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	6.00	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
LUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.18	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever 8
			Allergy
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.61	15 ml	Univent
ODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
ETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	1.01	100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	2.99	200 ml	Histaclear
HLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE			
Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
YPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 4 mg			
EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE 10/ BW 2 10 1 2010	4.00	400	
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019		100 120 ml	Lorafix Lorfast
	2.13	120 1111	Lonast
ROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg = 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1 70	50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50 50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	Hospira
RIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE			·
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
Anticholinergic Agents			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose	S to 2010 2.25	20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-16 Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-16		20	Univent
Nebuliser Soin 250 mag per mi, 2 mi ampoule – 1 /6 DV Dec-N	710 2019	20	Onivent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor A	Agonists		
ALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per o			
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5	ml		
ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	^	20	Duolin

Price Brand or

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

## **Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents**

#### **GLYCOPYRRONIUM**

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

#### TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of bronchospasm and dyspnoea associated with COPD; and
- 2 In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a short acting bronchodilator dose of at least 40 μg ipratropium q.i.d for one month; and
- 3 Either:

the patient's breathlessness according to the Medical Research Council (UK) dyspnoea scale is:

- 3.1 Grade 3 (stops for breath after walking about 100 meters or after a few minutes on the level); or
- 3.2 Grade 4 (too breathless to leave the house, or breathless when dressing or undressing); and
- 4 Actual FEV, as a % of predicted, must be below 60%; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only); or
  - 5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking cessation counselling; and
- 6 The patient has been offered annual influenza immunization.

#### **UMECLIDINIUM**

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

## Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

## GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 30 dose Ultibro Breezhaler

	Price (ex man. excl. G	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL – <b>Restricted</b> see terr <b>1</b> Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg		page 60 dose	Spiolto Respimat
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg		30 dose	Anoro Ellipta

## **Antifibrotics**

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

#### → Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis as confirmed by histology, CT or biopsy; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 80% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

#### Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

## **Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists**

## **SALBUTAMOL**

Oral lig 400 mcg per ml	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.00		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20183.19	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20183.29	20	Asthalin

### TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

## **Cough Suppressants**

**PHOLCODINE** 

Oral lig 1 mg per ml

## **Decongestants**

## OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml

Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

		Price excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Aqueous nasal spray isotonic				
SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE Soln for nasal irrigation				
XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%				
Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%				
Nasal drops 0.05%				
Nasal drops 0.1%				
Inhaled Corticosteroids				
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE				
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose			200 dose	Beclazone 50
Assess in heles 100 mean new days		9.30	000 daaa	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose		.12.50 15.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100 Ovar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose			200 dose	Beclazone 250
BUDESONIDE				2001020110 200
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose				
FLUTICASONE According to the second s		7.50	100 doos	Flivetide
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose		7.50 4.68	120 dose	Flixotide Floair
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose			60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose			60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose			120 dose	Flixotide
A constitution of the state of		7.22	400 -1	Floair
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	•••••	10.18	120 dose	Flixotide Floair
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose			60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists				
MONTELUKAST				
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		5.25	28	Apo-Montelukast
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019			28 28	Apo-Montelukast Apo-Montelukast
1ab 10 mg - 1/6 by Jan-17 to 2019		5.05	20	Apo-inoritetukast
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE				
Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose				
INDACATEROL				
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose			30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		.61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler

30 dose

60 dose

Breo Ellipta

Seretide Accuhaler

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	9.90	120 dose	Meterol
	25.00		Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adre	enoceptor Ago	nists	
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL  Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg  Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg  Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg  Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg  Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL			

## 

			p
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg14	4.58	120 dose	RexAir
33	3.74		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg33	3.74	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg16	6.83	120 dose	RexAir
44	4.08		Seretide

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg .......44.08

**Mast Cell Stabilisers** 

**NEDOCROMIL** 

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

## Methylxanthines

AMINOPHYLLINE	ļ		•
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	5	DBL Aminophylline	
CAFFEINE CITRATE			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)14.85	25 ml	Biomed	
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule55.75	5	Biomed	
THEOPHYLLINE			
Tab long-acting 250 mg			
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml			

## **Mucolytics and Expectorants**

DORNASE ALFA - <b>Restricted</b> see terms <b>Delow</b>			
Mahulisar soln 2.5 mg nar 2.5 ml amnoula	250.00	6	Pulmozvme

→ Restricted

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

## Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

## **Pulmonary Surfactants**

**BERACTANT** 

PORACTANT ALFA

 Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial
 425.00
 1
 Curosurf

 Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial
 695.00
 1
 Curosurf

## **Respiratory Stimulants**

**DOXAPRAM** 

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

## **Sclerosing Agents**

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	2.48	4 g	Chlorsig
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – <b>1% DV Sep-15 to 2018</b> Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	0.98	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2020  FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Excluse drops 0.5%	9.99	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
Ear/eye drops 0.5%  GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%	11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
Eye drops 0.1%  SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%	4.50	5 g	Fucithalmic
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	14.92	4.5 g	ViruPOS
<b>Combination Preparations</b>			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone  DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN	16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and grami 50 mcg per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYX			
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b st 6,000 u per g	ulphate 5.39	3.5 g	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 6,000 u per ml  DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN		5 ml	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%	12.64	5 ml	Tobradex



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%

#### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

## **Anti-Inflammatory Preparations**

## Corticosteroids

#### DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
	1	Ozurdex

#### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
  - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
  - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

### Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema: and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

### Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
3.09	5 ml	FML
7.00 3.93	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
38.50	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
13.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
8.71	10 ml 5 ml	Lomide Patanol
4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
125.00 E se	12	Fluorescite
	(ex man. excl. G\$ \$3.097.00 3.9338.508.7113.604.15	(ex man. excl. GST)

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions				
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION  Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sod chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle  1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	ium - oride	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution  e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chlo 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sod chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle - 1% I Jan-16 to 2018	ium <b>)V</b>	. 10.50	500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics				
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Viscoelastic Substances				
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		.50.00	1 1 1	Healon GV Healon GV Healon 5
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syr and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 l	SULPHinge		1	Healon
syringe	nge ml		1	Duovisc  Duovisc
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syr – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	•	.67.00	1	Viscoat
Other				

#### Other

## DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

5 ml

Betagan

Isopto Carpine

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

### **RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE**

Soln trans epithelial riboflavin

Inj 0.1%

Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500

Clau	coma	Dran	arat	ione
Glau	COllia	FIGE	arau	UIIS

## **Beta Blockers**

BETAXOLOL				
Eye drops 0.25%	11.80	5 ml	Betoptic S	
Eye drops 0.5%	7.50	5 ml	Betoptic	
LEVOBUNOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE				

IMOLOL		
Eye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20201.43	5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.25%, gel forming - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2.5 ml	Timoptol XE
Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20201.43	5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2.5 ml	Timoptol XE

## **Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors**

ACETAZOLAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202017.03	100	Diamox
Inj 500 mg		

BRINZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 1%

DORZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 2%

DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL		
Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	5 ml	Arrow-Dortim

### **Miotics**

### ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE

Eve drops 1%

Inj 20 mg vial with diluent

### PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 2%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%, single dose		
Eye drops 4%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine

4.26

15 ml

## **Prostaglandin Analogues**

## BIMATOPROST

Eye drops 0.03% – <b>1% DV Jul-16 to 2018</b>	3 ml	Bimatoprost Actavis
LATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20181.50	2.5 ml	Hysite
TRAVOPROST		
Eye drops 0.004% - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	5 ml	Travopt

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics				
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%		.19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL		4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%				
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics				
Anticholinergic Agents				
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Eye drops 1% – <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>		.17.36	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics				
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose				
Ocular Lubricants				
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%		8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%		3.92	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN  Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%  Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose		2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, sin	gle dose	4.30	24	Systane Unit Dose

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT  Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL  Eye drops 1.4% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		15 ml	Vistil
Eye drops 3% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019  POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose	3.68	15 ml	Vistil Forte
RETINOL PALMITATE  Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 a	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]  Eye drops 1 mg per ml		10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

## **Other Otological Preparations**

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings**

### Antidotes

**ACETYLCYSTEINE** 

Tab eff 200 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......78.34 10 DBL Acetylcysteine

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

**ETHANOL** 

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL. DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......85.05 5 Anexate

**HYDROXOCOBALAMIN** 

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle

## **Antitoxins**

**BOTULISM ANTITOXIN** 

Ini 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

### **Antivenoms**

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

## SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

## Removal and Elimination

		ΑL

	Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DE	FERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 125 mg dispersible	.276.00	28	Exjade
	Tab 250 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
t	Tab 500 mg dispersible	,105.00	28	Exjade

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2\*; or
  - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
  - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
  - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

## Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels.

## DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 500 mg533.11	7 100	Ferriprox
1	Oral liq 100 mg per ml266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

#### ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

#### DESFERBIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial – <b>1% DV Feb-16 to 2018</b> 51.52
---

#### DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

#### DIMERCAPROL

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

17411000			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
Cap 200 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			Onemet
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%	1.86	50 ml	healthE
Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	2.65	1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml	2.90	1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml	3.86	1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml	5.45	1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml	5.90	1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml	9.56	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	9.30	1	healthE
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL			
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
■ Vaginal tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%	3.27	25 g	Betadine
Soln 10%	6.20	500 ml	Betadine
	2.95	100 ml	Riodine
	6.20	500 ml	Riodine
Soln 5%			
Soln 7.5%			
Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL		<b>.</b>	D : I' OI: D
Soln 10% with ethanol 30%Soln 10% with ethanol 70%	10.00	500 ml	Betadine Skin Prep
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE Soln			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral lig 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 1	100 ml		
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle.		1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			- · · · · ·
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156 12	50	loscan
	130.12	30	1030411
IODISED OIL	000.00		Linia dal I Illina Elvid
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	280.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	850.00	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle	57.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	290.00	10	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet		50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle		250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag		12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g	, 4 g		
sachet	102.93	50	E-Z-Gas II

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	g		
sachet			e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe	120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled		_	0 1 1 1 1 0
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled	700.00	40	On deviced 4.0
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE	000.00	40	0
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		10 10	Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
	020.00	10	Omnoodn
GADOTERIC ACID	24.50	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		i	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		i	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	12.30	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	ed		
syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			•
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
.,			
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
Diagnostic Agents			
ARGININE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle			
lai 100 area area al 000 art bettle			

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial			
MANNITOL Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	240.35	5	Proveblue
(Any Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2018) (Any Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2018)			
PATENT BLUE V Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, bottle	6.04	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.05% with cetrimide 0.5%, bottle	9.31	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.1% with cetrimide 1%, bottle	10.00	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule - 1%	DV		
Aug-18 to 2021		30	Pfizer
(Baxter Irrigation soln 0.05% with cetrimide 0.5%, bottle to be delisted a (Baxter Irrigation soln 0.1% with cetrimide 1%, bottle to be delisted 1 At			
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, bottle	19.48 22.70	2,000 ml 3,000 ml	Baxter Baxter

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle	5.22	100 ml	Baxter
	6.19	500 ml	Baxter
	15.11	2,000 ml	Baxter
	19.26	3,000 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule	27.00	30	Pfizer
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	14.90	10	Baxter Sodium
			Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER			
Irrigation soln, bottle	5.24	100 ml	Baxter
•	5.94	500 ml	Baxter
	16.47	2,000 ml	Baxter
	29.21	3,000 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	17.30	10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi

## **Surgical Preparations**

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

**PHENOL** 

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

**TROMETAMOL** 

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

				VARIOUS
	Price (ex man. excl. G	ST) Per	Branc Gene Manu	
Cardioplegia Solutions				
ELECTROLYTES  Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmo potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmo tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1,000 ml bag  Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glu acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag	oride, I/I tamic		J	Custodiol-HTK  Cardioplegia Enriched Paed.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, gluta acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg pml, 527 ml bag	ml,		e.g.	Soln.  Cardioplegia Enriched Solution
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per m	ı ml,			Enriched Solution

sodium citrate 0.6412	mg per ml and trometa	ımol 5.9 mg per i	ml,		
523 ml bag	•	•		e.g.	Cardioplegia Base
					Solution

- e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
- e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

# MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

## **Cold Storage Solutions**

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

## **EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS**

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations**

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

**BENZOIN** 

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

**CETRIMIDE** 

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

**COLLODION FLEXIBLE** 

Liq

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule

**DITHRANOL** 

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

## EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension			473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL				0.4 0.1001
Liq - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		3.28	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE Powder – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		49.95	25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder				
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste				
MENTHOL Crystals				
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder				
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder				
METHYLCELLULOSE Powder Suspension		.32.50	473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	l		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension			473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL Liq				
PARAFFIN Liq				
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder				
PHENOL Liq				
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder				
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq				
POVIDONE K30 Powder				
PROPYLENE GLYCOL Lig		12 00	500 ml	ABM
SALICYLIC ACID Powder		2.00	500 mi	, 15/11
SILVER NITRATE Crystals				

## **EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS**

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM BICARBONATE

Powder BP

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated Sublimed

SYRUP

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

**UREA** 

Powder BP

WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1%

ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Food Modules**

## Carbohydrate

#### → Restricted

## Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

#### Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

## CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

# Fat

## → Restricted

#### Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak: or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

## Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

## LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Lia

## **Protein**

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

#### Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

## PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g can

e.g. Protifar

# **Other Supplements**

## BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

¶ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

## → Restricted

## Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
  - 2.2 Cancer in children: or
  - 2.3 Faltering growth; or
  - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
  - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

e.g. FM 85

e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier

e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer

e.g. Super Soluble
Duocal

## SPECIAL FOODS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

# **Food/Fluid Thickeners**

#### NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

## **Metabolic Products**

## → Restricted Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

# **Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

## **Homocystinuria Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

e.g. HCU Anamix Infant

e.a. XMET Maxamaid

e.g. XMET Maxamum

e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

## Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
  Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. IVA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
- e.g. XLEU Maxamum

# **Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
- e.g. MSUD Maxamum
- e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

_		(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand Gene Manu	
P	henylketonuria Products					
AN t	IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted Tab 8.33 mg		s on page	219	e.g.	Phlexy-10
•	Powder 20 g protein, 2.5 g carbohydrate and 0.22 g fibre per 27.8 g sachet	l			e.g.	PKU Lophlex Powder (unflavoured)
t	Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 3	6 g				,
	sachet				e.g.	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre	per				DICLI Anamaio Infant
t	100 g, 400 g can					PKU Anamix Infant XP Maxamaid
	Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can				-	XP Maxamum
ì	Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 300 g carb				•	Phlexy-10
t	Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml,				c.y.	THICKYTO
	62.5 ml bottle				e.g.	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
t	Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml,					
t	125 ml bottle Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per				e.g.	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
	100 ml, bottle	·	13.10	125 ml	PKU	Anamix Junior LQ
						(Berry)
					PKU	Anamix Junior LQ
					DKI	(Orange) I Anamix Junior LQ
					FRU	(Unflavoured)
t	Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 1	25 ml				,
•	bottle				e.g.	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
I	Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml,					DIGITAL 11 10 10
t	62.5 ml bottle	E ml			e.g.	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
•	Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 12 bottle	3 1111			ο α	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62	5 ml			e.y.	FRO Lopillex LQ 20
•	bottle	.5 1111			еα	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
t	Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250	ml			o.g.	20p 20
	carton				e.g.	Easiphen
t	Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per				ŭ	,
	100 g, 109 g pot				e.g.	PKU Lophlex
						Sensations
						20 (berries)
	raniania Asidoamia and Mathylmalania Asidoamia	Dradua	la.			
-	ropionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia	Produc	เร			
ΑN	IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, TH	REONINE	AND VAL	INE) – Re	estrict	ed see terms on
pa	ge 219			•		
t		per				
	100 g, 400 g can				e.g.	MMA/PA Anamix
•	Douglas OF a protein and F1 a contabulants and 100 a F00					Infant
ı	Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can				e.g.	XMTVI Maxamaid

1 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XMTVI Maxamum



	Price			Brand or
(ex m	an. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

# **Protein Free Supplements**

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 219

Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can e.g.Energivit

## **Tyrosinaemia Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 219

Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

100 g, 400 g can

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. XPHEN, TYR

Maxamaid

Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per

100 ml, 125 ml bottle e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

e.a. TYR Anamix Junior

e.g. TYR Anamix Infant

e.g. Dialamine

## **Urea Cycle Disorders Products**

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 219

1 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can

Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

e.g. Essential Amino
Acid Mix

# X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 219

1 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 219

1 Liquid, 500 ml bottle

# **Specialised Formulas**

## **Diabetic Products**

## → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

			SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the	e previous page		
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1			
bottle	7.50	1,000 ml	Glucerna Select RTH (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 m 1,000 ml bag	l,		e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pre	evious page		Blacon
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre			
100 ml, can		237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 2		0501	Olympian Calast (Manilla)
bottle  Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre pe		250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
100 ml, can		237 ml	Resource Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre p 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	per		e.g. Diasip
,			с.у. Біазір
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
Initiation  Any of the following:  1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.			
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above  Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet	4.50	80 g	Vivonex TEN
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms ab Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 3 carton	ove	30 g	e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see te	rms above		
Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - <b>Restricted</b> see Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 g		1,000 ml	Vital
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED — <b>Restricted</b> see terms above	iii, bottic 10.00	1,000 1111	Vitai
Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 10	)O a		
400 g can	·~ y,		e.g. Peptamen Junior
1 Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g,	, 400 g		,
can			e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton.......4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)

## **Fat Modified Products**

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

■ Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

## → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults,

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

# **Hepatic Products**

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.

HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

400 g Heparon Junior

# **High Calorie Products**

# → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Any of the following:
    - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
    - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
    - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
    - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
  - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

FNTFRAI	FFFD 2 KCAL/MI	<ul> <li>Restricted see terms above</li> </ul>

t	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.50	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
t	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle11.00	1,000 ml	TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla)
OF	RAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		

Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 200 ml Two Cal HN

		SPECIAL FOODS
Price (ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
High Protein Products		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below  Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag  Restricted Initiation		e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus
Both:  1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie production of the protein surgery.  I Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag  Restricted Initiation Both:  1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie productions.		e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre
Infant Formulas		
AMINO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms below  I Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 400 g can  Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can  Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can		e.g. Neocate e.g. Neocate LCP e.g. Neocate Junior
Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00	400 g	Unflavoured Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)
<ul> <li>Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can</li></ul>	400 g 400 g 400 g	Alfamino Junior Neocate Junior Vanilla Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)
Devider 0.0 a protein 7.0 a carbohydrate and 0.4 a fet year 100 rel con	400	

## → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

continued...

Elecare (Unflavoured)

Elecare (Vanilla)

400 g

• Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00



F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST	)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

#### Continuation

## Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

#### EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g,

450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti

#### ⇒ Restricted

### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
  - 1.2 Fither
    - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
    - 1.2.2 Sov milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption: or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea: or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure: or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

#### Continuation

#### Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

## FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.a. Galactomin 19

## LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can

e.g. S26 Lactose Free

## SPECIAL FOODS

		rice excl. GST	,	Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA		_		
Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g	,			
400 g can				e.g. Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terr	ms belov	V		
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre pe	r			
100 ml, bottle		2.35	125 ml	Infatrini
➡ Restricted				
Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering grow	vth			
Della				

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
  - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

## PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

1	Powder 1.9 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 14 g, can 15.25	400 g	S-26 Gold Premgro	
t	Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle0.75	100 ml	S26 LBW Gold RTF	
t	Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml			

bottle Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

e.g. Karicare Aptamil

Gold+Preterm

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF

(S-26 Gold Premaro Powder 1.9 a protein, 7.5 a carbohydrate and 3.9 a fat per 14 a, can to be delisted 1 July 2018)

## → Restricted

## Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

#### THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

# **Ketogenic Diet Products**

#### HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

1	Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate	e and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can 35.50	300 g K	etocal

4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

3:1 (Unflavoured)

Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 g, can ...... 35.50 300 a Ketocal

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## Paediatric Products

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or
  - 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
  - 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
  - 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or
  - 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or
  - 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days.

#### PAFDIATRIC ORAL FFFD - Restricted see terms above

Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g, can .... 28.00 850 g Pediasure (Vanilla) (Pediasure (Vanilla) Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 July 2018)

## PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag.......4.00

Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag......2.68

Nutrini Low Energy 500 ml Multifibre RTH

# PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL EFED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

500 ml Pediasure RTH

Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag

e.a. Nutrini RTH

#### PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 

500 ml

200 ml

250 ml

Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre

Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag

e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH

## PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle ....... 1.07

Pediasure (Chocolate)

Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)

Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can ............ 1.34

Pediasure (Vanilla)

## PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Fortini

Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml. 200 ml bottle

e.a. Fortini Multifibre

## **Renal Products**

## LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml. bottle 6.08 500 ml Nepro HP RTH

## → Restricted

## Initiation

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

Price (ex man. excl. GS* \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms below		
Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g		
can		e.g. Kindergen
⇒ Restricted		
Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.		
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML		
Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per		
100 ml. carton	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry)
100 m, outon	LL0 1111	Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted		, ,
Initiation		
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below		
Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, carton3.31	237 ml	Novasource Renal
		(Vanilla)
Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml		,
bottle		
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml		o a Ponilon 7 E
carton  ➡ Restricted		e.g. Renilon 7.5
Initiation		
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		
Respiratory Products		
LOW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below		
■ Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.66	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
→ Restricted		, ,
Initiation		
For patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value exceeding 55 mmHg.		
Surgical Products		
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below		
■ Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre per		

HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − <b>Restricted</b> see terms below  Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre per		
100 ml, carton4.00	178 ml	Impact Advanced
→ Restricted Initiation		Recovery
Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery.		
PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below		
■ Oral lig 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		
bottle	4	preOp
→ Restricted		•
Initiation		

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Standard Feeds**

## → Restricted

## Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
  - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
  - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

## ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

•	11: 115.4 12 100 100 100 100				
•	Liquid 5.4 g protien, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle			e.g.	Isosource Standard RTH
t t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bagLiquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	7.00	1,000 ml	Nutr	ison Energy
	100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			e.g.	Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	1.75	250 ml	Ensi	ure Plus HN
t t	Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bag Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per		1,000 ml	Ensi	ure Plus HN RTH
	100 ml, bag	7.00	1,000 ml	Jevit	ty HiCal RTH
FN	TERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		•		•
1	Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	5 29	1,000 ml	Osm	nolite RTH
ì	Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per	0.20	1,000 1111	0011	ionto itti i
•	100 ml, bottle	5 20	1.000 ml	lovit	ty RTH
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,	3.23	1,000 1111	Jevii	ly IIIII
•	1,000 ml bag			0.0	NutrisonStdRTH;
	1,000 IIII bag			e.y.	NutrisonLowSodium
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per				
_	100 ml, 1000 ml bag			еα	Nutrison Multi Fibre
EN	TERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - <b>Restricted</b> see terms above			o.g.	Tradition main ribro
•	Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per				lavita Diva DTU
	100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			e.g.	Jevity Plus RTH
ΕN	TERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above				
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per				
	100 ml, bag	5.29	1,000 ml	Nutr	ison 800 Complete Multi Fibre

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer			
OF	RAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the previous page					
t	Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)			
t t t	Powder 20.8 g protein, 61 g carbohydrate and 9.4 g fat per 100 g, can	857 g 350 g 840 g	Fortisip (Vanilla) Fortisip (Vanilla) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active			
			(Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)			
(Fo	Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject to both Special Authority criteria and a manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patients meeting the following endorsement criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.  (Fortisip (Vanilla) Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 August 2018)					
OF	RAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page					
t	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,					
	237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage			
OF	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page					
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.33 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)			
	carton1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the			
			Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)			
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice			
ì	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		o.g. i orajaloo			
•	bottle		e.g. Fortisip			
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		g- , o-no-p			
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre			



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

10

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Bacterial and Viral Vaccines**

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe 

Infanrix IPV

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation: or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE -Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis

toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophilus

10

Infanrix-hexa

→ Restricted

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

## **Bacterial Vaccines**

## ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE

Ini 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid in 0.5 ml svringe −

**ADT Booster** 

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or
- 2 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or

continued...

continued...

- 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

## BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

## → Restricted

# Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

## DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin and 2.5 mcg

## → Restricted

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational weeks 28 and 38; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens.

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

#### HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus

## ⇒ Restricted

## Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ MENINGOCOCCAL (A. C. Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial -Menactra Initiation Any of the following: 1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV. complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or 2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or 3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients: or 4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression\*. Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly. \*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days. MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Neisvac-C → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: 1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV. complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or 2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases: or 3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or 4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression\*. Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly. \*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days. PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V, 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4, 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - **0% DV Sep-17 to 2020**...........0.00 10 **Synflorix** → Restricted Initiation Fither: 1 A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the age of 59 months inclusive; or 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of immunisation for individuals under the age of 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A, Prevenar 13

→ Restricted

## Initiation - High risk children who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose is funded for high risk children (over the age of 17 months and under 18 years) who have previously received four doses of PCV10.

continued...

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Prevenar 13



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

## Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
  - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
  - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
  - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
  - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
  - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
  - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
  - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
  - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
  - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
  - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
  - 2.12 With diabetes: or
  - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
  - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

## Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

## Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

## → Restricted

#### Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

#### Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune

continued...

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

response: or

- 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
- 2.3 With HIV infection: or
- 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
- 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
- 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
- 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
- 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
- 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
- 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
- 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
- 2.12 With diabetes: or
- 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

## Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

#### SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

## **Viral Vaccines**

## HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe	- 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0.00 1	Havrix Junior
•	1 1 1 1 1 0 5 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00/ BU/ 0 4E / 0000	0.00	

## → Restricted

## Initiation

#### Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
  - 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

## HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

## ⇒ Restricted

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAq) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or

continued...

					VACCIII	
	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
continued						
<ul> <li>6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or</li> <li>7 For patients following immunosuppression; or</li> <li>8 For solid organ transplant patients; or</li> <li>9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or</li> <li>10 Following needle stick injury.</li> </ul>						
Inj 10 mcg in 1 ml vial		0.00	0	1	HBvaxPRO	
→ Restricted Initiation						
Any of the following:						
<ol> <li>For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B pa</li> <li>For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antige</li> <li>For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of</li> <li>For HIV positive patients; or</li> <li>For hepatitis C positive patients; or</li> <li>for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or</li> <li>For patients following immunosuppression; or</li> <li>For solid organ transplant patients; or</li> <li>For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or</li> <li>Following needle stick injury.</li> </ol>	n (HBsAg are consi of vaccina	ı) posi dered	tive; or not to			erology
Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe  → Restricted		0.00	0	1	Engerix-B	
Initiation  Any of the following:  1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B paragraph 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antige 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury.	n (HBsAg are consi of vaccina	y) posi dered tion; o	itive; or not to or	have ach	nieved a positive si	erology
<ul> <li>Inj 40 mcg per 1 ml vial − 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020</li> <li>Restricted</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Both:</li> <li>1 For dialysis patients; and</li> </ul>		0.00	0	1	HBvaxPRO	
2 For liver or kidney transplant patient.						
(Engerix-B Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 Decen						
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VA  ■ Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 0% DV Jun-17 to 2020  Restricted Initiation – Children aged 14 years and under Therapy limited to 2 doses				ricted se 10	ee terms below Gardasil 9	
Children aged 14 years and under.						
•					С	ontinued.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... Initiation - other conditions Either: 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or 2 Both: 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and 2.2 Any of the following: 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy. INFLUENZA VACCINE Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine) .......................9.00 1 Fluarix Tetra → Restricted Initiation – cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 months Any of the following: 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or 2 Congestive heart failure; or 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or 4 Congenital heart disease: or 5 Cerebro-vascular disease. Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding. Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 months Either: 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function. Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding. Initiation – Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 months Any of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 Diabetes: or 1.2 Chronic renal disease; or 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or 1.6 HIV: or 1.7 Transplant recipient: or 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or 1.14 Down syndrome; or 1.15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or 2 Child is living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or 3 Child has been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region.

10

Influvac Tetra

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease: or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

## Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and over

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

## Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Diabetes; or
  - 1.2 chronic renal disease: or
  - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
  - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
  - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
  - 1.6 HIV; or
  - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
  - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
  - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies: or
  - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
  - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
  - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
  - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
  - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
  - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
  - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital; or
- 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or
- 4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region.

## MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50,

Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent

#### → Restricted

## Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation - first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** → Restricted Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Either: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. **RABIES VACCINE** Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1.000.000 CCID50 per dose. 10 Rotarix → Restricted Initiation Therapy limited to 2 doses Both: 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over. VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below Varilrix 1 Varilrix 10

#### → Restricted

#### Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

#### Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression\*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: \* immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

## VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles

vaccine]......0.00 1 Zostavax

10 Zostavax

#### ⇒ Restricted

## Initiation - people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

## Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2020.

# **Diagnostic Agents**

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

## PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

100

**B-D Micro-Fine** 

# Optional Pharmaceuticals

#### NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at <a href="https://www.pharmac.govt.nz">www.pharmac.govt.nz</a>. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	20.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens II
	10.00		Caresens N
			Caresens N POP
Meter	19.00	1	Accu-Chek Performa
	9.00		FreeStyle Lite
(0)			On Call Advanced
(Caresens II 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test	t strips to be	delisted 1 A	ugust 2018)
(Accu-Chek Performa Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(FreeStyle Lite Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018) (On Call Advanced Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP	00.75	FO 44	Accu-Chek Performa
Blood glucose test strips	26.75 10.56	50 test	CareSens
	10.50		CareSens N
	21.65		FreeStyle Lite
	28.75		Freestyle Optium
Blood glucose test strips × 50 and lancets × 5		50 test	On Call Advanced
Test strips		50 test	CareSens PRO
(Accu-Chek Performa Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)	)		
(CareSens Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(FreeStyle Lite Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(Freestyle Optium Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(On Call Advanced Blood glucose test strips $\times$ 50 and lancets $\times$ 5 to be delist	ted 1 August	2018)	
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
Meter	40.00	1	Freestyle Optium Neo
(Freestyle Optium Neo Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Test strips	15.50	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST MET	ER		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic			
test strips		1	CareSens Dual
INSULIN PEN NEEDLES			
29 g × 12.7 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 5 mm	11.75	100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 6 mm		100	ABM
31 g × 8 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine

# **OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS**

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE			
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.5 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
KETONE BLOOD BETA-KETONE ELECTRODES			
Test strips	15.50	10 strip	Freestyle Optium Ketone
(Freestyle Optium Ketone Test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			, ,
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Small	2 20	1	e-chamber Mask
			C GHAMBOI MAGIK
PEAK FLOW METER	0.54		Mari Marinta AEO L
Low Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range
Normal Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE			
Cassette	17.60	40 test	EasyCheck
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Test strip	22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
·	22.00	JU JUIP	ROTOGUA
SPACER DEVICE	2.25		
220 ml (single patient)		1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)		1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	6.50	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -	Renin-Angiotensin System 43	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid8
8-methoxypsoralen	1 Agents for Parkinsonism and Related	Amphotericin B
- A -	Disorders 110	Alimentary2
A-Scabies	8 Agents Used in the Treatment of	Infections8
Abacavir sulphate	•	Amsacrine14
Abacavir sulphate with	Ajmaline45	Amyl nitrite5
lamivudine	2 Alanase192	Anabolic Agents6
Abciximab15	8 Albendazole89	Anaesthetics11
Abilify12	5 Aldurazyme23	Anagrelide hydrochloride14
Abiraterone acetate14		Analgesics11
Acarbose	6 Alendronate sodium with	Anastrozole15
Accu-Chek Performa24	2 colecalciferol101	Andriol Testocaps6
Accuretic 10	3 Alfacalcidol28	Androderm6
Accuretic 20	3 Alfamino Junior225	Androgen Agonists and
Acetazolamide20	3 Alfentanil	Antagonists6
Acetic acid	Alglucosidase alfa21	Anexate20
Extemporaneously Compounded	Alinia90	Anoro Ellipta19
Preparations2		Antabuse
Genito-Urinary		Antacids and Antiflatulents1
Acetic acid with hydroxyguinoline,	Allopurinol	Anti-Infective Agents6
glycerol and ricinoleic acid	•	Anti-Infective Preparations
Acetic acid with propylene	Alpha tocopheryl acetate29	Dermatological5
glycol 20		Sensory19
Acetylcholine chloride20	·	Anti-Inflammatory Preparations 20
Acetylcysteine20		Antiacne Preparations5
Aciclovir	Alprostadil hydrochloride52	Antiallergy Preparations19
Infections		Antianaemics3
Sensory19		Antiarrhythmics4
Aciclovir-Claris		Antibacterials7
Acid Citrate Dextrose A	5 Aluminium hydroxide	Anticholinergic Agents19
Acidex	3 Aluminium hydroxide with	Anticholinesterases10
Acipimox	•	Antidepressants11
Acitretin		Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal
Aclasta10		Anti-Inflammatory Agents 1
Actemra18	3 AmBisome	Antiepilepsy Drugs11
Actinomycin D13	7 Ambrisentan53	Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and
Adalat 10		Local Sclerosants3
Adalat Oros	7 Nervous114	Antifibrotics19
Adalimumab15	8 Sensory202	Antifungals8
Adapalene	8 Amikacin	Antihypotensives4
Adefovir dipivoxil	4 Amiloride hydrochloride	Antimigraine Preparations12
Adenosine	5 Amiloride hydrochloride with	Antimycobacterials8
Adenuric10	6 furosemide49	Antinausea and Vertigo Agents 12
Adrenaline	2 Amiloride hydrochloride with	Antiparasitics8
ADT Booster23	2 hydrochlorothiazide 49	Antipruritic Preparations5
Adult diphtheria and tetanus	Aminolevulinic acid	Antipsychotic Agents12
vaccine23	2 hydrochloride	Antiretrovirals9
Advantan	0 Aminophylline197	Antirheumatoid Agents10
Advate	4 Amiodarone hydrochloride45	Antiseptics and Disinfectants20
Aerrane11		Antispasmodics and Other Agents
Afinitor19		Altering Gut Motility1
Aflibercept16	5 Amlodipine47	Antithrombotics3
AFT SLS-free		Antithymocyte globulin
Agents Affecting the	Amoxicillin82	(equine) 19

Austitle was a set a set a level in /u.a.le la it	100	Aviatacant	20	C	00
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit)		Aristocort		Sensory	
Antiulcerants		Arrow - Clopid		Atropt	
Antivirals		Arrow-Amitriptyline11		Aubagio	
Anxiolytics		Arrow-Bendrofluazide		Augmentin	
Apidra		Arrow-Brimonidine20		Avelox	
Apidra Solostar		Arrow-Calcium		Avelox IV 400	
Apo-Amiloride		Arrow-Diazepam12		Avonex	
Apo-Amlodipine		Arrow-Dortim20	03	Avonex Pen	130
Apo-Amoxi	82	Arrow-Etidronate10	02	Azacitidine	13
Apo-Azithromycin	80	Arrow-Fluoxetine11	18	Azactam	
Apo-Ciclopirox	57	Arrow-Gabapentin11	19	Azathioprine	190
Apo-Cilazapril	43	Arrow-Lamotrigine12	21	Azithromycin	
Apo-Cilazapril/		Arrow-Losartan &		Azol	
Hydrochlorothiazide	43	Hydrochlorothiazide4	44	AZT	9
Apo-Clarithromycin		Arrow-Morphine LA11		Aztreonam	
Apo-Clomipramine		Arrow-Norfloxacin		- B -	
Apo-Diclo SR		Arrow-Ornidazole		B-D Micro-Fine	24
Apo-Diltiazem CD		Arrow-Quinapril 104		B-D Ultra Fine	
				B-D Ultra Fine II	
Apo-Doxazosin		Arrow-Quinapril 20			
Apo-Folic Acid		Arrow-Quinapril 5		Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	191
Apo-Gabapentin		Arrow-Roxithromycin		Bacillus calmette-guerin	
Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%		Arrow-Sertraline11		vaccine	
Apo-Leflunomide		Arrow-Timolol20		Baclofen	
Apo-Megestrol		Arrow-Tolterodine		Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	
Apo-Metoprolol		Arrow-Topiramate12		Bacterial Vaccines	
Apo-Mirtazapine	118	Arrow-Tramadol11	17	Balanced Salt Solution	
Apo-Moclobemide	118	Arsenic trioxide14	40	Baraclude	9
Apo-Montelukast	196	Artemether with lumefantrine	89	Barium sulphate	20
Apo-Nadolol	46	Artesunate	89	Barium sulphate with sodium	
Apo-Nicotinic Acid		Articaine hydrochloride11	12	bicarbonate	20
Apo-Ondansetron		Articaine hydrochloride with		Barrier Creams and Emollients	5
Apo-Oxybutynin		adrenaline11	12	Basiliximab	160
Apo-Paroxetine		Asacol1		BCG Vaccine	
Apo-Perindopril		Asamax1		BD PosiFlush	
Apo-Pindolol		Ascorbic acid		Beclazone 100	
Apo-Pravastatin		Alimentary2	28	Beclazone 250	
Apo-Prazosin		Extemporaneously Compounded	20	Beclazone 50	
Apo-Prednisone		Preparations21	1.1	Beclomethasone	130
		Aspen Adrenaline			2 10
Apo-Propranolol			02	dipropionate19	
Apo-Pyridoxine		Aspirin	00	Bee venom	
Apo-Ropinirole		Blood		Bendamustine hydrochloride	
Apo-Sumatriptan		Nervous11		Bendrofluazide	4
Apo-Terazosin		Asthalin19		Bendroflumethiazide	
Apomorphine hydrochloride		Atazanavir sulphate		[Bendrofluazide]	
Apraclonidine		Atenolol4		BeneFIX	
Aprepitant	123	Atenolol-AFT	46	Benzathine benzylpenicillin	
Apresoline		ATGAM19		Benzatropine mesylate	
Aprotinin	32	Ativan12	29	Benzbromaron AL 100	10
Aqueous cream		Atomoxetine13		Benzbromarone	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]		Atorvastatin	50	Benzocaine	112
Arginine		Atovaquone with proguanil		Benzoin	
Alimentary	21	hydrochloride	90	Benzoyl peroxide	
Various		Atracurium besylate10		Benztrop	
Argipressin [Vasopressin]		Atripla		Benzydamine hydrochloride	2
Aripiprazole		Atropine sulphate	-	Benzydamine hydrochloride with	2
Aripiprazole Sandoz		Cardiovascular4	45	cetylpyridinium chloride	21
, inpipiazoio oaliuoz	120	Jai ulovasoulai	10	ootyipyiidiiiidiii Gillolide	4

Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin	meter 242	Calcium chloride3
G]82	Blood ketone diagnostic test	Calcium folinate14
Beractant	strip242	Calcium Folinate Ebewe14
Beta Cream60	Bonney's blue dye211	Calcium Folinate Sandoz14
Beta Ointment60	Boostrix233	Calcium gluconate
Beta Scalp61	Boric acid214	Blood3
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists 195	Bortezomib140	Dermatological6
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers46	Bosentan53	Calcium Homeostasis6
Betadine208	Bosentan-Mylan53	Calcium polystyrene sulphonate4
Betadine Skin Prep208	Bosvate46	Calcium Resonium4
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