Introducing PHARMAC

2

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Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment (NPPA) provides a mechanism for individual patients to receive funding for medicines not listed in the Pharmaceutical Schedule (either at all or for their clinical circumstances). PHARMAC will assess applications that meet the prerequisites according to its Factors for Consideration before deciding whether to approve applications for funding. The Factors for Consideration will be used to assess both the individual clinical circumstances of each NPPA applicant, and the implications of each NPPA funding decision on PHARMAC's ability to carry out its legislative functions.

For more information on NPPA, or to apply, visit the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/link/nppa or call the Panel Coordinators at 0800 660 050 Option 2.

The Pharmaceutical Schedule

The purpose of the Schedule is to list:

- the Community Pharmaceuticals that are subsidised by the Government and to show the amount of the subsidy paid to contractors, as well as the manufacturer's price and any access conditions that may apply;
- the Hospital Pharmaceuticals that may be used in DHB Hospitals, as well as any access conditions that may apply; and
- the Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals for which national prices have been negotiated by PHARMAC.

The Schedule does not show the final cost to Government of subsidising each community pharmaceutical, nor to DHB hospitals in purchasing each hospital pharmaceutical or other pharmaceuticals, including medical devices. The final cost will depend on any rebate and other arrangements PHARMAC has with the supplier or on any logistics arrangements put in place.

Finding Information in Section H

This book contains Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule and lists pharmaceuticals that can be used in DHB hospitals:

- Part I lists the rules in relation to use of Pharmaceuticals by DHB hospitals.
- Part II lists hospital pharmaceuticals that are funded for use in DHB hospitals. These are listed by therapeutic group, which
 is based on the WHO Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) system. It also provides information on any national contracts
 that exist, and indicates which products have Hospital Supply Status (HSS).
- Part III lists optional pharmaceuticals for which national contracts exist, and DHB hospitals may choose to fund. In addition to
 the products listed in this book, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals are listed in an addendum to Part III available
 at http://www.pharmac.govt.nz.

The listings are displayed alphabetically under each heading. The index lists both chemical entities and product brand names.

Glossary

Units of Measure

gramg kilogramkg	
international unit iu	
Abbreviations	

microgram mcg	
milligram mg	
millilitre ml	

millimole	mmol
unit	u

application	арр
capsule	сар
cream	crm
dispersible	.disp
effervescent	eff
emulsion	emul

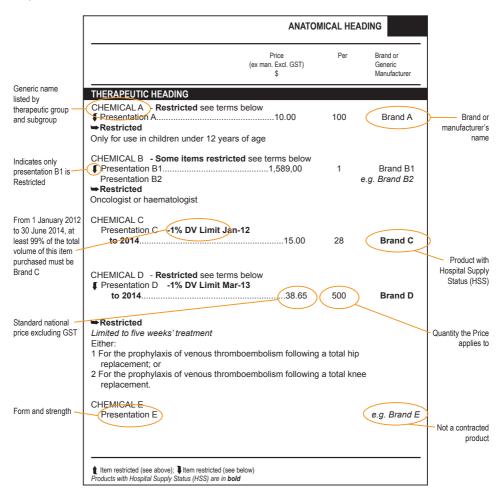
enteric coated	EC
granules	grans
injection	inj
liquid	liq
lotion	lotn
ointment	oint

solution	soln
suppository	suppos
tablet	tab
tincture	tinc

HSS Hospital Supply Status (Refer to Rule 20)

Guide to Section H listings

Example



INTRODUCTION

Section H contains general rules that apply, and other information relating, to Hospital Pharmaceuticals and Optional Pharmaceuticals.

Where relevant, Section H shows the Price at which a Pharmaceutical can be purchased directly from the Pharmaceutical supplier by DHBs, providers of logistics services, wholesalers or other such distributors, or Contract Manufacturers.

The Price is determined via contractual arrangements between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Where a Pharmaceutical is listed in Part II of Section H, but no Price and/or brand of Pharmaceutical is indicated, each DHB may purchase any brand and/or pay the price that the DHB negotiates with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier.

As required by section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of Pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

1 Interpretation and Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Act", means the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.

"Combined Pharmaceutical Budget", means the pharmaceutical budget set for PHARMAC by the Crown for the subsidised supply of Community Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments including for named patients in exceptional circumstances.

"Community", means any setting outside of a DHB Hospital.

"Community Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical listed in Sections A to G or I of the Pharmaceutical Schedule that is subsidised by the Funder from the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget and, for the purposes of this Section H, includes Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments (PCTs).

"Contract Manufacturer", means a manufacturer or a supplier that is a party to a contract with the relevant DHB Hospital to compound Pharmaceuticals, on request from that DHB Hospital.

"Designated Delivery Point", means at a DHB Hospital's discretion:

- a) a delivery point agreed between a Pharmaceutical supplier and the relevant DHB Hospital, to which delivery point that Pharmaceutical supplier must supply a National Contract Pharmaceutical directly at the Price; and/or
- b) any delivery point designated by the relevant DHB Hospital or PHARMAC, such delivery point being within 30 km of the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier's national distribution centre.

"DHB", means an organisation established as a District Health Board by or under Section 19 of the Act.

"DHB Hospital", means a hospital (including community trust hospitals) and/or an associated health service that is funded by a DHB including (but not limited to) district nursing services and child dental services.

"DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the National DV Limit or the Individual DV Limit.

"DV Pharmaceutical", means a discretionary variance Pharmaceutical that does not have HSS but is used in place of one that does. Usually this means it is the same chemical entity, at the same strength, and in the same or a similar presentation or form, as the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS. Where this is not the case, a note will be included with the listing of the relevant Pharmaceutical.

"Extemporaneously Compounded Product", means a Pharmaceutical that is compounded from two or more Pharmaceuticals, for the purposes of reconstitution, dilution or otherwise.

"First Transition Period", means the period of time after notification that a Pharmaceutical has been awarded HSS and before HSS is implemented.

"Funder", means the body or bodies responsible, pursuant to the Act, for the funding of Pharmaceuticals listed on the Schedule (which may be one or more DHBs and/or the Ministry of Health) and their successors.

"Give", means to administer, provide or dispense (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) a Pharmaceutical, or to arrange for the administration, provision or dispensing (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) of a Pharmaceutical, and "Given" has a corresponding meaning.

"Hospital Pharmaceuticals", means the list of Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part II of the Schedule which includes some National Contract Pharmaceuticals.

"HSS", stands for hospital supply status, which means the status of being the brand of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical that DHBs are obliged to purchase, subject to any DV Limit, for the period of hospital supply, as awarded under an agreement between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Pharmaceuticals with HSS are listed in Section H in bold text. "Indication Restriction", means a limitation placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Hospital Pharmaceutical which restricts funding to treatment of particular clinical circumstances.

"Individual DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS and a particular DHB Hospital, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of that DHB Hospital's Total Market Volume up to which that DHB Hospital may purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Local Restriction", means a restriction on the use of a Pharmaceutical in specific DHB Hospitals on the basis of prescriber type that is implemented by the relevant DHB in accordance with rule 7.

"Medical Device", has the meaning set out in the Medicines Act 1981.

"Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Advisory Panel", means the panel of clinicians, appointed by the PHARMAC Board, that is responsible for advising PHARMAC, in accordance with its Terms of Reference, on Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment applications and any Exceptional Circumstances renewal applications submitted after 1 March 2012.

"National Contract", means a contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier which sets out the basis on which any Pharmaceutical may be purchased for use in a DHB Hospital, including an agreement as to a national price.

"National Contract Pharmaceutical", means a brand of Pharmaceutical listed in Section H, where PHARMAC has entered into contractual arrangements with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier that specify the terms and conditions of listing, including the Price. Such Pharmaceuticals are recognisable in Section H because the relevant listing identifies the brand and Price.

"National DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of the Total Market Volume up to which all DHB Hospitals may collectively purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Optional Pharmaceuticals", means the list of National Contract Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part III of the Schedule.

"PHARMAC", means the Pharmaceutical Management Agency established by Section 46 of the Act.

"Pharmacode", means the six or seven digit identifier assigned to a Pharmaceutical by the Pharmacy Guild following application from a Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Pharmaceutical", means a medicine, therapeutic medical device, or related product or related thing listed in Sections B to I of the Schedule.

"Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment", means Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer, listed in Sections A to G of the Schedule and identified therein as a "PCT" or "PCT only" Pharmaceutical that DHBs must fund for use in their DHB hospitals, and/or in association with outpatient services provided by their DHB Hospitals, in relation to the treatment of cancers.

"Prescriber Restriction", means a restriction placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Pharmaceutical on the basis of prescriber type (and where relevant in these rules, includes a Local Restriction).

"Price", means the standard national price for a National Contract Pharmaceutical, and, unless agreed otherwise between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier, includes any costs associated with the supply of the National Contract Pharmaceutical to, at a DHB Hospital's discretion, any Designated Delivery Point, or to a Contract Manufacturer (expressly for the purpose of compounding), but does not include the effect of any rebates which may have been negotiated between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Restriction", means a limitation, put in place by PHARMAC or a DHB, restricting the funding of a Pharmaceutical and includes Indication Restrictions, Local Restrictions and Prescriber Restrictions (as defined in this Part I of Section H).

"Schedule", means this Pharmaceutical Schedule and all its sections and appendices.

"Special Authority Approval", means an approval for funding of a Community Pharmaceutical that is marked in Sections B-G of the Schedule as being subject to a Special Authority restriction.

"Total Market Volume", means, for a particular Pharmaceutical with HSS in any given period, in accordance with the data available to PHARMAC, the sum of:

- a) the total number of Units of the relevant Pharmaceutical with HSS purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit; and
- b) the total number of Units of all the relevant DV Pharmaceuticals purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit.

"Unapproved Indication", means, for a Pharmaceutical, an indication for which it is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981. Clinicians prescribing Pharmaceuticals for Unapproved Indications should be aware of, and comply with, their obligations under Section 25 and/or Section 29 of the Medicines Act 1981 and as set out in rule 23.

"Unit", means an individual unit of a Pharmaceutical (e.g. a tablet, 1 ml of an oral liquid, an ampoule or a syringe).

"Unlisted Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical that is within the scope of a Hospital Pharmaceutical, but is not listed in Section H Part II.

- 1.2 In addition to the above interpretations and definitions, unless the content requires otherwise, a reference in the Schedule to:
 - a) the singular includes the plural; and
 - b) any legislation includes a modification and re-enactment of, legislation enacted in substitution for, and a regulation, Order in Council, and other instrument from time to time issued or made under, that legislation.

HOSPITAL SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS

2 Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 2.1 Section H Part II contains the list of Hospital Pharmaceuticals that must be funded by DHB Hospitals. Section H Part II does not currently encompass the following categories of pharmaceuticals except for any items specifically listed in this Section H Part II:
 - a) Medical Devices;
 - b) whole or fractionated blood products;
 - c) diagnostic products which have an ex vivo use, such as pregnancy tests and reagents;
 - d) disinfectants and sterilising products, except those that are to be used in or on a patient;
 - e) foods and probiotics;
 - f) radioactive materials;
 - g) medical gases;
 - h) parenteral nutrition; and

i) pharmaceutical products for in-vivo investigation of allergy.

Subject to rule 2.2, the funding of pharmaceuticals identified in a-i above is a decision for individual DHB Hospitals.

- 2.2 Section H Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals that PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier have entered into contractual arrangements for the purchase of, including an agreement on a national price and other obligations such as HSS. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III of Section H, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.
- 2.3 Section H Part II does not encompass the provision of pharmaceutical treatments for DHB Hospital staff as part of an occupational health and safety programme. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund pharmaceutical treatments for such use, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.

3 DHB Supply Obligations

- 3.1 In accordance with section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule, which includes these General Rules.
- 3.2 DHB Hospitals are not required to hold stock of every Hospital Pharmaceutical listed in Section H Part II, but they must Give it within a reasonable time if it is prescribed.
- 3.3 DHB Hospitals are able to hold stock of an Unlisted Pharmaceutical if doing so is considered necessary for the DHB Hospital to be able to Give the Unlisted Pharmaceutical in a timely manner under rules 11–17 inclusive.
- 3.4 Except where permitted in accordance with rule 11, DHBs must not Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

4 Funding

- 4.1 The purchase costs of Hospital Pharmaceuticals or Optional Pharmaceuticals administered, provided or dispensed by DHB Hospitals must be funded by the relevant DHB Hospital from its own budget, with the exception of:
 - a) Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments;
 - b) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been brought to the DHB hospital by the patient who is being treated by outpatient Services or who is admitted as an inpatient;
 - c) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been dispensed to a mental health day clinic under a Practitioner's Supply Order; and
 - d) Unlisted Pharmaceutical that have been brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient who is admitted as an inpatient.
- 4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments and Community Pharmaceuticals are funded through the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget, and Unlisted Pharmaceuticals are funded by the patient.

LIMITS ON SUPPLY

5 Prescriber Restrictions

- 5.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has a Prescriber Restriction if it is prescribed:
 - a) by a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical or, subject to rule 5.2, pursuant to a recommendation from such a clinician;
 - b) in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the DHB Hospital; or
 - c) in an emergency situation, provided that the prescriber has made reasonable attempts to comply with rule 5.1(a) above. If on-going treatment is required (i.e. beyond 24 hours) subsequent prescribing must comply with rule 5.1(a).
- 5.2 Where a Hospital Pharmaceutical is prescribed pursuant to a recommendation from a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical:
 - a) the prescriber must consult with a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical; and
 - b) the consultation must relate to the patient for whom the prescription is written; and
 - c) the consultation may be in person, by telephone, letter, facsimile or email; and
 - appropriate records are kept of the consultation, including recording the name of the advising clinician on the prescription/chart.
- 5.3 Where a clinician is working under supervision of a consultant who is of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical, the requirements of rule 5.2 can be deemed to have been met.

6 Indication Restrictions

- 6.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has an Indication Restriction, if it is prescribed for treatment of a patient with the particular clinical circumstances set out in the Indication Restriction.
- 6.2 If a patient has a current Special Authority Approval for the Hospital Pharmaceutical that the DHB Hospital wishes to Give, then the Indication Restriction is deemed to have been met.
- 6.3 If a Hospital Pharmaceutical has an Indication Restriction that is "for continuation only" then the DHB Hospital should only Give the Hospital Pharmaceutical where:
 - a) the patient has been treated with the Pharmaceutical in the Community; or
 - b) the patient is unable to be treated with an alternative Hospital Pharmaceutical, and the prescriber has explained to the patient that the Pharmaceutical is not fully subsidised in the Community.

7 Local Restrictions

- 7.1 A DHB Hospital may implement a Local Restriction, provided that:
 - a) in doing so, it ensures that the Local Restriction does not unreasonably limit funded access to the Hospital Pharmaceutical or undermine PHARMAC's decision that the Hospital Pharmaceutical must be funded;
 - b) it provides PHARMAC with details of each Local Restriction that it implements; and
- 7.2 PHARMAC may, when it considers that a Local Restriction does not conform to rule 7.1 above, require a DHB to amend or remove that Local Restriction.

8 Community use of Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 8.1 Except where otherwise specified in Section H, DHB Hospitals can Give any Hospital Pharmaceutical to a patient for use in the Community, provided that:
 - a) the quantity does not exceed that sufficient for up to 30 days' treatment, unless:
 - i) it would be inappropriate to provide less than the amount in an original pack; or
 - ii) the relevant DHB Hospital has a Dispensing for Discharge Policy and the quantity dispensed is in accordance with that policy; and
 - b) the Hospital Pharmaceutical is supplied consistent with any applicable Restrictions.

9 Community use of Medical Devices

- 9.1 Subject to rules 9.2 and 9.3, DHB Hospitals may Give a Medical Device for patients for use in the Community.
- 9.2 Where a Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is a Community Pharmaceutical, the DHB Hospital must supply:
 - a) the brand of Medical Device that is listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) only to patients who meet the funding eligibility criteria set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule.
- 9.3 Where a DHB Hospital has supplied a Medical Device to a patient; and
 - a) that Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is subsequently listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) the patient would not meet any funding eligibility criteria for the Medical Device set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and

c) the Medical Device has consumable components that need to be replaced throughout its usable life; then DHB Hospitals may continue to fund consumable products for that patient until the end of the usable life of the Medical Device. At the end of the usable life of the device, funding for a replacement device must be consistent with the Pharmaceutical Schedule and/or in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy.

9.4 DHB Hospitals may also continue to fund consumable products, as in rule 9.3 above, in situations where the DHB has been funding consumable products but where the Medical Device was funded by the patient.

10 Extemporaneous Compounding

- 10.1 A DHB Hospital may Give any Extemporaneously Compounded Product for a patient in its care, provided that:
 - all of the component Pharmaceuticals of the Extemporaneously Compounded Product are Hospital Pharmaceuticals; and
 - b) the Extemporaneously Compounded Product is supplied consistent with any applicable rules or Restrictions for its component Hospital Pharmaceuticals.
- 10.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this rule 10.1 applies to any Extemporaneously Compounded Product, whether it is manufactured by the DHB Hospital or by a Contract Manufacturer.

EXCEPTIONS

11 Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment

- 11.1 A DHB Hospitals may only Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions,

in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Policy or rules 12-17 inclusive.

12 Continuation

- 12.1 Where a patient's clinical circumstances have been stabilised via treatment in the Community with a pharmaceutical that has not been funded by the Funder, and that patient is admitted to hospital as an inpatient, a DHB Hospital may fund that pharmaceutical for the duration of the patient's stay, where:
 - a) the patient has not brought (or cannot arrange to bring) the pharmaceuticals to the DHB Hospital, or pharmacy staff consider that the pharmaceuticals brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient cannot be used; and
 - b) interrupted or delayed treatment would have significant adverse clinical consequences; and
 - c) it is not considered appropriate to switch treatment to a Hospital Pharmaceutical.

13 Pre-Existing Use

- 13.1 Subject to 13.2, where a DHB Hospital has Given a pharmaceutical for a patient prior to 1 July 2013, and the pharmaceutical:
 - a) is an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) treatment of the patient would not comply with any relevant Restrictions;

the DHB Hospital may continue to Give that pharmaceutical if it is considered that there would be significant adverse clinical consequences from ceasing or switching treatment.

13.2 Each DHB Hospital must, by no later than 1 October 2013, provide PHARMAC with a report on pharmaceuticals it has Given in accordance with this rule 13 where treatment has continued beyond 1 August 2013.

14 Clinical Trials and Free Stock

- 14.1 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is funded by a third party and is being used:
 - 14.1.1 as part of a clinical trial that has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 14.1.2 for on-going treatment of patients following the end of such a clinical trial.
- 14.2 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is provided free of charge by a supplier, provided that the pharmaceutical is provided as part of a programme of which the DHB, or supplier, has notified PHARMAC.

15 Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments in Paediatrics

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical for use within a paediatric oncology/haematology service for the treatment of cancer.

16 Other Government Funding

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical where funding for that pharmaceutical has been specifically provided by a Government entity other than PHARMAC or a DHB.

17 Other Exceptions

- 17.1 PHARMAC may also approve the funding of a pharmaceutical within a single DHB Hospital for information gathering purposes or otherwise related to PHARMAC's decision-making process for considering additions to or amendments to the Pharmaceutical Schedule.
- 17.2 Funding approvals granted under rule 17.1 will be subject to specific limitations on use as determined appropriate by PHARMAC in each circumstance, in consultation with the relevant DHB Hospital and/or DHB.

NATIONAL CONTRACTING

18 Hospital Pharmaceutical Contracts

- 18.1 A DHB Hospital may enter into a contract for the purchase of any Pharmaceutical, including any Medical Device, that it is entitled to fund in accordance with this Schedule H and that is not a National Contract Pharmaceutical, provided that such a contract:
 - a) does not oblige the relevant DHB Hospital to purchase a volume of that Pharmaceutical, if that Pharmaceutical is a DV Pharmaceutical, that is greater than the relevant DV Limit;
 - b) enables PHARMAC to access and use future price and volume data in respect of that Pharmaceutical; and
 - c) enables the relevant DHB Hospital to terminate the contract or relevant parts of the contract in order to give full effect to the National Contract on no more than 3 months' written notice to the Pharmaceutical supplier.
- 18.2 From 1 July 2013, where a DHB Hospital has a pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity for which there is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, the DHB may continue purchasing the chemical entity in accordance with its pre-existing supply contract however:
 - a) from the day its pre-existing supply contract expires, that DHB Hospital is to purchase the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, and is to comply with any DV Limits for the National Contract Pharmaceutical where it has HSS;
 - b) if purchase of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, where it has HSS, would not cause the relevant DHB Hospital to be in breach of its pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity; the DHB Hospital must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical.
- 18.3 Following written notification from PHARMAC that a Pharmaceutical is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, either through Section H updates or otherwise, DHB Hospitals must, unless PHARMAC expressly notifies otherwise:
 - a) take any steps available to them to terminate pre-existing contracts or relevant parts of such a contract, and
 - b) not enter any new contracts or extend the period of any current contracts, for the supply of that National Contract Pharmaceutical or the relevant chemical entity or Medical Device.

19 National Contract Pharmaceuticals

- 19.1 DHB Hospitals must take all necessary steps to enable any contracts between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier in relation to National Contract Pharmaceuticals to be given full effect.
- 19.2 The contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and the relevant supplier of a National Contract Pharmaceutical requires it to be made available for purchase at the relevant Price by any or all of the following:
 - a) DHB Hospitals at Designated Delivery Points; and/or
 - b) Contract Manufacturers (expressly for the purpose of compounding).

In the case of Medical Devices, a National Contract may require the Medical Device to be purchased by, and/or supplied to, a third party logistics provider.

20 Hospital Supply Status (HSS)

- 20.1 The DV Limit for any National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS is set out in the listing of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical in Section H, and may be amended from time to time.
- 20.2 If a National Contract Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H as having HSS, DHB Hospitals:
 - a) are expected to use up any existing stocks of DV Pharmaceuticals during the First Transition Period;
 - b) must not purchase DV Pharmaceuticals in volumes exceeding their usual requirements, or in volumes exceeding those which they reasonably expect to use, within the First Transition Period;
 - c) must ensure that Contract Manufacturers, when manufacturing an Extemporaneously Compounded Product on their behalf, use the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS; and
 - d) must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS except:
 - i) to the extent that the DHB Hospital may use its discretion to purchase a DV Pharmaceutical within the DV Limit, provided that (subject to rule 20.2(d)(iii) below) the DV Limit has not been exceeded nationally;

- ii) if the Pharmaceutical supplier fails to supply that National Contract Pharmaceutical, in which case the relevant DHB Hospital does not have to comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical during that period of non-supply (and any such month(s) included in a period of non-supply will be excluded in any review of the DV Limit in accordance with rule 20.3 below);
- iii) that where the DV Limit has been exceeded nationally, the DHB Hospital may negotiate with the Pharmaceutical supplier that supplies the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS for written permission to vary the application of that DHB Hospital's Individual DV Limit for any patient whose exceptional needs require a DV Pharmaceutical.
- 20.3 PHARMAC may, in its discretion, for any period or part period:
 - a) review usage by DHB Hospitals of the National Contract Pharmaceutical and DV Pharmaceuticals to determine whether the DV Limit has been exceeded; and
 - b) audit compliance by DHB Hospitals with the DV Limits and related requirements.
- 20.4 PHARMAC will address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit by:
 - a) obtaining the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital's assurance that it will comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS in the remainder of the applicable period and any subsequent periods; and
 - b) informing the relevant supplier of the HSS Pharmaceutical of any individual DHB or DHB Hospital's non-compliance with the DV Limit for that HSS Pharmaceutical.
- 20.5 In addition to the steps taken by PHARMAC under rule 20.4 above to address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit, the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier may require, in its discretion, financial compensation from the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital:
 - an amount representing that DHB or DHB Hospital's contribution towards exceeding the DV Limit (where PHARMAC is able to quantify this based on the information available to it); or
 - b) the sum of \$1,000 or \$5,000 (depending on the terms of the applicable national contract applying to the HSS Pharmaceutical),

whichever is the greater as between sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) within the number of business days specified in the notice from the Pharmaceutical supplier requiring such payment to be made.

20.6 The terms and conditions of a National Contract shall apply for a National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS for a Medical Device. In the event there is any inconsistency between such a National Contract and these General Rules, for example but not limited to a DV Pharmaceutical or DV Limit, the National Contract shall prevail.

21 Collection of rebates and payment of financial compensation

- 21.1 Following the receipt of any rebates from a Pharmaceutical supplier in respect of a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical, PHARMAC will notify each relevant DHB and DHB Hospital of the amount of the rebate owing to it, being a portion of the total rebate determined by PHARMAC on the basis of that DHB Hospital's usage of that National Contract Pharmaceutical, where this is able to be determined. Where data to determine individual DHB Hospitals' usage is not available, PHARMAC will apportion rebates on the basis of an alternative method agreed between the relevant DHBs and PHARMAC.
- 21.2 PHARMAC will pay each DHB Hospital the rebate amounts (if any) owing to it, no less frequently than once each calendar quarter in respect of rebates received quarterly (or more often).

22 Price and Volume Data

- 22.1 DHB Hospitals must provide to PHARMAC, on a monthly basis in accordance with PHARMAC's requirements, any volume data and, unless it would result in a breach of a pre-existing contract, price data held by those DHB Hospitals in respect of any Pharmaceutical (including any Medical Device) listed in Section H.
- 22.2 All price and volume data provided to PHARMAC under rule 22.1 above should identify the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical by using a Pharmacode or some other unique numerical identifier, and the date (month and year) on which the DHB Hospital incurred a cost for the purchase of that Hospital Pharmaceutical. Volume is to be measured in units (that being the smallest possible whole Unit – e.g. a capsule, a vial, a millilitre etc).

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

23 Unapproved Pharmaceuticals

Prescribers should, where possible, prescribe Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are approved under the Medicines Act 1981. However, the funding criteria (including Restrictions) under which a Hospital Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H of the Schedule may:

23.1 in some cases, explicitly permit a DHB to fund a Pharmaceutical that is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981 or for an Unapproved Indication; or

23.2 not explicitly prohibit a DHB from funding a Pharmaceutical for use for an Unapproved Indication;

Accordingly, if clinicians are planning on prescribing an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication, they should:

- 23.1 be aware of and comply with their obligations under sections 25 and/or 29 of the Medicines Act 1981, as applicable, and otherwise under that Act and the Medicines Regulations 1984;
- 23.2 be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Consumer Rights, including the requirement to obtain informed consent from the patient (PHARMAC recommends that clinicians obtain written consent); and
- 23.3 exercise their own skill, judgment, expertise and discretion, and make their own prescribing decisions with respect to the use of an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication.

Clinicians should be aware that simply by listing a Pharmaceutical on the Pharmaceutical Schedule, PHARMAC makes no representations about whether that Pharmaceutical has any form of approval or consent under, or whether the supply or use of the Pharmaceutical otherwise complies with, the Medicines Act 1981. Further, the Pharmaceutical Schedule does not constitute an advertisement, advertising material or a medical advertisement as defined in the Medicines Act or otherwise.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents			
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND S Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simethico 30 mg per 5 ml	20 mg		e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double Strenath
SIMETHICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE			e. e. g.
Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, s SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbon	A CARBONATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
160 mg			e.g. Gaviscon Double Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium ca 160 mg per 10 ml SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)		500 ml	Acidex
Phosphate Binding Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg			
CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml) → Restricted Initiation		500 ml	Roxane
Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate	0.0		
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory A	gents		
	·r		
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHAT Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Cap 2 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories			
BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 3 mg → Restricted Initiation - Crohn's disease Both:			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. continued...

	Price			Brand or	
	ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued					
1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; an	d				
2 Any of the following:					
2.1 Diabetes; or					
2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or					
2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or					
2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional cortico					
2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with con					
2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective d	sorder)	wher	e the ris	sk of cor	iventional corticosteroic
treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or	aida ar		aidarad	to bo oo	atroindicated)
2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticoste		e con	sidered		nitalinuicateu).
nitiation – Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocyti		by o	alonoco	ony with	hioneine
nitiation – Gut Graft versus Host disease	COIIUS,) by c	JIOHOSC	opy with	i biopsies.
Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marro	w trans	nlant	ation		
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE		piana			
Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 20	18	26 5	5	21.1 g	Colifoam
	/10	.20.0		21.1 g	Comoan
MESALAZINE Tab EC 400 mg		10 EI	h	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg				100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg				100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg				90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g				120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg				20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018				30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				7	Pentasa
DLSALAZINE					
Tab 500 mg		.93.3	7	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg				100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE					1.5.55
Cap 100 mg					
SULPHASALAZINE Tab 500 mg 1% DV Oct 16 to 2019		14.00	n	100	Salazonyrin
Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		. 14.00	J	100	Salazopyrin

Salazopyrin EN 100

Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders

Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations

15.00	30 a	Proctosedyl
	12	Proctosedyl
D CINCHOCA	INE	
6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
2.66	12	Ultraproct
	15.00 9.90 D CINCHOCA 6.35 2.66	9.90 12 D CINCHOCAINE 6.35 30 g

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut M	otility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019 HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE		. 17.14	10	Max Health
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule			100 5	Buscopan Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg		. 18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		.41.50	120	Cytotec
H2 Antagonists				
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg				
RANITIDINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.18.21 5.14	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors				
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 Cap 30 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018			100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief

1 Tab dispersible 20 mg Pestricted Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				
1 Tab dispersible 20 mg Pestricted Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic
Restricted initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	OMEPRAZOLE			
Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	Tab dispersible 20 mg			
Only for use in tube-fed patients. 1.98 90 Omeprazole actavis 10 Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	→ Restricted			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		1.00	00	0
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				•
Powder for oral liq				•
In j40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				
PANTOPRAZOLE Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 2.41 100 Panzop Relief Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 3.35 100 Panzop Relief Site Protective Agents 100 Panzop Relief COLLODAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE 50 Gastrodenol SUCRALFATE 14.51 50 Gastrodenol SUCRALFATE 19 50 Gastrodenol Bile and Liver Therapy LORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below 4 Grans for oral liquid 3 g - Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below 1 Xifaxan - Restricted 625.00 56 Xifaxan - Restricted 625.00 56 Xifaxan - Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors 4.28 90 Glucobay Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 90 Glucobay Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 <td< td=""><td>Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019</td><td>13.00</td><td>5</td><td>Omezol IV</td></td<>	Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	13.00	5	Omezol IV
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	PANTOPRAZOLE			
Inj 40 mg vial Site Protective Agents COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg	Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.41		•
Site Protective Agents COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg 14.51 50 Gastrodenol SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g SUCRALFATE 50 Gastrodenol Bile and Liver Therapy USE Construction Construction L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g Feature terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g Restricted Feature terms below Gastrodenol For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below If Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 .625.00 56 Xifaxan Restricted initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE 4.28 90 Glucobay Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 90 Glucobay Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 90 Glucobay Muperglycaemic Agents DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page 110.00 Proglicem		3.35	100	Panzop Relief
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg	Inj 40 mg vial			
Tab 120 mg	Site Protective Agents			
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g Bile and Liver Therapy L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE	14.51	50	Gastrodonal
Tab 1 g Bile and Liver Therapy L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below © Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below 625.00 56 Xifaxan Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	-		50	Castiouenoi
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				
 Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	Bile and Liver Therapy			
 → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE – Restricted see terms below			
Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Imitation Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018				
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				
where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		and a tractment with	or ara i	ntolorant to lactulaça, ar
RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below 56 Xifaxan → Restricted 625.00 56 Xifaxan → Restricted Initiation 625.00 56 Xifaxan → Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE 90 Glucobay Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		bonded to treatment with	, or are i	molerant to lactulose, or
Image: Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				
 → Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018			56	Xifaxan
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	➡ Restricted			
Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Initiation			
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of	of maximum tolerated do	oses of la	actulose.
ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Diabetes			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20187.78 90 Glucobay Hyperglycaemic Agents DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Proglicem	ACARBOSE			
Hyperglycaemic Agents DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Cap 25 mg			90	Glucobay
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Cap 25 mg	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	7.78	90	Glucobay
Cap 25 mg 110.00 100 Proglicem	Hyperglycaemic Agents			
Cap 25 mg 110.00 100 Proglicem	DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
			100	Proglicem
				Proglicem
Oral liq 50 mg per ml620.00 30 ml Proglycem	Oral liq 50 mg per ml		30 ml	Proglycem

	Price (ex man. ex \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.				
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1 mg syringe kit	32	00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			•	Chucagon Hyponic
Tab 1.5 g				
Tab 3.1 g				
Tab 4 g Gel 40%				
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE				
Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet				
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE	1			
Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per 3 ml prefilled pen		15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN ISOPHANE	Jz	.15	5	
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per m		00	-	Line also Min 05
3 ml cartridge Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per m		.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
3 ml cartridge		.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE				
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10	ml			
vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 n cartridge	าไ			
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 m cartridge	าไ			
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 m	nl			
cartridge				
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN GLARGINE				
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen			5	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			5 1	Lantus Lantus
		.00		Lando
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART				
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51	.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
,		-	-	

		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
NSULIN GLULISINE				
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			5 5	Apidra Apidra Solostar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		.40.07	Э	Apiura Solosiar
ISULIN LISPRO				
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations				
NSULIN NEUTRAL				
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents				
BLIBENCLAMIDE				
Tab 5 mg				
GLICLAZIDE				
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.10.29	500	Glizide
LIPIZIDE				
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		2.85	100	Minidiab
IETFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018			1,000	Metchek
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2018		7.82	500	Metformin Mylan
IOGLITAZONE				
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018			90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018			90 90	Vexazone Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		7.10	90	vexazone
Digestives Including Enzymes				
ANCREATIC ENZYME				
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,25	50 U			
protease))				
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 P		04.00	100	Ore en 10000
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000		. 34.93	100	Creon 10000
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 20		94.38	100	Creon 25000
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 P			100	210011 20000
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)				
IRSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.37.95	100	Ursosan
→ Restricted				
ititation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic ither:	cholestas	sis		
1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or				
2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.				

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation – Cirrhosis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 µmol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation – Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation – Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE			
Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet			e.g. PicoPrep
MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODI	UM CHLC	RIDE	
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium			
chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate			
80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet			e.g. Glycoprep-C
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium			
chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate			
80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet			e.g. Glycoprep-C
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBONATE, SC	DDIUM CH	ILORIDE A	ND SODIUM SULPHATE
Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium			
bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate			
5.685 g per sachet14	4.31	4	Klean Prep
Bulk-Forming Agents			
•••			
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK			
Powder for oral soln – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	6.05	500 g	Konsyl-D
STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only			

Powder for oral soln

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 120 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 100	Coloxyi Coloxyi
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	3.10	200	Laxsol
PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml			
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial		1 7	Relistor Relistor
Restricted Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both:	240.00	,	
 The patient is receiving palliative care; and Either: Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation 		lorotod	
Osmotic Laxatives		neraleu.	
GLYCEROL			
Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	6.50	20	PSM
LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 ml	Laevolac
 MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARI Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, soc bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, so bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 1% D 	BONATE AND SODIL Jium Ddium		
Feb-18 to 2020		30	Molaxole
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID	26.72	50	Micolette
Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Suppos 10 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		200 10	Lax-Tabs Lax-Suppositories

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SENNOSIDES			
Tab 7.5 mg			
Metabolic Disorder Agents			
ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg vial	1,142.60	1	Myozyme
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Aetabolic physician Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial ap	plication and has been dia	agnosed	with infantile Pompe disease
and		0	
2 Any of the following:			
 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of a villua bianaica and/or culturad ampiatia calles or 	acid alpha-glucosidase by	prenatal	diagnosis using chorionic
villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, a	and urinary tetrasaccharid	e testina	indicating a diagnostic
elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or		e testing	indicating a diagnostic
2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase,	and documented molecula	r genetic	testing indicating a
disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosic	0 (0 /		
2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicati	0 0	0	e tetrasaccharides, and
molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-caus	• •		
 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for r (ERT); and 	espiratory failure prior to s	laning er	izyme replacement therapy
4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe di	sease where the prognosi	s is unlike	ely to be influenced by ERT
or might be reasonably expected to compromise a respons			, ,
5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater	than 20 mg/kg every 2 we	eks.	
Continuation			
Aetabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the	patient is benefiting from t	reatment:	and
2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater	U U		
3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reaction	ons which were not prever	table by	appropriate pre-medication
and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and			maaia ia mulikako ka ka
4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or seven influenced by ERT; and	e disease where the long	term pro	gnosis is unlikely to be
5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that r	night reasonably be exper	ted to co	mpromise a response to
ERT; and	5,,		F
6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of resp	piratory disease as eviden	ced by th	e needed for > 14 days of
invasive ventilation; and			
7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopath	ıy.		
ARGININE			
Powder Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial			
BETAINE - Bestricted see terms below			

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Powder
- Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

	Price			Brand or
	(ex man. excl	GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer
BIOTIN – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 50 mg				
Cap 100 mg				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
➡ Restricted				
Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian				
GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below				
↓ Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV May-16 to 2018	2,234.0	0	1	Naglazyme
➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Both:				
1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis V	'l; and			
2 Either:				
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galac		lfatase	(arylsulfa	tase B) deficiency confirmed
by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fib				
2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient	has a sibling w	/ho is ki	nown to h	ave mucopolysaccharidosis
VI.				
Continuation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:		6		
1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patie				
2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions v and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and	which were not	preven	lable by a	ippropriate pre-medication
3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe dis	saasa whara th	o lona t	orm nroa	nosis is unlikely to be
influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and	bease where a	e long t	enn prog	
4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might	reasonably be	expect	ted to con	noromise a response to
ERT.		, enhor		
HAEM ARGINATE				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
IDURSULFASE – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial.	4 608 3	0	1	Elaprase
➡ Restricted			•	Elapidoo
Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Limited to 24 weeks treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (muco	olysacchardos	sis II); a	nd	
2 Either:				
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-su	Ilfatase deficie	ncy in w	hite bloo	d cells by either enzyme
assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or				
2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate	-			
3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell tran	nsplant (HSCT)	within	the next 3	3 months and treatment with
idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and				
4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respi	ratory failure p	ior to st	arting En	zyme Replacement Therap
(ERT); and			al 10	
5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivale	III TO 12 WEEKS	pre- an	iu 12 wee	eks post-HSUI) at doses no
greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.				

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IMIGLUCERASE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial ↓ Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted			
Initiation Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment P.	anel.		
LARONIDASE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial	1,335.16	6 1	Aldurazyme
Initiation Metabolic physician <i>Limited to 24 weeks</i> treatment All of the following:			
1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (muce 2 Either:	opolysacchardosis	; I-H); and	
 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-idur assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alp to have Hurler syndrome; and 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell tr 	ha-L-iduronidase ç	gene and patie	nt has a sibling who is known
 laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for res (ERT); and Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivation than 100 units/kg every week. 		-	
LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 500 mg ↓ Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml ↓ Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml ↓ Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial (Any Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml to be delisted 1 October 2018) → Restricted			
Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below Tab 50 mg			
Restricted			
Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian SODIUM BENZOATE Cap 500 mg Powder Soln 100 mg per ml Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms	on the next page		
Tab 500 mg Grans 483 mg per g Oral liq 250 mg per ml Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	1,920.00) 174 g	Pheburane

	(ex man.	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 → Restricted Initiation Metabolic physician <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a defit transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase. Continuation Metabolic physician <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Cap 300 mg 	·	bamylpho	sphate syr	thetase, ornithine
Minerals				
Calcium				
CALCIUM CARBONATE Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)			250 10	Arrow-Calcium Calsource
Fluoride				
SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)				
lodine				
POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%		.4.69	90	NeuroTabs
Iron				
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		50.00	1	Ferinject
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		.2.89	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg – 1% D	N			
Jun-18 to 2021 FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		.4.68	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS SULPHATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-18 to Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 mg FERROUS SULPHATE WITH FOLIC ACID			Manufacturer
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg (Any Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg to		September	2018)
IRON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	15.22	5	Ferrum H
IRON SUCROSE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Venofer
Magnesium			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	DBL
Zinc			
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule			
ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)	11.00	100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%	_		
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIE Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	θE		
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray			
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.57	200 ml	healthE
CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%			
DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.79	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.95	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents			
 SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see te Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted Otolaryngologist THYMOL GLYCERIN Compound, BPC - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 		500 ml	PSM
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terr		180	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost
→ Restricted			
<i>Limited to 3 months</i> treatment Both:			
 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and Any of the following: 			
2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is p	deep dermal burns;		
MULTIVITAMIN RENAL – Restricted see terms below	C 40	00	Oliniaiana Danal Vit
Cap Restricted Initiation Either:	6.49	30	Clinicians Renal Vit
1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either p 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as pati			

2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).

		Price . excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
MULTIVITAMINS					
Tab (BPC cap strength) - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		. 10.50	1,000	Mvite	
cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, a tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 m cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg],			e.g. Vitabde	eck
➡ Restricted					
Initiation					
Any of the following:					
 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndro Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome. 	me; or				
Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 r riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic ac 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg	0			e.g. Paedia	tric Seravit
➡ Restricted					
Initiation					
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.					
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxi					
hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50				Deterio	
with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule	. ,			e.g. Pabrine	ex IV
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxi hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50					
with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) and mj ascorbic acid sc	io nig			e.g. Pabrine	ex IM
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxi	ne			o.g. i abiiite	
hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid					
1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 n	nl				
ampoule (1)				e.g. Pabrine	ex IV
VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C					
Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 (drops			e.g. Vitadol	С
Vitamin A					

Vitamin A

RETINOL

Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml

Vitamin B

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.31	3	Neo-B12
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	2.70	90	Vitamin B6 25
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Pyridoxine
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			e.g. Benerva
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab chewable 250 mg	8.10	500	Cvite
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Cap 1 mcg – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Oral drops 2 mcg per ml – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	87.98	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Cap 0.5 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	2.50	12	Vit.D3
Vitamin E			

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- ↓ Cap 500 u
- ↓ Oral liq 156 u per ml

⇒ Restricted

Initiation – Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation – Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:

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- 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
- 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antianaemics			
Hypoplastic and Haemolytic			
 EPOETIN ALFA [ERYTHROPOIETIN ALFA] – Restricted see terms b Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		6 6 6 6 6 6	Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex

➡ Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

- Re-assessment required after 2 months
- All of the following:
 - 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
 - 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
 - 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
 - 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
 - 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
 - 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

EPOETIN BETA [ERYTHROPOIETIN BETA] – **Restricted** see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 4,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

- Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative. *Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	20.60	1,000	Apo-Folic Acid
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		500	Apo-Folic Acid
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosa	nts		
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Topical soln 20% w/v			e.g. Driclor
➡ Restricted Initiation			
For use as a haemostatis agent.			
APROTININ – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial → Restricted			
Initiation Cardiac anaesthetist Either:			
 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedu Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the adverse effects of the drug. 		assive blee	eding outweighs the potential
ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg		28 28	Revolade Revolade
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenecto Haematologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment All of the following:	omy		
 Patient has had a splenectomy; and Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and faile and 	d after therapy of 3	nonths ea	ch (or 1 month for rituximab);
3 Any of the following:			
 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelet mucocutaneous bleeding; or 	s per microlitre and	has evider	nce of significant
 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,0 bleeding; or 	000 platelets per mic	rolitre and	has evidence of active
3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,0 Initiation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for		rolitre.	
Haematologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment	spienectomy)		
The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splened Continuation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splened Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during further treatment is required.	the initial approval	or subseq	uent renewal periods and
Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,00 FERRIC SUBSULFATE	0 platelets per micro	litre	
Gel 25.9% Soln 500 ml			
POLIDOCANOL Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial			
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule			

	(ex man	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THROMBIN Powder					
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				100 10	Cyklokapron Cyklokapron
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents					
IDARUCIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4,	250.0	0	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] – Restricted see terms below						
t	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT		
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT		
	Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT		
	Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT		
	, , , , ,	,				

- Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION – Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 500 U		1	FEIBA NF
Inj 1,000 U		1	
↓ Inj 2,500 U		1	FEIBA NF
➡ Restricted			

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

MORC	CTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] – Restricted see terms below		
🖡 Inj	250 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
↓ Inj	500 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
	1,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
↓ Inj	2,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
		1	Xyntha

Restricted

Initiation

Note: Preferred Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NC	DNACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on t	he next page		
t	Inj 250 iu vial	.310.00	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
t	Inj 1,000 iu vial1	,240.00	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	,720.00	1	BeneFIX
		-		

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
t	Inj 500 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
I	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS

Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	 1	Advate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	 1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	Advate
	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	 1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	 1	Advate

- Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website <u>http://www.pharmac.govt.nz</u> or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2

PHARMAC PO Box 10 254

Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

Wellington

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
↓ Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
↓ Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
↓ Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	,		- 3

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Second Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website <u>http://www.pharmac.govt.nz</u> or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel	Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2
PHARMAC PO Box 10 254	Facsimile: (04) 974 4881
Wellington	Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE			
Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule8.0	00 !	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule9.2	21 !	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics Anticoagulants BIVALIRUDIN – Restricted see terms below Inj 250 mg vial – Restricted Initiation Either: 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg) Per	Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer
Anticoagulants BIVALIRUDIN – Restricted see terms below Initiation Prestricted Initiation Either: 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg		
BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 250 mg vial - Restricted ititation itther: 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 15 mg		
 Inj 250 mg vial Restricted nitiation Terror use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg		
2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg	rance; or	xe; or
Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg	,	
Cap 75 mg		
Cap 110 mg		
Cap 150 mg 76.36 DALTEPARIN 19.2500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 19.97 Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 39.94 19.7 Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 60.03 11.97 Inj 7,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 60.03 11.11 Inj 10,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 99.96 11.12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 120.05 Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe 120.05 11.158.47 158.47 DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule ■ ➡ Restricted Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule ■ ➡ Restricted Initiation Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below ■ Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule ➡ Restricted Initiation Haematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherage DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPA	60	
DALTEPARIN Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 19.97 Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 39.94 19.7500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe 60.03 Inj 1,0000 iu in 1 ml syringe 77.55 11.15,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 99.96 Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 120.05 11.15,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe 120.05 Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe 158.47 DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule → Restricted nitiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted Initiation Haematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherage DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.4 ml ampo	60	
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	60	60 Pradaxa
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe		
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe	10	0
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	10	0
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	10	
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	10	0
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe	10	0
ANAPAROID – Restricted see terms below Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation laematologist PEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	10	0
 Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation Restricted Itiation Ideated logist PEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	10	10 Fragmin
 Restricted nitiation or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation laternatologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
nitiation for use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted nitiation laematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted itiation laematologist tatient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule • Restricted initiation laematologist tatient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
 Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted nitiation Haematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
 → Restricted nitiation laematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
hitiation Alaematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
laematologist tatient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
atient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	ny or regi	or regimen-related toxicities
Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		regimentelated toxicities.
100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	J	
NOXAPARIN SOUUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule 37.27 Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	10	
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	10	10 Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe	10	10 Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe	10 10	
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe	10	
	10	
11655 11655	10	
Inj 120 mg in 1 ml svringe	10	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
Restricted			
Initiation	r hanarin intalaranga		
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance of	r nepann intolerance.		
HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	66 80	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial		00	rioopita
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	61.04	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	14.20	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	236.60	50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg	153.00	15	Xarelto
Restricted Initiation – total hip replacement			
Limited to 5 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
Initiation – total knee replacement			
Limited to 2 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM O	CHLORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 7	4.6 mcg		
per ml, 5,000 ml bag	•		
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg		100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11.75	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg – 10% DV Dec-16 to 2019	1.60	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
	12.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			-
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	5.44	84	Arrow - Clopid

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	11.52	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
EPTIFIBATIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	111.00	1	Integrilin
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Integrilin
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Either:			
1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes underg	oing percutaneous corona	ary interve	ention; or
2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra	-coronary thrombus on co	pronary ar	ngiography.
PRASUGREL – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg		28	Effient
↓ Tab 10 mg		28	Effient
➡ Restricted			
nitiation – Bare metal stents			
Limited to 6 months treatment			
Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 we	eks and is clopidogrel-alle	rgic.	
Initiation – Drug-eluting stents		•	
Limited to 12 months treatment			
Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previo	us 4 weeks and is clopido	grel-aller	gic.
nitiation – Stent thrombosis			
Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopid	ogrel.		
nitiation – Myocardial infarction			
Limited to 1 week treatment			
For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocar			
Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, u			
developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unli	kely to be caused by any	other trea	atment
TICAGRELOR – Restricted see terms below			
	90.00	56	Brilinta
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically f	or patients who have rece		

diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

lnj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

36

lnj 50 mg vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
UROKINASE			

Inj 10,000 iu vial Inj 50,000 iu vial Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells		
PLERIXAFOR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1.2 ml vial	1	Mozobil
nitiation – Autologous stem cell transplant		
laematologist		
imited to 3 days treatment		
II of the following:		
1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and		
2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and attempt with pl	nd	
3 Any of the following: 3.1 Both:		
3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and 3.1.2 Either:		
3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or	r equal to 1	0 \times $10^{6}/\text{L}$ on day 5 after
3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one	e apheresis	s procedure; or
3.2 Both:	·	•
3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and		
3.2.2 Any of the following:		
3.2.2.1 Both:		
3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of > 5×10^9 /L; and 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less		
3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 × 10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one		
3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before	-	has been received; or
3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy h	nas failed.	
Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors		
ILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe270.00	5	Zarzio
Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial	4	Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe	5	Zarzio
Restricted accontained		
aematologist or oncologist		
EGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe	1	Neulastim
Finite of the period of the synthesis of the synthesi	I	INCUIDSUITI
nitiation		
For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (fr	ebrile neutr	ropenia risk greater than c

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

equal to 20%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Fluids and Electrolytes			
Intravenous Administration			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule	34.24	10	Hospira
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconate 23 mmol/l, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml	5.00	500 ml	Baxter
bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	44.10	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Plasma-Lyte 148
(Baxter Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018) COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE Inj glucose 50 g with 140 mmol/l sodium, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l	chloride	98 mmol/l, ad	cetate 27 mmol/l and
magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate, bag Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,	7.00	1,000 ml	Baxter
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	211.92	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose
(Baxter Inj glucose 50 g with 140 mmol/l sodium, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol	/I magnes	sium, 98 mme	
acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,	1 77	500 ml	Deuter
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, bag	1.80	500 ml 1,000 ml	Baxter Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,		.,	
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag – 1% DV	00.40	10	Dautan
Jun-18 to 2021 Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV	23.40	18	Baxter
Jun-18 to 2021 (Baxter Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarl delisted 1 June 2018)		12 9 mmol/l, chlo	Baxter bride 111 mmol/l, bag to be
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l and glucose 5%, bag (Baxter Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarl		1,000 ml	Baxter

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, bag		500 ml	Baxter
	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter
	2.84	100 ml	Baxter
	3.87	250 ml	Baxter
Inj 10%, bag		500 ml	Baxter
lni E0%/ hog	9.33	1,000 ml 500 ml	Baxter Baxter
Inj 50%, bag Inj 5%, 50 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Biomed
Inj 70%, 1,000 ml bag			Diomou
Inj 70%, 500 ml bag			
(Baxter Inj 10%, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Baxter Inj 50%, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Any Inj 70%, 1,000 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Any Inj 70%, 500 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 5% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, bag	12.09	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with 30 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1,000 ml bag		.,	Danton
Inj 10% glucose with 10 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
(Baxter Inj 5% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, bag to be d	elisted 1 June 2018	3)	
(Any Inj 5% glucose with 30 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1,000 ml bag t	o be delisted 1 Jur	ne 2018)	
(Any Inj 10% glucose with 10 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag to	be delisted 1 Jun	e 2018)	
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE	=		
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium ch	nloride		
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo	oride		
0.18%, bag		500 ml	Baxter
	8.31	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium chlo	oride		
0.18%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo			
0.45%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo			
0.9%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium ch	Ioride		
15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo		10	Dautan
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride		12	Daxler
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
(Baxter Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium			
(Baxter Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium (Baxter Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium			
(Baxter Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride common and sodium (Baxter Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium			
(Baxter Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium			
, ,	, 		

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE	Ŷ		manaraotaron
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag	8.12	500 ml	Baxter
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% E	DV .		
Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% E		40	Develop
Jun-18 to 2021 Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV		12	Baxter
Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.2%, 500 ml bag			
Baxter Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag to be delist	ed 1 June 2018)		
Baxter Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag to be delisted			
Baxter Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag to be delisted			
Any Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.2%, 500 ml bag to be deli	sted 1 June 2018)		
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000			_
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100	ml bag	12	Daxlei
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021			
	476.64	48	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 m	nl bag		
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	770.00	10	_ .
Baxter Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, b	772.32	48 luna 2018)	Baxter
Baxter Inj 20 mmol/ potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, t Baxter Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, t			
Baxter Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, b			
Any Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100)18)
Any Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100			
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	151.80	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmo	I/I.		
chloride 156 mmol/l, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmo	I/I,		
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag Baxter Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 n	nmal/l_chlarida 156	mmol/l har	to he delicted 1 June 2010
		owi, bay	
SODIUM ACETATE Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial	10.05	1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		1	Biomed
	20.00	I	Biomou

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack - 1% DV Jun-15 to 20		30	BD PosiFlush
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 1% DV Jun-15 to 20 → Restricted	18 10.80	30	BD PosiFlush
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 1% DV Jun-15 to 20 → Restricted	018 11.25	30	BD PosiFlush
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule	7.50	30	InterPharma
, <u>,</u> , <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u>	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201		5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 300 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		12	Baxter
•			
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHA		-	-
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 WATER		5	Biomed
Inj 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule	7.50	30	InterPharma
, ,	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag Inj 500 ml bag	0.00	_0	
Inj, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		12	Baxter
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
		y	
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES Powder for oral soln – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.30	10	Enerlyte
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE Soln with electrolytes			
PHOSPHORUS Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			0 14
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)	7.42	200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg		100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Gelofusine
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.03%	, POTASSIUM CHL	ORIDE, SO	DIUM ACETATE AND
sodium acetate 0.463% and sodium chloride 0.6%, 500 ml ba (Volulyte 6% Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chlor 0.6%, 500 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)	•		Volulyte 6% 3% and sodium chloride
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 6% with sodium chloride 0.9%, 500 ml bag		20	Voluven

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CARDIC	VASCULAR	SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	\$	Fei	Manulacturei
Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System			
ACE Inhibitors			
CAPTOPRIL			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	94.99	95 ml	Capoten
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or			
2 For use in tube-fed patients; or			
3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following	j cardiac surgery.		
CILAZAPRIL			
Tab 0.5 mg		90	Zapril
Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		200	Apo-Cilazapril
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		200	Apo-Cilazapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.78	100	Ethics Enalapril
LISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	2.76	90	Ethics Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.75	30	Apo-Perindopril
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.80	30	Apo-Perindopril
QUINAPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.31	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.15	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5.97	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
TRANDOLAPRIL – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 1 mg			
➡ Cap 2 mg			
ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics			
CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to	o 2019 10.18	100	Apo-Cilazapril/
			Hydrochlorothiazide
ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restr	ricted: For continuation	n only	
 Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg 		-	
QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 1% DV Oct-15	to 2018	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15		30	Accuretic 20
- · · ·			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL – Restricted see terms below			
I Tab 4 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.50	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		90	Candestar
↓ Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		90	Candestar
Initiation – ACE inhibitor intolerance			
Either:			
 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not inhibitor); or Patient has a history of angioedema. Initiation – Unsatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor Patient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an 	·	tor retria	al (same or new ACE
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84 84	Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 Ilig - 1% DV NOV-17 to 2020	2.01	04	LUSARIAN ACIAVIS
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Doxazosin
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 5 mg	11.70	100	Apo-Prazosin
TERAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		28	Actavis
Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		500	Apo-Terazosin
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019		500	Apo-Terazosin

	(ex man. e	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiarrhythmics				
ADENOSINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial ➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.				
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted				
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		1 66	30	Cordarone-X
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30	Cordarone-X
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019			5	Lodi
ATROPINE SULPHATE				
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	7	71.00	50	AstraZeneca
DIGOXIN				
Tab 62.5 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019			240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	1	14.52	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial				
Cap 100 mg				
Tab 50 mg	3	38.95	60	Tambocor
Cap long-acting 100 mg			30	Tambocor CR
Cap long-acting 200 mg			30	Tambocor CR
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	5	52.45	5	Tambocor
VABRADINE – Restricted see terms below				
↓ Tab 5 mg → Restricted				
Initiation				
Both:				
1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiog	graphy; and			
2 Either:				
2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per m	inute while ta	aking a ma	kimally to	lerated dose of beta blocke
or 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.				
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 150 mg	16	52.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
				USP
Cap 250 mg	20	02.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
				USP

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- I Tab 2.5 mg
- ↓ Tab 5 mg
- Restricted
- Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL

Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Oral liq 5 mg per ml	7.67	500 500 300 ml	Mylan Atenolol Mylan Atenolol Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	9.40	90	Bosvate
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.95	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL			
Tab 200 mg	21.40	180	Celol
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg	8.99	100	Hybloc
Tab 100 mg		100	Hybloc
Tab 200 mg	29.74	100	Hybloc
Tab 400 mg			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	3.00	30	Betaloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	24.00	5	Lopresor
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	24.70	100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL			
Tab 5 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg	23.40	100	Apo-Pindolol

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Mylan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule		5	Sotacor
(Sotacor Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 20			
TIMOLOL MALEATE			

Tab 10 mg

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

AMLODIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	100 250 250	Apo-Amlodipine Apo-Amlodipine Apo-Amlodipine
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 1.55	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20182.30	30	Plendil ER

ISRADIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg Cap 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist Both:

1 Patient is a Paediatric Patient; and

- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
 - 2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
 - 2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

NIFEDIPINE

Tab long-acting 10 mg – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Tab long-acting 20 mg		60 100	Adalat 10 Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		30	Adalat Oros
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.67	30	Adalat Oros
Cap 5 mg			

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
ILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg	 4.60	100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg	 8.50	100	Dilzem
Cap long-acting 120 mg	 .31.83	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
	1.91	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg	 .47.67	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
	7.56	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
	10.22	30	Cardizem CD
lnj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Cardizem CD Cap long-acting 120 mg to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Cardizem CD Cap long-acting 180 mg to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Cardizem CD Cap long-acting 240 mg to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
ERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	 .62.90	100	Pexsiq
ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 40 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg		250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		250	Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
	.20.00	ő	
Centrally-Acting Agents			
LONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 .12.34	4	Mylan
LONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	 .10.53	112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg	 .34.32	100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 .16.07	5	Catapres
IETHYLDOPA			
Tab 250 mg	 .15.10	100	Methyldopa Mylan
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
UMETANIDE			
UMETANIDE Tab 1 mg	.16.36	100	Burinex

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.00 25.00	1,000 50	Diurin 40 Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule <i>–</i> 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019 Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule	1.20	5	Frusemide-Claris
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Injection 10%, 1,000 ml bag Injection 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Inj 20%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 (<i>Baxter Injection 10%, 1,000 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018</i>) (<i>Baxter Injection 20%, 500 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018</i>)	23.08 747.24	1,000 ml 500 ml 12 18	Baxter Baxter Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg			
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml (Apo-Amiloride Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019) SPIRONOLACTONE		100 25 ml	Apo-Amiloride Biomed
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Oral liq 5 mg per ml	11.80	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg	8.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg − 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 METOLAZONE − Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg → Restricted	2.60	90	Dapa-Tabs
Initiation Any of the following:			continued.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has not responded to loop diuretics and/or loop-thiazide combination therapy; or
- 2 Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsive to high dose loop diuretics and concentrated albumin infusions: or
- 3 Paediatric patient has oedema secondary to nephrotic syndrome that has not responded to loop diuretics.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BEZAFIBRATE		
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	30	Bezalip Retard
GEMFIBROZIL		
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201919.56	60	Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)		
ATORVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	100	Apo-Pravastatin
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 20208.06	100	Apo-Pravastatin
SIMVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
······································	30	

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral liq 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 × normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg5.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg6.15	30	Zimybe
	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg7.15	30	Zimybe
	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg8.15	30	Zimybe
	Postriotod		

Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

NICOTINIC ACID		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 20204.12	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

Nitrates		
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE		
Tab 600 mcg	100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule 100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose4.45	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose	200 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 20197.50	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	90	Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	an. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation – Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics

ADRENALINE		
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule4.9 5.2		Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial	-	·
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule		Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe		Поорна
DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	15 5	Dobutamine-Claris
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	39 5	DBL Sterile Dopamine Concentrate
EPHEDRINE		Concentrate
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020)4 10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE		
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
METARAMINOL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
NORADRENALINE Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2019	00 10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule115.5	50 25	Neosynephrine HCL
	10 25	
Vasodilators		
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 20181,650.0	00 5	Prostin VR

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	⁻) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
AMYL NITRITE			
Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule			
DIAZOXIDE			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Either:			
 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitr ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. 	rate, in patients who are	intolerant	or have not responded to
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018		10	Milrinone Generic Health
MINOXIDIL			
Tab 10 mg		100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg		60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg		60	Ikorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]			
Tab 400 mg			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Inj 50 mg vial			
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists			
AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg	,	30	Volibris
Tab 10 mg	4,585.00	30	Volibris
→ Restricted nitiation			
Either:			
1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval	for ambrisentan by the P	ulmonary	Arterial Hypertension Pan
or	and the first an	annonary	a concernity portonoion r and
2 In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.			
BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab 62.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	401.79	60	Bosentan-Mylan
-	375.00	56	Mylan-Bosentan
Tab 125 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Bosentan-Mylan
	375.00	56	Mylan-Bosentan
(Mylan-Bosentan Tab 62.5 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018) (Mylan-Bosentan Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)			

(Mylan-Bosentan Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
 - 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II, III, or IV; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Both:
 - 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Either:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or contraindicated to sildenafil; or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Either:
 - 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and failed to respond; or
 - 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while on a PAH monotherapy; or
 - 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 1.4.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 1.4.3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
 - 1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy; or
- 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Continuation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price . excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors				
SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ↓ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ↓ Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ↓ Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial → Restricted		0.75	4 4 4	Vedafil Vedafil Vedafil
Initiation – tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon* All of the following: 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insula avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment wi	tion, avoida	Ince of col	d exposure	e, smoking cessation support
contraindicated or not tolerated). Initiation – tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension Any of the following:				
 All of the following: Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; a Any of the following: PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinica PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinica PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinica PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinica Any of the following: Any of the following: Any of the following: PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and 	I classificat I classificat I classificat	ions; or		
1.4 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PC1.5 Either:		han or eq	ual to 15 m	nmHg; and
1.5.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure 1.5.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and	e (PAPm) >	25 mmHg	; or	
 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of s cm-5); or 	at least 3 \	Nood Unit	s or at leas	st 240 International Units (dyr
2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertensi3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.	on of the ne	ewborn (P	PHN); or	
Initiation – tablets other conditions Any of the following: 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide. Initiation – injection Both:				
 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not 2 Any of the following: 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or 		•	ated in pae	ediatric intensive care units

- 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
- 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

	Price ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostacyclin Analogues			
EPOPROSTENOL – Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mcg vial Inj 1.5 mg vial		1 1	Veletri Veletri
 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epo or In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations. 	prostenol by the F	Pulmonary	Arterial Hypertension Panel;
ILOPROST Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 ↓ Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml → Restricted Initiation		5 30	llomedin Ventavis
Any of the following:			

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE			
Crm 1%	8.56	15 g	Crystaderm
Soln 3% (10 vol) - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	1.40	100 ml	Pharmacy Health
MAFENIDE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below			
Powder 50 g sachet			
→ Restricted nitiation			
For the treatment of burns patients.			
MUPIROCIN			
Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]			
Crm 2%	2.52	15 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream
Oint 2%	3.45	15 g	Foban
SULFADIAZINE SILVER			
Crm 1% – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	10.80	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE			
Nail soln 5% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.95	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE			
Nail soln 8% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	6.50	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only			
	0.70	00	0
Crm 1% – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only	0.70	20 g	Clomazol
Crm 1% – Restricted: For continuation only			
Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE			
Shampoo 2% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
METRONIDAZOLE			
Gel 0.75%			
MICONAZOLE NITRATE			
Crm 2% - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	0.74	15 g	Multichem
→ Lotn 2% – Restricted: For continuation only			
Tinc 2%			
Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE			
Lotn 4% - 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Γ)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON]			
Lotn 0.5%			
Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN			
Crm 5% – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	4 95	30 g	Lyderm
Lotn 5% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		30 ml	A-Scabies
		00111	A OUDICS
PHENOTHRIN			
Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE			
Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE			
Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN		100	
Cap 10 mg		100	Isotane 10
	14.96	120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg		100	Isotane 20
	23.12	120	Oratane
TRETINOIN			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		50 g	ReTrieve
		3	
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, agueous, BP - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		100 g	Pharmacy Health
Lotn, BP – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		2,000 ml	PSM
		2,000 111	
CROTAMITON			
Crm 10% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.37	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Denview Orecome			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE			
Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1 59	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
		100 g	5%
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.59	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone
			5%
Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		500 ml	healthE Dimethicone
······································			10%
ZINC			
Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-)
Viii			Zinc Cream (Onon-)
			,Zinc Oleani (FSIVI)
Oint			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
Paste			o.g. Zine onlue (i oivi)
1 0010			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ ZINC AND CASTOR OIL Orion 20 g Boucher 500 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater that 30 g. healthE 20 a Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less. ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4% e.a. Sudocrem **Emollients** AQUEOUS CREAM 100 g Pharmacy Health SLS-free Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. 500 g AFT SLS-free Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g. CETOMACROGOL 500 a healthE healthE 1 CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL Pharmacv Health 100 a 3.20 healthE Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019......2.82 500 ml **Pharmacy Health** Sorbolene with Glycerin 3.87 1.000 ml Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin (Pharmacy Health Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, to be delisted 1 October 2018) **FMULSIFYING OINTMENT** 100 g Jaychem Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. AFT 500 g Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g. GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10% e.g. QV cream **OIL IN WATER EMULSION** 500 a healthE Fatty Cream 1 healthE Fatty Cream PARAFFIN 100 a healthE 10 a healthE Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both white soft paraffin and yellow soft paraffin. Yellow soft PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6% e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3% e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil URFA 100 g healthE Urea Cream

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

DERMATOLOGICALS

(e	Price ex man. excl. G		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
VOOL FAT			
Crm			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% Oint 0.05%			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	3.15	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	3.15	50 g	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1%			
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.20	30 g	Dermol
COBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
→ Fatty oint 0.1%			
IYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 30 g – 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	1.11	30 g	DermAssist
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to 1			
Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	16.25	500 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Crm 1%	2.48	14.2 g	AFT
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 1% DV Sep-17			
to 2020		250 ml	DP Lotn HC
	0.00	00 -	
Crm 0.1%	2.30 6.85	30 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%		100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%		100 g	Locoid Crelo
Cm 0.1%		15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1%		15 g	Advantan
IOMETASONE FUROATE		č	
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	1.51	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	2.90	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	1.51	15 g	Elocon
	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	7.35	30 ml	Elocon
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.35	100 g	Aristocort

		GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
d see terms b	elow			
DIC ACID]				
	2.00)	15 g	Micreme H
	2.79)	15 g 15 g ATIN	Pimafucort Pimafucort
	. 17.86 . 41.36	5	60 60	Novatretin Novatretin
			30 g 30 g	Daivobet Daivobet
	.45.00)	100 g	Daivonex
CEIN - 1% DV	3.86	;	500 ml	Pinetarsol
	7.75	;	100 ml	Beta Scalp
			30 ml	Dermol
	(ex man.	\$ I see terms below DIC ACID] 	(ex man. excl. GST) \$ I see terms below DIC ACID]	(ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per A see terms below DIC ACID]

DERMATOLOGICALS

DERMATOLOGICALS

	(ex man.	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%		.3.65	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations				
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet	1	17.98	12	Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5% SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator		33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
Other Skin Preparations DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2% SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY				
Crm Lotn		.3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF
		5.10	200 g	50+ Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics				
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted : ↓ Crm 16% → Restricted Dermatologist or plastic surgeon			20 g	Efudix
Wound Management Products				

CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%

62

e.g. Orion

((ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents					
ACETIC ACID Soln 3%					
Soln 5% ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOI Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator		CID			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Crm 1% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Lotn 1%, 200 ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				50 g 1	healthE healthE
CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019 Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019				35 g 20 g	Clomazol Clomazol
VICONAZOLE NITRATE Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				40 g	Micreme
VYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) – 1% DV Aug-17 tc	5 2020 .	4.4	5	75 g	Nilstat
Contraceptives					
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives					
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4.67	7	168	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives					
THINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg THINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV	v				
Jan-18 to 2020 Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV		2.18	3	84	Microgynon 20 ED
Jan-18 to 2020 Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg		1.77	7	84	Levlen ED
Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg		9.4	5	84	Microgynon 50 ED

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width		1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020. ↓ Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 → Restricted Initiation – heavy menstrual bleeding Obstetrician or gynaecologist		1 1	Jadelle Mirena
 All of the following: The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleed The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate of Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and Any of the following: Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 mont 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a Continuation – heavy menstrual bleeding 	her appropriate pharma		
Either: 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrue 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months Initiation – endometriosis Obstetrician or gynaecologist The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by la Continuation – endometriosis Obstetrician or gynaecologist Either:	of insertion.		
 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometri Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months Note: endometriosis is an unregistered indication. 			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1 84	Depo-Provera Noriday 28

			-		
	l (ex man.	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Obstetric Preparations					
Antiprogestogens					
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg					
Oxytocics					
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg					
Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g				1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g		64.60)	1	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		105.00)	5	DBL Ergometrine
DXYTOCIN				_	0 · · D.
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule				5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM
DXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1	1%				
DV Sep-15 to 2018		.11.13	5	5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics					
PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms below Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019				30 veeks); o	Utrogestan
2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 Continuation				,, .	
Gynaecologist or obstetrician Re-assessment required after 12 months					
All of the following: 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and					
3 Either:3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as 		at 16	to 28 v	veeks); o	r
3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Se Definitions) and Part IV (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 23.1)		Gene	ral Ru	les, Part	I (Interpretations and
TERBUTALINE – Restricted see terms on the next page					

↓ Inj 500 mcg ampoule

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer Person Generic Manufacturer Destricted Destertioian Destrogens Com 1 mp per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		Price		Brand or
Pestricted Destertician Construction Pestricted Destriction Oversitin Oversitin Pessaries 500 mcg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Dor	Generic
Desterician Oestrogens DESTRIOL Cm Img per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	➡ Bestricted	Φ	rei	Manulacturer
DESTRIOL Cm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	Obstetrician			
DESTRIOL Cm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	Oestrogens			
Cm 1 mg per g with applicator – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020				
Urologicals 5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors INASTERIDE – Restricted see terms below Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 4.81 100 Ricit Restricted 100 Ricit Ricit Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or 2.2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers. Adponceptor Blockers Adponceptor Blockers MSULOSIN – Restricted see terms below 13.51 100 Tamsulosin-Rex Pestricted 114ition Soft: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated. Urinary Alkalisers OTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below 0.00 200 ml Biomed OTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below .00.0 200 ml Biomed OTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below .00.0 200 ml Biomed OTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below .00.0		6.62	15 g	Ovestin
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors INASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	Pessaries 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	6.86	15	Ovestin
INASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below 4.81 100 Ricit Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 4.81 100 Ricit Restricted nitiation 30h: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers. Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers 7 Tamsulosin-Rex Restricted Cap 400 mcg 13.51 100 Tamsulosin-Rex Restricted nitiation 30h: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated. Urinary Alkalisers 2 The patient has number of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated. Biomed Prestricted 30.00 200 ml Biomed Restricted Norticitation 30.00 200 ml Biomed Restricted Soft: 1 The patient has necurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and 2 The patient has damore than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE	Urologicals			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
 Restricted initiation 30th: Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and Either: The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or	FINASTERIDE – Restricted see terms below			
nitiation Soft: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers. Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers AMSULOSIN – Restricted see terms below C Cap 400 mcg		4.81	100	Ricit
1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers. Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers AMSULOSIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 400 mcg	Initiation			
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 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers. Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers TAMSULOSIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 400 mcg				
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers TAMSULOSIN – Restricted see terms below Cap 400 mcg			dicated; or	
AMSULOSIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 400 mcg	2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-select	tive alpha blockers.		
 Cap 400 mcg	Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
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Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated. Urinary Alkalisers POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below Image: Oral liq 3 mmol per ml 30.00 200 ml Biomed Restricted Biomed Imitation 80th: 30.00 200 ml 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and 2 The patient has nee than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	↓ Cap 400 mcg → Restricted	13.51	100	l amsulosin-Rex
 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated. Urinary Alkalisers POTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below Oral lig 3 mmol per ml	Initiation			
 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated. Urinary Alkalisers POTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below Oral liq 3 mmol per ml				
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below		e are contraindicated		
Image: Constructed on triation 30.00 200 ml Biomed Image: Provide the structure of the patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and 2 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and Image: The patient has need more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. Biomed SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	Urinary Alkalisers			
 → Restricted nitiation Both: The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	POTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below			
Initiation Both: 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and 2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	Oral liq 3 mmol per ml		200 ml	Biomed
Both: 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and 2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 20202.34 28 Ural Urinary Antispasmodics DXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				
2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 20202.34 28 Ural Urinary Antispasmodics DXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	Both:			
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Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.34 28 Ural Urinary Antispasmodics DXYBUTYNIN 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 – 1% DV Sep		s prior to the applicat	1011.	
DXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		2.34	28	Ural
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	Urinary Antispasmodics			
	OXYBUTYNIN			
Oralling 5 mg per 5 mi – 1% DV Sep-16 to 201960.40 473 ml Apo-Oxybutynin	3			
	Oraniiq 5 mg per 5 mi – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	60.40	473 mi	Apo-Oxybutynin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg		30	Vesicare
Tab 10 mg		30	Vesicare
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or	is non-responsive to, o	xybutynin	
TOLTERODINE TARTRATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 1 mg		56	Arrow-Tolterodine
		56	Arrow-Tolterodine
→ Restricted			
Initiation			

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

	Р	rice		Brand or
(6	ex man.	excl. GST) Per	Generic
		¢	Per	Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

I Tab 2.5 mg

➡ Restricted

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	50	Procur
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	50	Procur
TESTOSTERONE		
Patch 5 mg per day80.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS		
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,		
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate		
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	60	Andriol Testocaps
lnj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1	Reandron 1000
··· , ···, · ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	•	

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN

Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET – Restricted see terms below			
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
1 Tab 30 mg	403.70	28	Sensipar

➡ Restricted

Initiation Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
- 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
- 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate.

continued...

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
Continuation					
Nephrologist or endocrinologist					
Both:					
1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; a					
2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom i	•				
Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these h	ave become	malign	ant.		
ZOLEDRONIC ACID					
Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial				1	Zoledronic acid Mylan
➡ Restricted		550.00			Zometa
Initiation – bone metastases					
Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist					
Any of the following:					
 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or 					
2 Both:					
2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and					
2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard fi	rst-line treatr	nents;	or		
3 Both:					
3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and					
3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathologi	cal fracture,	spinal	cord c	ompressi	on, radiation to bone or
surgery to bone).					
Initiation – early breast cancer Oncologist					
All of the following:					
 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast c 	ancer: and				
2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, ei		or ind	uced.	with end	ocrine levels consistent with
a postmenopausal state; and		0			
3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-mo	onthly for a m	naximu	n of 2	years.	
	•			-	
	_	_			
Corticosteroids					

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	0.88	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	1.84	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	45.00	25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	14.19	10	Max Health
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	25.18	10	Max Health
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	14.32	100	Florinef

	Price		Brand or
(e	x man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
YDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5.30	1	Solu-Cortef
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	10.50	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	22.25	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	9.00	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	16.00	1	Solu-Medrol
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	40.00	5	Depo-Medrol
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			-
Inj 40 mg with lidocaine [lignocaine], 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 201	8 9.25	1	Depo-Medrol with Lidocaine
REDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
REDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	12.09	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	11.09	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	29.03	500	Apo-Prednisone
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	20.80	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	51.10	5	Kenacort-A 40
RIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

Tab 1 mg			
Tab 2 mg			
Patch 25 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	6.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	7.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	7.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		84	Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)			
Tab 300 mcg			
Tab 625 mcg			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparation	ns		
OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oe (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6) OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesteron acetate Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate	ne		
Progestogens			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	14.00	30 100 30	Provera Provera Provera
Other Endocrine Agents			
CABERGOLINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 0.5 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.75 19.00	2	Dostinex Dostinex
 → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: Inhibition of lactation; or Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or Patient has acromegaly. 		Ū	
CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg	29.84	10	Mylan Clomiphen Serophene
DANAZOL Cap 100 mg Cap 200 mg GESTRINONE Cap 2.5 mg METYRAPONE Cap 250 mg PENTAGASTRIN Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		100 100	Azol Azol
Other Oestrogen Preparations ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 10 mcg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 OESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg		100	NZ Medical & Scientific

Pric: (ex man. ex \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTRIOL Tab 2 mg			
Other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	.00	100	Provera HD
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	.29	100	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule75 Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule690		1 1	Synacthen Synacthen Depot
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists			
BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		1 1	Zoladex Zoladex
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1 1	Lucrin Depot 1-month Lucrin Depot 3-month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 5 mg cartridge	.00	1 1 1	Omnitrope Omnitrope Omnitrope
<i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Either:			continued.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

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Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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- continued...
 - 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
 - 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:

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- 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
- 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
- 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
- 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE				
Tab 5 mg				
ODINE				
Soln BP 50 mg per ml				
EVOTHYROXINE				
Tab 25 mcg				
Tab 50 mcg				
Tab 100 mcg				
LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM				
Tab 20 mcg				
Restricted				
nitiation				
For a maximum of 14 days' treatmen	in patients with thyroid car	icer who are due to receive	e radiolodii	ne therapy.
Inj 20 mcg vial				
POTASSIUM IODATE				
Tab 170 mg				
POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE				
Cap 200 mg				
PROPYLTHIOURACIL – Restricted	see terms on the next page	e		
Tab 50 mg			100	PTU

t Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); t Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

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HORMONE PREPARATIONS

(ex man. excl. 0	GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

Restricted Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRELIN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]			
Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE – Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	54.45	30	Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml			
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – Nocturnal enuresis			
Either:			
1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or			
2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.			
Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are co	ontraindicated.		
TERLIPRESSIN			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		5	Glypressin



	Price (ex man. excl. G		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
MIKACIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	176.00	10	Biomed
Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe		_	
Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	DBL Amikacin
→ Restricted	int		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ISI		
	0.50	-	11. and an
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5 25	Hospira APP Pharmaceuticals
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		25 10	Pfizer
	0.00	10	FIIZEI
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below	100.00	10	L luma a tha
Cap 250 mg → Restricted	120.00	16	Humatin
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist			
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist		
[OBRAMYCIN			
Powder			
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-17 to 2018 → Restricted		5	Tobramycin Mylan
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist		
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml	2,200.00	56 dose	TOBI
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Patient has cystic fibrosis.			
Carbapenems			
RTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	73.50	1	Invanz
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next page	e		
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial		1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MEROPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial		10	DBL Meropenem
l Inj 1 g vial		10	DBL Meropenem
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation	I		
EFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	11.00	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
CEFAZOLIN			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation	n		
EFACLOR			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
EFOXITIN	50.00	10	Coferritin Astoria
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		10	Cefoxitin Actavis
	00.40	50	Zinnat
Tab 250 mg Inj 750 mg vial – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		50 10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation	1		
EFOTAXIME			
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	DBL Cefotaxime
EFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	23.00	5	Ceftazidime Mylan
→ Restricted			
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	cialist		
	4.00		551/4
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019 Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		1	DEVA
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		1	DEVA Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation			
Description Description <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th=""></thdescription<></thdescription<>	2.05	1	Cefepime-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Cefepime-AFT
Restricted	0.02	,	
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
,			

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generati	on		
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – Restricted see terms below Inj 600 mg vial		10 pies.	Zinforo
Macrolides			
ZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) - 1% DV Or	1.05 c t-15	30 2	Apo-Azithromycin Apo-Azithromycin
to 2018 → Restricted nitiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis a Any of the following:	nd atypical Mycobacter		
 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophyl Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Ps negative organisms*; or Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection. 	axis for bronchiolitis oblite	erans synd	drome*; or
lote: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications nitiation – non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis* Respiratory specialist or paediatrician Re-assessment required after 12 months III of the following:			
 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bron Patient is aged 18 and under; and Either: 			
3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bro3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for tr12 month period.			
Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. A m ibrosis will be subsidised in the community. Continuation – non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis* Respiratory specialist or paediatrician	aximum of 24 months of a	azithromy	cin treatment for non-cysti

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic
- fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

				INFECTIONS
		Price excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. A m ibrosis will be subsidised in the community. nitiation – other indications <i>Re-assessment required after 5 days</i> For any other condition. Continuation – other indications <i>Re-assessment required after 5 days</i> For any other condition. CLARITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below I Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 I Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 3020 Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-17 to 31 Aug 2020 → Restricted nitiation – Tab 250 mg and oral liquid		months 3.98 .10.40 .23.12	-	
Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug re nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug re 2 Ommunity acquired analyzing and analyzing and analyzing and analyzing and analyzing and analyzing and analyzing an				
3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml		5.00	100 100 ml 100 ml	E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial			1	Erythrocin IV
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuati → Tab 250 mg → Tab 500 mg 	·			
Tab dispersible 50 mg Tab 150 mg Tab 300 mg Restricted nitiation Dnly for use in patients under 12 years of age.		7.48	10 50 50	Rulide D Arrow-Roxithromycin Arrow-Roxithromycin

		rice			Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. G \$		Per	Generic Manufacturer
Penicillins					
AMOXICILLIN					
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				500	Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				500	Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020				00 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020			10	00 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				10	lbiamox
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		17.29		10	Ibiamox
MOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID					
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020				20	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		.3.83	10	00 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml -1% D	V				
Aug-17 to 2019			10	00 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201	8	10.14		10	m-Amoxiclav
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2)18 ⁻	12.80		10	m-Amoxiclav
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN					
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2	018 3 [.]	15.00		10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]					
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10.35		10	Sandoz
Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		18 70		250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				500	Staphlex
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				000 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				00 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]					
Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		2 88		50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018				50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			10	00 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				00 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms below					-
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial		28 00		10	PipTaz Sandoz
י ווון ד y with ומבטטמטומוז ט.ט y vial		15.50		1	Tazocin EF
→ Restricted		10.00		'	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist				
PROCAINE PENICILLIN					
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12	23.50		5	Cilicaine
ICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms below					
In 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial					
► Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist				
innour mereore giol, incollede diodade openation of respiratory specia					

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INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Oral liq 50 mg per ml Oral liq 100 mg per ml	1.99	28 28 28	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
 Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018 Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 		10	Cipflox
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 400 mg		5	Avelox
 Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle → Restricted 	70.00	1	Avelox IV 400
Initiation – Mycobacterium infection Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory spe Either:	cialist		
 Both: Active tuberculosis; and Any of the following: 	nedications (tuberculos n containing other seco ethambutol use); or oxicity from tuberculosi effects following a rea- to other therapy or whe nsive to first-line treatm isease highly resistant to netrating eye injury.	nd-line ag s medicat sonable tr re such th ent; or	ents; or ions; or ial of first-line medications; erapy is contraindicated.
NORFLOXACIN Tab 400 mg		100	Arrow-Norfloxacin
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg			

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	_	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DOXYCYCLINE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg	6.75	250	Doxine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial MINOCYCLINE			
Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only			
TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg		30	Tetracyclin Wolff
TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM – Restricted see terms below	100.10	-	A
↓ Inj 1 g vial → Restricted		5	Azactam
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLORAMPHENICOL – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Inj 1 g vial → Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.10	16	Clindamycin ABM
 Oral liq 15 mg per ml Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 	65.00	10	Dalacin C
→ Restricted		10	Balaoni
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted			Opliation Link
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial ➡ Restricted		1	Colistin-Link
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory sp	pecialist		
DAPTOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 350 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Cubicin
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ⇒ Restricted		1	Cubicin
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet			
Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE Tab 1 g			
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms on the next page Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

(Price ex man. excl. \$		er	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			10	Zyvox
↓ Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			0 ml	Zyvox
 Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Restricted 	1,650.00)	10	Ζγνοχ
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
NITROFURANTOIN				
Tab 50 mg				
Tab 100 mg				
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 200 mg				
➡ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] – Restricted see terms below				
I Tab 250 mg − 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		о. С	12	Fucidin
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
SULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below				
↓ Tab 500 mg				
 Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal me 	dicino enocia	alict		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below		liist		
↓ Inj 400 mg vial				
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
TRIMETHOPRIM				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		D (50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE]				
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg				
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-1 to 2020		7 10	0 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				-
VANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.37	7	1	Mylan
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
A set if the set of the				

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

→ Restricted

Oncologist

INFECTIONS

		Duila a			Durand an
(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Polyene Antimycotics					
AMPHOTERICIN B Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3,4	450.00		10	AmBisome
→ Restricted					
Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncol Either:	ogist, r	espira	tory sp	ecialist o	r transplant specialist
 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed und Both: 	ler an e	stablis	hed pr	otocol; o	r
2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease pt treatment to be appropriate.	nysiciar	n or a d	clinical	microbio	logist) considers the
Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncol	oaist, r	espira	torv sp	ecialist o	r transplant specialist
NYSTATIN	ogiot, i	oopna	.o. y op	o o la lice o	
Tab 500,000 u Cap 500,000 u				50 50	Nilstat Nilstat
Triazoles					
FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below					
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020				28	Mylan
Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020				1	Mylan
				28 25 ml	Mylan Diffuson
Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				35 ml 1	Diflucan Fluconazole-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				1	Fluconazole-Claris
Restricted		0. 47			
Consultant					
TRACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below					
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		2.79		15	Itrazole
Oral liquid 10 mg per ml					
→ Restricted					
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious of	lisease	speci	alist		
OSACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab modified-release 100 mg				24	Noxafil
I Oral liq 40 mg per ml	7	761.13	1	105 ml	Noxafil
→ Restricted					
nitiation					
laematologist or infectious disease specialist					
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks					
Both:					
1 Either:					

1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or

				INFECTIONS
		Price excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a ster 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose re Continuation Haematologist or infectious disease specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 weeks</i> Both: 1 Patient has previously received posacon	nission induction therapy or re-ir	nduction	therapy.	
 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high of 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high of 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk step 	lose consolidation therapy; or	apy; or		
 VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms belo ↓ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 ↓ Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 ↓ Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml ↓ Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2019 → Restricted Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus in Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectio Both: Patient is immunocompromised; and Patient has proven or probable invasive 	fection Is disease specialist	500.00 376.00	56 56 70 ml 1	Vttack Vttack Vfend Generic Partners
Initiation – Possible aspergillus infection Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectio All of the following:				
 Patient is immunocompromised; and Patient has possible invasive aspergillus A multidisciplinary team (including an infinitiation – Resistant candidiasis infections a Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectio All of the following: 	ectious disease physician) consid nd other moulds	ders the t	reatment to	be appropriate.
 Patient is immunocompromised; and Either: Patient has fluconazole resistant Patient has fluconazole resistant Patient has mould strain such as A multidisciplinary team (including an inferappropriate. 	Fusarium spp. and Scedosporiu			onsiders the treatment to be

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg vial	 1	Cancidas
Inj 70 mg vial	1	Cancidas
➡ Restricted		

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)				Brand or
	(ex man.	\$	iSI)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ontinued					
1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed 2 Both:	under an e	establish	ned pr	otocol;	or
2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious diseas treatment to be appropriate.	e physiciar	n or a cl	inical	microbi	ologist) considers the
LUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below Cap 500 mg • Restricted linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
ERBINAFINE Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		1.33		14	Deolate
Antimycobacterials					
Antileprotics					
LOFAZIMINE – Restricted see terms below Cap 50 mg • Restricted linical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist APSONE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg ▶ Restricted linical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist				100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics					
YCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below Cap 250 mg • Restricted linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe THAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below	cialist				
Tab 100 mg				56	Myambutol
Tab 400 mg ► Restricted linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe		.49.34		56	Myambutol
SONIAZID – Restricted see terms below				100	DOM
Tab 100 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Restricted				100	PSM
linical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physion SONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below	sician or in	ternal n	nedicii	ne phys	ician
Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 • Restricted				100 100	Rifinah Rifinah
 Restricted linical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physical 	sician or in	ternal n	nedicii	ne phys	ician
ARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next		000.00		00	Deser
Grans for oral liq 4 g		280.00		30	Paser

INFECTIONS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg		100	Peteha
⇒ Restricted	l:_+		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Fab 500 mg → Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
RIFABUTIN – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted			,
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist o	r respiratory spe	cialist	
RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Rifadin
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 → Restricted		1	Rifadin
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paedi	atrician or public	health physi	cian
Antiparasitics			
Anthelmintics			
ALBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
Tab 400 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
VERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below			
🖡 Tab 3 mg	17.20	4	Stromectol
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist			
MEBENDAZOLE			
Tab 100 mg	24.19	24	De-Worm
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			
PRAZIQUANTEL			

Tab 600 mg

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

➡ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 60 mg vial

	D.		
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex main: exei: exei: exei: exei: s	Per	Manufacturer
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restric	ted see terms below		
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg		12	Malarone Junior
		12	Malarone
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist of	or meumatologist		
MEFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below	00.40		
↓ Tab 250 mg		8	Lariam
➡ Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist of	or rhoumatologict		
METRONIDAZOLE	n meumatologist		
Tab 200 mg	10.45	100	Trichozole
Tab 200 mg		100	Trichozole
Oral lig benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		100 ml	AFT
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	6.94	5	AFT
Suppos 500 mg	24.48	10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 500 mg	1,680.00	30	Alinia
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ORNIDAZOLE	00.00	40	A
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	23.00	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below	400.00	_	D
↓ Inj 300 mg vial → Restricted		5	Pentacarinat
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 7.5 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 25 mg			
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foe	tal medicine specialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Restricted Clinical microhiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
QUININE SULPHATE Tab 300 mg	61.01	500	Q 300
	01.31	500	

90

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	
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SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

➡ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 500 mg

- Restricted

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms above

t Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 63.38 t Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 190.15 t Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 63.38 t Oral liq 30 mg per ml 63.38	30 90 30	Stocrin Stocrin Stocrin
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above t Tab 200 mg	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above t Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	60 240 ml	Nevirapine Alphapharm Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.



	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
nitiation – Prevention of maternal transmission			
Either:			
 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks. 			
nitiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupat	ional exposure to HIV		
Both:	ional exposure to the		
1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post expose 2 Any of the following:	sure; and		
2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercou			
2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the prophylaxis is required.			
nitiation – Percutaneous exposure			
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV pos	itive.		
ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous			
Tab 300 mg		60	Ziagen
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		240 ml	Ziagen
BACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see te			
Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg		30	Kivexa
FAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPR	OXIL FUMARATE – R	estricted se	e terms on the previous
age Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxi	il fumorata		
300 mg		30	Atripla
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page		00	, anpia
Cap 200 mg.		30	Emtriva
AMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
STAVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 40 mg			
Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page		100	Datassia
Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Oral lig 10 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 200 ml	Retrovir Retrovir
		200 mi 5	Retrovir IV
		•	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
	on the previous page	60	Alphapharm

Restricted
Initiation – Confirmed HIV
Patient has confirmed HIV infection.
Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission
Either:

92

	Price		Brand or			
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer			
continued						
1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or						
2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.						
Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational e Both:	exposure to HIV					
 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; at 2 Any of the following: 	nd					
 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required. 						
Initiation – Percutaneous exposure						
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.						
ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page	е					
Cap 150 mg		60	Reyataz			
Cap 200 mg	757.79	60	Reyataz			
DARUNAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page						
t Tab 400 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		60	Prezista			
t Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		60	Prezista			
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page						
t Cap 200 mg t Cap 400 mg						
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous	page					
t Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg		60	Kaletra			
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		120	Kaletra			
Cral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml	735.00	300 ml	Kaletra			
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page						
t Tab 100 mg t Oral liq 80 mg per ml	43.31	30	Norvir			

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DOLUTEGRAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page Tab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – Restricted see terms on the previo Tab 400 mg	1.0	60	Isentress
Antivirals			
Hepatitis B			
ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 10 mg → Restricted mitiation	670.00	30	Hepsera
 nitiation Sastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following: Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as: Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, o Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and 	r viral load greater than	or equal	to 10-fold over nadir; and
5.1 Both: 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic; and 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination wit 5.2 Both: 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.	h lamivudine; or		
ENTECAVIR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 0.5 mg → Restricted nitiation	400.00	30	Baraclude
Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following:			
 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for 2 Patient is Hepatitis B nucleoside analogue treatment-naive; a 3 Entecavir dose 0.5 mg/day; and 4 Either: 4.1 ALT greater than upper limit of normal; or 4.2 Bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis (Metavir stage 3 or greater 	nd		istology, and
 5 Either: 5.1 HBeAg positive; or 5.2 Patient has greater than or equal to 2,000 IU HBV DN liver histology; and 			
 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and Neither ALT nor AST greater than 10 times upper limit of norr No history of hypersensitivity to entecavir; and 	nal; and		

INFECTIONS

		Price excl. GS1 \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LAMIVUDINE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2020		6.00	28	Zeffix
		4.20		Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
(Zeffix Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)				
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE – Restricted see terr Tab 300 mg		521.00	30	Viread
■ Restricted		551.00	30	vileau
Initiation – Confirmed hepatitis B				
Either:				
1 All of the following:				
1.1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBs/	01		months); a	Ind
1.2 Patient has had previous lamivudine, adefovir or			المريبة	
 HBV DNA greater than 20,000 IU/mL or increase Any of the following: 	a 10-tola or high	er over na	dir; and	
1.4.1 Lamivudine resistance - detection of M20	4I/V mutation: or			
1.4.2 Adefovir resistance - detection of A1817/	,	tion: or		
1.4.3 Entecavir resistance - detection of relevant	nt mutations inclu	iding 1169	T, L180M T	184S/A/I/L/G/C/M,
S202C/G/I, M204V or M250I/V mutation;	or			
2 Patient is either listed or has undergone liver transplanta	ation for HBV.			
Initiation – Women of child bearing age with active hepatiti	s B			
Limited to 12 months treatment				
All of the following: 1 Patient is HBsAg positive; and				
2 Either:				
2.1 HBV DNA > 20,000 IU/mL and ALT > ULN; or				
2.2 HBV DNA > 20 million IU/mL and ALT normal; ar	nd			
3 Any of the following:				
3.1 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not y	et completed a fa	amily; or		
3.2 Patient is pregnant; or				
3.3 Patient is breastfeeding. Initiation – Confirmed HIV				
Patient has confirmed HIV infection.				
Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission				
Either:				
1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or				
2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.				
Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occup Both:	ational exposu	re to HIV		
 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exp Any of the following: 	oosure; and			
2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal interc				
2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipme	ent with a known	HIV positi	ve person;	or
2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and	the clinician con	siders that	the risk as	sessment indicates

prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Hepatitis C			
LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR – Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg	24,363.46	28	Harvoni
Initiation Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatr HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility acc Pharmaceutical Schedule).			
PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OIMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVI Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treat Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/.	ment via PHARMAC's a PHARMAC's website	pproved	direct distribution supply.
Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56), wit dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56)		1	Viekira Pak
PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVII Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treat Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/. Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56) with	nent via PHARMAC's a PHARMAC's website	pproved	direct distribution supply.
dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56) and ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)		1	Viekira Pak-RBV
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR Tab dispersible 200 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Tab dispersible 400 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Tab dispersible 800 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	5.38 5.98	25 56 35 5	Lovir Lovir Lovir Aciclovir-Claris
CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial → Restricted		5	Addiovir-Oldris
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist of FOSCARNET SODIUM – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	or oral surgeon		
GANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 500 mg vial		5	Cymevene
VALACICLOVIR Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018 Tab 1,000 mg - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018		30 30	Vaclovir Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 450 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	1,050.00	60	Valcyte
Initiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Limited to 3 months treatment			
Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganci	clovir for CMV prophyla	ixis.	continued

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	l (ex man.	Price excl. 6 \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued nitiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Limited to 6 months treatment Both:					
 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patie 	ent is cutom	aalovir	usna	aative: o	r
2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive. nitiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Soth:		Jgalovii		gauve, e	
1 Patient is immunocompromised; and 2 Any of the following:					
2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasion2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.					
HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment					
 EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE – Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg	onal exposu ure; and se with a known	re to HI wm HIV HIV po	V posit sitive	30 ive perso person; o	or
prophylaxis is required. nitiation – Percutaneous exposure Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positi nitiation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:	ve.				
 Patient has tested HIV negative; and Either: All of the following: Patient is male or transgender; and Patient has sex with men; and Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of construct and the following: 					
2.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of	condomless	recepti	ive an	al interco	ourse with one or more
					continued

INFECTIONS

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

casual male partners in the last 3 months: or

- 2.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
- 2.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
- 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 2.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 2.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Continuation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis; and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis, and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks: and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative: and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men: and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

Restricted

Initiation

Fither:

98

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza: or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted. 20 dose Belenza Botadisk

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2A

- Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe
- Inj 6 m iu prefilled syringe
- Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

- Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

- Restricted

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)

t	Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	0.00 4	Pegasys
t	Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (112)1,159	9.84 1	Pegasys RBV
t	Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)1,290).00 1	Combination Pack Pegasys RBV Combination Pack

- Restricted

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:

1	Price			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

- 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
- 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

- Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician
- Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and

4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation – Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:

100

- 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
- 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price	、 、	Brand or
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	Ŷ		Manulaciurei
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	98.00	50	AstraZeneca
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROM			
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml amp		40	Marcella alub
1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	20.90	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE	10 70	100	••
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents			
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE	10.50	400	Dia man 11
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Plaquenil
LEFLUNOMIDE			
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		30	Apo-Leflunomide
Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	2.90	30	Apo-Leflunomide
PENICILLAMINE			
Tab 125 mg	67.23	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg	110.12	100	D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE			
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM			
I Tab 40 mg		30	Fosamax
-			
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – Paget's disease			
Both:			
1 Paget's disease; and			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Bone or articular pain; or			
2.2 Bone deformity; or			
2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or			
2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to	o site (base of skull, sp	oine, long	bones of lower limbs); or
2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.		-	

	Price (ex man. excl. GS` \$	⁻) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
t	Tab 70 mg4.82	4	Fosamax	

- Restricted

Initiation – Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

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- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has guantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ALE	NDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms below	N		
t	Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu4.8	32	4	Fosamax Plus
⇒F	Restricted			
Initi	ation – Osteoporosis			
Any	of the following:			
Any	of the following:			

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

 Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Pe	Brand or Generic er Manufacturer	
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continued...

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score greater than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	50 100	Arrow-Etidronate
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM		
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 20205.	98 1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	02 1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	05 1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM		
Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 20193.	80 4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID		
Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, vial	00 100 n	nl Aclasta

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Restricted

Initiation – Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses Both:

1 Any of the following:

- 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
- 2.2 Bone deformity; or
- 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

RALOXIFENE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 60 mg	53.76	28	Evista

■ Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or

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(ex man. excl. G	GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis).

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250	mcg per ml, 2.4 ml cartridge	 1	Forteo
- Restrict	ted		
Initiation			
Limited to 1	18 months treatment		

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).
- Notes:
 - 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
 - 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
 - 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	500	DP-Allopurinol

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100

Initiation

Any specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 2.4 All of the following:
 - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and
- 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

COLCHICINE

Tab 500 mcg 10.08	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT – Restricted see terms below		
Tab 80 mg	28	Adenuric
Tab 120 mg	28	Adenuric
Destadate d		

Restricted

Initiation

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be

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(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

➡ Restricted

Haematologist

108

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg	100	Pacifen
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial	1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		, ,
Cap 25 mg	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACUBIUM CHLORIDE	C C	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	5	Mivacron
	5	Wivacion
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE	100	Mauflau
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule260.00	50	AstraZeneca
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV May-18 to 2019	10	DBL Rocuronium
		Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	50	AstraZeneca
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg vial		
Devenue of Neuropeulov Displayed		
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade		
SUGAMMADEX – Restricted see terms on the next page		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	10	Bridion
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	10	Bridion
🕇 Item restricted (see 📥 above): 🖡 Item restricted (see 🛏 below)		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

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Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB

CELECOXIB			
Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather the	nan each individua	al line item.	
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	3.63	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	2.30	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	1 30	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible		20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule		5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg		10	Voltaren
ETORICOXIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 30 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 90 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
► Restricted			
Initiation			
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
IBUPROFEN			
	44 74	1 000	Delleve
Tab 200 mg – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
➡ Tab 600 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab long-acting 800 mg – 1% DV Jul-15 to 2018	7.00	30	Brufen SR
Oral lig 20 mg per ml		200 ml	
1 51	2.39	200 mi	Fenpaed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
INDOMETHACIN			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			
Inj 1 mg vial			
Suppos 100 mg			

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ETOPROFEN				
Cap long-acting 200 mg		.12.07	28	Oruvail SR
IEFENAMIC ACID – Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Cap 250 mg				
MELOXICAM – Restricted see terms below				
└ Tab 7.5 mg → Restricted				
nitiation				
ither:				
1 All of the following:				
1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and				
1.2 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with less	than or	equal to 5%	of norma	l circulating functional
clotting factor; and	oothu io	inadaguatal		d by alternative funded
1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthro treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options				ed by alternative funded
2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 da			01	
IAPROXEN	,			
Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		18.06	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		5.60	28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		6.53	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
ARECOXIB				
Inj 40 mg vial	1	100.00	10	Dynastat
ULINDAC				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab 200 mg				
ENOXICAM		10.05	100	Tileetil
Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 20 mg vial			100 1	Tilcotil AFT
			-	/ 11 1
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain				
APSAICIN – Restricted see terms below		0.05	45	
Crm 0.025%		9.95	45 g	Zostrix
 Restricted 				

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorder	S		
Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Relat	ed Disorders		
RILUZOLE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 50 mg → Restricted nitiation leurologist or respiratory specialist	400.00	56	Rilutek
Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following: 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with diseas 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vi 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and 5 Any of the following: 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.			initial application; and
 Continuation Re-assessment required after 18 months Il of the following: The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and Any of the following: The patient is ambulatory; or The patient is able to use upper limbs; or The patient is able to swallow. 			
ETRABENAZINE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		112	Motetis
Anticholinergics			
SENZATROPINE MESYLATE Tab 2 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg		60 5	Benztrop Cogentin
Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents			
MANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg POMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		60	Symmetrel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule BROMOCRIPTINE Tab 2.5 mg Cap 5 mg	119.00	5	Мочаро

excl. GST) \$.28.00 .10.00 8.00 .12.50 .17.00 .25.00 .17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 278 5.00 7.72 .16.51	Per 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Generic Manufacturer Entapone Madopar Rapid Madopar 62.5 Madopar 125 Madopar 125 Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.10.00 8.00 12.50 17.00 .25.00 17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Madopar Rapid Madopar 62.5 Madopar 125 Madopar HBS Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.10.00 8.00 12.50 17.00 .25.00 17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Madopar Rapid Madopar 62.5 Madopar 125 Madopar HBS Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
8.00 .12.50 .17.00 .25.00 .17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Madopar 62.5 Madopar 125 Madopar HBS Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
8.00 .12.50 .17.00 .25.00 .17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Madopar 62.5 Madopar 125 Madopar HBS Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
8.00 .12.50 .17.00 .25.00 .17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Madopar 62.5 Madopar 125 Madopar HBS Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
12.50 17.00 25.00 17.97 37.15 32.67 7.20 24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Madopar HBS Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.25.00 .17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Madopar 250 Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.17.97 .37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Sinemet Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.37.15 .32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Sinemet CR Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.32.67 7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100 100	Sinemet Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
7.20 .24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100 100	Ramipex Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100	Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
.24.39 2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100 100	Ramipex Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
2.78 5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100 100	Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100	Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100	Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
5.00 7.72 .16.51	100 100	Apo-Ropinirole Apo-Ropinirole
7.72 .16.51	100	Apo-Ropinirole
.16.51	100	
100 50		
120 50		
100 50		
100 50		
1 5 2 511	100	Tasmar
102.00	100	rasmar
350.00	6	Suprane
	0	ouprane
0.57 0.0	F	Precedex
357.00	5	Precedex
)20.00	6	Aerrane
.27.00	1	Biomed
.25.00	1	Biomed
.14.00	1	Biomed
.47.05	5	Ketamine-Claris
	F	Provive MCT-LCT 1%
5.27		Fresofol 1% MCT/LC
•	020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00 47.05	27.00 1 25.00 1 14.00 1

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule	2019 840.00	6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Ser		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Sep-	15 to 201820.25	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Sep- Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	15 to 201820.70	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag		5	Marcain
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	115.00	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
3UPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	92.00	10	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE	00.00	F	Maraaia
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule		5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe		1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			

	-	rice excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
THYL CHLORIDE				
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]		- 10	-	
Crm 4%			5 g	LMX4
		27.00	30 g	LMX4
		o (o		.
Gel 2% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		3.40	20 ml	Orion
Soln 4% Spray 10%		75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020			200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		50.00	200 111	Mucosoottie
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		8.75	25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule			1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial			5	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		6.90	25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule		2.40	1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial		12.00	5	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe		81.50	10	Pfizer
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALIN	١E			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule		27.00	10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		60.00	5	Xylocaine
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALIN	IE AND TET	RACAINE I	HYDROC	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%	%, 5 ml			
syringe - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	·····	17.50	1	Topicaine
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEX				•
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		81.50	10	Pfizer
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEP			IDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%				
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		45.00	30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg			30 y 20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g			5	EMLA
		-5.00	5	
IEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		12 60	50	Soondonaat 2%
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			50 50	Scandonest 3% Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		43.00	50	Scandonest 3%
RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		~~ ~~	_	0.1
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial			5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		55.00	10	Citanest
RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	29.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.15	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.55	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Naropin
		•	
Gel 4%			
Gel 4%			
Analgesics			
Analyesics			
Non-Opioid Analgesics			
ASPIRIN			
Tab dispersible 300 mg – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	3.90	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below			
Crm 0.075%		45 g	Zostrix HP
→ Restricted		0	
nitiation			

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and

2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

PARACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms on the next page	
Tab soluble 500 mg 1.60 20 F	Paragesic Soluble
Tab 500 mg	
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	Paracare
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml	Paracare Double
	Strength
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg	Biomed
Suppos 50 mg	Biomed
Suppos 125 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	Paracare
(Paragesic Soluble Tab soluble 500 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)	

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
ntravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are		cal, or whe	ere there is reduced
absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed even	ery 24 hours.		
SUCROSE			
Oral liq 25%			
Opioid Analgesics			
ALFENTANIL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	34.38	10	HameIn
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		10	- Tallon
Tab 15 mg – 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	E 7E	100	PSM
Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		100	PSM
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		100	PSM
č		100	F JWI
	0.55	<u></u>	DUO Osatinus
Tab long-acting 60 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	9.55	60	DHC Continus
ENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10 10	Biomed Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Diomed
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	2.05	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	11 40	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
		U	r ontanyr oundoe
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1 05	10	Methatabs
Oral lig 2 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		200 ml	Biodone
Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	61.00	10	AFT
NORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.04	000 ml	DA Marah
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Oral lig 2 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml 200 ml	RA-Morph RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml	RA-Morph RA-Morph
Oral lig 10 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml	RA-Morph
Ordering 10 mg per mi = 1/0 DV Oct-13 to 2010	20.00	200 111	

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE	•	-	
Tab long-acting 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.93	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg		10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe		5	bioineu
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.27	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.47	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.76	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.19	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
IORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	42 72	5	DBL Morphine Tartrate
		•	
DXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.00	00	
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 80 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Cap immediate-release 5 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	8.57	5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 1% DV			
Sep-17 to 2020		1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)

	Price	Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE	•		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	4 46	10	PSM
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	0.20		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.98	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.12	5	DBL Pethidine
SM Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)			Hydrochloride
EMIFENTANIL	10.05	-	Demifentenil AFT
Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5 5	Remifentanil-AFT Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		Э	Remnentanii-AF i
	4.55	00	Turnel OD 400
Tab sustained release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab sustained-release 200 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20 20	Tramal SR 150 Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml	2.20	100	Allow-Italilauoi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Tramal 100
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
MITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	1.96	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	2.51	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
LOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.68	100	Apo-Clomipramine
OSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 75 mg		100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg	6.45	100	Dopress
OXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
1IPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg		50	Tofranil
	6.58	60	Tofranil
T / 4 T			
Tab 25 mg IAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE		50	Tofranil

Tab 25 mg Tab 75 mg

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation of → Tab 30 mg	only		
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	3.00	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
HENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg			
RANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
IOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		500 100	Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Moclobemide
Other Antidepressants			
IIRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		30	Apo-Mirtazapine
Tab 45 mg – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	3.25	30	Apo-Mirtazapine
ENLAFAXINE			
Cap 37.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	6.38	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84	Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
	1 70	~ /	
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	1./9	84	PSM Citalopram
SCITALOPRAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		28	Escitalopram-Apotex
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	1.90	28	Escitalopram-Apotex
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		30	Arrow-Fluoxetine Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	1.99	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
	4.00	~~	Anna Damandina
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	4.02	90	Apo-Paroxetine
ERTRALINE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		90	Arrow-Sertraline
Tab 400 mm 40/ DV 0 mm 40 to 0040	5.25	90	Arrow-Sertraline
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			
5			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Antiepilepsy Drugs Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
Antiepilepsy Drugs		5	Rivotril

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
UIAZEPAM Č	1 01	Manufacturor
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 11.83 Rectal tubes 5 mg 33.07 Rectal tubes 10 mg 40.87	5 5 5	Hospira Stesolid Stesolid
LORAZEPAM Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial PARALDEHYDE		
Inj 5 ml ampoule		
PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	5 5	Hospira Hospira
Control of Epilepsy		
CARBAMAZEPINE Tab 200 mg	100 100 100	Tegretol Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg 34.58 Tab long-acting 400 mg 39.17 Oral liq 20 mg per ml 26.37	100 100 250 ml	Tegretol Tegretol CR Tegretol
CLOBAZAM Tab 10 mg		
CLONAZEPAM Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml		
ETHOSUXIMIDE Cap 250 mg Oral lig 50 mg per ml		
GABAPENTIN – Restricted see terms below Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin		
Cap 100 mg7.16	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin Nupentin
Cap 300 mg11.00	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin Nupentin
Cap 400 mg13.75	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin Nupentin
Restricted Initiation – preoperative and/or postoperative use Limited to 8 days treatment		
Initiation – pain management of burns patients Re-assessment required after 1 month Continuation – pain management of burns patients		
Re-assessment required after 1 month The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.		

 Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 (ex man: exci. GOT) \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - epilepsy

Re-assessment required after 15 months Fither:

- 1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents.

Note: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Continuation - epilepsy

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life.

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

Initiation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Re-assessment required after 3 months Fither:

1 The patient has been diagnosed with neuropathic pain; or

2 Both:

- The patient has Chronic Kidney Disease Stage 5-associated pruritus* where no other cause for pruritus can be identified (e.g. scabies, allergy); and
- 2.2 The patient has persistent pruritus not relieved with a trial of emollient/moisturising creams alone.

Continuation – Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Either:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a marked improvement in their control of pain or itch (prescriber determined); or
- 2 The patient has previously demonstrated clinical responsiveness to gabapentin and has now developed neuropathic pain in a new site.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. Dosage adjustment of gabapentin is recommended for patients with renal impairment.

LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
t	Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
	•	200.24	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	•	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg		56	Vimpat
	Ini 10 ma nor ml 00 ml viol			

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial
 Bestricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

LAMOTRIGINE Tala di

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LAMOTRIGINE			
Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg		56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	9.64	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg	20.40	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	29.09		Lamictal
	19.38		Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg		56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	47.89		Lamictal
	32.97		Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg		56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
· · ·	79.16		Lamictal
	56.91		Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			•
Tab 250 mg		60	Everet
Tab 500 mg		60	Everet
Tab 750 mg		60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg		60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV May-18 to 2019		10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	20.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		500	PSM
5		500	FOW
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
PREGABALIN			
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin			
Cap 25 mg – 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	2.25	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg – 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg – 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE			j
Tab 250 mg			
SODIUM VALPROATE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral liq 40 mg per ml	10.00	4	Enilim IV
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Epilim IV

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg	509.29	60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	509.29	60	Diacomit

Restricted Initiation

Initiation

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
-	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
C C	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
-	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg		60	Topamax
			-

VIGABATRIN – **Restricted** see terms below

Tab 500 mg

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
- 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages. Continuation

Both:

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- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg		
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg		
RIZATRIPTAN		
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen42.67	2	Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine		
PIZOTIFEN		
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201823.21	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents		
APREPITANT – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	3	Emend Tri-Pack
↓ Cap 40 mg71.43	5	Emend
➡ Restricted		
Initiation		
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemo malignancy.	therapy for	the treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20202.89	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 20180.59	20	Nauzene

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	r	Price		Brand or
		excl. GST)		Generic
	,	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CYCLIZINE LACTATE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		3.20	100	Prokinex
DROPERIDOL				
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2019		.35.00	10	Droperidol Panpharma
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE				
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	Hospira
Patch 1.5 mg		.11.95	2	Scopoderm TTS
➡ Restricted Initiation				
Any of the following:				
1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow sa	aliva in the	e treatment o	of maligna	ancy or chronic disease
where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately resport				
2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at le			•	
ineffective; or				
3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cycl	lizine, dro	peridol and	a 5HT3 ai	ntagonist have proven
ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.				
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		1 30	100	Metoclopramide
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sal-16 to 2020		1.50	100	Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		4.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON				
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019			50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		0.95	10	Ondansetron
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019		4 77	50	ODT-DRLA Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 8 mg – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020			10	Ondansetron
				ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			5	Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		2.20	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE				
Tab buccal 3 mg		6.05	250	Nausafix
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		0.35	250	Nausanx
Suppos 25 mg				
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE – Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 25 mg				
TROPISETRON				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		8.95	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			1	Tropisetron-AFT
, or,				- F

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Antipsychotic Agents				
General				
MISULPRIDE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	4.56	30	Sulprix	
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	14.75	60	Sulprix	
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		60	Sulprix	
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		60 ml	Solian	
RIPIPRAZOLE – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 5 mg		30	Abilify	
Tab 10 mg		30	Abilify	
Tab 15 mg		30	Abilify	
Tab 20 mg		30	Abilify	
Tab 30 mg		30	Abilify	

Initiation - schizophrenia or related psychoses

Anv specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effect; or
 - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

Initiation - Autism spectrum disorder*

Psychiatrist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder* and has symptoms of severe irritability; and
- 2 An effective dose of risperidone has been trialled and has been discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate response; and
- 3 The patient is aged less than 18 years.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml Oral liq 20 mg per ml Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

	Drice		Drand ar
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man: exci. GOT) \$	Per	Manufacturer
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg	6 69	50	Clopine
100 20 mg	13.37	100	Clopine
	5.69	50	Clozaril
	11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg		50	Clopine
	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
	34.65	100	Clopine
	14.73	50	Clozaril
	29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
1 ab 200 mg	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 ml	Clopine
		100 111	Ciopine
HALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	21.55	10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	47 89	10	Wockhardt
		10	Wookharat
Tab long-acting 400 mg	04.00	500	Little and EQ
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		500	Lithicarb FC
Tab 400 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Lithicarb FC
Cap 250 mg	9.42	100	Douglas
OLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0.64	28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.25	28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.05	28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial			
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1 70	90	Quotopol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90 90	Quetapel Quetapel
Tab 200 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90 90	Quetapel
v		90 90	•
Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.00	90	Quetapel

	Price		Brand or
(e	ex man. excl. GST)	Den	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
RISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	1.86	60	Actavis
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.29	60	Actavis
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.50	60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	3.43	60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	7.66	30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg		100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
LUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
ALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate
		0	naidor concontrato
DLANZAPINE - Restricted see terms below	000.00		7 Dalama
Inj 210 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 405 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
➡ Restricted			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 75 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	1		3

1 Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **1** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

 Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	217.56	1	Risperdal Consta
⇒	Restricted			·

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol e.g. Clopixol Conc
Anxiolytics			
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	23.80	100	Orion
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	14.96	100	Orion
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	. 15.05	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500	Arrow-Diazepam

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ORAZEPAM	Ŷ		
Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.70	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		250 100	Ativan
C C		100	Auvan
DXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.53	100	Ox-Pam
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments			
DIMETHYL FUMARATE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 120 mg		14	Tecfidera
Cap 240 mg	2,000.00	56	Tecfidera
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved su but in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).	bject to eligibility according to	the En	try and Stopping criteria (set
INGOLIMOD – Restricted see terms below	0.050.00	00	0'1
Cap 0.5 mg → Restricted	2,650.00	28	Gilenya
nitiation			
Dnly for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis	Treatment Assessment Comr	nittoo (N	(ISTAC) Applications will be
considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved su but in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).			
VATALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial	1,750.00	1	Tysabri
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved su but in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).			
ERIFLUNOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 14 mg		28	Aubagio
→ Restricted			J.
nitiation			
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis	Treatment Assessment Comr	nittee (N	MSTAC). Applications will be

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

➡ Restricted

Initiation

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Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

	Price		Brand or Conorio
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the pre			
1 Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector.		4	Avonex Pen
t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe		4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on the previ			
t Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial	ouo pugo		
Sedatives and Hypnotics			
CHLORAL HYDRATE			
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
Oral liq 200 mg per ml			
LORMETAZEPAM – Restricted: For continuation only			
➡ Tab 1 mg			
MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab modified-release 2 mg		30	Circadin
Tab 3 mg			
Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulati	on, for in-hospital use or	ıly.	
Restricted Initiation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder	or		
Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist	51		
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing i (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or att Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses r Patient is aged 18 years or under. 	ention deficit hyperactivi or are inappropriate; an	ty disorde d	er); and
Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental dis	order		
Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and			· (-l'alalan datamain d) - ad
 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin 			
recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and	uiscomunuation within ti	ie past 12	montins and has had a
4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses r	o greater than 10 mg pe	er dav.	
Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are			
Both:			
1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone ar	e contraindicated; and		
2 For in-hospital use only.			
MIDAZOLAM			
Tab 7.5 mg	40.00	100	Hypnovel
Oral liq 2 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018		10	Midazolam-Claris
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018	2.50	5	Midazolam-Claris
NITRAZEPAM			
Tab 5 mg	5.22	100	Nitrados
PHENOBARBITONE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EMAZEPAM				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1.27	25	Normison
RIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only				
Tab 125 mcg				
 Tab 250 mcg 				
OPICLONE				
Tab 7.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		0.98 8.99	30 500	Zopiclone Actavis Zopiclone Actavis
Stimulants / ADHD Treatments				
TOMOXETINE – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 10 mg		107.03	28	Strattera
Cap 18 mg		107.03	28	Strattera
Cap 25 mg			28	Strattera
Cap 40 mg		107.03	28	Strattera
Cap 60 mg			28	Strattera
Cap 80 mg			28	Strattera
Cap 100 mg		139.11	28	Strattera
Restricted itiation				
 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Diso 	iuei) ulayilosi	eu accorunig		
 2 Once-daily dosing; and 3 Any of the following: 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimula adverse reactions or where the combination of subs unacceptable medical risk; or 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimula there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimula there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised of inadequate clinical response; or 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimula history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative w 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetime except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimolate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or diverse. A "Subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently mmediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or diverse. EXAMFETAMINE SULFATE – Restricted see terms below 	idised stimula ant has resulte d stimulant the imulant has b ant is consider th schizophre e in combinati- mulant therap listed methylp	Int treatment ed in worsen erapy; or een trialled a red inapprop mia; and on with a sul y to atomoxe henidate hyd	with ano ing of co- and has b riate beca osidised f stine. drochloric	ther agent would pose an morbid substance abuse o een discontinued because ause the patient has a ormulation of a stimulant,

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_			Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	tinued				
Init	iation – Narcolepsy				
	urologist or respiratory specialist				
Re	assessment required after 24 months				
Pat	ient suffers from narcolepsy.				
Co	ntinuation – Narcolepsy				
Ne	urologist or respiratory specialist				
Re	assessment required after 24 months				
The	e treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from tre	eatment.			
ME	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms be	ow			
ſ	Tab extended-release 18 mg.		58.96	30	Concerta
İ	Tab extended-release 27 mg.			30	Concerta
i	Tab extended-release 36 mg.			30	Concerta
i	Tab extended-release 54 mg.			30	Concerta
i	Tab immediate-release 5 mg.			30	Rubifen
i	Tab immediate-release 0 mg			30	Ritalin
•	Tab ininediate-release to mg			50	Rubifen
ſ	Tab immediate-release 20 mg		7 05	30	Rubifen
i					
ŧ	Tab sustained-release 20 mg			100	Ritalin SR
ſ	Con modified valuess 10 mm		10.95	30	Rubifen SR
ţ	Cap modified-release 10 mg			30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 20 mg			30	Ritalin LA
-	Cap modified-release 30 mg			30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 40 mg		.30.60	30	Ritalin LA
	Restricted				
	iation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formu	lations)			
	ediatrician or psychiatrist				
	ient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagno			M-IV or	ICD 10 criteria.
	iation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release f	ormulati	ions)		
Ne	rologist or respiratory specialist				
	assessment required after 24 months				
Pat	ient suffers from narcolepsy.				
Со	ntinuation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-relea	ase form	ulations)		
Ne	urologist or respiratory specialist				
Re	assessment required after 24 months				
The	e treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from tre	eatment.			
Init	iation – Extended-release and modified-release formulations				
Pa	ediatrician or psychiatrist				
Bot	h:				
	1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) 2 Either:	, diagnos	ed according	g to DSN	I-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
	 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylpl sustained-release) which has not been effective due to s 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion hydrochloride. 	ignificant	administrati	ion and/o	or compliance difficulties; or
-	DAFINIL – Restricted see terms below				
	Tab 100 mg				
⇒	Restricted				
	iation – Narcolepsy				
NIO	rologist or respiratory specialist				

Neurologist or respiratory specialist *Re-assessment required after 24 months* All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$	F	er	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects: or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZII HYDROCHI OBIDE

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	90 90	Donepezil-Rex Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below		
Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	30	Exelon
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	30	Exelon
➡ Restricted		

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate: and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BU	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg57.40	28	S
	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg	28	S

28	Suboxone
28	Suboxone

Restricted

Initiation – Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Initiation – Maintenance treatment All of the following:				
 Patient is opioid dependent; and Patient will not be receiving methadone; and Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment and Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the 			pproved	by the Ministry of Health;
BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab modified-release 150 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 DISULFIRAM		.11.00	30	Zyban
Tab 200 mg		.44.30	100	Antabuse
VALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		112.55	30	Naltraccord
Initiation – Alcohol dependence Both:				
2 Nattrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		. 16.00	28	Habitrol
Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020 Patch 21 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020			28 28	Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette QuickMis
		10.01	216	Mouth Spray Habitrol
Lozenge 1 mg – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020 Lozenge 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020 Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			216	Habitrol e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		.33.69	384	Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
Gum 4 mg – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		.38.95	384	Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
 → Restricted nitiation Any of the following: For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' ins For use within mental health inpatient units; or 	truction; or			
3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the	hospital fa	cilities.		
/ARENICLINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 14 ↓ Tab 1 mg			25 28 56	Champix Champix Champix
→ Restricted Initiation				

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

	UNCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS				
	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Chemotherapeutic Agents					
Alkylating Agents					
BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms belo Inj 25 mg vial inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation - treatment naive CLL All of the following: 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A ch 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and	1,	085.38	8	1 1 emia rec	Ribomustin Ribomustin quiring treatment; and
 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 1 6 cycles. Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lympho 	of < 6; and 00 mg/m ² o cytic lympho	oma (S	SLL). C	hemoth	
to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen at initiation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas <i>Re-assessment required after 9 months</i> All of the following: 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; 2 Deticate here of WLO performance at the of 0.0 and		ve trea	Itments	i.	
 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and 3 Either: 2.1 Path: 					
 3.1 Both: 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maxi CD20+); or 	mum of 6 c	ycles	(in corr	binatior	with rituximab when
 3.2 All of the following: 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease followi 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamusti 3.2.3 Either: 			erapy; a	and	
 3.2.3.1 Both: 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administer combination with rituximab when 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatr 	CD20+); an	d			
3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as refractory patients. Continuation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas					
Re-assessment required after 9 months Both: 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within th	na last 12 m	onthe	and		

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy	for a maximum of 6 (cycles in ri	ituximab refractory patients.
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, macroglobulinaemia.	marginal zone and ly	ymphoplas	smacytic/ Waldenström's
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		100	Myleran
CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	532.00	1	BiCNU
CHLORAMBUCIL Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg		50	Endoxan
	158.00	100	Procytox
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE			
Inj 1 g vial	96.00	1	Holoxan
lnj 2 g vial		1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE		•	
	122 50	20	Ceenu
Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg		20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial THIOTEPA Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	150.48	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D] Inj 0.5 mg vial		1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018 Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxorubi Inj 50 mg vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	20.00 20.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1	Epirubicin Ebewe

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1 1	Zavedos Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 MITOZANTRONE	204.08	1	Arrow
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
Antimetabolites			
AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial	605.00	1	Vidaza
 All of the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring Systers syndrome; or The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (1 or The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndroc chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 mo Continuation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i>	0%-29% marrow blast b blasts and multi-linea ; and ome resulting from cher	s without ge dyspla	myeloproliferative disorder); sia, according to World
Both: 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting	from treatment.		
CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		60 120	Brinov Brinov
CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5,249.72	7	Leustatin
CYTARABINE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		5 1	Pfizer Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 50 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	412.00	20 5	Fludara Oral Fludarabine Ebewe
FLUOROURACIL Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1 1 1	Fluorouracil Ebewe Fluorouracil Ebewe Fluorouracil Ebewe

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg		25	Puri-nethol
METHOTBEXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe	14.77	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe	14.88	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe	15.09	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	DBL Methotrexate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	45.00	1	Onco-Vial DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED – Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019		1	Juno Pemetrexed
→ Restricted			

Initiation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

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- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and

2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

Other Cytotoxic Agents		
AMSACRINE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule Inj 75 mg		
ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 0.5 mg		
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial4,817.00	10	AFT
BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 3.5 mg vial - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	1	Velcade
Initiation – treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis Limited to 15 months treatment Both:		
 Either: The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis; and Maximum of 9 treatment cycles. 		
Initiation – relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis Re-assessment required after 8 months All of the following: 1 Either:		
 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis; and The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myelom. The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and Maximum of 4 treatment cycles. 	a or amyl	oidosis; and
Continuation – relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis		

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Pri			Brand or
(ex man. e	. '	Per	Generic Manufacturer
COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE]			
Inj 10,000 iu vial10	2.32	1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE			
Inj 200 mg vial5	8.06	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg	0.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg		10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Apr-16 to 2018	7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial	0.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA			
Cap 500 mg	1.76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.50	1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
€ Cap 10 mg	7.00	21	Revlimid
↓ Cap 15 mg		21	Revlimid
↓ Cap 25 mg		21	Revlimid
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Haematologist			

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and

- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication (refer to Interpretations and Definitions). A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 750 iu per ml, 5 ml via	1	1	Oncaspar
➡ Restricted			
Initiation - Newly diagnose	d ALL		
Limited to 12 months treatme	nt		
All of the following:			

142

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)			Brand or
(ex mar			ST)	Generic
·	\$		Per	Manufacturer
continued				
1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and				
2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent che	emoth	erapy ti	reatmen	t protocol; and
3 Treatment is with curative intent.				
nitiation – Relapsed ALL				
Limited to 12 months treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and				
2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent che	emoth	erapy ti	reatmen	t protocol; and
3 Treatment is with curative intent.				
PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]				
Inj 10 mg vial				
PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Cap 50 mg	108 0	0	50	Natulan
	400.0		00	Natalan
TEMOZOLOMIDE – Restricted see terms below	10.0		-	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 5 mg – 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019 Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019			5 5	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019			5	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 100 mg = 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019			5	Orion Temozolomide
■ Restricted		0	5	
nitiation – High grade gliomas				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:				
1 Either:				
1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or				
1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and				
2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiother	apv: a	nd		
3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maxim			s treatm	nent per cycle at a maximi
dose of 200 mg/m ² per day.				
nitiation – Neuroendocrine tumours				

Initiation – Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation – High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)			Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exc \$	". uor)	Per	Manufacturer
ontinued				
ontinuation – Neuroendocrine tumours				
e-assessment required after 6 months				
oth:				
1 No evidence of disease progression; and				
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitt	ing from treatme	ent.		
ote: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Tem	ozolomide is no	t funded	for the t	reatment of relapsed high
rade glioma.				
HALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 50 mg		00	28	Thalomid
Cap 100 mg	756.	00	28	Thalomid
Restricted				
itiation				
e-assessment required after 12 months				
ny of the following:				
1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or				
2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or				
3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.				
ontinuation				
atient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial app	proval period.			
otes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the		k manag	ement p	rogramme operated by th
upplier				
laximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination	therapy regime	n		
dication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication				
RETINOIN				
Cap 10 mg		50	100	Vesanoid
Platinum Compounds				
ARBOPLATIN				
	15	07	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			1	DBL Carboplatin
	14.	05		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	14.	05	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 SPLATIN	14. 32.	05 59	1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	14. 	05 59 29	1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	14. 	05 59 29	1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN	14. 	05 59 29 46	1 1 1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 SPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018		05 59 29 46 32	1 1 1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin Oxaliccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN		05 59 29 46 32	1 1 1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018		05 59 29 46 32	1 1 1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin Oxaliccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018		05 59 29 46 32	1 1 1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin Oxaliccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 SPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	14. 	05 59 29 46 32 00	1 1 1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin Oxaliccord Oxaliccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Roser ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 ASATINIB – Restricted see terms below	14. 	05 59 29 46 32 00	1 1 1 1 1	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin Oxaliccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 SPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 XALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 ASATINIB – Restricted see terms below Tab 20 mg		05 59 29 46 32 00 06 20	1 1 1 1 1 1 60	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin Oxaliccord Oxaliccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 SALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Totein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors ASATINIB – Restricted see terms below Tab 20 mg Tab 50 mg		05 59 29 46 32 00 00 06 20 58	1 1 1 1 1 1 60 60	DBL Carboplatin DBL Carboplatin DBL Cisplatin DBL Cisplatin Oxaliccord Oxaliccord Sprycel Sprycel

Initiation

For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
ERLOTINIB – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 100 mg			30	Tarceva
Tab 150 mg	1,1	46.00	30	Tarceva
➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
Re-assessment required after 4 months				
All of the following:				
1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non				
2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresse	s activating r	nutations of	EGFR ty	rosine kinase; and
3 Either:				
3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or				
3.2 Both:				
3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to in	tolerance; ar	nd		
3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib;	and			
4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.				
Continuation				
Re-assessment required after 6 months				
Both:				
1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indic	ates NSCLC	has not pro	gressed;	and
2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.				
GEFITINIB – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 250 mg	1 7	00.00	30	Iressa
Tab 250 mg ⇒ Restricted		00.00	30	llessa
Initiation				
Re-assessment required after 4 months				
All of the following:				
1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, nor	n-canamone	Non Small	Cell Lung	Cancer (NSCLC); and
2 Either:	ir squamous	Non Omai		
2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or				
2.2 Both:				
	toloronoo: or	ad a		
2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to in		IU		
2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib;				an literan and
3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses ac	clivating muta	ations of EG	FR tyrosi	ne kinase; and
4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.				
Continuation				
Re-assessment required after 6 months				
Both:				
1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indic	ates NSCLC	has not pro	gressed;	and
2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.				
IMATINIB MESILATE				
Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intes	tinal Stromal	Tumours (GIST). Th	e Glivec brand of imatinib
mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under S	pecial Autho	rity for patie	ents with u	unresectable and/or
metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pha				
Tab 100 mg	2,4	00.00	60	Glivec
➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Both:				
				continued.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Cap 400 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		60 30	Imatinib-AFT Imatinib-AFT
LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg	. 1,899.00	70	Tykerb
 Destadated 			

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology): and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance: and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680	.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg	.00 1	120	Tasigna
	Destricted			

Restricted

Initiation Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in 2 Either:	n blast crisis, accele	erated phase	e, or in chronic phase; and
2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with ir 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with	'	further trea	tment with imatinib; and
3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.			
Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. Continuation			
Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i> All of the following:			
 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leuka Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is bened Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and Subsidised for use as monotherapy only. 			
PAZOPANIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg		30 30	Votrient
↓ Tab 400 mg → Restricted	2,009.40	30	Votrient
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
All of the following:			
1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment;	or		
2.3 Both:	01		
2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 32.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib;		eatment du	e to intolerance; and
 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and 5 All of the following: 	e 0-2); and		
5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of	normal: and		
5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and			
5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/l			
5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start		and	
5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 7	(0; and		
5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis. Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
Both:			
1 No evidence of disease progression; and			
2. The treatment remains appropriate and the nationt is henefitin	a from troatmont		

2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SUNITINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 12.5 mg	2,315.38	28	Sutent
↓ Cap 25 mg		28	Sutent
Cap 50 mg		28	Sutent

Restricted

Initiation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

1 Any of the following:

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
- 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
- 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

DOCETAXEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.40	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	26.95	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	20.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	26.69	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe

Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects

CALCIUM FOLINATE

Tab 15 mg	.26	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule18	.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial7	.33	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
7	.30		Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial22	.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial20	.95	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial67		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019273	.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	.50	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	.35	15	Uromitexan

Vinca Alkaloids

VINBLASTINE SULPHATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Navelbine

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg	4,276.19	120	Zytiga
Restricted			
Initiation Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist			
Re-assessment required after 5 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has prostate cancer; and			
2 Patient has metastases; and			
3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and			
4 Either:			
4.1 All of the following:			
4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and		م الم الم	
4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PS4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and	,	anu-anur	ogen merapy, and
4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane ch			
4.2 All of the following:	,		
4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following prior of	hemotherapy contai	ning a tay	kane: and
4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and		3	
4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abirateror	ne.		
Continuation			
Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist			
Re-assessment required after 5 months			
All of the following: 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and			
2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and			
3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and			
4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting	from treatment.		
BICALUTAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg		100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE			
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 10 mg vial		1	Sandostatin LAR
 Inj 20 mg vial Inj 30 mg vial 	,	1 1	Sandostatin LAR Sandostatin LAR
➡ Restricted		I	
Initiation – Malignant bowel obstruction			
All of the following:			

All of the following:

1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation – acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:

2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or

- 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
- 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg	100	Genox
Tab 20 mg	30	Genox
12 50	100	Genov

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	5.04	30	Rolin
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
LETROZOLE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	2.95	30	Letrole
Imaging Agents			
AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms	below		
Fowder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
	44,000.00	10	Gliolan
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – high grade malignant glioma			
All of the following:			

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg		50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 0.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 1 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 5 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

Restricted

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - Steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome*

Any specialist

Either:

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- 1 The patient is a child with steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome* (SRNS) where ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is an adult with SRNS; and
 - 2.2 Ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; and
 - 2.3 Cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate have been trialled and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response, or these treatments are contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT – Restricted see terms on the next page	
Inj 25 mg vial	rel
Inj 50 mg autoinjector	rel
Inj 50 mg syringe	rel

t Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **t** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either: 1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

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1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and

1.2 Either:

1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or

² All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and

1.2 Either:

1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Fither:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation – plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment. **Continuation – plaque psoriasis**

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Patient continues to require treatment; and

3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD): or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of olucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg. non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	dergoing percutaneous coronai	1 ry interv	ReoPro ention; or
ADALIMUMAB – Restricted see terms below Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen		2	Humira HumiraPen
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe Bestricted	-	2	Humira

Restricted

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

1 Fither:

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1.1 Both:

Pr	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at

www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

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- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation – Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

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1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and

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- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

2.7 Either:

- 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing

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at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and

- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and

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- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as

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assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment. **Continuation – plaque psoriasis**

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizun rules; and	nab for AOSD in a DHB hosp	oital in acc	ordance with the Section H
1.2 Either:			
1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable s1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient ben tocilizumab such that they do not meet the	efit from at least a three-mor	nth trial of	
2 All of the following:			
 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the No. 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) a 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling point of the statement of the	months of glucocorticoster	oids at a d	,.
Continuation – adult-onset Still's disease			
Rheumatologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i> The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory mark	kers and functional status.		
BASILIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 20 mg vial		1	Simulect
Initiation For use in solid organ transplants.			
BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial ↓ Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial → Restricted			
Initiation Either:			
 Ocular neovascularisation; or Exudative ocular angiopathy. 			
CETUXIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial Restricted		1 1	Erbitux Erbitux
Initiation Medical oncologist All of the following:			
 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamou Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin Patient has good performance status; and To be administered in combination with radiation therap 	; and	d neck; an	d
INFLIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg – 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020 → Restricted Initiation – Graft vs host disease Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of th		1	Remicade

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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and

2 Either:

2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

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2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>
- 3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or

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3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation – Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease: and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
 - 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
 - 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
 - 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

1 Fither:

- 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist *Limited to 6 weeks* treatment Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

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- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation – plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation – neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and

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- 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation – severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- 1 Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- 2 Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg per ml, 40 ml vial	5,910.00	1	Gazyva
-	Restricted			

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Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

 * greater than or equal to 1.5 \times 10 $^{9}/L$ and platelets greater than or equal to 75 \times 10 $^{9}/L$

OMALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on the next page

t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow above); t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow below)

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Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and

3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg per ml,	14 ml vial		1	Perjeta
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➡ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

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Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Age-related macular degeneration; or
- 1.2 Chorodial neovascular membrane; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has had a severe ophthalmic inflammatory response following bevacizumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has had a myocardial infarction or stroke within the last three months; or
 - 2.3 The patient has failed to respond to bevacizumab following three intraocular injections; or
 - 2.4 The patient is of child-bearing potential and has not completed a family.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 Documented benefit after three doses must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 In the case of but previous non-response to bevacizumab, a retrial of bevacizumab is required to confirm non-response before continuing with ranibizumab.

RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

l	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30	1	Mabthera

➡ Restricted

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

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1 Both:

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- 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant. **Initiation aggressive CD20 positive NHL**

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and

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- 6 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 7 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
- 2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since the commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
- 3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and

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- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and

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- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

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- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
- 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Either:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

continued...

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*: and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mo/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential: or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*: and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mo/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine. mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection*.

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	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

ontinued		excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ote: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.				
ILTUXIMAB – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018			1	Sylvant
Inj 400 mg vial − 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 Restricted	3,0	182.33	1	Sylvant
hitiation				
aematologist or rheumatologist				
Re-assessment required after 6 months				
Il of the following:				
 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Ca Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has prove 				
3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11				
continuation				
aematologist or rheumatologist				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
he treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained in	nprovement i	n inflammato	ory marke	ers and functional status.
OCILIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below				A . I
Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			1 1	Actemra Actemra
Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			1	Actemra
 Restricted 		00100		
nitiation – Rheumatoid Arthritis				
heumatologist				
le-assessment required after 6 months ither:				
1 All of the following:				
1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority appro	wal for adalim	umah and/o	or etaner	cent for rheumatoid arthritis
and				
1.2 Either:				
1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side e	effects from a	dalimumab	and/or et	anercept; or
1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit fro				
etanercept such that they do not meet the ren	ewal criteria	for rheumato	old arthrit	is; and
1.3 Either:			D \	
1.3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic	citrullinated	peptide (CC	P) antibo	odies and rheumatoid factor
or 1.3.2 Both:				
1.3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituxim	ah for rheum	atoid arthriti	s in a DH	IB hospital in accordance
with the Section H rules; and				
1.3.2.2 Either:				
1.3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced into	lerable side e	effects from	rituximab	; or
1.3.2.2.2 At four months following the initia				
benefit such that they do not mee 2 All of the following:	et the renewa	I criteria for	rheumato	oid arthritis; or

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- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and

2.5 Either:

- 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

1 Both:

1.1 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
- 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.5 Both:

2.5.1 Either:

- 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
- 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation – cytokine release syndrome

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1331 trial; and
- 2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial3,875.00	1	Herceptin

Restricted

Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and

2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
- 2.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

N۱	VOLUMAB – Restricted see terms on the next page			
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1,051.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2,629.96	1	Opdivo

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and

4 Either:

4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or

4.2 Both:

- 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial	2,340.00	1	Keytruda	

Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

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- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Immunosuppressants			
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2,351.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	9.66	100	Imuran
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019		100	Imuran
Inj 50 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		1	Imuran
			maran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) – Restricted see terms be ↓ Inj 2-8 × 10°8 CFU vial		1	OncoTICE
Finite 2-8 × 10 8 CPO viai ⇒ Restricted	149.37	1	UNCOTICE
Initiation			
For use in bladder cancer.			
EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg	4 555 76	30	Afinitor
Tab 10 mg		30	Afinitor
➡ Restricted	0,01==0		
Initiation			
Neurologist or oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
Both:			
 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell 	astroautomaa (SEC As)	that requ	iro trootmont
	asirocytomas (SEGAS)	inai requ	ne neannenn.
Continuation Neurologist or oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by		onths; and	
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiti	ng from treatment; and		
3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.			
Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months,			
of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomi	ung, or increase in seizi	life activity	у.
MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL	05.00		0 110
Tab 500 mg		50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg		100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml		165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial	133.33	4	CellCept
PICIBANIL			
Inj 100 mg vial			
SIROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 1 mg		100	Rapamune
Tab 2 mg		100	Rapamune
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		60 ml	Rapamune
Restricted			
Initiation For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient			

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- HUS or TTP; or
- Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiallergy Preparations			
Allergic Emergencies			
ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe	haryngeal or sever		
2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed up Continuation <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> The tractment tempine conversions and the patient is herefitting from		for self-admin	istration.
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from Allergy Desensitisation	treatment.		
BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below I Maintenance kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluer Restricted Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below I Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Restricted Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising APER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below I Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent I Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Restricted Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising	agent.		
YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below ↓ Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent ↓ Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent → Restricted Initiation Both: ↓ RAST or skin test positive; and ↓ Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising	agent.		
Allergy Prophylactics			
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose		200 dose 200 dose	Alanase Alanase

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
UDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	5.26	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose		200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
LUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.18	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
	4.61	15 ml	Univent
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.01	15 ml	Univent
ODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
ETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	1 01	100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		200 ml	Histaclear
		200 111	notaoloui
Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
YPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg			
EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE			
-	1.00	100	Lorafix
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		120 ml	Lorfast
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	2.15	120 111	Lonasi
ROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	15.54	5	Hospira
RIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
Anticholinergic Agents			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose	to 2010 0.05	00	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-16		20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-16	to 2019 3.52	20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor A	gonists		
ALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per c	lose		
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5			
ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		20	Duolin

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents					
GLYCOPYRRONIUM Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the or umeclidinium.	patient is a	lso re	ceiving	treatment	t with subsidised tiotropium
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		.61.0	0 3	0 dose	Seebri Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also or umeclidinium.	receiving	treatm	nent wit	h subsidis	ed inhaled glycopyrronium
Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose		.50.3	76	0 dose	Spiriva Respimat
Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose		.50.3	73	0 dose	Spiriva
➡ Restricted					
Initiation					
All of the following:					
 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of broncl In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a sho q.i.d for one month; and Either: 					
the patient's breathlessness according to the Medical I 3.1 Grade 3 (stops for breath after walking about 100 mete 3.2 Grade 4 (too breathless to leave the house, or breathle 4 Actual FEV ₁ as a % of predicted, must be below 60%; and 5 Either:	ers or after ess when d	a few	minute	s on the le	evel); or
5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only); c5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking ces6 The patient has been offered annual influenza immunization.		nsellin	ıg; and		
UMECLIDINIUM Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiv tiotropium bromide.	ving treatmo	ent wi	th subs	idised inh	aled glycopyrronium or
Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose		.61.50	0 3	0 dose	Incruse Ellipta

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

t Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 30 dose Ultibro Breezhaler

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see	e terms on the previous	page	
Confort Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg		60 dose	Spiolto Respimat
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms on	the previous page		
t Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg		30 dose	Anoro Ellipta
Antifibrotics			
PIRFENIDONE – Restricted see terms below			
		270	Esbriet
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Respiratory specialist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibro	osis as confirmed by hist	ology, CT o	r biopsy; and
Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 80% predicted; a	and		
3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (S	See Notes).		
Continuation			
Respiratory specialist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is ben	efitting from and tolerati	ng treatmen	t; and
0 Disferri dan state handia santin sadat dia san ang managing (C	N NI	-	

2 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL		
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml2.06	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.00		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20	Asthalin

TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE Oral lig 1 mg per ml

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg

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	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE					
Aqueous nasal spray isotonic					
SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE Soln for nasal irrigation					
XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE					
Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%					
Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%					
Nasal drops 0.05%					
Nasal drops 0.1%					
Inhaled Corticosteroids					
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE					
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose		8.54	12	00 dose	Beclazone 50
		9.30			Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose				00 dose	Beclazone 100
		15.50			Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		.22.67	2	00 dose	Beclazone 250
BUDESONIDE					
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule					
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule					
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose					
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose					
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose					
FLUTICASONE					
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose				20 dose	Flixotide
Develoy for inholation 50 man nov daga		4.68		60 dose	Floair Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose				50 dose 50 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose				20 dose	Flixotide
Aerosof fillialer 123 mcg per dose		7.22		20 0036	Floair
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose				20 dose	Flixotide
		10.18		0000	Floair
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose				60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists					
MONTELUKAST					
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		5.25	5	28	Apo-Montelukast
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019				28	Apo-Montelukast
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		5.65	5	28	Apo-Montelukast
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists					
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE					
Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose					
Powder for inhalation 0 meg per dose					
NDACATEROL					
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose		61.00) (30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 130 mcg per dose				30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
r on doi for initial and foo mog por dood			, (STIDIOZ DIGOZITATO

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	9.90	120 dose	Meterol
	25.00		Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler

Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg		
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL		
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL		
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg14.58	120 dose	RexAir
33.74		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	120 dose	RexAir
44.08		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg44.08	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

Methylxanthines

AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020...... 124.37 5 **DBL Aminophylline CAFFEINE CITRATE** Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)14.85 25 ml Biomed Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule55.75 5 Biomed

THEOPHYLLINE

Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral lig 80 mg per 15 ml

Mucolytics and Expectorants			
DORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
I Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule	.250.00	6	Pulmozyme
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – cystic fibrosis			

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

		Price			Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued		+			
Initiation – significant mucus production					
Limited to 4 weeks treatment					
Both:					
1 Patient is an in-patient; and					
2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest technology	niques.				
Initiation – pleural emphyema					
Limited to 3 days treatment Both:					
1 Patient is an in-patient; and					
2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.					
SODIUM CHLORIDE					
Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle		23.5	0	90 ml	Biomed
		. 20.0	•	00111	Biolitica
Pulmonary Surfactants					
BERACTANT					
Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial	!	550.0	0	1	Survanta
PORACTANT ALFA					
Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial		425.0	0	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial				1	Curosurf
Respiratory Stimulants					

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
· ·			
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	2.48	4 g	Chlorsig
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	0.98	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2020	9.99	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%			
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%	11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1% SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM	4.50	5 g	Fucithalmic
Eye drops 10% TOBRAMYCIN			
Eye oint 0.3%		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	14.92	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml	din		
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp	hate		
6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b		3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN		5 ml 5 ml	Maxitrol Tobradex
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%	12.04	5 III	IUDIQUEX

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL	Ψ	101	Manufacturer
Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%			
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN A	AND NYSTATIN		
Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5	-		
gramicidin 250 mcg per g	5.16	7.5 ml	Kenacomb
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations			
Corticosteroids			
DEXAMETHASONE			
Eye oint 0.1%		3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%		5 ml	Maxidex
Ccular implant 700 mcg	1,444.50	1	Ozurdex
→ Restricted Initiation – Diabetic macular oedema Ophthalmologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic le Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 – 6/48 with Either: 		s of reduction	n in vision; and
 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment w 			
4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more free maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.	equently than once e	very 4 month	ns into each eye, and up to a
Continuation – Diabetic macular oedema			
Ophthalmologist Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determine) Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more free maximum of 3 implants per eye per year. 		every 4 month	ns into each eye, and up to a
Initiation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular of	edema		
Ophthalmologist Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and	functional autorona	a of radiation	n in vision, and
 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 – 6/48 with Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completer 		s of reduction	i ili visioli, allu
4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more fre		verv 4 month	ns into each eve, and up to a
maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.			ie inte suon eye, and up to a
Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macul	ar oedema		
Ophthalmologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 PREDNISOLONE ACETATE	3.09	5 ml	FML
Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	7.00 3.93	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)		20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%		5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1%	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
OLOPATADINE Eye drops 0.1% SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2%	13.60	5 ml	Patanol
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORI Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single d LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%	DE	12	Fluorescite

Irrigation Solutions MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetale 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium chtrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018. 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetale 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetale 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml Jan-16 to 2018. OxyBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE [HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Viscoelastic Substances HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, z ml syringe Inj 2%, z ml syringe Inj 2%, z ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.56 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 t			Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium - 5.00 15 ml Balanced Salt Solution 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018. .003%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.05%, single dose 9.00100 HVALANINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 0.5%, single dose 9.0010 HVALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 50.00 1 Healon GV Inj 34 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 50.00 1 Healon GV Inj 34 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 28.50 <td>Irrigation Solutions</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Irrigation Solutions				
Solution Solution Solution Solution Solution Colspan="2">Solution Solution Solution Solution Solution Solution Solution Solution Output for the solution colspan="2">Solution Solution Solution Balanced Salt Solution Output for the solution colspan="2">Solution Balanced Salt Solution Output for the solution colspan="2">Solution Balanced Salt Solution Output for the solution colspan="2">Solution Balanced Salt Solution Description of the solution colspan="2">Solution Balanced Salt Solution Description of the solution colspan="2">Solution mathematics Viscoelastic Substances HYPROMELLOSE In 2% or may syninge - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 50.00 1 Healon GV	 Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, schloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bot 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018. Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s 	sodium tle – chloride	5.00	15 ml	
Ocular Anaesthetics OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose Viscoelastic Substances HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe IN DV Sep-16 to 2019 50.00 I Healon GV Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 So.00 I Healon GV Inj 20 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 So.00 I Healon GV Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.4 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml syringe Son I with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syringe and	Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, schloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle - 1	sodium % DV	. 10.50	500 ml	Solution
Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Viscoelastic Substances HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019					
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 SoDIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 SoDIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml syringe 64.00 Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Thi 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Thi 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Thi 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Thi 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe Thi 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.	Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose				
Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	Viscoelastic Substances				
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201950.001Healon GVInj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201950.001Healon GVInj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201960.001Healon 5Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201928.501HealonSODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATEHealonHealonInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe64.001DuoviscInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.55 mlsyringe74.001DuoviscInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe74.001DuoviscInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe74.001DuoviscInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe74.001DuoviscInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe74.001DuoviscInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe67.001Viscoat	lnj 2%, 1 ml syringe lnj 2%, 2 ml syringe				
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml syringe 64.00 1 Duovisc Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.5 ml 5 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 74.00 1 Duovisc Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe - 74.00 1 Duovisc Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe - 74.00 1 Duovisc	Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		50.00 60.00 28.50	1 1	Healon GV Healon 5
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0 syringe	syringe 0.4 ml		1	Duovisc
	and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0 syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml	syringe			
	- 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		67.00	I	VISCOAL

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

	F (ex man.	Price excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE		Ŷ			manaraotaro
Soln trans epithelial riboflavin					
Inj 0.1%					
Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500					
Glaucoma Preparations					
Beta Blockers					
BETAXOLOL					
Eye drops 0.25%				5 ml	Betoptic S
Eye drops 0.5%		7.50		5 ml	Betoptic
EVOBUNOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE					
Eye drops 0.5%		7.00		5 ml	Betagan
		4.40		5	A
Eye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Eye drops 0.25%, gel forming - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE
Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				2.5 ml	Timoptol XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors					
ACETAZOLAMIDE					
Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.17.03		100	Diamox
lnj 500 mg					
BRINZOLAMIDE					
Eye drops 1%					
DORZOLAMIDE					
Eye drops 2%					
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL					
Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		3.45		5 ml	Arrow-Dortim
Miotics					
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE					
Inj 20 mg vial with diluent					
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 2%				15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%, single dose		5.55		15 111	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 4%		7.99		15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues					
BIMATOPROST					
Eye drops 0.03% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018		3.65		3 ml	Bimatoprost Actavis
_ATANOPROST					
Eye drops 0.005% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1.50		2.5 ml	Hysite
TRAVOPROST					-
Eye drops 0.004% - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		7.30		5 ml	Travopt

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5% BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE		5 ml	lopidine
Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%	4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	17.36	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose TROPICAMIDE	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 0.5%	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%		15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, s	single dose4.30	24	Systane Unit Dose

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%					
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT					
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%		3.6	3	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL					
Eye drops 1.4% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019				15 ml	Vistil
Eye drops 3% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		3.6	8	15 ml	Vistil Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose					
RETINOL PALMITATE					
Oint 138 mcg per g		3.8	0	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]					
Eye drops 1 mg per ml		.22.0	0	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

VARIO	US
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	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings					
Antidotes					
ACETYLCYSTEINE Tab eff 200 mg Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.78.34	1	10	DBL Acetylcysteine
DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB Inj 38 mg vial Inj 40 mg vial					
ETHANOL Liq 96%					
ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle					
ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule Inj 96%					
FLUMAZENIL Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.85.05	5	5	Anexate
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 5 g vial Inj 2.5 g vial					
VALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.48.84	1	5	Hospira
PRALIDOXIME IODIDE Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule					
SODIUM NITRITE Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule					
SODIUM THIOSULFATE Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule					
SOYA OIL Inj 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle					
Antitoxins					
BOTULISM ANTITOXIN Inj 250 ml vial					

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN Inj 10,000 iu vial

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM Inj 500 u vial

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 125 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
Tab 250 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
Tab 500 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
- Restricted			

Hestrict

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE – Restricted see terms below				
	533.17	100	Ferriprox	
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		250 ml	Ferriprox	
➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inf	nerited anaemi	a or acquire	ed red cell aplasi	a.
DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE				
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	51.52	10	Desferal	
DICOBALT EDETATE				
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule				
DIMERCAPROL				
Ini EO ma nar ml. O ml amnaula				

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. ex \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID				
Cap 100 mg				e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
Cap 200 mg				e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
ODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				Unenter
Antiseptics and Disinfectants				
CHLORHEXIDINE		06	E0!	hoolthE
Soln 4% Soln 5%			50 ml 500 ml	healthE healthE
	10	.50	500 mi	nealuic
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%				
5				
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL	0	6E	1	hoolthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml			1	healthE healthE
Soln 2.% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 mi			1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (pink) 25 mi			1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml			1	healthE
Soln 2.% with ethanol 70%, starting (red) 100 mi			1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml			1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml			1	healthE
DDINE WITH ETHANOL			•	hount
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	0	20	1	healthE
	9	.30	I	nealuic
SOPROPYL ALCOHOL	_			
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5	.65	1	healthE
OVIDONE-IODINE				
Vaginal tab 200 mg				
→ Restricted				
nitiation				
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.				
Oint 10%	3	.27	25 g	Betadine
Soln 10%			500 ml	Betadine
		.95	100 ml	Riodine
	6	.20	500 ml	Riodine
Soln 5%				
Soln 7.5%				
Pad 10%				
Swab set 10%				
OVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL				
Soln 10% with ethanol 30% Soln 10% with ethanol 70%	10	.00	500 ml	Betadine Skin Prep
ODIUM HYPOCHLORITE				

VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contract Media			
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle		1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			Ū
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
ODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule		1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
ODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
DHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10 10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet		50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag		12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle Oral lig 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24 24	CT Plus+ VoLumen
Oral lig 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24 24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral lig 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle		1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE		•	
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per	a 4 a		
Grans en 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per sachet	0.0	50	E-Z-Gas II
30016L		50	L-2-003 II

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 sachet	4 g		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	12.30	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefill			
syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
		-	· · · ·
Diagnostic Agents			

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial			
MANNITOL Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	240.35	5	Proveblue
(Any Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2018) (Any Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2018) PATENT BLUE V			
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule		5	Obex Medical
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle	6.00	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle		500 ml	Baxter
J	7.83	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.1%, bottle	8.71	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle			
Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule			
(Baxter Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018) (Baxter Irrigation soln 0.05%, bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Baxter Irrigation soln 0.05%, bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Any Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Any Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2018)			

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

VARIOUS

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
	\$	rei	Manulaciulei	
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE				
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule				
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, bottle		1,000 ml	Baxter	
	6.04	100 ml	Baxter	
	9.55	500 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.05% with cetrimide 0.5%, bottle	9.31	100 ml	Baxter	
	12.14	500 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.1% with cetrimide 1%, bottle	10.00	100 ml	Baxter	
GLYCINE				
Irrigation soln 1.5%, bottle		2,000 ml	Baxter	
3	22.70	3,000 ml	Baxter	
SODIUM CHLORIDE		,		
Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle	5.22	100 ml	Baxter	
····g	6.19	500 ml	Baxter	
	15.11	2,000 ml	Baxter	
	19.26	3.000 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule		30	Pfizer	
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Baxter Sodium	
0			Chloride 0.9%	
WATER				
Irrigation soln, bottle	5.24	100 ml	Baxter	
	5.94	500 ml	Baxter	
	16.47	2,000 ml	Baxter	
	29.21	3,000 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Baxter Water for	
-			Irrigation	

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN Paste DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE Soln 50% Soln 99% PHENOL Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

	Price (ex man. ex \$	Per	Bran Gene Manu	
Cardioplegia Solutions				
ELECTROLYTES Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mr potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium c 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mr tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chlorid	hloride, nol/l			
1,000 ml bag Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.807 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol	-		e.g.	Custodiol-HTK
11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag			e.g.	Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, gl acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg p sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 m ml, 527 ml bag	oer ml,		e.g.	Cardioplegia
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per	mg ml,			Enriched Solution
523 ml bag			e.g.	Cardioplegia Base Solution
Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml ba			e.g.	Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesi 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag	um and		e.g.	Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution
MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bott MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml	le			

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

(6	ex man.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations					
ACETIC ACID					
Liq					
ALUM Powder BP					
ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]					
Liq					
ASCORBIC ACID					
Powder BENZOIN					
Tincture compound BP					
BISMUTH SUBGALLATE					
Powder					
BORIC ACID Powder					
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE					
Soln 1.5%					
CETRIMIDE					
Soln 40% CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE					
Soln 20 %					
CHLOROFORM					
Liq BP					
CITRIC ACID Powder BP					
CLOVE OIL					
Liq					
		~~ ~	-	000	Midure et
Soln BP - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		32.9)	200 ml	Midwest
CODEINE PHOSPHATE Powder					
COLLODION FLEXIBLE					
Liq					
COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE Soln					
CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE					
Powder					
DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN F	YHOSPH	HATE			
Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule					
DITHRANOL					
Powder					
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]					
Powder					

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL			
Liq – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.28	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE			Liquiu
Powder – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.05	25 g	ABM
		20 y	
LACTOSE			
Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste			
MENTHOL			
Crystals			
-			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder			
METHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
	02.00		
	32 50	173 ml	Ora-Bland
	02.00	47011	
· · · ·			
Liq			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM			
Powder			
PHENOL			
Liq			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
•			
	12 00	500 ml	ARM
•	12.00	500 11	
SALICYLIC ACID			
Powder			
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension OLIVE OIL Liq PARAFFIN Liq PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder PHENOL Liq PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq POVIDONE K30 Powder PROPYLENE GLYCOL Liq	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend ABM

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price			
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
SODIUM BICARBONATE Powder BP SODIUM CITRATE				
Powder				
SODIUM METABISULFITE Powder				
STARCH Powder				
SULPHUR Precipitated Sublimed				
SYRUP Liq (pharmaceutical grade)	21 75	2,000 ml	Midwest	
THEOBROMA OIL Oint	21.75	2,000 m	Midwest	
TRI-SODIUM CITRATE Crystals				
TRICHLORACETIC ACID Grans				
UREA Powder BP				
WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous				
XANTHAN Gum 1%				
ZINC OXIDE Powder				

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Per S.

Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

Restricted

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child: or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 95 a carbohydrate per 100 a. 368 a can
- Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

Restricted

Initiation – Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism: or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliarv atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak: or
- 11 Ascites; or

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12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGI YCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle
- Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml. 500 ml bottle

	SPECIAL FOODS
Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liq	e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil
Protein	
 Restricted Initiation – Use as an additive Either: Protein losing enteropathy; or High protein needs. Initiation – Use as a module For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least of Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g	
Other Supplements	
BREAST MILK FORTIFIER Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can	e.g. FM 85 e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer e.g. Super Soluble
 → Restricted Infant or child aged four years or under; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 2.2 Cancer in children; or 2.3 Faltering growth; or 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or 2.5 Premature and post premature infants. 	Duocal

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder		Feed Thickener Karicare Aptamil
GUAR GUM Powder	e.g.	Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder		Resource Thicken Up; Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder		Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID Powder	e.g.	Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

			SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Homocystinuria Products			
 AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted set Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle 	re per	ous page	e.g. HCU Anamix Infant e.g. XMET Maxamaid e.g. XMET Maxamum e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ
Isovaleric Acidaemia Products			
 AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see tel Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can 		oage	e.g. IVA Anamix Infant e.g. XLEU Maxamaid e.g. XLEU Maxamum
Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND V Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g cap	,	d see term	
 100 g, 400 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle 			e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant e.g. MSUD Maxamum e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

	f (ex man.	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Phenylketonuria Products					
 MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restricted Tab 8.33 mg Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 3 sachet Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibri 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml 125 ml bottle Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2.4 g fat per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g pr	86 g e per , , , 25 ml 2.5 ml) ml			218 125 ml	e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Anamix Junior e.g. PKU Anamix Infant e.g. XP Maxamaid e.g. XP Maxamum e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured) e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. Easiphen e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on page 218

- t Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- t Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- t Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 218

t Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

- e.g. MMA/PA Anamix
 - Infant
- e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid
- e.g. XMTVI Maxamum

e.g.Energivit

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	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Bran Gene Mani	
Tyrosinaemia Products					
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROS Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g,	,	ted se	e terms o	n page	e 218
 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle 	ore per			e.g. e.g.	TYR Anamix Junion TYR Anamix Infant XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid TYR Anamix Junion LQ
Urea Cycle Disorders Products					
AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 218 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can				•	Dialamine Essential Amino Acid Mix
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products					
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE – Restricted see terms on page 218 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE – Restricted see terms on page 218 Liquid, 500 ml bottle Specialised Formulas Diabetic Products					
 Restricted Initiation Any of the following: For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high in causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. 	for 5 days; or nutrient losses a		·		
 Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1, bottle. Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml 1,000 ml bag 	000 ml 7.5	0 1	I,000 ml		cerna Select RTH (Vanilla) Nutrison Advanced Diason

SPECIAL FOODS

(ex	Pric man.e \$		GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous	page				
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre per 100 ml, can		2.10		237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle		1.88		250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre per 100 ml, can		2.10		237 ml	Resource Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle					e.g. Diasip
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products					

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Malabsorption; or
- 2 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or
- 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or
- 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or
- 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or
- 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.
- AMINO ACID ORAL FEED Restricted see terms above
- t Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet......4.50 80 g Vivonex TEN AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above t Liquid 2.5 g protein. 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml. 250 ml carton e.g. Elemental 028 Extra PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 1.000 ml bag e.a. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL EEED 1.5 KCAI /ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle....18.06 t 1.000 ml Vital PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g, e.g. Peptamen Junior 400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT can Pepdite 1+
- PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML Restricted see terms above

 Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton.......4.95

 237 ml

 Peptamen OS

 1.0 (Vanilla)

Fat Modified Products

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FAT-MODIFIED FEED – **Restricted** see terms on the next page

 Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow above); t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

SPECIAL	FOODS
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Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

Hepatic Products		
 → Restricted Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 64 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products		
 → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or Patient requires low electrolyte; or Both: Any of the following: Any of the following: 1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or A.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements. ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 7.5 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	500 ml 1,000 ml 200 ml	Nutrison Concentrated TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla) Two Cal HN
High Protein Products	200 m	Two Oarrin
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below		
 ↓ Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag → Restricted Initiation 		e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus

Both:

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. \$,	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
 The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surger Patient is fluid restricted; or Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met usi 		oduct.		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML − Restricted see ↓ Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fib 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag				e.g. Nutrison Protein
→ Restricted Initiation				Plus Multi Fibre

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

Infant Formulas

٨N	IINO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms below		
t	Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 400 g can		e.g. Neocate
t	Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can		e.g. Neocate LCP
t	Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g		-
	can		e.g. Neocate Junior Unflavoured
t	Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00	400 g	Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)
t	Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	400 g	Alfamino Junior
t	Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, can53.00	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can53.00	400 g	Elecare LCP
			(Unflavoured)
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can53.00	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured) Elecare (Vanilla)

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti Junior

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can

- Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure; or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.
- Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA	e.g.	Galactomin 19
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		Kaniaana Antanii
can	e.g.	Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		
can	e.g.	S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA		
Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g,		
400 g can	e.g.	Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the next page		
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per		
100 ml, bottle2.35 125 ml	Infat	trini

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

	400 g 100 ml	S-26 Gold Premgro S26 LBW Gold RTF e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm 1 July 2018) e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR
Ketogenic Diet Products		
	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 g, can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)

➡ Restricted

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

Restricted Initiation Both:

- Both:
 - 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
 - 2 Any of the following:

		SPECIAL FOODS
Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	^r) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 continued 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 	of feeding;	or
2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days. PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g, can28.00 (Pediasure (Vanilla) Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g,	850 g can to be d	Pediasure (Vanilla) Ielisted 1 July 2018)
 PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous p Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag4.00 	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
 PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag2.68 Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag 	500 ml	Pediasure RTH e.g. Nutrini RTH
 PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous pa Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag6.00 	ge 500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.07 	200 ml	e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH Pediasure (Chocolate)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can	250 ml	Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla)
 Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle 		e.g. Fortini e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products		
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below ↓ Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can → Restricted Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.		e.g. Kindergen

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	[[]) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, carton2.67	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted nitiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		
OW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, carton	237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
 Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml carton → Restricted nitiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. 		e.g. Renilon 7.5
Respiratory Products		
OW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.66 → Restricted nitiation For patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value exceeding 55 mmHg.	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
Surgical Products		
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre per 100 ml, carton4.00	178 ml	Impact Advanced
 → Restricted Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery. PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below ✓ Oral lig 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml 		Recovery
Bottle	4	preOp
Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to	3 hours bef	ore major abdominal

surgery.

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted Initiation

Any of the following:

		Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
For patients with malnutrition, defi 1 Any of the following: 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight to 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than	oss in the last 3-6 months; o 5% weight loss in the last 3	-6 months; or			
 For patients who have, or are exp For patients who have a poor absorbance causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from the subscription of the subscript	prptive capacity and/or high	nutrient losses a	Ind/or in	creased	nutritional needs from
ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restric					
Liquid 5.4 g protien, 13.6 g carbohyd 1,000 ml bottle	rate and 3.3 g fat per 100 m	l,			e.g. Isosource Standard RTH
 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydra Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydra 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag 			01,	000 ml	Nutrison Energy
100 mi, 1,000 mi bag					Multi Fibre
 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydr Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohy Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohy 	drate and 4.9 g fat per 100 r	nl, bag7.0		250 ml 000 ml	Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH
100 ml, bag			01,	000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restrict	ed see terms on the previou	s page			
 Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydra Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydra 			91,	000 ml	Osmolite RTH
100 ml, bottle			91,	000 ml	Jevity RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydra 1,000 ml bag	te and 3.9 g fat per 100 mi,				e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydra 100 ml, 1000 ml bag	te, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre p	per			e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restrie	cted see terms on the previo	ous page			<u> </u>
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohy 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	drate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibro	e per			e.g. Jevity Plus RTH
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCA			us page		
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydra 100 ml, bag			91,	000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre

SPECIAL FOODS

			Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OF	RAL FEED - Restricted see terms on page 228				
t	Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g	can	26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
t t t	Powder 20.8 g protein, 61 g carbohydrate and 9.4 g fat per 100 g, Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, ca	g, can	3.67	857 g 350 g 840 g	Fortisip (Vanilla) Fortisip (Vanilla) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)
	Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is su manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.	,		,	

(Fortisip (Vanilla) Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 August 2018) (Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 June 2018)

(Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla) Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 June 2018)

ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 228

t	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
	237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
OF	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 228		
t t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can1.33 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
	carton	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		
	bottle		e.g. Fortisip
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

VACCINES

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Bacterial and Viral Vaccines			
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Res	tricted see terms be	elow	
Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertuse toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml sy - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	ringe	10	Infanrix IPV
➡ Restricted			
Initiation Any of the following:			
 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have complete A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programm primary immunisation; or 	nes for children (to the	he age of	<i>,</i> , ,
3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)imr or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal d or			
4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ trans	splantation.		
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate sche		•	
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND H.	AEMOPHILUS INFL	UENZAE	TYPE B VACCINE -
 Restricted see terms below Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepati surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophi influenzae type B vaccine vial – 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020 	itis B Ius	10	Infanrix-hexa
→ Restricted			
Initiation Any of the following:			
 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for p An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)imr are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or ch organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosupp Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 rece 	nunisation for childr nemotherapy; pre or ressive regimens; of	en up to aı post spler r	ectomy; pre- or post solid
Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programm			
complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation H programmes.	nationook for the ap	propriates	chequie for calch up
Bacterial Vaccines			
ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE			
 Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid in 0.5 ml syringe 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 		5	ADT Booster
→ Restricted Initiation Any of the following:			
 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunise 	ed patients; or		
			continued
Draduate with Heapitel Cumply Status (HCC) are in held			

VA	CC	INE	S
VA	CC	INE	S

	Pric (ex man. e \$	xcl. G	ST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or					
4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or					
5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases,	on the recomme	ndatio	n of	an interi	hal medicine physician or
paediatrician.	riata ashadula fa	. aatab			maa
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriation of the appropriation of the second seco	riate schedule for	catch	up	program	mes.
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see ter	rms below				
Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Da					
1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenu	,				500 V/
with diluent → Restricted		0.00		10	BCG Vaccine
nitiation					
All of the following:					
For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:					
1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or pa	st history of TB;	and			
2 Having one or more household members or carers who wi			ed in	a count	ry with a rate of TB > or
equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and					
3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in					
Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http www.bcgatlas.org/index.php	p://www.health.go	ovt.nz/t	ube	rculosis	(Search for Downloads) or
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE – Restric	cted see terms b	elow			
Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg per					
toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin and 2	•				
pertactin in 0.5 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020		0.00		1	Boostrix
→ Restricted				10	Boostrix
nitiation					
Any of the following:					
1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational					
2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from	age 7 up the age	e of 18	yea	rs inclus	sive to complete full primary
immunisation; or 2 An additional four dagas (as appropriate) are funded for (r) immunication f	for not	ionto	noct ha	omatanaiatia atom call
3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy.					
severely immunosuppressive regimens.	, pre- or post son	u orga		inopiant,	
Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years	Please refer to	the Im	nmur	nisation	Handbook for the appropriate
schedule for catch up programmes.				lioution	
HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted	see terms below				
Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conju					
tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syri					
vial 0.5 ml - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020		0.00		1	Hiberix
→ Restricted					
nitiation					
Therapy limited to 1 dose					
Any of the following:					
 For primary vaccination in children; or An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immu 	inisation for patie	ante no	net h	aomator	noietic stem cell
transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre					
post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely in					ona organ nanopiani, pre- 01
		.		·-, •.	
3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases,	on the recomme	ndatio	n of	an interr	nal medicine physician or

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

VACCINES

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE	- Restricte	d see term	is below	
Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 m 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020	a total of I vial –		1	Menactra
→ Restricted		0.00	I	Menaeua
Any of the following:				
 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or a One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients 	anatomic as		,	· · · · ·
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppr	,			
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 week and then five yearly.		ooster dose	e three yea	ars after the primary serie
Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see to Restricted see to see the section of		e for a per	iod of grea	ater than 28 days.
Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020		0.00	1	Neisvac-C
→ Restricted				
nitiation				
Any of the following:				
 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients 			•	•
complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or a	anatomic asp	olenia or pr	e or post s	solid organ transplant; or
2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or				
3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients	,			
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppr				
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 week	is apari, a b		e triree yea	ars alter the primary serie
and then five yearly.	erany must h	e for a ner	iod of area	ater than 28 days
Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the		•	iod of grea	ater than 28 days.
Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted	I see terms t	•	iod of grea	ater than 28 days.
Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9 ¹	l see terms t V,	•	iod of grea	ater than 28 days.
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 	I see terms t V, pes 4,	below	Ū	·
Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9 ¹	I see terms t V, pes 4,	below	iod of grea	ater than 28 days. Synflorix
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9¹ 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to Restricted 	I see terms t V, pes 4,	below	Ū	·
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 0% DV Sep-17 tr 	I see terms t V, pes 4,	below	Ū	·
Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9 ¹ 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to → Restricted nitiation	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020	0.00 to the age	10 e of 59 mo	Synflorix
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9¹ 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to Restricted nitiation Either: A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated in 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13. 	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020 ndividuals up urse of immu	below 0.00 to the age unisation fo	10 e of 59 mo r individua	Synflorix nths inclusive; or als under the age of
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9¹ 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9¹ 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 t Restricted nitiation Either: A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated ir Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of PCV13. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate 	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020	below 0.00 to the age unisation fo for catch up	10 e of 59 mo r individua	Synflorix nths inclusive; or als under the age of
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 91 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 91 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 t Restricted nitiation Either: A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated ir 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of 99 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13. Vote: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted 	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020 ndividuals up urse of immu- te schedule I see terms to	below 0.00 to the age unisation fo for catch up	10 e of 59 mo r individua	Synflorix nths inclusive; or als under the age of
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9¹ 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to Restricted nitiation Either: A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated in 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13. 	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020 ndividuals up urse of immu- te schedule I see terms to , 5, 6A,	below 0.00 to the age inisation fo for catch up below	10 e of 59 mo r individua	Synflorix nths inclusive; or als under the age of
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9° 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 trent and the service of the servic	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020 ndividuals up urse of immu- te schedule I see terms to , 5, 6A,	below 0.00 to the age inisation fo for catch up below	10 e of 59 mo r individua o program	Synflorix nths inclusive; or als under the age of mes
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9¹ 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 tr Restricted nitiation Either: 1 A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated ir 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of service one to three doses of PCV13. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe Restricted 	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020 ndividuals up urse of immu- te schedule I see terms to , 5, 6A,	below 0.00 to the age inisation fo for catch up below	10 e of 59 mo r individua o program 1	Synflorix nths inclusive; or als under the age of mes Prevenar 13
 Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive the PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9° 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide seroty 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 trent and the service of the servic	I see terms to V, pes 4, o 2020 ndividuals up urse of immu- te schedule I see terms to , 5, 6A,	below 0.00 to the age inisation fo for catch up below	10 e of 59 mo r individua o program 1	Synflorix nths inclusive; or als under the age of mes Prevenar 13

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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continued...

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

serotype) – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020......0.00 1 Pneumovax 23 → Restricted

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune

VACCINES

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- response: or
- 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
- 2.3 With HIV infection: or
- 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
- 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
- 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
- 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
- 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater: or
- 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
- 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
- 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
- 2.12 With diabetes: or
- 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Ini 25 mcg in 0.5 ml svringe

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 20200.00 1 Havrix Junior Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe − 0% DV Sep-17 to 20200.00 1 Havrix → Restricted Initiation All of the following: 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; and 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; and 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases. HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE ↓ Inj 5 mcg in 0.5 ml vial – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020......0.00 **HBvaxPRO** 1 ➡ Restricted Initiation Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients: or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or			
 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients 10 Following needle stick injury. 	;; or		
Inj 10 mcg in 1 ml vial	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
Initiation			
 Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antig 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive wh and require additional vaccination or require a primary course 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following nomunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients 	gen (HBsAg) positive; o o are considered not to o of vaccination; or	r	eved a positive serology
10 Following needle stick injury. ↓ Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe	0.00	1	Engerix-B
Initiation			
 Any of the following: For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antig For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive wh and require additional vaccination or require a primary course For HIV positive patients; or For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or For patients following immunosuppression; or For solid organ transplant patients; or For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients Following needle stick injury. Inj 40 mcg per 1 ml vial - 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 	gen (HBsAg) positive; o o are considered not to o of vaccination; or ; or	r	eved a positive serology HBvaxPRO
→ Restricted Initiation	0.00	I	ndvaxPRO
Both: 1 For dialysis patients; and 2 For liver or kidney transplant patient.			
(Engerix-B Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 Dece	ember 2018)		
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) \ ↓ Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Jun-17 to 2020 → Restricted Initiation – Children aged 14 years and under Therapy limited to 2 doses	ACCINE [HPV] - Res	tricted see 10	e terms below Gardasil 9
Children aged 14 years and under.			
			continued.

VACCINES

	(ex mar	Price n. exc \$	I. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Initiation – other conditions Either:					
1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or 2 Both:					
2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and2.2 Any of the following:					
2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) p 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.	atients	; or			
INFLUENZA VACCINE					
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine)		9.0	00	1	Fluarix Tetra
Initiation – cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 3 Any of the following:	5 mont	hs			
1 Ischaemic heart disease; or					
2 Congestive heart failure; or					
3 Rheumatic heart disease; or					
 Congenital heart disease; or Cerebro-vascular disease. 					
Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ	n diseas	se is e	xcludec	I from fur	nding.
Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months Either:	to 35 n	nonth	s		-
1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or					
 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function. Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded fro 	m fundi	ina			
Initiation – Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 mont Any of the following:					
1 Any of the following:					
1.1 Diabetes; or					
1.2 Chronic renal disease; or1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers	if not ir	wasiv	e. or		
1.4 Autoimmune disease; or	ii not ii	IVUOIV	0, 01		
1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or					
1.6 HIV; or 1.7 Transplant recipient; or					
1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or					
1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or					
1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or					
1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompetence	neation	or			
1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or	isation,	, 01			
1.14 Down syndrome; or					
1.15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or					
2 Child is living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborougl Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury I	•	`			andorougn District Health
3 Child has been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and th					
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)		90.0	00	10	Influvac Tetra



(ex man. excl. GST) Ge	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
------------------------	-------------------------------------

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding. Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and over Either

Either:

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- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.
- Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes; or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV; or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital; or

continued...

- 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or
- 4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50,		
Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent		
0.5 ml - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10	Priorix
➡ Restricted		
Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months		
Therapy limited to 3 doses		
Any of the following:		

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

				VACCINES
(ex m	Price an. exc \$. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
 For primary vaccination in children; or For revaccination following immunosuppression; or For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. 				
nitiation – first dose after 12 months <i>Fherapy limited to 2 doses</i> Any of the following:				
 For primary vaccination in children; or For revaccination following immunosuppression; or For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for 	r catch	טמ מט	grammes	
POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020			1	IPOL
nitiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Either:				
 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or For revaccination following immunosuppression. 		- t - la		
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedu RABIES VACCINE Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent	ie tor c	atch up	program	nes.
ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below				
 Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, prefilled oral applicator – 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020 → Restricted nitiation 	0.0	00	10	Rotarix
Therapy limited to 2 doses Both:				
 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; a No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over. 	nd			
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] - Restricted see terms b Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020		00	1 10	Varilrix Varilrix
Restricted nitiation – primary vaccinations Therapy limited to 1 dose Either:			10	Varinix
 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 infection (chickenpox). 	July 20)17, wh	o have no	ot previously had a varicella
nitiation – other conditions Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following:				

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

t	Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles		
	vaccine] 0.00	1	Zostavax
		10	Zostavax

➡ Restricted

Initiation – people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2020.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST		
Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial – 0% DV Jul-17 to 20200.00	1	Tubersol

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
Optional Pharmaceuticals			
NOTE:			
n addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Ph			
isted in an addendum to Part III which is available at <u>www.pharmac.g</u> addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Ph apply to them.			
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test s	trips 20.00	1	CareSens N Premier
			Caresens II
	10.00		Caresens N
Mator	10.00	1	Caresens N POP
Meter		I	Accu-Chek Performa FreeStyle Lite
(Caresens II 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagno	stic test strins to be	delisted 1 A	On Call Advanced
(Accu-Chek Performa Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018) (FreeStyle Lite Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			ugust 2010)
(On Call Advanced Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Blood glucose test strips	28.75 10.56	50 test	Accu-Chek Performa CareSens CareSens N
	21.65		FreeStyle Lite
	28.75		Freestyle Optium
Blood glucose test strips × 50 and lancets × 5		50 test	On Call Advanced
Test strips		50 test	CareSens PRO
(Accu-Chek Performa Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 Augus	t 2018)		
(CareSens Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018) (FreeStyle Lite Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018,			
(Freestyle Optium Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2010)			
(On Call Advanced Blood glucose test strips $ imes$ 50 and lancets $ imes$ 5 to b		t 2018)	
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
Meter	40.00	1	Freestyle Optium Neo
(Freestyle Optium Neo Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP	15 50	40.11	K + 0
Test strips		10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TES			
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose dia test strips		1	CareSens Dual
NSULIN PEN NEEDLES		-	
29 g × 12.7 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine
$31~{ m g} \times 5~{ m mm}$		100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 6 mm		100	ABM
31 g × 8 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine B-D Micro-Fine
32 g × 4 mm		100	D-D IVIICIO-FINE

OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE			
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.5 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
KETONE BLOOD BETA-KETONE ELECTRODES			
Test strips		10 strip	Freestyle Optium Ketone
(Freestyle Optium Ketone Test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)		·	
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Small		1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER			
Low Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
Low hange		1	Range
Normal Range	9 54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
C C			with wright olandard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE	17.00	10 10 11	FacuOhaali
Cassette		40 test	EasyCheck
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Test strip	12.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE			
220 ml (single patient)	2.95	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)	5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	6.50	1	Volumatic

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Apo-Ondansetron
Apo-Oxybutynin
Apo-Paroxetine
Apo-Perindopril
Apo-Pindolol
Apo-Pravastatin
Apo-Prazosin
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