Introducing PHARMAC

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Editor:

Kave Wilson & Doris Chong email: enquiry@pharmac.govt.nz Telephone +64 4 460 4990 Facsimile +64 4 460 4995 Level 9, 40 Mercer Street PO Box 10 254 Wellington 6143

Freephone Information Line 0800 66 00 50 (9am - 5pm weekdays)

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Programmers

Anrik Drenth & John Geering email: texschedule@pharmac.govt.nz



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Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment (NPPA) provides a mechanism for individual patients to receive funding for medicines not listed in the Pharmaceutical Schedule (either at all or for their clinical circumstances). PHARMAC will assess applications that meet the prerequisites according to its Factors for Consideration before deciding whether to approve applications for funding. The Factors for Consideration will be used to assess both the individual clinical circumstances of each NPPA applicant, and the implications of each NPPA funding decision on PHARMAC's ability to carry out its legislative functions.

For more information on NPPA, or to apply, visit the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/link/nppa or call the Panel Coordinators at 0800 660 050 Option 2.

The Pharmaceutical Schedule

The purpose of the Schedule is to list:

- the Community Pharmaceuticals that are subsidised by the Government and to show the amount of the subsidy paid to contractors, as well as the manufacturer's price and any access conditions that may apply;
- the Hospital Pharmaceuticals that may be used in DHB Hospitals, as well as any access conditions that may apply; and
- the Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals for which national prices have been negotiated by PHARMAC.

The Schedule does not show the final cost to Government of subsidising each community pharmaceutical, nor to DHB hospitals in purchasing each hospital pharmaceutical or other pharmaceuticals, including medical devices. The final cost will depend on any rebate and other arrangements PHARMAC has with the supplier or on any logistics arrangements put in place.

Finding Information in Section H

This book contains Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule and lists pharmaceuticals that can be used in DHB hospitals:

- Part I lists the rules in relation to use of Pharmaceuticals by DHB hospitals.
- Part II lists hospital pharmaceuticals that are funded for use in DHB hospitals. These are listed by therapeutic group, which
 is based on the WHO Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) system. It also provides information on any national contracts
 that exist, and indicates which products have Hospital Supply Status (HSS).
- Part III lists optional pharmaceuticals for which national contracts exist, and DHB hospitals may choose to fund. In addition to
 the products listed in this book, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals are listed in an addendum to Part III available
 at http://www.pharmac.govt.nz.

The listings are displayed alphabetically under each heading. The index lists both chemical entities and product brand names.

Glossary

Units of Measure

gramg kilogramkg	
international unit iu	
Abbreviations	

microgram mcg	
milligram mg	
millilitre ml	

millimole	mmol
unit	u

application	арр
capsule	сар
cream	crm
dispersible	.disp
effervescent	eff
emulsion	emul

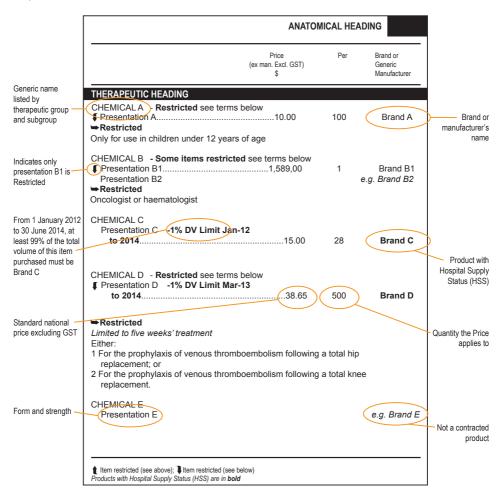
enteric coated	EC
granules	grans
injection	inj
liquid	liq
lotion	lotn
ointment	oint

solution	soln
suppository	suppos
tablet	tab
tincture	tinc

HSS Hospital Supply Status (Refer to Rule 20)

Guide to Section H listings

Example



INTRODUCTION

Section H contains general rules that apply, and other information relating, to Hospital Pharmaceuticals and Optional Pharmaceuticals.

Where relevant, Section H shows the Price at which a Pharmaceutical can be purchased directly from the Pharmaceutical supplier by DHBs, providers of logistics services, wholesalers or other such distributors, or Contract Manufacturers.

The Price is determined via contractual arrangements between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Where a Pharmaceutical is listed in Part II of Section H, but no Price and/or brand of Pharmaceutical is indicated, each DHB may purchase any brand and/or pay the price that the DHB negotiates with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier.

As required by section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of Pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

1 Interpretation and Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Act", means the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.

"Combined Pharmaceutical Budget", means the pharmaceutical budget set for PHARMAC by the Crown for the subsidised supply of Community Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments including for named patients in exceptional circumstances.

"Community", means any setting outside of a DHB Hospital.

"Community Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical listed in Sections A to G or I of the Pharmaceutical Schedule that is subsidised by the Funder from the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget and, for the purposes of this Section H, includes Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments (PCTs).

"Contract Manufacturer", means a manufacturer or a supplier that is a party to a contract with the relevant DHB Hospital to compound Pharmaceuticals, on request from that DHB Hospital.

"Designated Delivery Point", means at a DHB Hospital's discretion:

- a) a delivery point agreed between a Pharmaceutical supplier and the relevant DHB Hospital, to which delivery point that Pharmaceutical supplier must supply a National Contract Pharmaceutical directly at the Price; and/or
- b) any delivery point designated by the relevant DHB Hospital or PHARMAC, such delivery point being within 30 km of the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier's national distribution centre.

"DHB", means an organisation established as a District Health Board by or under Section 19 of the Act.

"DHB Hospital", means a hospital (including community trust hospitals) and/or an associated health service that is funded by a DHB including (but not limited to) district nursing services and child dental services.

"DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the National DV Limit or the Individual DV Limit.

"DV Pharmaceutical", means a discretionary variance Pharmaceutical that does not have HSS but is used in place of one that does. Usually this means it is the same chemical entity, at the same strength, and in the same or a similar presentation or form, as the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS. Where this is not the case, a note will be included with the listing of the relevant Pharmaceutical.

"Extemporaneously Compounded Product", means a Pharmaceutical that is compounded from two or more Pharmaceuticals, for the purposes of reconstitution, dilution or otherwise.

"First Transition Period", means the period of time after notification that a Pharmaceutical has been awarded HSS and before HSS is implemented.

"Funder", means the body or bodies responsible, pursuant to the Act, for the funding of Pharmaceuticals listed on the Schedule (which may be one or more DHBs and/or the Ministry of Health) and their successors.

"Give", means to administer, provide or dispense (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) a Pharmaceutical, or to arrange for the administration, provision or dispensing (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) of a Pharmaceutical, and "Given" has a corresponding meaning.

"Hospital Pharmaceuticals", means the list of Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part II of the Schedule which includes some National Contract Pharmaceuticals.

"HSS", stands for hospital supply status, which means the status of being the brand of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical that DHBs are obliged to purchase, subject to any DV Limit, for the period of hospital supply, as awarded under an agreement between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Pharmaceuticals with HSS are listed in Section H in bold text. "Indication Restriction", means a limitation placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Hospital Pharmaceutical which restricts funding to treatment of particular clinical circumstances.

"Individual DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS and a particular DHB Hospital, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of that DHB Hospital's Total Market Volume up to which that DHB Hospital may purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Local Restriction", means a restriction on the use of a Pharmaceutical in specific DHB Hospitals on the basis of prescriber type that is implemented by the relevant DHB in accordance with rule 7.

"Medical Device", has the meaning set out in the Medicines Act 1981.

"Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Advisory Panel", means the panel of clinicians, appointed by the PHARMAC Board, that is responsible for advising PHARMAC, in accordance with its Terms of Reference, on Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment applications and any Exceptional Circumstances renewal applications submitted after 1 March 2012.

"National Contract", means a contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier which sets out the basis on which any Pharmaceutical may be purchased for use in a DHB Hospital, including an agreement as to a national price.

"National Contract Pharmaceutical", means a brand of Pharmaceutical listed in Section H, where PHARMAC has entered into contractual arrangements with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier that specify the terms and conditions of listing, including the Price. Such Pharmaceuticals are recognisable in Section H because the relevant listing identifies the brand and Price.

"National DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of the Total Market Volume up to which all DHB Hospitals may collectively purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Optional Pharmaceuticals", means the list of National Contract Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part III of the Schedule.

"PHARMAC", means the Pharmaceutical Management Agency established by Section 46 of the Act.

"Pharmacode", means the six or seven digit identifier assigned to a Pharmaceutical by the Pharmacy Guild following application from a Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Pharmaceutical", means a medicine, therapeutic medical device, or related product or related thing listed in Sections B to I of the Schedule.

"Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment", means Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer, listed in Sections A to G of the Schedule and identified therein as a "PCT" or "PCT only" Pharmaceutical that DHBs must fund for use in their DHB hospitals, and/or in association with outpatient services provided by their DHB Hospitals, in relation to the treatment of cancers.

"Prescriber Restriction", means a restriction placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Pharmaceutical on the basis of prescriber type (and where relevant in these rules, includes a Local Restriction).

"Price", means the standard national price for a National Contract Pharmaceutical, and, unless agreed otherwise between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier, includes any costs associated with the supply of the National Contract Pharmaceutical to, at a DHB Hospital's discretion, any Designated Delivery Point, or to a Contract Manufacturer (expressly for the purpose of compounding), but does not include the effect of any rebates which may have been negotiated between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Restriction", means a limitation, put in place by PHARMAC or a DHB, restricting the funding of a Pharmaceutical and includes Indication Restrictions, Local Restrictions and Prescriber Restrictions (as defined in this Part I of Section H).

"Schedule", means this Pharmaceutical Schedule and all its sections and appendices.

"Special Authority Approval", means an approval for funding of a Community Pharmaceutical that is marked in Sections B-G of the Schedule as being subject to a Special Authority restriction.

"Total Market Volume", means, for a particular Pharmaceutical with HSS in any given period, in accordance with the data available to PHARMAC, the sum of:

- a) the total number of Units of the relevant Pharmaceutical with HSS purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit; and
- b) the total number of Units of all the relevant DV Pharmaceuticals purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit.

"Unapproved Indication", means, for a Pharmaceutical, an indication for which it is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981. Clinicians prescribing Pharmaceuticals for Unapproved Indications should be aware of, and comply with, their obligations under Section 25 and/or Section 29 of the Medicines Act 1981 and as set out in rule 23.

"Unit", means an individual unit of a Pharmaceutical (e.g. a tablet, 1 ml of an oral liquid, an ampoule or a syringe).

"Unlisted Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical that is within the scope of a Hospital Pharmaceutical, but is not listed in Section H Part II.

- 1.2 In addition to the above interpretations and definitions, unless the content requires otherwise, a reference in the Schedule to:
 - a) the singular includes the plural; and
 - b) any legislation includes a modification and re-enactment of, legislation enacted in substitution for, and a regulation, Order in Council, and other instrument from time to time issued or made under, that legislation.

HOSPITAL SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS

2 Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 2.1 Section H Part II contains the list of Hospital Pharmaceuticals that must be funded by DHB Hospitals. Section H Part II does not currently encompass the following categories of pharmaceuticals except for any items specifically listed in this Section H Part II:
 - a) Medical Devices;
 - b) whole or fractionated blood products;
 - c) diagnostic products which have an ex vivo use, such as pregnancy tests and reagents;
 - d) disinfectants and sterilising products, except those that are to be used in or on a patient;
 - e) foods and probiotics;
 - f) radioactive materials;
 - g) medical gases;
 - h) parenteral nutrition; and

i) pharmaceutical products for in-vivo investigation of allergy.

Subject to rule 2.2, the funding of pharmaceuticals identified in a-i above is a decision for individual DHB Hospitals.

- 2.2 Section H Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals that PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier have entered into contractual arrangements for the purchase of, including an agreement on a national price and other obligations such as HSS. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III of Section H, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.
- 2.3 Section H Part II does not encompass the provision of pharmaceutical treatments for DHB Hospital staff as part of an occupational health and safety programme. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund pharmaceutical treatments for such use, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.

3 DHB Supply Obligations

- 3.1 In accordance with section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule, which includes these General Rules.
- 3.2 DHB Hospitals are not required to hold stock of every Hospital Pharmaceutical listed in Section H Part II, but they must Give it within a reasonable time if it is prescribed.
- 3.3 DHB Hospitals are able to hold stock of an Unlisted Pharmaceutical if doing so is considered necessary for the DHB Hospital to be able to Give the Unlisted Pharmaceutical in a timely manner under rules 11–17 inclusive.
- 3.4 Except where permitted in accordance with rule 11, DHBs must not Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

4 Funding

- 4.1 The purchase costs of Hospital Pharmaceuticals or Optional Pharmaceuticals administered, provided or dispensed by DHB Hospitals must be funded by the relevant DHB Hospital from its own budget, with the exception of:
 - a) Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments;
 - b) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been brought to the DHB hospital by the patient who is being treated by outpatient Services or who is admitted as an inpatient;
 - c) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been dispensed to a mental health day clinic under a Practitioner's Supply Order; and
 - d) Unlisted Pharmaceutical that have been brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient who is admitted as an inpatient.
- 4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments and Community Pharmaceuticals are funded through the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget, and Unlisted Pharmaceuticals are funded by the patient.

LIMITS ON SUPPLY

5 Prescriber Restrictions

- 5.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has a Prescriber Restriction if it is prescribed:
 - a) by a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical or, subject to rule 5.2, pursuant to a recommendation from such a clinician;
 - b) in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the DHB Hospital; or
 - c) in an emergency situation, provided that the prescriber has made reasonable attempts to comply with rule 5.1(a) above. If on-going treatment is required (i.e. beyond 24 hours) subsequent prescribing must comply with rule 5.1(a).
- 5.2 Where a Hospital Pharmaceutical is prescribed pursuant to a recommendation from a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical:
 - a) the prescriber must consult with a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical; and
 - b) the consultation must relate to the patient for whom the prescription is written; and
 - c) the consultation may be in person, by telephone, letter, facsimile or email; and
 - appropriate records are kept of the consultation, including recording the name of the advising clinician on the prescription/chart.
- 5.3 Where a clinician is working under supervision of a consultant who is of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical, the requirements of rule 5.2 can be deemed to have been met.

6 Indication Restrictions

- 6.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has an Indication Restriction, if it is prescribed for treatment of a patient with the particular clinical circumstances set out in the Indication Restriction.
- 6.2 If a patient has a current Special Authority Approval for the Hospital Pharmaceutical that the DHB Hospital wishes to Give, then the Indication Restriction is deemed to have been met.
- 6.3 If a Hospital Pharmaceutical has an Indication Restriction that is "for continuation only" then the DHB Hospital should only Give the Hospital Pharmaceutical where:
 - a) the patient has been treated with the Pharmaceutical in the Community; or
 - b) the patient is unable to be treated with an alternative Hospital Pharmaceutical, and the prescriber has explained to the patient that the Pharmaceutical is not fully subsidised in the Community.

7 Local Restrictions

- 7.1 A DHB Hospital may implement a Local Restriction, provided that:
 - a) in doing so, it ensures that the Local Restriction does not unreasonably limit funded access to the Hospital Pharmaceutical or undermine PHARMAC's decision that the Hospital Pharmaceutical must be funded;
 - b) it provides PHARMAC with details of each Local Restriction that it implements; and
- 7.2 PHARMAC may, when it considers that a Local Restriction does not conform to rule 7.1 above, require a DHB to amend or remove that Local Restriction.

8 Community use of Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 8.1 Except where otherwise specified in Section H, DHB Hospitals can Give any Hospital Pharmaceutical to a patient for use in the Community, provided that:
 - a) the quantity does not exceed that sufficient for up to 30 days' treatment, unless:
 - i) it would be inappropriate to provide less than the amount in an original pack; or
 - ii) the relevant DHB Hospital has a Dispensing for Discharge Policy and the quantity dispensed is in accordance with that policy; and
 - b) the Hospital Pharmaceutical is supplied consistent with any applicable Restrictions.

9 Community use of Medical Devices

- 9.1 Subject to rules 9.2 and 9.3, DHB Hospitals may Give a Medical Device for patients for use in the Community.
- 9.2 Where a Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is a Community Pharmaceutical, the DHB Hospital must supply:
 - a) the brand of Medical Device that is listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) only to patients who meet the funding eligibility criteria set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule.
- 9.3 Where a DHB Hospital has supplied a Medical Device to a patient; and
 - a) that Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is subsequently listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) the patient would not meet any funding eligibility criteria for the Medical Device set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and

c) the Medical Device has consumable components that need to be replaced throughout its usable life; then DHB Hospitals may continue to fund consumable products for that patient until the end of the usable life of the Medical Device. At the end of the usable life of the device, funding for a replacement device must be consistent with the Pharmaceutical Schedule and/or in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy.

9.4 DHB Hospitals may also continue to fund consumable products, as in rule 9.3 above, in situations where the DHB has been funding consumable products but where the Medical Device was funded by the patient.

10 Extemporaneous Compounding

- 10.1 A DHB Hospital may Give any Extemporaneously Compounded Product for a patient in its care, provided that:
 - all of the component Pharmaceuticals of the Extemporaneously Compounded Product are Hospital Pharmaceuticals; and
 - b) the Extemporaneously Compounded Product is supplied consistent with any applicable rules or Restrictions for its component Hospital Pharmaceuticals.
- 10.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this rule 10.1 applies to any Extemporaneously Compounded Product, whether it is manufactured by the DHB Hospital or by a Contract Manufacturer.

EXCEPTIONS

11 Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment

- 11.1 A DHB Hospitals may only Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions,

in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Policy or rules 12-17 inclusive.

12 Continuation

- 12.1 Where a patient's clinical circumstances have been stabilised via treatment in the Community with a pharmaceutical that has not been funded by the Funder, and that patient is admitted to hospital as an inpatient, a DHB Hospital may fund that pharmaceutical for the duration of the patient's stay, where:
 - a) the patient has not brought (or cannot arrange to bring) the pharmaceuticals to the DHB Hospital, or pharmacy staff consider that the pharmaceuticals brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient cannot be used; and
 - b) interrupted or delayed treatment would have significant adverse clinical consequences; and
 - c) it is not considered appropriate to switch treatment to a Hospital Pharmaceutical.

13 Pre-Existing Use

- 13.1 Subject to 13.2, where a DHB Hospital has Given a pharmaceutical for a patient prior to 1 July 2013, and the pharmaceutical:
 - a) is an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) treatment of the patient would not comply with any relevant Restrictions;

the DHB Hospital may continue to Give that pharmaceutical if it is considered that there would be significant adverse clinical consequences from ceasing or switching treatment.

13.2 Each DHB Hospital must, by no later than 1 October 2013, provide PHARMAC with a report on pharmaceuticals it has Given in accordance with this rule 13 where treatment has continued beyond 1 August 2013.

14 Clinical Trials and Free Stock

- 14.1 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is funded by a third party and is being used:
 - 14.1.1 as part of a clinical trial that has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 14.1.2 for on-going treatment of patients following the end of such a clinical trial.
- 14.2 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is provided free of charge by a supplier, provided that the pharmaceutical is provided as part of a programme of which the DHB, or supplier, has notified PHARMAC.

15 Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments in Paediatrics

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical for use within a paediatric oncology/haematology service for the treatment of cancer.

16 Other Government Funding

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical where funding for that pharmaceutical has been specifically provided by a Government entity other than PHARMAC or a DHB.

17 Other Exceptions

- 17.1 PHARMAC may also approve the funding of a pharmaceutical within a single DHB Hospital for information gathering purposes or otherwise related to PHARMAC's decision-making process for considering additions to or amendments to the Pharmaceutical Schedule.
- 17.2 Funding approvals granted under rule 17.1 will be subject to specific limitations on use as determined appropriate by PHARMAC in each circumstance, in consultation with the relevant DHB Hospital and/or DHB.

NATIONAL CONTRACTING

18 Hospital Pharmaceutical Contracts

- 18.1 A DHB Hospital may enter into a contract for the purchase of any Pharmaceutical, including any Medical Device, that it is entitled to fund in accordance with this Schedule H and that is not a National Contract Pharmaceutical, provided that such a contract:
 - a) does not oblige the relevant DHB Hospital to purchase a volume of that Pharmaceutical, if that Pharmaceutical is a DV Pharmaceutical, that is greater than the relevant DV Limit;
 - b) enables PHARMAC to access and use future price and volume data in respect of that Pharmaceutical; and
 - c) enables the relevant DHB Hospital to terminate the contract or relevant parts of the contract in order to give full effect to the National Contract on no more than 3 months' written notice to the Pharmaceutical supplier.
- 18.2 From 1 July 2013, where a DHB Hospital has a pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity for which there is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, the DHB may continue purchasing the chemical entity in accordance with its pre-existing supply contract however:
 - a) from the day its pre-existing supply contract expires, that DHB Hospital is to purchase the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, and is to comply with any DV Limits for the National Contract Pharmaceutical where it has HSS;
 - b) if purchase of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, where it has HSS, would not cause the relevant DHB Hospital to be in breach of its pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity; the DHB Hospital must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical.
- 18.3 Following written notification from PHARMAC that a Pharmaceutical is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, either through Section H updates or otherwise, DHB Hospitals must, unless PHARMAC expressly notifies otherwise:
 - a) take any steps available to them to terminate pre-existing contracts or relevant parts of such a contract, and
 - b) not enter any new contracts or extend the period of any current contracts, for the supply of that National Contract Pharmaceutical or the relevant chemical entity or Medical Device.

19 National Contract Pharmaceuticals

- 19.1 DHB Hospitals must take all necessary steps to enable any contracts between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier in relation to National Contract Pharmaceuticals to be given full effect.
- 19.2 The contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and the relevant supplier of a National Contract Pharmaceutical requires it to be made available for purchase at the relevant Price by any or all of the following:
 - a) DHB Hospitals at Designated Delivery Points; and/or
 - b) Contract Manufacturers (expressly for the purpose of compounding).

In the case of Medical Devices, a National Contract may require the Medical Device to be purchased by, and/or supplied to, a third party logistics provider.

20 Hospital Supply Status (HSS)

- 20.1 The DV Limit for any National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS is set out in the listing of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical in Section H, and may be amended from time to time.
- 20.2 If a National Contract Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H as having HSS, DHB Hospitals:
 - a) are expected to use up any existing stocks of DV Pharmaceuticals during the First Transition Period;
 - b) must not purchase DV Pharmaceuticals in volumes exceeding their usual requirements, or in volumes exceeding those which they reasonably expect to use, within the First Transition Period;
 - c) must ensure that Contract Manufacturers, when manufacturing an Extemporaneously Compounded Product on their behalf, use the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS; and
 - d) must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS except:
 - i) to the extent that the DHB Hospital may use its discretion to purchase a DV Pharmaceutical within the DV Limit, provided that (subject to rule 20.2(d)(iii) below) the DV Limit has not been exceeded nationally;

- ii) if the Pharmaceutical supplier fails to supply that National Contract Pharmaceutical, in which case the relevant DHB Hospital does not have to comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical during that period of non-supply (and any such month(s) included in a period of non-supply will be excluded in any review of the DV Limit in accordance with rule 20.3 below);
- iii) that where the DV Limit has been exceeded nationally, the DHB Hospital may negotiate with the Pharmaceutical supplier that supplies the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS for written permission to vary the application of that DHB Hospital's Individual DV Limit for any patient whose exceptional needs require a DV Pharmaceutical.
- 20.3 PHARMAC may, in its discretion, for any period or part period:
 - a) review usage by DHB Hospitals of the National Contract Pharmaceutical and DV Pharmaceuticals to determine whether the DV Limit has been exceeded; and
 - b) audit compliance by DHB Hospitals with the DV Limits and related requirements.
- 20.4 PHARMAC will address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit by:
 - a) obtaining the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital's assurance that it will comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS in the remainder of the applicable period and any subsequent periods; and
 - b) informing the relevant supplier of the HSS Pharmaceutical of any individual DHB or DHB Hospital's non-compliance with the DV Limit for that HSS Pharmaceutical.
- 20.5 In addition to the steps taken by PHARMAC under rule 20.4 above to address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit, the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier may require, in its discretion, financial compensation from the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital:
 - an amount representing that DHB or DHB Hospital's contribution towards exceeding the DV Limit (where PHARMAC is able to quantify this based on the information available to it); or
 - b) the sum of \$1,000 or \$5,000 (depending on the terms of the applicable national contract applying to the HSS Pharmaceutical),

whichever is the greater as between sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) within the number of business days specified in the notice from the Pharmaceutical supplier requiring such payment to be made.

20.6 The terms and conditions of a National Contract shall apply for a National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS for a Medical Device. In the event there is any inconsistency between such a National Contract and these General Rules, for example but not limited to a DV Pharmaceutical or DV Limit, the National Contract shall prevail.

21 Collection of rebates and payment of financial compensation

- 21.1 Following the receipt of any rebates from a Pharmaceutical supplier in respect of a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical, PHARMAC will notify each relevant DHB and DHB Hospital of the amount of the rebate owing to it, being a portion of the total rebate determined by PHARMAC on the basis of that DHB Hospital's usage of that National Contract Pharmaceutical, where this is able to be determined. Where data to determine individual DHB Hospitals' usage is not available, PHARMAC will apportion rebates on the basis of an alternative method agreed between the relevant DHBs and PHARMAC.
- 21.2 PHARMAC will pay each DHB Hospital the rebate amounts (if any) owing to it, no less frequently than once each calendar quarter in respect of rebates received quarterly (or more often).

22 Price and Volume Data

- 22.1 DHB Hospitals must provide to PHARMAC, on a monthly basis in accordance with PHARMAC's requirements, any volume data and, unless it would result in a breach of a pre-existing contract, price data held by those DHB Hospitals in respect of any Pharmaceutical (including any Medical Device) listed in Section H.
- 22.2 All price and volume data provided to PHARMAC under rule 22.1 above should identify the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical by using a Pharmacode or some other unique numerical identifier, and the date (month and year) on which the DHB Hospital incurred a cost for the purchase of that Hospital Pharmaceutical. Volume is to be measured in units (that being the smallest possible whole Unit – e.g. a capsule, a vial, a millilitre etc).

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

23 Unapproved Pharmaceuticals

Prescribers should, where possible, prescribe Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are approved under the Medicines Act 1981. However, the funding criteria (including Restrictions) under which a Hospital Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H of the Schedule may:

23.1 in some cases, explicitly permit a DHB to fund a Pharmaceutical that is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981 or for an Unapproved Indication; or

23.2 not explicitly prohibit a DHB from funding a Pharmaceutical for use for an Unapproved Indication;

Accordingly, if clinicians are planning on prescribing an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication, they should:

- 23.1 be aware of and comply with their obligations under sections 25 and/or 29 of the Medicines Act 1981, as applicable, and otherwise under that Act and the Medicines Regulations 1984;
- 23.2 be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Consumer Rights, including the requirement to obtain informed consent from the patient (PHARMAC recommends that clinicians obtain written consent); and
- 23.3 exercise their own skill, judgment, expertise and discretion, and make their own prescribing decisions with respect to the use of an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication.

Clinicians should be aware that simply by listing a Pharmaceutical on the Pharmaceutical Schedule, PHARMAC makes no representations about whether that Pharmaceutical has any form of approval or consent under, or whether the supply or use of the Pharmaceutical otherwise complies with, the Medicines Act 1981. Further, the Pharmaceutical Schedule does not constitute an advertisement, advertising material or a medical advertisement as defined in the Medicines Act or otherwise.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents			
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND S Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simethico 30 mg per 5 ml	20 mg		e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double Strenath
SIMETHICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE			e. e. g.
Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, s SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbon	A CARBONATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
160 mg			e.g. Gaviscon Double Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium ca 160 mg per 10 ml SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)		500 ml	Acidex
Phosphate Binding Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg			
CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml) → Restricted Initiation		500 ml	Roxane
Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate	0.0		
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory A	gents		
	·r		
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHAT Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Cap 2 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories			
BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 3 mg → Restricted Initiation - Crohn's disease Both:			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. continued...

	Price			Brand or	
	ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued					
1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; an	d				
2 Any of the following:					
2.1 Diabetes; or					
2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or					
2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or					
2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional cortico					
2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with con					
2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective d	sorder)	wher	e the ris	sk of cor	iventional corticosteroic
treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or	aida ar		aidarad	to bo oo	atroindicated)
2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticoste		e con	sidered		nitalinuicateu).
nitiation – Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocyti		by o	alonoco	ony with	hioneine
nitiation – Gut Graft versus Host disease	COIIUS,) by c	JIOHOSC	opy with	nulpsies.
Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marro	w trans	nlant	ation		
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE		piana			
Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 20	18	26 5	5	21.1 g	Colifoam
	/10	.20.0		21.1 g	Comoan
MESALAZINE Tab EC 400 mg		10 EI	h	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg				100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg				100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg				90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g				120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg				20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018				30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				7	Pentasa
DLSALAZINE					
Tab 500 mg		.93.3	7	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg				100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE					1.5.55
Cap 100 mg					
SULPHASALAZINE Tab 500 mg 1% DV Oct 16 to 2019		14.00	n	100	Salazonyrin
Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		. 14.00	J	100	Salazopyrin

Salazopyrin EN 100

Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders

Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations

15.00	30 a	Proctosedyl
	12	Proctosedyl
D CINCHOCA	INE	
6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
2.66	12	Ultraproct
	15.00 9.90 D CINCHOCA 6.35 2.66	9.90 12 D CINCHOCAINE 6.35 30 g

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut M	otility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019 HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE		. 17.14	10	Max Health
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule			100 5	Buscopan Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg		. 18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		.41.50	120	Cytotec
H2 Antagonists				
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg				
RANITIDINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.18.21 5.14	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors				
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 Cap 30 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018			100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief

1 Tab dispersible 20 mg Pestricted Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				
1 Tab dispersible 20 mg Pestricted Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic
Restricted initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	OMEPRAZOLE			
Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	Tab dispersible 20 mg			
Only for use in tube-fed patients. 1.98 90 Omeprazole actavis 10 Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	→ Restricted			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		1.00	00	0
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				•
Powder for oral liq				•
In j40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				•
PANTOPRAZOLE Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 2.41 100 Panzop Relief Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 3.35 100 Panzop Relief Site Protective Agents 100 Panzop Relief COLLODAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE 50 Gastrodenol SUCRALFATE 14.51 50 Gastrodenol SUCRALFATE 19 50 Gastrodenol Bile and Liver Therapy LORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below 4 Grans for oral liquid 3 g - Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below 1 Xifaxan - Restricted 625.00 56 Xifaxan - Restricted 625.00 56 Xifaxan - Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors 4.28 90 Glucobay Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 90 Glucobay Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 <td< td=""><td>Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019</td><td>13.00</td><td>5</td><td>Omezol IV</td></td<>	Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	13.00	5	Omezol IV
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	PANTOPRAZOLE			
Inj 40 mg vial Site Protective Agents COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg	Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.41		•
Site Protective Agents COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg 14.51 50 Gastrodenol SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g SUCRALFATE 50 Gastrodenol Bile and Liver Therapy USE Construction Construction L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g Feature terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g Restricted Feature terms below Gastrodenol For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below If Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 .625.00 56 Xifaxan Restricted initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE 4.28 90 Glucobay Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 90 Glucobay Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 7.78 90 Glucobay Muperglycaemic Agents 2018 10.00 Proglicem		3.35	100	Panzop Relief
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg	Inj 40 mg vial			
Tab 120 mg	Site Protective Agents			
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g Bile and Liver Therapy L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE	14.51	50	Gastrodonal
Tab 1 g Bile and Liver Therapy L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below © Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below 625.00 56 Xifaxan Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	-		50	Clasticuento
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				
 Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	Bile and Liver Therapy			
 → Restricted Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE – Restricted see terms below			
Initiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Imitation Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018				
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				
where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		and a tractment with	or ara i	ntolorant to lactulaça, ar
RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below 56 Xifaxan → Restricted 625.00 56 Xifaxan → Restricted Initiation 625.00 56 Xifaxan → Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE 90 Glucobay Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		bonded to treatment with	, or are i	molerant to lactulose, or
Image: Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				
 → Restricted Initiation For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018			56	Xifaxan
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose. Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	➡ Restricted			
Diabetes Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Initiation			
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of	of maximum tolerated do	oses of la	actulose.
ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Diabetes			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20187.78 90 Glucobay Hyperglycaemic Agents DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Proglicem	ACARBOSE			
Hyperglycaemic Agents DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Cap 25 mg			90	Glucobay
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Cap 25 mg	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	7.78	90	Glucobay
Cap 25 mg 110.00 100 Proglicem	Hyperglycaemic Agents			
Cap 25 mg 110.00 100 Proglicem	DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
			100	Proglicem
				Proglicem
Oral liq 50 mg per ml620.00 30 ml Proglycem	Oral liq 50 mg per ml		30 ml	Proglycem

	Price (ex man. ex \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.				
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1 mg syringe kit	32	00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			•	Chucagon Hyponic
Tab 1.5 g				
Tab 3.1 g				
Tab 4 g Gel 40%				
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE				
Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet				
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE	1			
Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per 3 ml prefilled pen		15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN ISOPHANE	Jz	.15	5	
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per m		00	-	Line also Min 05
3 ml cartridge Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per m		.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
3 ml cartridge		.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE				
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10	ml			
vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 n cartridge	าไ			
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 m cartridge	าไ			
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 m	nl			
cartridge				
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN GLARGINE				
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen			5	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			5 1	Lantus Lantus
		.00		Lando
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART				
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51	.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
,		-	-	

		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
NSULIN GLULISINE				
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			5 5	Apidra Apidra Solostar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		.40.07	Э	Apiura Solosiar
ISULIN LISPRO				
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations				
NSULIN NEUTRAL				
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents				
BLIBENCLAMIDE				
Tab 5 mg				
GLICLAZIDE				
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.10.29	500	Glizide
LIPIZIDE				
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		2.85	100	Minidiab
IETFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018			1,000	Metchek
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2018		7.82	500	Metformin Mylan
IOGLITAZONE				
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018			90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018			90 90	Vexazone Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		7.10	90	vexazone
Digestives Including Enzymes				
ANCREATIC ENZYME				
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,25	50 U			
protease))				
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 P		04.00	100	Ore en 10000
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000		. 34.93	100	Creon 10000
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 20		94.38	100	Creon 25000
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 P			100	210011 20000
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)				
IRSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.37.95	100	Ursosan
→ Restricted				
ititation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic ither:	cholestas	sis		
1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or				
2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.				

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation – Cirrhosis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 µmol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation – Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation – Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE			
Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet			e.g. PicoPrep
MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODI	UM CHLC	RIDE	
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium			
chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate			
80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet			e.g. Glycoprep-C
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium			
chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate			
80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet			e.g. Glycoprep-C
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBONATE, SC	DDIUM CH	ILORIDE A	ND SODIUM SULPHATE
Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium			
bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate			
5.685 g per sachet14	4.31	4	Klean Prep
Bulk-Forming Agents			
•••			
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK			
Powder for oral soln – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	6.05	500 g	Konsyl-D
STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only			

Powder for oral soln

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 120 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 100	Coloxyi Coloxyi
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	3.10	200	Laxsol
PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml			
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial		1 7	Relistor Relistor
Restricted Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both:	240.00	,	
 The patient is receiving palliative care; and Either: Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation 		lorotod	
Osmotic Laxatives		neraleu.	
GLYCEROL			
Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	6.50	20	PSM
LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 ml	Laevolac
 MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARI Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, soc bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, so bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 1% D 	BONATE AND SODIL Jium Ddium		
Feb-18 to 2020		30	Molaxole
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID	26.72	50	Micolette
Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Suppos 10 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		200 10	Lax-Tabs Lax-Suppositories

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SENNOSIDES			
Tab 7.5 mg			
Metabolic Disorder Agents			
ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg vial	1,142.60	1	Myozyme
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Aetabolic physician Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial ap	plication and has been dia	agnosed	with infantile Pompe disease
and		0	
2 Any of the following:			
 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of a villua bianaica and/or culturad ampiatia calles or 	acid alpha-glucosidase by	prenatal	diagnosis using chorionic
villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, a	and urinary tetrasaccharid	e testina	indicating a diagnostic
elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or		e testing	indicating a diagnostic
2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase,	and documented molecula	r genetic	testing indicating a
disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosic	0 (0 /		
2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicati	0 0	0	e tetrasaccharides, and
molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-caus	• •		
 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for r (ERT); and 	espiratory failure prior to s	laning er	izyme replacement therapy
4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe di	sease where the prognosi	s is unlike	ely to be influenced by ERT
or might be reasonably expected to compromise a respons			, ,
5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater	than 20 mg/kg every 2 we	eks.	
Continuation			
Aetabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the	patient is benefiting from t	reatment:	and
2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater	U U		
3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reaction	ons which were not prever	table by	appropriate pre-medication
and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and			maaia ia mulikako ka ka
4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or seven influenced by ERT; and	e disease where the long	term pro	gnosis is unlikely to be
5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that r	night reasonably be exper	ted to co	mpromise a response to
ERT; and	5,,		F
6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of resp	piratory disease as eviden	ced by th	e needed for > 14 days of
invasive ventilation; and			
7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopath	ıy.		
ARGININE			
Powder Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial			
BETAINE - Bestricted see terms below			

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Powder
- Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

	Price			Brand or
	(ex man. excl	GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer
BIOTIN – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 50 mg				
Cap 100 mg				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
➡ Restricted				
Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian				
GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below				
↓ Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV May-16 to 2018	2,234.0	0	1	Naglazyme
➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Both:				
1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis V	'l; and			
2 Either:				
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galac		lfatase	(arylsulfa	tase B) deficiency confirmed
by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fib				
2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient	has a sibling w	/ho is ki	nown to h	ave mucopolysaccharidosis
VI.				
Continuation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:		6		
1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patie				
2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions v and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and	which were not	preven	lable by a	ippropriate pre-medication
3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe dis	saasa whara th	o lona t	orm nroa	nosis is unlikely to be
influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and	bease where a	e long t	enn prog	
4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might	reasonably be	expect	ted to con	noromise a response to
ERT.		, enhor		
HAEM ARGINATE				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
IDURSULFASE – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial.	4 608 3	0	1	Elaprase
➡ Restricted			•	Elapidoo
Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Limited to 24 weeks treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (muco	olysacchardos	sis II); a	nd	
2 Either:				
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-su	Ilfatase deficie	ncy in w	hite bloo	d cells by either enzyme
assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or				
2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate	-			
3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell tran	nsplant (HSCT)	within	the next 3	3 months and treatment with
idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and				
4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respi	ratory failure p	ior to st	arting En	zyme Replacement Therap
(ERT); and			al 10	
5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivale	III TO 12 WEEKS	pre- an	iu 12 wee	eks post-HSUI) at doses no
greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.				

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IMIGLUCERASE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial ↓ Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted			
Initiation Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment P.	anel.		
LARONIDASE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial	1,335.16	6 1	Aldurazyme
Initiation Metabolic physician <i>Limited to 24 weeks</i> treatment All of the following:			
1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (muce 2 Either:	opolysacchardosis	; I-H); and	
 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-idur assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alp to have Hurler syndrome; and 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell tr 	ha-L-iduronidase ç	gene and patie	nt has a sibling who is known
 laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for res (ERT); and Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivation than 100 units/kg every week. 		-	
LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 500 mg ↓ Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml ↓ Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml ↓ Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial (Any Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml to be delisted 1 October 2018) → Restricted			
Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below Tab 50 mg			
Restricted			
Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian SODIUM BENZOATE Cap 500 mg Powder Soln 100 mg per ml Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms	on the next page		
Tab 500 mg Grans 483 mg per g Oral liq 250 mg per ml Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	1,920.00) 174 g	Pheburane

	(ex man.	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 → Restricted Initiation Metabolic physician <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a defit transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase. Continuation Metabolic physician <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Cap 300 mg 	·	bamylpho	sphate syr	thetase, ornithine
Minerals				
Calcium				
CALCIUM CARBONATE Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)			250 10	Arrow-Calcium Calsource
Fluoride				
SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)				
lodine				
POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%		.4.69	90	NeuroTabs
Iron				
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		50.00	1	Ferinject
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		.2.89	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg – 1% D	N			
Jun-18 to 2021 FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		.4.68	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS SULPHATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-18 to Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

24

FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 mg FERROUS SULPHATE WITH FOLIC ACID			Manufacturer
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg (Any Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg to		September	2018)
IRON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	15.22	5	Ferrum H
IRON SUCROSE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Venofer
Magnesium			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	DBL
Zinc			
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule			
ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)	11.00	100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%	_		
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIE Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	θE		
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray			
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.57	200 ml	healthE
CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%			
DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		3 5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg MICONAZOLE	5.86	6 20	Fungilin
Oral gel 20 mg per g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		•	Decozol Nilstat
Other Oral Agents		, 24111	mistat
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] – Restricted see to Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted Otolaryngologist THYMOL GLYCERIN Compound, BPC – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		5 500 ml	PSM
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see ter		5 180	Clinicians Multivit &
 → Restricted Initiation Limited to 3 months treatment Both: Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and Any of the following: Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or 	deep dermal bu		Mineral Boost
2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is MULTIVITAMIN RENAL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap	6.49		Clinicians Renal Vit
 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving entrief The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as pa 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA). 			·
 MULTIVITAMINS Tab (BPC cap strength) – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, colecalciferol 11 mcg, tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 m 	alpha 1,) 1,000	Mvite e.g. Vitabdeck

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted					
Either:					
 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndromic 	me.				
Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 u riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic ac 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg	0,				e.g. Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted					3
Initiation Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.					
In thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridox hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50 with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridox	00 mg e (1)				e.g. Pabrinex IV
hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50 with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxi hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid	00 mg ine				e.g. Pabrinex IM
1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 r ampoule (1)	nl				e.g. Pabrinex IV
VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10	drops				e.g. Vitadol C
Vitamin A					
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml					
Vitamin B					

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3	Neo-B12
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	90	Vitamin B6 25
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 13.63 Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	500	Apo-Pyridoxine
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC – 1% DV Jan-17 to 20197.15	500	Bplex

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin C					
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab chewable 250 mg		8.1	0	500	Cvite
Vitamin D					
ALFACALCIDOL					
Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020				100	One-Alpha
Cap 1 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020				100	One-Alpha
Oral drops 2 mcg per ml – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		.60.6	8	20 ml	One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL					
Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019				100	Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.18.3	9	100	Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL					
Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		2.5	0	12	Vit.D3

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- € Cap 500 u
- I Oral liq 156 u per ml

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically
 - inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation – Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antianaemics			
Hypoplastic and Haemolytic			
 EPOETIN ALFA [ERYTHROPOIETIN ALFA] – Restricted see terms b Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		6 6 6 6 6 6	Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex Eprex

➡ Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

- Re-assessment required after 2 months
- All of the following:
 - 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
 - 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
 - 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
 - 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
 - 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
 - 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

EPOETIN BETA [ERYTHROPOIETIN BETA] – **Restricted** see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 4,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

- Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative. *Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	20.60	1,000	Apo-Folic Acid
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		500	Apo-Folic Acid
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosa	nts		
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Topical soln 20% w/v			e.g. Driclor
➡ Restricted Initiation			
For use as a haemostatis agent.			
APROTININ – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial → Restricted			
Initiation Cardiac anaesthetist Either:			
 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedu Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the adverse effects of the drug. 		assive blee	eding outweighs the potential
ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg		28 28	Revolade Revolade
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenecto Haematologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment All of the following:	omy		
 Patient has had a splenectomy; and Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and faile and 	d after therapy of 3	nonths ea	ch (or 1 month for rituximab);
3 Any of the following:			
 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelet mucocutaneous bleeding; or 	s per microlitre and	has evider	nce of significant
 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,0 bleeding; or 	000 platelets per mic	rolitre and	has evidence of active
3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,0 Initiation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for		rolitre.	
Haematologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment	spienectomy)		
The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splened Continuation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splened Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during further treatment is required.	the initial approval	or subseq	uent renewal periods and
Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,00 FERRIC SUBSULFATE	0 platelets per micro	litre	
Gel 25.9% Soln 500 ml			
POLIDOCANOL Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial			
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule			

	(ex man	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THROMBIN Powder					
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				100 10	Cyklokapron Cyklokapron
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents					
IDARUCIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4,	250.0	0	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below						
t	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT		
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT		
	Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT		
	Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT		
	, , , , ,	,				

- Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION – Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 500 U		1	FEIBA NF
Inj 1,000 U		1	
↓ Inj 2,500 U		1	FEIBA NF
➡ Restricted			

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

MORC	CTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] – Restricted see terms below		
🖡 Inj	250 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
↓ Inj	500 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
	1,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
↓ Inj	2,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
		1	Xyntha

Restricted

Initiation

Note: Preferred Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NC	DNACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on t	he next page		
t	Inj 250 iu vial	.310.00	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
t	Inj 1,000 iu vial1	,240.00	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	,720.00	1	BeneFIX
		-		

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
t	Inj 500 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
I	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS

Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	 1	Advate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	 1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	Advate
	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	 1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	 1	Advate

- Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website <u>http://www.pharmac.govt.nz</u> or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2

PHARMAC PO Box 10 254

Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

Wellington

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
↓ Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
↓ Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
↓ Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	,		- 3

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Second Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website <u>http://www.pharmac.govt.nz</u> or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel	Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2
PHARMAC PO Box 10 254	Facsimile: (04) 974 4881
Wellington	Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE			
Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule8.0	00 !	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule9.2	21 !	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics Anticoagulants BIVALIRUDIN – Restricted see terms below Inj 250 mg vial – Restricted Initiation Either: 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg) Per	Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer
Anticoagulants BIVALIRUDIN – Restricted see terms below Initiation Prestricted Initiation Either: 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg		
BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 250 mg vial - Restricted ititation itther: 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 15 mg		
 Inj 250 mg vial Restricted nitiation Terror use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intoler 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg		
2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures. CITRATE SODIUM Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg	rance; or	xe; or
Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule DABIGATRAN Cap 75 mg	,	
Cap 75 mg		
Cap 110 mg		
Cap 150 mg 76.36 DALTEPARIN 19.2500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 19.97 Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 39.94 19.7 Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 60.03 11.97 Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe 60.03 11.11 Inj 10,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 99.96 11.12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 120.05 Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe 120.05 11.158.47 120.05 Inj 18,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe 158.47 158.47 DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule ■ ➡ Restricted Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule ■ ➡ Restricted Initiation Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Initiation Hagmatologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherage DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPAR	60	
DALTEPARIN Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 19.97 Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe 39.94 19.7500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe 60.03 Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe 77.55 112,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe 99.96 Inj 12,500 iu in 0.6 ml syringe 120.05 113 120.05 Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe 158.47 DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule → Restricted nitiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted Initiation Haematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherage DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM 17.20 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule	60	
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	60	60 Pradaxa
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe		
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe	10	0
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	10	0
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	10	
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	10	0
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe	10	0
ANAPAROID – Restricted see terms below Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation laematologist PEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	10	0
 Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation Restricted Itiation Ideated logist PEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	10	10 Fragmin
 Restricted nitiation or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted nitiation laternatologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
nitiation for use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted nitiation laematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted itiation laematologist tatient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule • Restricted initiation laematologist tatient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
 Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted nitiation Haematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
 → Restricted nitiation laematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
hitiation Alaematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
laematologist tatient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag INOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
atient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherap EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	ny or regi	or regimen-related toxicities
Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		regimentelated toxicities.
100 ml bag NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	J	
NOXAPARIN SOUUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe		
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule 37.27 Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	10	
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	10	10 Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe	10	10 Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe	10 10	
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe	10	
	10	
11655 11655	10	
Inj 120 mg in 1 ml svringe	10	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
Restricted			
Initiation	r hanarin intalaranga		
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance of	r nepann intolerance.		
HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	66 80	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial		00	rioopita
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	61.04	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	14.20	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	236.60	50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg	153.00	15	Xarelto
Restricted Initiation – total hip replacement			
Limited to 5 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
Initiation – total knee replacement			
Limited to 2 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM O	CHLORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 7	4.6 mcg		
per ml, 5,000 ml bag	•		
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg		100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11.75	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg – 10% DV Dec-16 to 2019	1.60	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
	12.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			-
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	5.44	84	Arrow - Clopid

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	11.52	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
EPTIFIBATIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	111.00	1	Integrilin
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Integrilin
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Either:			
1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes underg	oing percutaneous corona	ary interve	ention; or
2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra	-coronary thrombus on co	oronary ar	ngiography.
PRASUGREL – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg		28	Effient
↓ Tab 10 mg		28	Effient
➡ Restricted			
nitiation – Bare metal stents			
Limited to 6 months treatment			
Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 we	eks and is clopidogrel-alle	rgic.	
Initiation – Drug-eluting stents		•	
Limited to 12 months treatment			
Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previo	us 4 weeks and is clopido	grel-aller	gic.
nitiation – Stent thrombosis			
Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopid	ogrel.		
nitiation – Myocardial infarction			
Limited to 1 week treatment			
For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocar			
Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, u			
developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unli	kely to be caused by any	other trea	atment
TICAGRELOR – Restricted see terms below			
	90.00	56	Brilinta
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically f	or patients who have rece		

diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

lnj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

36

lnj 50 mg vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
UROKINASE			

Inj 10,000 iu vial Inj 50,000 iu vial Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells		
PLERIXAFOR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1.2 ml vial	1	Mozobil
nitiation – Autologous stem cell transplant		
laematologist		
imited to 3 days treatment		
II of the following:		
1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and		
2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and attempt with pl	nd	
3 Any of the following: 3.1 Both:		
3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and 3.1.2 Either:		
3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or	r equal to 1	$0 imes 10^6$ /L on day 5 after
3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one	e apheresis	s procedure; or
3.2 Both:	·	•
3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and		
3.2.2 Any of the following:		
3.2.2.1 Both:		
3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of > 5×10^9 /L; and 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less		
3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 × 10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one		
3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before	-	has been received; or
3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy h	nas failed.	
Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors		
ILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe270.00	5	Zarzio
Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial	4	Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe	5	Zarzio
Restricted accontained		
aematologist or oncologist		
EGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe	1	Neulastim
Finite of the period of the synthesis of the synthesi	I	INCUIDSUITI
nitiation		
For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (fr	ebrile neutr	ropenia risk greater than c

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

equal to 20%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Fluids and Electrolytes			
Intravenous Administration			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule	34.24	10	Hospira
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconate 23 mmol/l, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml	5.00	500 ml	Baxter
bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	44.10	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Plasma-Lyte 148
(Baxter Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018) COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE Inj glucose 50 g with 140 mmol/l sodium, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l	chloride	98 mmol/l, ad	cetate 27 mmol/l and
magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate, bag Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,	7.00	1,000 ml	Baxter
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	211.92	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose
(Baxter Inj glucose 50 g with 140 mmol/l sodium, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol	/I magnes	sium, 98 mme	
acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,	1 77	500 ml	Deuter
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, bag	1.80	500 ml 1,000 ml	Baxter Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,		.,	
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag – 1% DV	00.40	10	Dautan
Jun-18 to 2021 Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV	23.40	18	Baxter
Jun-18 to 2021 (Baxter Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarl delisted 1 June 2018)		12 9 mmol/l, chlo	Baxter bride 111 mmol/l, bag to be
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l and glucose 5%, bag (Baxter Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarl		1,000 ml	Baxter

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, bag		500 ml	Baxter
	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter
	2.84	100 ml	Baxter
	3.87	250 ml	Baxter
Inj 10%, bag		500 ml	Baxter
lni E0%/ hag	9.33	1,000 ml 500 ml	Baxter Baxter
Inj 50%, bag Inj 5%, 50 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Biomed
Inj 70%, 1,000 ml bag			Diomou
Inj 70%, 500 ml bag			
(Baxter Inj 10%, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Baxter Inj 50%, bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Any Inj 70%, 1,000 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
(Any Inj 70%, 500 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 5% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, bag	12.09	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with 30 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1,000 ml bag		.,	Danton
Inj 10% glucose with 10 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
(Baxter Inj 5% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, bag to be d	elisted 1 June 2018	3)	
(Any Inj 5% glucose with 30 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1,000 ml bag t	o be delisted 1 Jur	ne 2018)	
(Any Inj 10% glucose with 10 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag to	be delisted 1 Jun	e 2018)	
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE	=		
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium ch	nloride		
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo	oride		
0.18%, bag		500 ml	Baxter
	8.31	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium chlo	oride		
0.18%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo			
0.45%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo			
0.9%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium ch	Ioride		
15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo		10	Dautan
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride		12	Daxler
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
(Baxter Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium			
(Baxter Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium (Baxter Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium			
(Baxter Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride common and sodium (Baxter Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium			
(Baxter Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium			
, ,	, 		

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE	Ŷ	1.01	manaraotaron
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag	8.12	500 ml	Baxter
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% E	DV .		
Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% E		40	Develop
Jun-18 to 2021 Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV		12	Baxter
Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.2%, 500 ml bag			
Baxter Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag to be delist	ed 1 June 2018)		
Baxter Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag to be delisted			
Baxter Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag to be delisted			
Any Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.2%, 500 ml bag to be deli	sted 1 June 2018)		
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000			_
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100	ml bag	12	Daxlei
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021			
	476.64	48	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 m	nl bag		
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	770.00	10	_ .
Baxter Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, b	772.32	48 luna 2018)	Baxter
Baxter Inj 20 mmol/ potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, t Baxter Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, t			
Baxter Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, b			
Any Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100)18)
Any Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100			
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	151.80	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmo	I/I.		
chloride 156 mmol/l, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmo	I/I,		
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag Baxter Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 n	nmal/l_chlarida 156	mmol/l har	to he delicted 1 June 2010
		owi, bay	
SODIUM ACETATE Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial	10.05	1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		1	Biomed
	20.00	I	Biomou

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack - 1% DV Jun-15 to 20		30	BD PosiFlush
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 1% DV Jun-15 to 20 → Restricted	18 10.80	30	BD PosiFlush
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 20 → Restricted	018 11.25	30	BD PosiFlush
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule	7.50	30	InterPharma
, <u>,</u> , <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u> <u>,</u>	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201		5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 300 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		12	Baxter
•			
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHA		-	.
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 WATER		5	Biomed
Inj 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule	7.50	30	InterPharma
, ,	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag Inj 500 ml bag	0.00	_0	
Inj, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		12	Baxter
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
		y	
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES Powder for oral soln – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.30	10	Enerlyte
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE Soln with electrolytes			
PHOSPHORUS Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			0 14
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)	7.42	200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg		100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Gelofusine
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.03%	, POTASSIUM CHL	ORIDE, SO	DIUM ACETATE AND
sodium acetate 0.463% and sodium chloride 0.6%, 500 ml ba (Volulyte 6% Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chlor 0.6%, 500 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018)	•		Volulyte 6% 3% and sodium chloride
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 6% with sodium chloride 0.9%, 500 ml bag		20	Voluven

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CARDIC	VASCULAR	SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	\$	Fei	Manulacturei
Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System			
ACE Inhibitors			
CAPTOPRIL			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	94.99	95 ml	Capoten
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or			
2 For use in tube-fed patients; or			
3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following	j cardiac surgery.		
CILAZAPRIL			
Tab 0.5 mg		90	Zapril
Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		200	Apo-Cilazapril
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		200	Apo-Cilazapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.78	100	Ethics Enalapril
LISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	2.76	90	Ethics Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.75	30	Apo-Perindopril
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.80	30	Apo-Perindopril
QUINAPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.31	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.15	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5.97	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
TRANDOLAPRIL – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 1 mg			
➡ Cap 2 mg			
ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics			
CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to	o 2019 10.18	100	Apo-Cilazapril/
			Hydrochlorothiazide
ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restr	ricted: For continuation	n only	
 Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg 		-	
QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 1% DV Oct-15	to 2018	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15		30	Accuretic 20
- · ·			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL – Restricted see terms below			
	2.50	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		90	Candestar
↓ Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		90	Candestar
Initiation – ACE inhibitor intolerance			
Either:			
 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not inhibitor); or Patient has a history of angioedema. Initiation – Unsatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor Patient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an 	·	tor retria	al (same or new ACE
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84 84	Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 Ilig - 1% DV NOV-17 to 2020	2.01	04	LUSARIAN ACIAVIS
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Doxazosin
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 5 mg	11.70	100	Apo-Prazosin
TERAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		28	Actavis
Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		500	Apo-Terazosin
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019		500	Apo-Terazosin

	(ex man. e	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiarrhythmics				
ADENOSINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial ➡ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.				
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted				
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		1 66	30	Cordarone-X
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30	Cordarone-X
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019			5	Lodi
ATROPINE SULPHATE				
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	7	71.00	50	AstraZeneca
DIGOXIN				
Tab 62.5 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019			240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	1	14.52	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial				
Cap 100 mg				
Tab 50 mg	3	38.95	60	Tambocor
Cap long-acting 100 mg			30	Tambocor CR
Cap long-acting 200 mg			30	Tambocor CR
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	5	52.45	5	Tambocor
VABRADINE – Restricted see terms below				
↓ Tab 5 mg → Restricted				
Initiation				
Both:				
1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiog	graphy; and			
2 Either:				
2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per m	inute while ta	aking a ma	kimally to	lerated dose of beta blocke
or 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.				
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 150 mg	16	52.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
				USP
Cap 250 mg	20	02.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
				USP

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- I Tab 2.5 mg
- ↓ Tab 5 mg
- Restricted
- Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL

Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Oral liq 5 mg per ml	7.67	500 500 300 ml	Mylan Atenolol Mylan Atenolol Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	9.40	90	Bosvate
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.95	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL			
Tab 200 mg	21.40	180	Celol
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg	8.99	100	Hybloc
Tab 100 mg		100	Hybloc
Tab 200 mg	29.74	100	Hybloc
Tab 400 mg			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	3.00	30	Betaloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	24.00	5	Lopresor
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	24.70	100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL			
Tab 5 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg	23.40	100	Apo-Pindolol

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Mylan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule		5	Sotacor
(Sotacor Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 20			
TIMOLOL MALEATE			

Tab 10 mg

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

AMLODIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	100 250 250	Apo-Amlodipine Apo-Amlodipine Apo-Amlodipine
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 1.55	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20182.30	30	Plendil ER

ISRADIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg Cap 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist Both:

1 Patient is a Paediatric Patient; and

- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
 - 2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
 - 2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

NIFEDIPINE

Tab long-acting 10 mg – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Tab long-acting 20 mg		60 100	Adalat 10 Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		30	Adalat Oros
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.67	30	Adalat Oros
Cap 5 mg			

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
ILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg	 4.60	100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg	 8.50	100	Dilzem
Cap long-acting 120 mg	 .31.83	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
	1.91	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg	 .47.67	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
	7.56	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
	10.22	30	Cardizem CD
lnj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Cardizem CD Cap long-acting 120 mg to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Cardizem CD Cap long-acting 180 mg to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Cardizem CD Cap long-acting 240 mg to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
ERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	 .62.90	100	Pexsiq
ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 40 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg		250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		250	Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
	.20.00	ő	
Centrally-Acting Agents			
LONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 .12.34	4	Mylan
LONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	 .10.53	112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg	 .34.32	100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 .16.07	5	Catapres
IETHYLDOPA			
Tab 250 mg	 .15.10	100	Methyldopa Mylan
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
UMETANIDE			
UMETANIDE Tab 1 mg	.16.36	100	Burinex

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.00 25.00	1,000 50	Diurin 40 Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule <i>–</i> 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019 Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule	1.20	5	Frusemide-Claris
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Injection 10%, 1,000 ml bag Injection 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Inj 20%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 (<i>Baxter Injection 10%, 1,000 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018</i>) (<i>Baxter Injection 20%, 500 ml bag to be delisted 1 June 2018</i>)	23.08 747.24	1,000 ml 500 ml 12 18	Baxter Baxter Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg			
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml (Apo-Amiloride Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019) SPIRONOLACTONE		100 25 ml	Apo-Amiloride Biomed
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Oral liq 5 mg per ml	11.80	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg	8.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg − 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 METOLAZONE − Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg → Restricted	2.60	90	Dapa-Tabs
Initiation Any of the following:			continued.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has not responded to loop diuretics and/or loop-thiazide combination therapy; or
- 2 Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsive to high dose loop diuretics and concentrated albumin infusions: or
- 3 Paediatric patient has oedema secondary to nephrotic syndrome that has not responded to loop diuretics.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BEZAFIBRATE		
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	30	Bezalip Retard
GEMFIBROZIL		
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201919.56	60	Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)		
ATORVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	100	Apo-Pravastatin
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 20208.06	100	Apo-Pravastatin
SIMVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
······································	30	

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral liq 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 × normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg5.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg6.15	30	Zimybe
	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg7.15	30	Zimybe
	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg8.15	30	Zimybe
	Postriotod		

Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

NICOTINIC ACID		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

Nitrates		
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE		
Tab 600 mcg	100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule 100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose4.45	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose	250 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	90	Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	an. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation – Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics

ADRENALINE		
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule4.9 5.2		Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial	-	·
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule		Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe		Поорна
DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	15 5	Dobutamine-Claris
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	39 5	DBL Sterile Dopamine Concentrate
EPHEDRINE		Concentrate
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020)4 10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE		
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
METARAMINOL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
NORADRENALINE Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2019	00 10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule115.5	50 25	Neosynephrine HCL
	10 25	
Vasodilators		
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 20181,650.0	00 5	Prostin VR

	Price	Price		Brand or
	ex man. exc \$		Per	Generic Manufacturer
	ψ		Fei	Manulaciulei
MYL NITRITE Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule				
DIAZOXIDE				
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule				
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE ↓ Tab 25 mg				
→ Restricted				
nitiation				
Either:				
1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or				
2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in	patients wh	o are in	olerant	or have not responded to
ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.				
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.	90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018		30	10	Milrinone Generic
				Health
VINOXIDIL Tab 10 mg	70	00	100	Loniten
		00	100	Loniton
NICORANDIL Tab 10 mg	27	05	60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg			60	lkorel
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial				
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]				·
Tab 400 mg				
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE				
Inj 50 mg vial				
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists				
MBRISENTAN – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 5 mg	-		30	Volibris
■ Tab 10 mg	4,585.	00	30	Volibris
nitiation				
Either:				
1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for amb	risentan in	pulmona	ary arteri	ial hypertension; or
2 In hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.				
BOSENTAN – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 62.5 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		79	60	Bosentan-Mylan
-	375.	00	56	Mylan-Bosentan
Tab 125 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018			60	Bosentan-Mylan
(Adam December Tels (0) E me to be delivered at the (0040)	375.	00	56	Mylan-Bosentan
(Mylan-Bosentan Tab 62.5 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)				
Mylan-Bosentan Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018) → Restricted				
nitiation				
Either:				
				continued

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for bosentan in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 In hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SI	LDENAFIL – Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20180.75	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

➡ Restricted

Initiation - tablets

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for sildenafil in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 4 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 5 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 6 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations; or
- 7 All of the following:
 - 7.1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
 - 7.2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
 - 7.3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
 - 7.4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EΡ	OPROSTENOL – Restricted see terms below		
t	Inj 500 mcg vial	1	Veletri
	Inj 1.5 mg vial		Veletri
	Restricted		
Init	tiation		

Fither:

1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epoprostenol in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or

2 In hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	380.00	5	llomedin
t	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml	1,185.00	30	Ventavis

|--|

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In hopsital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	⁽⁾ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 MAFENIDE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below		15 g 100 ml	Crystaderm Pharmacy Health
↓ Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted Initiation			
For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% Oint 2% SULFADIAZINE SILVER		15 g 15 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream Foban
Crm 1% – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	6.50	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 → Soln 1% - Restricted: For continuation only	0.70	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 METRONIDAZOLE	2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75% MICONAZOLE NITRATE			
Crm 2% – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	0.74	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Lotn 5% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	14.96	100 120	Isotane 10 Oratane
Cap 20 mg		100 120	Isotane 20 Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018 Lotn, BP – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		100 g 2,000 ml	Pharmacy Health PSM
CROTAMITON Crm 10% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.59	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.59	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	4.90	500 ml	6% healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
	1.60	<u> </u>	Orion
Crm Oint, BP – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		20 g 20 g	Orion healthE

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. exc \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
AQUEOUS CREAM				
Crm 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	1.	.00	100 g	Pharmacy Health SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		00	500	
Crm 500 g – 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	1.	.99	500 g	AFT SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				
CETOMACROGOL	0	74	500 m	h a a lith F
Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018			500 g	healthE healthE
Crm BP, 100 g – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	I.	.47	1	nealthe
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL				
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,			100 g	Pharmacy Health
		.10		Pharmacy Health
Over 000/ with shares 100/ 10/ DV Aver 10 to 0010		.20	500 ml	healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019	2.	.82	500 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
	3.	.87	1,000 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT				
Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.	.84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.				
Oint BP, 500 g – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	3.	.59	500 g	AFT
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.				
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%	6			e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION				-
Crm	2	.63	500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Crm, 100 g			1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFEIN				
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%	3	10	100 g	healthE
White soft – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both Yellow soft			0	soft paraffin.
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT				
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%				e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3% UREA				e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1	.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT				
Crm				
Viiii				

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%			
Oint 0.05%			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 Lotn 0.1%	3.15	50 g	Beta Ointment
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2 20	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		30 g 30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE		00 g	
Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
➡ Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 30 g - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	1.11	30 g	DermAssist
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to			
Crm 1%, 500 g – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		500 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
	0.40	14.0 -	
Crm 1%	2.48	14.2 g	AFT
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN	7		
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 1% DV Sep-1 to 2020		250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE		200 111	
Crm 0.1%	2.30	30 g	Locoid Lipocream
	6.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%		100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%	6.85	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1%		15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1%	4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	1 5 1	15 a	Elocon Alcohol Free
GIII 0.1% – 1% DV NOV-15 10 2016		15 g 50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		15 g	Elocon
	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	7.35	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.35	100 g	Aristocort

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms on the next page

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	[[]) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Either: 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or			
2 For continuation use.			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%	CACID]		
HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE			
Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.00	15 g	Micreme H
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN			
Crm 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%		15 g	Pimafucort
Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%		15 g	Pimafucort
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRA Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g	MICIDIN AND NYS	IAIIN	
Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations			
ACITRETIN			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	41.36	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL			
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 20 Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2		30 g	Daivobet Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL	01020.12	30 g	Daivobel
Oint 50 mcg per g – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2020	45.00	100 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR		0	
Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%			
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]			
Tab 10 mg			
Lotn 1.2%			
PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEII Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium – 19			
Oct-17 to 2020		500 ml	Pinetarsol
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE			
Tab 400 mg			
Crystals			
Scalp Preparations			
BETAMETHASONE VALEBATE			
Scalp app 0.1%	7.75	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			·
Scalp app 0.05%	6.96	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Scalp lotn 0.1%	3.65	100 ml	Locoid

		Price excl. GST)	_	Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
Wart Preparations				
IMIQUIMOD				
Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet		.17.98	12	Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN				5%
Soln 0.5%		.33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE				
Sticks with applicator				
Other Skin Preparations				
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE				
Powder 2%				
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Crm				
Lotn		3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF
		5.10	200 g	50+ Marine Blue Lotion SPF
				50+
Antineoplastics				
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM				
Crm 5% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted s	ee terms be	low		
→ Restricted				
Dermatologist or plastic surgeon				
Wound Management Products				
CALCIUM GLUCONATE				

Gel 2.5%

e.g. Orion

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents			
ACETIC ACID			
Soln 3% Soln 5%			
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC	ACID		
Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE			
Crm 1% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Lotn 1%, 200 ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50 g 1	healthE healthE
	4 00	05	01
Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019 Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		35 g 20 g	Clomazol Clomazol
VICONAZOLE NITRATE		3	
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.88	40 g	Micreme
NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Aug-17 to 202	04.45	75 g	Nilstat
Contraceptives			
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives			
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL			
Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.67	168	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives			
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL			
Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg			
Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL			
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV			
Jan-18 to 2020	2.18	84	Microgynon 20 ED
Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	1 77	84	Levlen ED
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg		04	
Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg	0.45	04	Miorogynan 50 ED
Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE	9.45	84	Microgynon 50 ED
Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg			
Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg			
NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL			
Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg			

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width		1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day − 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		1 1	Jadelle Mirena
Initiation – heavy menstrual bleeding Obstetrician or gynaecologist All of the following: 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and 3 Any of the following: 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hys Continuation – heavy menstrual bleeding Obstetrician or gynaecologist Either: 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bl 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of in Initiation – endometriosis Obstetrician or gynaecologist	appropriate pharma or eroscopy or endon eeding; or		
Obstetrician or gynaecologist The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by lapare Continuation – endometriosis Obstetrician or gynaecologist Either:	oscopy.		
1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of in Note: endometriosis is an unregistered indication.			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1 84	Depo-Provera Noriday 28

	Price			Brand or
	(ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ			Manufacturer
Obstetric Preparations				
Antiprogestogens				
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg				
Oxytocics				
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE				
Pessaries 10 mg				
Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g			1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g		0	I	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		0	5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN		•	•	3 0
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	4.0	3	5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		3	5	Oxytocin BNM
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE				
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – DV Sep-15 to 2018		0	5	Suntomotrino
DV 3ep-13 to 2010		3	5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics				
PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019	16.5	0	30	Utrogestan
Gynaecologist or obstetrician Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Both: 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and				
2 Either:				
2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28		to 28 w	veeks); o	r
Continuation				
Gynaecologist or obstetrician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:				
1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and				
2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and 3 Either:				
3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28		to 28 w	veeks); o	r
Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to So Definitions) and Part IV (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 23.1)		eral Rul	es, Part	I (Interpretations and
TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms on the next page				

Inj 500 mcg ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted Obstetrician			
Oestrogens			
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Pessaries 500 mcg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 → Restricted Initiation Both:	4.81	100	Ricit
 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and Either: The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers of Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selection 		ndicated; or	
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
 TAMSULOSIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 400 mcg		100 1.	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml → Restricted Initiation Both:		200 ml	Biomed
 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years 	prior to the applica	tion.	
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.34	28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin Apo-Oxybutynin

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	ð	Per	Manufacturer
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg		30	Vesicare
↓ Tab 10 mg		30	Vesicare
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or	is non-responsive to, o	xybutynin.	
TOLTERODINE TARTRATE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 1 mg		56	Arrow-Tolterodine
↓ Tab 2 mg		56	Arrow-Tolterodine
➡ Restricted			

Initiation

66

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer	

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

Tab 2.5 mg

➡ Restricted

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	50 50	Procur Procur
TESTOSTERONE Patch 5 mg per day80.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 16.80 Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	60 1	Andriol Testocaps Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN

Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Tab 30 mg	28	Sensipar

Restricted

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
 - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate.

continued...

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
Continuation			
Nephrologist or endocrinologist			
Both:			
1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; a			
2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom i			
Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these h	ave become malignant.		
ZOLEDRONIC ACID			
Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial		1	Zoledronic acid Mylan
➡ Restricted	550.00		Zometa
Initiation – bone metastases			
Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist			
Any of the following:			
1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or			
2 Both:			
2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and			
2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard fi	irst-line treatments; or		
3 Both:			
3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and			
3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (patholog	ical fracture, spinal cord	compress	sion, radiation to bone or
surgery to bone).			
Initiation – early breast cancer			
Oncologist			
All of the following:			
1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast of			
2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, ei	ither naturally or induced	, with end	locrine levels consistent w
a postmenopausal state; and	onthly for a maximum of	Queero	
3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-mo	Ununy IOF a maximum OF	z years.	

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE 30 Dexmethsone 30 Dexmethsone Oral liq 1 mg per ml45.00 25 ml Biomed DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE 10 Max Health 10 Max Health FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE 100 Florinef

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5.30	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	9.00	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	40.00	5	Depo-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAIN	El		
Inj 40 mg with lidocaine [lignocaine], 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2		1	Depo-Medrol with
			Lidocaine
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	20.80	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE		-	

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

Tab 1 mg			
Tab 2 mg			
Patch 25 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	6.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	7.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	7.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE			
Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		84	Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)			
Tab 300 mcg			
Tab 625 mcg			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparation	IS		
OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oe (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6) OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesteron acetate Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate			
Progestogens			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	14.00	30 100 30	Provera Provera Provera
Other Endocrine Agents			
CABERGOLINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 0.5 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.75 19.00	2	Dostinex Dostinex
 Restricted Initiation Any of the following: Inhibition of lactation; or Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or Patient has acromegaly. 			
CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg		10	Mylan Clomiphen Serophene
DANAZOL Cap 100 mg Cap 200 mg GESTRINONE Cap 2.5 mg METYRAPONE Cap 250 mg PENTAGASTRIN Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		100 100	Azol Azol
Other Oestrogen Preparations ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 10 mcg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 OESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg	17.60	100	NZ Medical & Scientific

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTRIOL Tab 2 mg			
Other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Provera HD
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		100	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogu	es		
CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial			
THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		1 1	Synacthen Synacthen Depot
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists			
BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 Implant 10.8 mg, syringe – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		1 1	Zoladex Zoladex
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1 1	Lucrin Depot 1-month Lucrin Depot 3-month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 5 mg cartridge ↓ Inj 10 mg cartridge ↓ Inj 15 mg cartridge → Restricted Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children	219.00	1 1 1	Omnitrope Omnitrope Omnitrope

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

continued...

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Prie	се		Brand or
(ex man. e	xcl. GS		Generic
 \$	5	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or	
			Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

	Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex	x man. e	excl. GS		Generic
	9	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE	
Tab 5 mg	
IODINE	
Soln BP 50 mg per ml	
LEVOTHYROXINE	
Tab 25 mcg	
Tab 50 mcg	
Tab 100 mcg	
LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM	
Tab 20 mcg	
➡ Restricted	
Initiation	
For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.	
Inj 20 mcg vial	
POTASSIUM IODATE	
Tab 170 mg	
POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE	
Cap 200 mg	
PROPYLTHIOURACIL – Restricted see terms on the next page	
↓ Tab 50 mg	

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRELIN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]			
Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE – Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	25.00	30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	54.45	30	Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	23.95	6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml			
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – Nocturnal enuresis			
Either:			
1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or			
2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.			
Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are c	ontraindicated.		
TERLIPRESSIN			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		5	Glypressin

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe		10	Biomed
 Inj 15 ing per ml, 3 ml syninge Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	DBL Amikacin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	8 56	5	Hospira
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		25	APP Pharmaceuticals
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		25 10	Pfizer
	0.00	10	
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below	400.00	40	L Louise Bar
 Cap 250 mg	t list list list	16 5 56 dose	Humatin Tobramycin Mylan TOBI
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
 Inj 1 g vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 		1	Invanz
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN – Restricted see terms on the next page Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial		1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

INFECTIONS

 → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist MEROPENEM – Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation 		10 10	DBL Meropenem
MEROPENEM – Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			DBL Meropenem
Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial → Restricted Dinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			DBL Meropenem
Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			DBL Meropenem
Inj 1 g vial → Restricted clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Restricted Inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			DBL Meropenem
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
EFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	3.50	20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
ZEFAZOLIN			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3 39	5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	AFT
	0.20	~	
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation			
	04.70	100	Dankarn Oafaalar
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EFOXITIN	3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	58.00	10	Cefoxitin Actavis
			•••••
	00.40	50	Zinnet
Tab 250 mg		50	Zinnat
Inj 750 mg vial – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		10 10	Cefuroxime Actavis Cefuroxime Actavis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	14.30	10	Celuroxime Actavis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation			
	1.00		Cofetavine Cander
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	14.00	10	DBL Cefotaxime
CEFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below		_	
Inj 1 g vial	23.00	5	Ceftazidime Mylan
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	alist		
CEFTRIAXONE			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		1	DEVA
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	0.84	1	DEVA
Inj 2 g vial	2.75	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation			
EFEPIME – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	3.95	1	Cefepime-AFT
Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Cefepime-AFT
→ Restricted			-
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer ¢ Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below 10 Zinforo ➡ Restricted Initiation – multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist Either: 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies. Macrolides AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below 1 30 Apo-Azithromycin ſ 2 Apo-Azithromycin Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) - 1% DV Oct-15 ſ 15 ml Zithromax - Restricted Initiation - bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following: 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*: or 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection. Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications Initiation - non-cvstic fibrosis bronchiectasis* Respiratory specialist or paediatrician Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and 3 Fither: 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period. Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic
- fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

continued...

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
continued			
Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. A max	cimum of 24 months of	of azithromy	cin treatment for non-cys
brosis will be subsidised in the community.			
nitiation – other indications			
Re-assessment required after 5 days			
For any other condition.			
Continuation – other indications			
Re-assessment required after 5 days			
For any other condition.			
CLARITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3 98	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		14	Apo-Clarithromycin
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml		50 ml	Klacid
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-17 to 01 Sep 2020		1	Klacid
	12.04		Martindale
Klacid Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 May 2018)			marandale
→ Restricted			
nitiation – Tab 250 mg and oral liquid			
Either:			
1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or			
T Alypical mycobacterial infection, of			
2. Mycobactorium tuboroulogic infaction whore there is drug rea	istance er intelerance	to standar	h pharmacoutical agonts
2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res	istance or intolerance	to standard	d pharmaceutical agents
nitiation – Tab 500 mg	istance or intolerance	to standard	d pharmaceutical agents
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Ielicobacter pylori eradication.	istance or intolerance	to standard	d pharmaceutical agents.
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Ielicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion	istance or intolerance	to standard	d pharmaceutical agents.
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Ielicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following:	istance or intolerance	to standard	d pharmaceutical agents
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or			
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res			
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or			
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res			
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.	istance or intolerance		
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)	istance or intolerance	to standard	d pharmaceutical agents
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg	istance or intolerance	e to standard 100	b pharmaceutical agents
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	istance or intolerance	e to standard 100 100 ml	b pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)	istance or intolerance 16.95 	to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	e pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial	istance or intolerance 	e to standard 100 100 ml	b pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation	istance or intolerance 	to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	d pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation → Tab 250 mg	istance or intolerance 	to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	d pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation	istance or intolerance 	to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	d pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation → Tab 250 mg	istance or intolerance 	to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	d pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation → Tab 250 mg → Tab 500 mg	istance or intolerance 	to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	d pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation → Tab 250 mg → Tab 500 mg ROXITHROMYCIN – Some items restricted see terms below	istance or intolerance 	e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml 1	d pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin Erythrocin IV
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation → Tab 250 mg → Tab 500 mg ROXITHROMYCIN – Some items restricted see terms below Tab dispersible 50 mg	istance or intolerance 	e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml 1	d pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin Erythrocin IV Rulide D
nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug res 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation Tab 250 mg Tab 500 mg ROXITHROMYCIN – Some items restricted see terms below Tab dispersible 50 mg Tab 150 mg	istance or intolerance 	e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml 1 10 50	l pharmaceutical agents E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin Erythrocin IV Rulide D Arrow-Roxithromycin

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500	Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500	Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	17.29	10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020.		20	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml – 1% D		100 1	•
Aug-17 to 2019		100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20 Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2		10 10	m-Amoxiclav m-Amoxiclav
	010 12.00	10	III-AIIIOXICIAV
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN		10	
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2	2018315.00	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		500	Staphlex
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.22	5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 ml 100 ml	AFT AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 mi	AFI
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial		10	PipTaz Sandoz
➡ Restricted	15.50	1	Tazocin EF
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Cilicaine
		2	
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms below In 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial	1		
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		

eneric
lanufacturer
Cipflox
Cipflox Cipflox
ipilox
Cipflox
velox
velox IV 400
o be contracted in an
s; or
or or
s; or of first-line medications;
py is contraindicated.
by to contrainatoutou.
iotics.
rrow-Norfloxacin

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DOXYCYCLINE				
➡ Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only				
Tab 100 mg		6.75	250	Doxine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial				
MINOCYCLINE				
Tab 50 mg				
➡ Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only				
TETRACYCLINE				
Tab 250 mg		46.00	20	Tatroqualin Walff
Cap 500 mg		40.00	30	Tetracyclin Wolff
TIGECYCLINE – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
Other Antibacterials				
AZTREONAM – Restricted see terms below			_	
Inj 1 g vial		182.46	5	Azactam
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
CHLORAMPHENICOL – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial				
➡ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		4.10	16	Clindamycin ABM
Oral liq 15 mg per ml				
Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-16	to 2019	65.00	10	Dalacin C
Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	-			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] -				Colliption Link
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial ➡ Restricted		65.00	1	Colistin-Link
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or re	espiratory specialist			
DAPTOMYCIN – Bestricted see terms below	oophatoly opeolation			
Inj 350 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		175.16	1	Cubicin
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			1	Cubicin
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below				
Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet				
Restricted Clinical microhiologist or infactious disease encodelist				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE				
Tab 1 g				
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms on the next pag	е			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial				

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below			_
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Zyvox
 Oral liq 20 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 		150 ml 10	Zyvox Zyvox
 Ing per fill, soo fill bag = 1/8 by Sep 15 to 2010 ⇒ Restricted 	1,050.00	10	Zyvox
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
		12	Fucidin
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
Restricted	nadicina anacialist		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal r	neuicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Inj 400 mg vial → Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		50	ТМР
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOL			
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg	.—]		
Oral lig 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml -1% DV Oct	-17		
to 2020		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.37	1	Mylan
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

Tab 200 mg

⇒ Restricted

Oncologist

	_				
(ex m	nan.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Polyene Antimycotics					
AMPHOTERICIN B ↓ Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3,4	50.00		10	AmBisome
→ Restricted					
Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologis Either:	st, re	espirat	ory sp	ecialist o	r transplant specialist
 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under a Both: 	an es	stablis	hed pr	otocol; o	r
2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physic treatment to be appropriate.	cian	or a c	linical	microbio	logist) considers the
Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologis	st, re	espirat	ory sp	ecialist o	r transplant specialist
NYSTATIN		•			
Tab 500,000 u Cap 500,000 u				50 50	Nilstat Nilstat
Triazoles					
ELUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		0.00		00	Madan
Cap 50 mg – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020				28 1	Mylan Mylan
Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 Cap 200 mg – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020				28	Mylan Mylan
Cap 200 mg = 1% DV Feb-16 to 2020 Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml				20 35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				1	Fluconazole-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019				1	Fluconazole-Claris
Restricted		0. 47		•	
Consultant					
TRACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below					
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		2.79		15	Itrazole
Oral liquid 10 mg per ml					
→ Restricted					
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disea	ase s	specia	alist		
POSACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab modified-release 100 mg				24	Noxafil
Cral liq 40 mg per ml	76	61.13	1	105 ml	Noxafil
→ Restricted					
nitiation					
Haematologist or infectious disease specialist					
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks Both:					
1 Either:					

1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

- continued...
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
 - 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORI	CONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below		
¶ ⊺	ab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	 56	Vttack
Į ⊺	ab 200 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	 56	Vttack
Į P	owder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml	 70 ml	Vfend
	nj 200 mg vial – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2019	1	Generic Partners

- Restricted

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg vial	 1	Cancidas
Inj 70 mg vial	1	Cancidas
➡ Restricted		

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

INFECTIONS

(ex m		rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under a 2 Both:	n es	stabli	shed p	rotocol;	or
 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physic treatment to be appropriate. 	cian	or a	clinical	microbi	ologist) considers the
ELUCYTOSINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 500 mg → Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
reRBINAFINE Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		1.3	3	14	Deolate
Antimycobacterials					
Antileprotics					
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below					
Cap 50 mg → Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist					
DAPSONE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 25 mg				100	Dapsone
Tab 100 mg	3	29.5	0	100	Dapsone
 Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist 					
Antituberculotics					
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below					
Cap 250 mg					
Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist					
ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 100 mg		48.0	1	56	Myambutol
Tab 400 mg		49.3	4	56	Myambutol
Restricted Dinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist					
SONIAZID – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		20.0	0	100	PSM
→ Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician o	r int	ernal	medic	ine phys	ician
SONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				100 100	Rifinah Rifinah
↓ Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 → Restricted	I	10.0	U	100	
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician o	r int	ernal	medic	ine phys	ician
ARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page				-	
Grans for oral liq 4 g	2	80.0	0	30	Paser

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respirator	y specialist				
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 250 mg		305.00		100	Peteha
→ Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respirator	y specialist				
PYRAZINAMIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 500 mg					
Restricted Olinical microbiologist, infactious disease aposibilist or reenirator	v oposialist				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respirator	y specialist				
RIFABUTIN – Restricted see terms below		075 00		20	Myachutin
↓ Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		2/0.00		30	Mycobutin
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease spe	cialist or respira	atory si	neciali	st	
RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below			poolai	01	
↓ Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		55 75		100	Rifadin
↓ Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				100	Rifadin
I Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		128.85		1	Rifadin
➡ Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physicia	n, paediatrician	or pub	lic hea	alth phys	ician
Antiparasitics					
Anthelmintics					
ALBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below					
↓ Tab 200 mg					
↓ Tab 400 mg					
→ Restricted					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
IVERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 3 mg		. 17.20		4	Stromectol

Tab 3 mg		4	Stromectol
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist			
MEBENDAZOLE			
Tab 100 mg	24.19	24	De-Worm
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			
PRAZIQUANTEL			
Tab 600 mg			

Tab 600 mg

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

➡ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 60 mg vial

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

INFECTIONS

	Price	``````````````````````````````````````	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted	÷		
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricto	ad see terms below		
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg.		12	Malarone Junior
 Tab 250 mg with program hydrochloride 100 mg. 		12	Malarone
➡ Restricted		.=	
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or	rheumatologist		
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg		8	Lariam
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or	rheumatologist		
METRONIDAZOLE			
Tab 200 mg	10.45	100	Trichozole
Tab 400 mg		100	Trichozole
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		100 ml	AFT
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	AFT
Suppos 500 mg	24.48	10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg	1,680.00	30	Alinia
↓ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			
Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ORNIDAZOLE	22.00	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	23.00	10	Arrow-Ornidazoie
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below	100.00	-	Dentecerinet
Inj 300 mg vial → Restricted		5	Pentacarinat
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
-			
PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below I Tab 7.5 mg			
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg			
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foeta	l medicine specialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
QUININE SULPHATE			
Tab 300 mg	61.91	500	Q 300

 Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

➡ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

➡ Restricted

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms above

t Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	30 90 30	Stocrin Stocrin Stocrin
ETRAVIRINE – Restricted see terms above t Tab 200 mg	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above t Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	60 240 ml	Nevirapine Alphapharm Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

Restricted

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
nitiation – Prevention of maternal transmission				
Either: 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or				
2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.				
nitiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupationa	l exposure to	ніх		
Both:				
1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure	and			
2 Any of the following:				
2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse				,
2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clir				
prophylaxis is required.				
nitiation – Percutaneous exposure Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.				
ABACAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the previous page				
Tab 300 mg		0	60	Ziagen
Oral lig 20 mg per ml			240 ml	Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms				
Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg			30	Kivexa
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXI	L FUMARATE	- Rest	ricted se	e terms on the previous
page				
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil fun				
300 mg	1,313.1	9	30	Atripla
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page	007.0	•		Futin
Cap 200 mg		0	30	Emtriva
AMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Oral liq 10 mg per ml				
STAVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page				
Cap 30 mg				
Cap 40 mg				
Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml				
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page	150.0	5	100	Retrovir
 Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Oral lig 10 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 			200 ml	Retrovir
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			5	Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on t				
Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			60	Alphapharm
Protease Inhibitors				

→ Restricted Initiation – Confirmed HIV Patient has confirmed HIV infection. Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission Either:

((F ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or					
2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.					
nitiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational e Both:	xposu	e to l	HIV		
 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; ar Any of the following: 	d				
2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinici prophylaxis is required.	known	HIV p	ositive	person;	or
nitiation – Percutaneous exposure					
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.					
TAZANAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the previous page					
Cap 150 mg				60	Reyataz
Cap 200 mg	7	757.79	9	60	Reyataz
DARUNAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page					
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020				60	Prezista
Tab 600 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	4	76.00)	60	Prezista
NDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page Cap 200 mg Cap 400 mg					
OPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous	page				
Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg				60	Kaletra
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				120	Kaletra
Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml	7	735.00)	300 ml	Kaletra
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page					
Tab 100 mg		43.3	1	30	Norvir
5					
Oral liq 80 mg per ml					

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

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- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - $\ensuremath{\text{2.2}} \ensuremath{\text{Patient}} \ensuremath{\text{has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or } \ensuremath{\text{a}} \ensuremath{\text{has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or } \ensuremath{\text{a}} \ensuremath{\{a}} \ensuremath{\text{a}} \ensuremath{\{a}} \ensure$
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Tab 50 mg1,090.00 30 Tivicay RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Tab 400 mg1.090.00 60 Isentress Antivirals Hepatitis B ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below 30 Hepsera ➡ Restricted Initiation Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+): and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as: 2 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and 3 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load greater than or equal to 10-fold over nadir; and 4 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation: and 5 Either: 5.1 Both 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic: and 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine: or 5.2 Both: 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy. ENTECAVIB - Restricted see terms below 400.00 **4**00.00 30 Baraclude → Restricted Initiation Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and 2 Patient is Hepatitis B nucleoside analogue treatment-naive; and 3 Entecavir dose 0.5 mg/day: and 4 Either: 4.1 ALT greater than upper limit of normal; or 4.2 Bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis (Metavir stage 3 or greater or moderate fibrosis) on liver histology; and 5 Fither: 5.1 HBeAg positive; or 5.2 Patient has greater than or equal to 2,000 IU HBV DNA units per ml and fibrosis (Metavir stage 2 or greater) on liver histology: and 6 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and 7 Not co-infected with HCV. HIV or HDV: and 8 Neither ALT nor AST greater than 10 times upper limit of normal: and 9 No history of hypersensitivity to entecavir; and 10 No previous documented lamivudine resistance (either clinical or genotypic).

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
AMIVUDINE	•		
Tab 100 mg		28	Zeffix
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		240 ml	Zeffix
ENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE – Restricted see terms b	elow		
Tab 300 mg		30	Viread
→ Restricted			
nitiation – Confirmed hepatitis B Either:			
1 All of the following:			
 1.1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg p 1.2 Patient has had previous lamivudine, adefovir or enter 1.3 HBV DNA greater than 20,000 IU/mL or increased 10 1.4 Any of the following: 	ecavir therapy; and D-fold or higher over na		nd
 1.4.1 Lamivudine resistance - detection of M204I/V 1.4.2 Adefovir resistance - detection of A181T/V or 1.4.3 Entecavir resistance - detection of relevant m 	N236T mutation; or)T, L180M T	184S/A/I/L/G/C/M,
S202C/G/I, M204V or M250I/V mutation; or	for HBV		
2 Patient is either listed or has undergone liver transplantation nitiation – Women of child bearing age with active hepatitis B			
imited to 12 months treatment			
Il of the following:			
1 Patient is HBsAg positive; and 2 Either:			
2.1 HBV DNA > 20,000 IU/mL and ALT > ULN; or 2.2 HBV DNA > 20 million IU/mL and ALT normal; and			
3 Any of the following:			
 3.1 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet co 3.2 Patient is pregnant; or 3.3 Patient is breastfeeding. 	ompleted a family; or		
nitiation – Confirmed HIV			
Patient has confirmed HIV infection.			
nitiation – Prevention of maternal transmission Either:			
 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks. 			
nitiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupation Both:	onal exposure to HIV		
 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post expose Any of the following: 	ure; and		
2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercours2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment v2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the prophylaxis is required.	with a known HIV posit	ive person;	or
nitiation – Percutaneous exposure Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positi	ive.		
Hepatitis C			
EDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms on the	port page		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted Initiation			
Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatme HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility accor Pharmaceutical Schedule).	· ·	/	
PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OIMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR			
Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatmer Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from P http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/.			i direct distribution supply.
Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56), with dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56)	16 500 00	1	Viekira Pak
PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR		I	Vicking Faix
Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatmer Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from P http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/.			l direct distribution supply.
Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56) with dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56) and ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)	16,500.00	1	Viekira Pak-RBV
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR			
Tab dispersible 200 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Tab dispersible 400 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		25 56	Lovir Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	5.98	35 5	Lovir Aciclovir-Claris
CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial → Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or	oral surgeon		
FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below	-		
↓ Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle			
Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
GANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial		5	Cymevene
Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infactious diseases encodelist			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VALACICLOVIR			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018 Tab 1,000 mg - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	6.42 12.75	30 30	Vaclovir Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below Tab 450 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		60	Valcyte
Restricted Initiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
Limited to 3 months treatment Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valgancicle	ovir for CMV proph	ylaxis.	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) د	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued		-	
Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
<i>Limited to 6 months</i> treatment Both:			
1 Detient has undergone a lung transplant; and			

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

Restricted

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 2.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 2.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more

Per Manufacturer

continued...

casual male partners in the last 3 months; or

- 2.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
- 2.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
- 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 2.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 2.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis; and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis, and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR – **Restricted** see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community under Rule 8 of Section H is not permitted.

- ↓ Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patien	is means that supply into the	community under Rule 8 of
Section H is not permitted.		

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2A

- Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe
- Inj 6 m iu prefilled syringe
- Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

- Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)

Pegasys
Pegasys RBV
Combination Pack Pegasys RBV Combination Pack
F

Restricted

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:

		INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued		
3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or		
3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and		
4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.		
Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatr	nent more than 4 years prior	
Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physical	sician	
Limited to 48 weeks treatment		
All of the following:		
1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and		
2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interf	eron and ribavirin; and	
3 Any of the following:		
3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or		
3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 200	4: and	
4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.	τ, απα	
Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection v	vithout co-infection with HIV	
Limited to 6 months treatment		
Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.		
Initiation – Hepatitis B		
Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physical	sician	
Limited to 48 weeks treatment		
All of the following:		
1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg posi	tive for more than 6 months); and	
2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and		
 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and 		
5 Either:		
5.1 HBeAg positive; or		
5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000	units/ml and significant fibrosis (great	ter than or equal to Metavir
Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and		
6 Compensated liver disease; and		
7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; ar	nd	
8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and		
9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; a		
10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to peg	ylated interferon.	
Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.	mag anao waakhy	
The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearar	°	nterferon alfa-2a dose should

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases				
DROPHONIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted				
nitiation				
or the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.				
IEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE				
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		.98.00	50	AstraZeneca
EOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BRO				
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml am 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019		20.90	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE		.20.00	10	Max ricalar
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		.42.79	100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents				
IYDROXYCHLOROQUINE				
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.10.50	100	Plaquenil
EFLUNOMIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020			30	Apo-Leflunomide
Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		2.90	30	Apo-Leflunomide
		07.00	400	D Davasia
Tab 125 mg Tab 250 mg			100 100	D-Penamine D-Penamine
ODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE			100	Dironamino
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism				
Bisphosphonates				
LENDRONATE SODIUM				
I Tab 40 mg	······	133.00	30	Fosamax
→ Restricted				
nitiation – Paget's disease				
Both:				
1 Paget's disease; and				
2 Any of the following:				
2.1 Bone or articular pain; or 2.2 Bone deformity; or				
2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or				
2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due	to site (base	of skull, spi	ne, long b	oones of lower limbs); or
2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.				

100

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ P	er	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
t	Tab 70 mg	4.82	4	Fosamax

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL – Restricted see terms below						
Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu4.8	32 4	Fosamax Plus				
- Restricted						
Initiation – Osteoporosis						
Any of the following:						

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score greater than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM

102

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Arrow-Etidronate
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.98	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.02	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	17.05	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	3.80	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, vial	600.00	100 ml	Aclasta

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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Restricted

Initiation – Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:

P	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
- 2.2 Bone deformity; or
- 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

RA	LOXIFENE – Restricted see terms below		
l	Tab 60 mg53.76	28	Evista

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis).

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml cartridge	1	Forteo
⇒	Restricted		
Ini	tiation		
Lin	nited to 18 months treatment		

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 202010.35	500	DP-Allopurinol

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted see terms below	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
↓ Tab 100 mg → Restricted	40.00	100	Delizbiolitatoli AL 100

Initiation

Any specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 2.4 All of the following:
 - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and
- 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

COLCHICINE

Tab 500 mcg10.08	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT – Restricted see terms below		
Tab 80 mg	28	Adenuric
↓ Tab 120 mg	28	Adenuric
Destricted V		

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

➡ Restricted

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	0 5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	0 5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg	5 100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	51	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule209.2	91	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial	0 1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	0 1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial1,295.0	0 2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg	0 100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg		Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial		Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2 5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	4 100	Norflex
-	- 100	Homex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE	0 50	AstraZeneca
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	0 50	Astrazeneca
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial25.9	5 10	DBL Rocuronium
		Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE	0 50	A
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	0 50	AstraZeneca
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg vial		
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade		
SUGAMMADEX – Restricted see terms on the next page		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	0 10	Bridion
 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		Bridion
• III Too IIIg per IIII, 5 IIII viai	0 10	
Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in bold		

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB

CELECOXIB		
Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather than each indivi		
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM		
Tab EC 25 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 20181.30		Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 20181.00	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg7.00	10	Voltaren
ETORICOXIB – Restricted see terms below		
Tab 30 mg		
Tab 60 mg		
I Tab 90 mg		
↓ Tab 120 mg		
➡ Restricted		
Initiation		
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.		
IBUPROFEN		
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only	1,000	nelleve
→ Tab 600 mg - Restricted: For continuation only		
Tab long-acting 800 mg – 1% DV Jul-15 to 2018	30	Brufen SR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	200 mi	Fenpaed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		
INDOMETHACIN		
Cap 25 mg		
Cap 50 mg		
Cap long-acting 75 mg		
Inj 1 mg vial		
Suppos 100 mg		

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
KETOPROFEN				
Cap long-acting 200 mg		.12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID – Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Cap 250 mg				
MELOXICAM – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 7.5 mg				
→ Restricted				
Initiation Either:				
1 All of the following:				
1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and				
1.2 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia	with less than or	equal to 5%	of norma	l circulating functional
clotting factor; and		oqual to 070	ornonna	r on our anny ranotional
1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophi	ilic arthropathy is	inadequatel	y controlle	ed by alternative funded
treatment options, or alternative funded treatmen	t options are cor	traindicated;	or	
2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of u	up to 8 days' use			
NAPROXEN				
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		. 18.06	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018			28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		6.53	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB				
Inj 40 mg vial		100.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab 200 mg				
TENOXICAM				
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial		9.95	1	AFT
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain				
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below				
Crm 0.025%		9.95	45 g	Zostrix

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

→ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders			
Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related I	Disorders		
 RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 50 mg	ation of 5 years or less;		Rilutek e initial application; and
5.3 The patient is able to swallow. Continuation <i>Re-assessment required after 18 months</i> All of the following: 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and 3 Any of the following: 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or 3.3 The patient is able to swallow. TETRABENAZINE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	91.10	112	Motetis
Anticholinergics			
BENZATROPINE MESYLATE Tab 2 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg		60 5	Benztrop Cogentin
Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents			
AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		60 5	Symmetrel Movapo
BROMOCRIPTINE Tab 2.5 mg Cap 5 mg		U U	

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE	•		
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Entapone
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	10.00	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to	2020 37.15	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ramipex
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2 78	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
		100	Apo Hopimolo
Tab 5 mg			
TOLCAPONE			_
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	132.50	100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics			
Querent Americal helice			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Precedex
ETOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ISOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1 020 00	6	Aerrane
-		0	Acitalie
KETAMINE	07.00		Diamad
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		1	Biomed
Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		1	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		1	Biomed Kotamino-Claris
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-16 to 2018		5	Ketamine-Claris
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
PROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		5	Provive MCT-LCT 1%
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule		6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Ini 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Sep-15 to Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Sep-15 to 20		5 5	Marcain Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2 Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	018 20.70	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	92.00	10	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule		5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Paste 5% Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe		1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%		·	

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Manufacturer	
ETHYL CHLORIDE				
Spray 100%				
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4	
0111 4 /8	27.00	30 g	LMX4	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE	27.00	00 g	LINIX4	
Gel 2% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2 40	20 ml	Orion	
Soln 4%		20111		
Spray 10%	75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine	
Oral (gel) soln 2% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		200 ml	Mucosoothe	
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		200 111	maccoconte	
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule		1	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	6.90	25	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule		1	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Claris	
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule	27.00	10	Xylocaine	
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine	
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge		•	ryiocanic	
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE A				
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5				
syringe – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Topicaine	
		1	Topicallie	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDIN		10	Dfiner	
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHRII	NE HYDROCHLC	RIDE		
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%				
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE				
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	45.00	30 g	EMLA	
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg		20	EMLA	
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA	
IEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%	
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%	
RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest	
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		10	Citanest	
			Charloot	
RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
ing 5 /6 with terypressin 0.05 in per fill, 2.2 fill defital Calthoge				

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
OPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
PIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Naropin
TRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 4%			
Analgesics			
Non-Opioid Analgesics			
SPIRIN			
Tab dispersible 300 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		100	Ethics Aspirin
PSAICIN – Restricted see terms below			
Crm 0.075%	12 50	45 g	Zostrix HP
Restricted	12.50	45 Y	20301711
tiation			
r post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.			
ETHOXYFLURANE – Restricted see terms below			
Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle			
Restricted			
itiation			
th:			
1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected d	luration of less than one	hour: and	1
2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner of			
EFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE			-
Tab 30 mg			
5	200		
ARACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms on the next p Tab soluble 500 mg	•	20	Paragonia Colubia
Tab 500 mg		20	Paragesic Soluble
Oral lig 120 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5 35	1.000 ml	Paracare
Oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml		1,000 ml	Paracare Double
		1,000 111	Strength
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8 <i>4</i> 0	10	Paracetamol Kab
Suppos 25 mg		20	Biomed
Suppos 50 mg		20	Biomed
Suppos 125 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		10	Gacel

10

50

Gacet

Paracare

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are u		cal, or whe	re there is reduced
absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed ever	y 24 hours.		
SUCROSE			
Oral liq 25%			
Opioid Analgesics			
ALFENTANIL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	34 38	10	Hameln
		10	namen
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		100	
Tab 15 mg – 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		100	PSM
Tab 60 mg – 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE			
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	9.55	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	2.95	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	3.66	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	6.65	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	9.25	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	11.40	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Methatabs
Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		200 ml	Biodone
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	8 84	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 2 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 10 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		200 ml	RA-Morph
		200 111	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1 03	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 10 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 50 mg		10	m-Eslon
		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.27	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.47	5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	DBL Morphine
,			Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.19	5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	10 70	5	DBL Morphine Tartrate
		5	
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	14.11	20	BNM
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	1.98	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	3.91	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	6.84	20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	8.57	5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
		÷	
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg – 1% DV			
Sep-17 to 2020		1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	4.46	10	PSM
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	6.25	10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.98	5	DBL Pethidine
		_	Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.12	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
(PSM Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)			
REMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Remifentanil-AFT
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.25	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.50	5	Tramal 100
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	2.51	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Clomipramine
DOSULEPIN (DOTHIEPIN) HYDROCHLORIDE			• •
Tab 75 mg	11 19	100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg		100	Dopress
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE			200.000
Cap 10 mg			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
	E 40	EO	Tofranil
Tab 10 mg	5.48 6.58	50 60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg		60 50	Tofranil
		50	ronaliii

MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg Tab 75 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	[.]) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation on → Tab 30 mg	ly		
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 180	Norpress Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg			
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	85.10	500	Apo-Moclobemide
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Moclobemide
Other Antidepressants			
/IRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	0.55	20	Ano Mistoronino
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		30 30	Apo-Mirtazapine Apo-Mirtazapine
/ENLAFAXINE Cap 37.5 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	6.38	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84 84	Enlafax XR Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
XITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	1.79	84	PSM Citalopram
SCITALOPRAM Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	1 11	28	Escitalopram-Apotex
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		28	Escitalopram-Apotex
LUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		30 90	Arrow-Fluoxetine Arrow-Fluoxetine
PAROXETINE Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		90	
SERTRALINE	4.02	90	Apo-Paroxetine
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	3.05	90	Arrow-Sertraline
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.25	90	Arrow-Sertraline
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Rivotril

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIAZEPAM	φ	Fei	Manulaciulei
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Rectal tubes 5 mg Rectal tubes 10 mg		5 5 5	Hospira Stesolid Stesolid
LORAZEPAM Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial PARALDEHYDE			
Inj 5 ml ampoule PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		5 5	Hospira Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE Tab 200 mg Tab long-acting 200 mg Tab 400 mg Tab long-acting 400 mg Oral lig 20 mg per ml		100 100 100 100 250 ml	Tegretol Tegretol CR Tegretol Tegretol CR Tegretol
CLOBAZAM Tab 10 mg		200	109.000
CLONAZEPAM Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE Cap 250 mg Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
GABAPENTIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 100 mg	7.16	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin Nupentin
Cap 300 mg	11.00	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin Nupentin
↓ Cap 400 mg		100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin
➡ Restricted			Nupentin
Initiation – preoperative and/or postoperative use Limited to 8 days treatment			
Initiation – pain management of burns patients			
Re-assessment required after 1 month			
Continuation – pain management of burns patients Re-assessment required after 1 month			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting f	rom treatment		

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price	e		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - epilepsy

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Either:

- 1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents.

Note: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Continuation - epilepsy

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life.

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

Initiation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

1 The patient has been diagnosed with neuropathic pain; or

2 Both:

- The patient has Chronic Kidney Disease Stage 5-associated pruritus* where no other cause for pruritus can be identified (e.g. scabies, allergy); and
- 2.2 The patient has persistent pruritus not relieved with a trial of emollient/moisturising creams alone.

Continuation – Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Either:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a marked improvement in their control of pain or itch (prescriber determined); or
- 2 The patient has previously demonstrated clinical responsiveness to gabapentin and has now developed neuropathic pain in a new site.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. Dosage adjustment of gabapentin is recommended for patients with renal impairment.

LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
t	Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
	ů –	200.24	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	-	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg		56	Vimpat
	Ini 10 ma nor ml. 20 ml viol			

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial
 Bestricted

Restriction

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

continued...

Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. GST)		Generic
\$	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

1 4	MO	TRI	GIN	
LP	١٧IU	IRI	GII	NЕ

Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg		56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	9.64	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg	20.40	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	29.09		Lamictal
	19.38		Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	34.70	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	47.89		Lamictal
	32.97		Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg	59.90	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	79.16		Lamictal
	56.91		Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	24.03	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg	28.71	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	45.23	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg	59.12	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV May-18 to 2019		10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		500	PSM
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
C C			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
PRIMIDONE			
Tab 250 mg			
SODIUM VALPROATE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral liq 40 mg per ml			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Cap 250 mg		60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet		60	Diacomit
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Paediatric neurologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			continued
Both:			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exe	l. GS		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued			
1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and			
2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate c	ourses of sodium valp	roate, clob	bazam and at least two of the
following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.			
Continuation			
Paediatric neurologist			
Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced	seizure frequency from	n baseline	9.
TOPIRAMATE			
Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg		60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg		60	Topamax

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 500 mg

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages. Continuation

Both:

1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and 2 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
- 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE		
Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg		
с с		
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL		
Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg		
RIZATRIPTAN		
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20205.	26 30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN		
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	44 10	Ang Sumatrintan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019		
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen42.	67 2	Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine		
Propriyatis or migraine		
PIZOTIFEN		
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201823.	21 10	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents		
APREPITANT – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg	00 3	Emend Tri-Pack
Cap 40 mg		Emend
 ♥ Oup 40 mg	40 0	Emend
Initiation		
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based	chamatharar	v for the treatment of
malignancy.	chemotherap	y for the treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20202.	89 84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 20180.	59 20	Nauzene
CYCLIZINE LACTATE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule14.	95 5	Nausicalm
	55 5	hausicaini
DOMPERIDONE		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 20183.	20 10	D Prokinex
DROPERIDOL		
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2019	00 10	Droperidol Panpharma

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE			
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Fatch 1.5 mg	11.95	2	Scopoderm TTS
➡ Restricted			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 20201.30) 100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule4.50) 10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg – 1% DV May-17 to 2019		Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 20200.95		Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg – 1% DV May-17 to 20194.77		Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	3 10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019) 5	Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019) 5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 6.35 Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Suppos 25 mg	5 250	Nausafix
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 25 mg		
TROPISETRON		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5 1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5 1	Tropisetron-AFT
Antipsychotic Agents		
General		

AMISULPRIDE		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201965.53	60 ml	Solian

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ARIPIPRAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg		30	Abilify
Tab 10 mg		30	Abilify
↓ Tab 15 mg		30	Abilify
I Tab 20 mg		30	Abilify
I Tab 30 mg		30	Abilify

➡ Restricted

Initiation - schizophrenia or related psychoses

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effect; or
 - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

Initiation - Autism spectrum disorder*

Psychiatrist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder* and has symptoms of severe irritability; and
- 2 An effective dose of risperidone has been trialled and has been discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate response; and
- 3 The patient is aged less than 18 years.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml Oral liq 20 mg per ml Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

CLOZAPINE

Tab 25 mg6.69	50	Clopine
13.37	100	Clopine
5.69	50	Clozaril
11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	50	Clopine
17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg17.33	50	Clopine
34.65	100	Clopine
14.73	50	Clozaril
29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg	50	Clopine
69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml 17.33	100 ml	Clopine
HALOPERIDOL		
Tab 500 mcg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 20196.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	10	Serenace

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

LEVOMEPROMAZINE Tab 25 mg Manufacturer LEVOMEPROMAZINE Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Workhardt LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 47.89 10 Workhardt LITHIUM CARBONATE Tab 100 mg of 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 34.30 500 Lithicarb FC Tab 100 mg of 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 34.30 100 Lithicarb FC Cap 250 mg		Price (ex man. excl. G	ST)	Brand or Generic
Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg EVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE hj 25 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Tab 100 mg LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 25 mg permi, 1 mi ampoule – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE 47.89 10 Wockhardt LITHUM CARBONATE Tab long-acting 400 mg 500 Lithicarb FC Tab long-acting 400 mg 34.30 500 Lithicarb FC Tab 400 mg 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 34.30 500 Lithicarb FC Cap 250 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 0.64 28 Zypine Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.15 28 Zypine ODT Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.60<	Tab 25 mg			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	Tab 100 mg			
LITHIUM CARBONATE Tab long-acting 400 mg Tab 250 mg Tsb	LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
LITHIUM CARBONATE Tab long-acting 400 mg Tab 250 mg Tsb	Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Wockhardt
Tab long-acting 400 mg 34.30 500 Lithicarb FC Tab 400 mg 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 12.83 100 Lithicarb FC Cap 250 mg 9.42 100 Douglas OLANZAPINE 100 Douglas 2ypine Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 6.64 28 Zypine Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg or 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 25 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 26 mg 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis				
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018. 12.83 100 Lithicarb FC Cap 250 mg				
Cap 250 mg. 9.42 100 Douglas CLANZAPINE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.64 28 Zypine Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.25 28 Zypine Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.65 28 Zypine Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg vial PERICYAZINE 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 5.75 90 Quetapel Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 5.60 Actavis Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020. 2.66 Actavis Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020. 2.60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020. 2.60 Actavis Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020. 2.60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020.	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		500	Lithicarb FC
OLANZAPINE Zypine Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			100	Lithicarb FC
Tab 2.5 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 0.64 28 Zypine Tab 5 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.15 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 10 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 2.5 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 2.5 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.05 28 Zypine ODT Tab 2.5 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 2.5 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 2.5 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 30 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 30 mg -1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 10 mg -1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 2 mg	Cap 250 mg	9.42	100	Douglas
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	OLANZAPINE			
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			28	Zypine
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.65 28 Zypine ODT Inj 10 mg vial 2.05 28 Zypine ODT PERICYAZINE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg 0 0 Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg 0 0 0 0 Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg 0 0 0 0 0 Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020. 1.79 90 Quetapel 0			28	
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	Tab orodispersible 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.25		
Inj 10 mg vial PERICYAZINE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg QUETIAPINE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.96 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.29 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.29 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.29 60 Actavis Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.50 60 Actavis Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.50 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 7.6 30 ml Risperon ZIPRASIDONE Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018				
PERICYAZINE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg QUETIAPINE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		2.05	28	Zypine ODT
Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg QUETIAPINE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.79 90 Quetapel Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 5.75 90 Quetapel Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 9.60 90 Quetapel Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.50 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 3.43 60 Actavis Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 3.43 60 Actavis Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 7.66 30 ml Risperon ZIPRASIDONE Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 24.75 60 Zusdone Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 39.74 60 Zusdone Zusdone Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Ja				
Tab 10 mg QUETIAPINE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.79 90 Quetapel Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 5.75 90 Quetapel Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 9.60 90 Quetapel Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 1.86 60 Actavis Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.50 60 Actavis Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 3.43 60 Actavis Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 7.66 30 ml Risperon ZIPRASIDONE Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 24.75 60 Zusdone Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 33.87 60 Zusdone Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 39.74 60 Zusdone ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 31.45				
OUETIAPINE 1.79 90 Quetapel Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 3.45 90 Quetapel Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 5.75 90 Quetapel Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 5.75 90 Quetapel Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 9.60 90 Quetapel RISPERIDONE 1.86 60 Actavis Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.06 60 Actavis Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.29 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.29 60 Actavis Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 2.50 60 Actavis Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 3.43 60 Actavis Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 7.66 30 ml Risperon ZIPRASIDONE 2 2 60 Actavis Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 24.75 60 Zusdone Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 33.87 60 Zusdone Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-	5			
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Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				
ZIPRASIDONE Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 14.56 60 Zusdone Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 24.75 60 Zusdone Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 33.87 60 Zusdone Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 39.74 60 Zusdone ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE 39.74 60 Zusdone Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 31.45 100 Clopixol Depot Injections FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 13.14 5 Fluanxol Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 20.90 5 Fluanxol				
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Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018				
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018				Zusdone
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg			60	Zusdone
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg	ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg				
Tab 10 mg				
Tab 10 mg	ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Depot Injections FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			100	Clopixol
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5 Fluanxol Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 5 Fluanxol	Depot Injections			
lnj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
	Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 210 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
↓ Inj 405 mg vial	560.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 50 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 75 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Restricted		0

- Restrict

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 25 mg vial1	35.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial1	78.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial2	17.56	1	Risperdal Consta

	Price		Brand or
(ex r	man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	80 5	Clopixol e.g. Clopixol Conc
Anxiolytics		
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	80 100	Orion
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018		Orion
CLONAZEPAM		
Tab 500 mcg – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	64 100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 10.		Paxam
DIAZEPAM		
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	05 500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 202016.	18 500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM		
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 10.		Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201813.	88 100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20206.		Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20208.	53 100	Ox-Pam
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments		
DIMETHYL FUMARATE – Restricted see terms below		
Cap 120 mg	00 14	Tecfidera
Cap 240 mg		Tecfidera
→ Restricted		
Initiation		
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessme considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility accur out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).	· ·	, , , ,
FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the next page		

	GOLINOD			
t	Cap 0.5 mg	 .00 2	28	Gilenya

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treat considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).			,
NATALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial	1,750.00	1	Tysabri
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treat considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).			,
TERIFLUNOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 14 mg	1,582.62	28	Aubagio
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treat considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject			,

NEBVOUS SVSTEM

out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms above

t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector1,170.00	4	Avonex Pen
t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe1,170.00	4	Avonex
18.17			

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Ini 8 million iu per ml. 1 ml vial

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

30 Circadin

↓ Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

Initiation - insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated

Both:

130

- 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and
- 2 For in-hospital use only.

MIDAZOLAM

Tab 7.5 mg	100	Hypnovel
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018	10	Midazolam-Claris
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 20182.50	5	Midazolam-Claris
NITRAZEPAM		
Tab 5 mg5.22	100	Nitrados
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
TEMAZEPAM		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only		
➡ Tab 125 mcg		
➡ Tab 250 mcg		
ZOPICLONE		
Tab 7.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 20180.98	30	Zopiclone Actavis
8.99	500	Zopiclone Actavis

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

	(ex man. excl. GST	\ \	Generic
	(ex man. exci. 0.51 \$, Per	Manufacturer
	Ŷ	1.01	manalaotaloi
Stimulants / ADHD Treatments			
otimulants / Abrid Treatments			
ATOMOXETINE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 10 mg		28	Strattera
↓ Cap 18 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 25 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 40 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 60 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 80 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 100 mg		28	Strattera
 ➡ Restricted 		20	olialiola
Initiation			
All of the following:			
0	r) diagnagad agaardir		IV or ICD 10 aritaria, and
1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorde	r) diagnosed accordin	IG TO DOINI-	TV of ICD TO chiena; and
2 Once-daily dosing; and			
3 Any of the following:			
3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant			
adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidi	sed stimulant treatme	nt with and	other agent would pose an
unacceptable medical risk; or			
3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant		ning of co-	morbid substance abuse or
there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised st			
3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stime	ulant has been trialled	and has b	peen discontinued because
of inadequate clinical response; or			
3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant	is considered inappro	priate bec	ause the patient has a
history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with	schizophrenia; and		
4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in	combination with a s	ubsidised f	formulation of a stimulant,
except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimu			,
Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently list			te tablet formulations
(immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dex			
CAFFEINE			
Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	17.00	100	PSM
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – ADHD			
Paediatrician or psychiatrist			
Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diag	nosed according to D	SM-IV or I	CD 10 criteria.
Initiation – Narcolepsy			
Neurologist or respiratory specialist			
Re-assessment required after 24 months			
Patient suffers from narcolepsy.			
Continuation – Narcolepsy			
Neurologist or respiratory specialist			
Re-assessment required after 24 months			
The traction of the second second in the second the second in the second s	keetment		

Brand or

Price

-		D :		<u> </u>
		Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		(ex man. exci. 001) \$	Per	Manufacturer
			-	
_	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms b		00	0
ţ	Tab extended-release 18 mg		30	Concerta
i	Tab extended-release 27 mg		30	Concerta
i	Tab extended-release 36 mg		30	Concerta
ĺ	Tab extended-release 54 mg		30	Concerta
1	Tab immediate-release 5 mg		30	Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 10 mg	3.00	30	Ritalin
				Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg.		100	Ritalin SR
	U U	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
ſ	Cap modified-release 10 mg	15.60	30	Ritalin LA
İ	Cap modified-release 20 mg		30	Ritalin LA
i	Cap modified-release 30 mg		30	Ritalin LA
-	Cap modified-release 40 mg		30	Ritalin LA
	Restricted		50	
		vulations)		
	iation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release form	iulations)		
	ediatrician or psychiatrist			
	ient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diag		M-IV or	ICD 10 criteria.
	iation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release	e formulations)		
	rologist or respiratory specialist			
	assessment required after 24 months			
Pat	ient suffers from narcolepsy.			
Со	ntinuation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-rel	ease formulations)		
Ne	urologist or respiratory specialist			
Re	assessment required after 24 months			
	e treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from t	treatment.		
	iation – Extended-release and modified-release formulations			
	ediatrician or psychiatrist			
Bot				
DU	1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorde 2 Either:	r), diagnosed according	g to DSN	I-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
	2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methyl	nhenidate hydrochlorid	e (imme	diate-release or
	sustained-release) which has not been effective due to			
	2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of divers			
	° °	ion of abuse of infined	ale-relea	ase meuryphenidate
	hydrochloride.			
	DAFINIL – Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 100 mg			
	Restricted			
Init	iation – Narcolepsy			
	urologist or respiratory specialist			
	assessment required after 24 months			
	of the following:			
, ui	or the following.			

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. (GST)		Generic
	\$	Р	er	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation – Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
➡ Restricted			

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

ΒU	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg57.4	0 28	Suboxone
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg166.0	0 28	Suboxone

- Restricted

Initiation – Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation – Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	30	Zyban
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Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg		100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		30	Naltraccord
→ Restricted			
Initiation – Alcohol dependence			
Both:			
 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a r dependence; and 	0		1 0
2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of	f, a physician working	in an Alo	cohol and Drug Service.
Initiation – Constipation			
For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.			
NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Patch 7 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		28	Habitrol
Patch 14 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		28	Habitrol
Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	20.16	28	Habitrol
Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray
Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		216	Habitrol
Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		216	Habitrol
Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		384	Habitrol (Fruit)
Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	29.05	384	Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Fruit)
Guin 4 mg - 1% DV Api-16 to 2020		304	Habitrol (Mint)
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' inst	ruction; or		
2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or			
3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the	hospital facilities.		
VARENICLINE – Restricted see terms below			
	60.48	25	Champix
I Tab 1 mg		28	Champix
-	135.48	56	Champix
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
All of the following:			
 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patie and 	ent who has indicated t	hat they	are ready to cease smoking
2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and	support and counsellin	g smokii	ng cessation programme,
3 Either:			

- 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
- 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

	F (ex man.	Price excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Chemotherapeutic Agents					
Alkylating Agents					
BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms bel Inj 25 mg vial inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation - treatment naive CLL All of the following:		085.38		1 1	Ribomustin Ribomustin
 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A of 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 6 cycles. 	nd of < 6; and				
Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lympho to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen a nitiation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas Re-assessment required after 9 months All of the following:					erapy treatment is considere
 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and Either: 	; and				
 3.1 Both: 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a ma: CD20+); or 	ximum of 6 cy	ycles (ir	n com	binatior	n with rituximab when
 3.2 All of the following: 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease follow 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamust 3.2.3 Either: 			apy; a	Ind	
3.2.3.1 Both: 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administe combination with rituximab wher 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treat	n CD20+); and	d			
3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as refractory patients.					·

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months Both:

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- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more: or

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy			
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, macroglobulinaemia.	marginal zone and ly	nphopla	smacytic/ Waldenström's
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg		100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			,
CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	532.00	1	BICNU
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg	79.00	50	Endoxan
Ĵ	158.00	100	Procytox
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	70.06	1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE			
Inj 1 g vial		1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial		1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE			
Cap 10 mg		20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg		20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN			
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial			
THIOTEPA			
Inj 15 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	150.48	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial		1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	130.00	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxorubi	cin hydrochloride.		
Inj 50 mg vial	00 00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018 Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		1 1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
		'	
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
			-

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	125.00	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	250.00	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	204.08	1	Arrow
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
Antimetabolites			
AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial	605.00	1	Vidaza
Restricted			
Initiation			
Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Any of the following:			
1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring St	vstem (IPSS) intermediate	-2 or hiat	n risk mvelodysplastic
syndrome; or		_ 0g.	, non injene aj opnačno
1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia	a (10%-29% marrow blasts	s without	myeloproliferative disorder);
or			
1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-3	0% blasts and multi-linea	ge dyspla	sia, according to World
Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and			
2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade (
3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syn	drome resulting from cher	nical injui	y or prior treatment with
chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and	montho		
4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 in Continuation	nonuis.		
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
 No evidence of disease progression, and; and The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittir 	ng from treatment.		
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting	ng from treatment.		
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittir CAPECITABINE	-	60	Brinov
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittir CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		60 120	Brinov Brinov
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		120	Brinov
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial CYTARABINE		120 7	Brinov
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial CYTARABINE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		120	Brinov Leustatin
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial CYTARABINE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		120 7 5	Brinov Leustatin Pfizer
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE		120 7 5 1	Brinov Leustatin Pfizer
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		120 7 5	Brinov Leustatin Pfizer Pfizer
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial CYTARABINE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		120 7 5 1 20	Brinov Leustatin Pfizer Pfizer Fludara Oral
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial CYTARABINE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 FLUOROURACIL	11.15 62.28 5,249.72 400.00 41.36 412.00 525.00	120 7 5 1 20 5	Brinov Leustatin Pfizer Pfizer Fludara Oral Fludarabine Ebewe
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefittin CAPECITABINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 CLADRIBINE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial CYTARABINE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		120 7 5 1 20	Brinov Leustatin Pfizer Pfizer Fludara Oral

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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	Price	_	Brand or
	ex man. excl. GST \$	⁻) Per	Generic Manufacturer
GEMCITABINE	Ŷ		
	0.00	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		I	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg		25	Puri-nethol
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.18	30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	DBL Methotrexate
,			Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
			Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019		1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019		1	Juno Pemetrexed
→ Restricted		-	

Initiation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
- 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule Inj 75 mg ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 0.5 mg ARSENIC TRIOXIDE 10 AFT BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below Velcade 1 Restricted Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis Limited to 15 months treatment Both: 1 Fither: 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis; and 2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles. Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis Re-assessment required after 8 months All of the following: 1 Either: 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis; and 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and

- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

140 e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE]			
Inj 10,000 iu vial		1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE			
Inj 200 mg vial		1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg		20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg		10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Apr-16 to 2018		1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial		1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA			
Cap 500 mg		100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Cap 10 mg	6,207.00	21	Revlimid
↓ Cap 15 mg		21	Revlimid
↓ Cap 25 mg	7,627.00	21	Revlimid
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progre	ssive disease; and		
2 Either:			

- 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
- 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication (refer to Interpretations and Definitions). A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

↓ Inj	750 iu per ml, 5 ml vial	3,005.00	1	Oncaspar
	tricted			
Initiatio	on – Newly diagnosed ALL			
Limited	to 12 months treatment			
All of th	ne following:			

continued...

Price (ex man. excl	. GST)	_	Brand or Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer
continued			
1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and			
2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemoth	erapy tr	reatmen	t protocol; and
3 Treatment is with curative intent.			
Initiation – Relapsed ALL			
Limited to 12 months treatment			
All of the following:			
1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and			
2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemoth	erapy tr	reatmen	t protocol; and
3 Treatment is with curative intent.			
PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]			
Inj 10 mg vial			
PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 50 mg	00	50	Natulan
TEMOZOL OMIDE – Bestricted see terms below			
Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	20	5	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019		5	Orion Temozolomide
↓ Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019		5	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	30	5	Orion Temozolomide
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – High grade gliomas			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation – High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either: 1 Both

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- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
Continuation – Neuroendocrine tumours				
Re-assessment required after 6 months Soth:				
1 No evidence of disease progression; and				
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefi	tting from trea	itment.		
Note: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Ter	0		for the tre	eatment of relapsed high
jrade glioma.				J
FHALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 50 mg		378.00	28	Thalomid
Cap 100 mg			28	Thalomid
→ Restricted				
nitiation				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Any of the following:				
 The patient has multiple myeloma; or 				
2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or				
3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.				
Continuation				
Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial ap				
Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in th	ne thalidomide	risk manag	ement pr	ogramme operated by the
supplier				
Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinatio	n therapy regi	men		
ndication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication				
RETINOIN Cap 10 mg		70 50	100	Vesanoid
Cap To mg		19.00	100	Vesaliolu
Platinum Compounds				
CARBOPLATIN				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		14.05	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		32.59	1	DBL Carboplatin
CISPLATIN				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		12.29	1	DBL Cisplatin
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		22.46	1	DBL Cisplatin
DXALIPLATIN				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018		13.32	1	Oxaliccord
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018		16.00	1	Oxaliccord
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors				
-				
ASATINIB – Restricted see terms below				a 1
Tab 20 mg			60	Sprycel
Tab 50 mg			60	Sprycel
Tab 70 mg			60	Sprycel
Tab 100 mg	6,2	14.20	30	Sprycel
→ Restricted				
nitiation				

For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ERLOTINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg		30	Tarceva
Tab 150 mg	1,146.00	30	Tarceva
Restricted			
nitiation			
e-assessment required after 4 months			
II of the following:			
 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable There is documentation confirming that the disease expr Either: 			
3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or3.2 Both:			
3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefit			
4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.			
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:			
 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months. 	indicates NSCLC has not p	orogresse	d; and
GEFITINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	1,700.00	30	Iressa
→ Restricted			
nitiation			
Re-assessment required after 4 months			
Il of the following:			
1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable	e, non-squamous Non Sma	all Cell Lur	ng Cancer (NSCLC); and
2 Either:			
2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or			
2.2 Both:	to betale as a solution		
2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlo	tinib; and		
3 There is documentation confirming that disease express	es activating mutations of E	EGFR tyro	sine kinase; and
4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.			
ontinuation			
le-assessment required after 6 months oth:			
 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months. 	indicates NSCLC has not p	orogresse	d; and
MATINIB MESILATE			

Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

60 Glivec

- Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

continued...

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	F	Price			Brand or
(ε	ex man.		GST)	_	Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer
ontinued					
 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable tumour (GIST); and 	e and/o	or met	astatic	maligna	ant gastrointestinal stroma
2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.					
Continuation					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
dequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determin					and the Angle of the former through
Jote: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remain vith unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section 2015 Section 2015 Secti					
C I					
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020				60 30	Imatinib-AFT Imatinib-AFT
		197.5	0	30	iiiiduiiip-Ar i
APATINIB – Restricted see terms below	1 (0	70	Tykerb
↓ Tab 250 mg	1,0	599.0	0	70	Тукего
nitiation					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
ither:					
1 All of the following:					
 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 technology); and 	2 IHC (3+ or	ISH+ (i	ncluding	g FISH or other current
1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatm	nent fo	r HEF	2 posi	tive met	tastatic breast cancer: and
1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab;			1		,,
1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or					
2 All of the following:					
2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2	2 IHC (3+ or	ISH+ (i	ncluding	g FISH or other current
to also a la sur Allia and					

- technology); and
- 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance: and
- 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg	4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg	6,532.00	120	Tasigna
⇒	Restricted			Ū

Initiation Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in 2 Either: 	blast crisis, accelera	ated phase	, or in chronic phase; and
2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with im-	atinib; or		
2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with i	matinib precluding fu	urther treat	ment with imatinib; and
3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and			
4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.			
Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.			
Continuation Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leuka			
2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benef 2 Maximum pilotinib does of 900 mg/days and	fiting from treatment	; and	
3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.			
PAZOPANIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg	1 334 70	30	Votrient
↓ Tab 200 mg	,	30	Votrient
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following:			
1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or			
2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; of	or		
2.3 Both:			
2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 m	•	atment due	e to intolerance; and
2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinit; a			
 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade) 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and 	0-2), anu		
5 All of the following:			
5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of r	normal; and		
5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and			
5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L)		nd	
5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70		lina	
5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.	, unu		
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
Both:			
 No evidence of disease progression; and The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is hepefiting 	from troatmont		
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses			
notes. Tazopanio treatment should be stopped it disease progresses	•		

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
SUNITINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 12.5 mg	2 315 38	28	Sutent
↓ Cap 25 mg		28	Sutent
↓ Cap 50 mg		28	Sutent
➡ Restricted		20	Gutefit
Initiation – RCC			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
All of the following:			
1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or			
2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatme	ent; or		
2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with a		ithin the c	confines of a bona fide clinical
trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or			
2.4 Both:			
2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib with	hin 3 months of starting tr	eatment o	due to intolerance; and
2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazor	panib; and		
3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG gr			
4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and			
5 All of the following:			
5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limi	it of normal: and		
5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and	it of Hormal, and		
5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mm	ol/L); and		
5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the st		hd	
5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal		iu -	
5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and	to 70, anu		
č			
6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.			
Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease pr			
Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria	a 5.1-5.6. Intermediate pr	ognosis p	patients are defined as having
1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.			
Continuation – RCC			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
Both:			
 No evidence of disease progression; and 			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is bene	fiting from treatment.		
Initiation – GIST			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
Both:			
1. The notions has unresentable or metastatic malignent goat	rointoctinal atramal tumou	ır (GIST):	and
 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gast 		())	
2 Either:		(),	
		(),	

Continuation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

1 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
- 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
- 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

DOCETAXEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.12.40	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.26.95	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	.47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	.20.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
lnj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	.26.69	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe

Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects

CALCIUM FOLINATE

	Fab 15 mg nj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
	nj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
	nj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
	nj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
		7.30		Calcium Folinate Sandoz
l	nj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
l	nj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
l	nj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	67.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
MES	NA			
٦	Tab 400 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	273.00	50	Uromitexan
	Tab 600 mg – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		50	Uromitexan
	nj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		15	Uromitexan
	nj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		15	Uromitexan

Vinca Alkaloids

VINBLASTINE SULPHATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial186.46	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Navelbine

t Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **f** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg	4,276.19	120	Zytiga
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist Re-assessment required after 5 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has prostate cancer; and			
2 Patient has metastases; and			
3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and			
4 Either:			
4.1 All of the following:			
4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and			
4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serun	,	anti-andro	ogen therapy; and
4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1;			
4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxar	ie cnemotnerapy; or		
4.2 All of the following:			
4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following progression of the second performance score of 0-2;		ning a tax	ane; and
4.2.2 Patient has not had prior treatment with abira			
Continuation			
Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist			
Re-assessment required after 5 months			
All of the following:			
1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and			
2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and			
3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefi	ting from treatment.		
BICALUTAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	3.80	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg		100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE			
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		5	DBL Octreotide
 Inj 10 mg vial Inj 20 mg vial 		1 1	Sandostatin LAR Sandostatin LAR
 Inj 20 mg vial Inj 30 mg vial 		1	Sandostatin LAR
 ➡ Restricted 			
Initiation – Malignant bowel obstruction			
All of the following:			

1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation – acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:

2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or

- 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:

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- 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
- 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg	100	Genox
Tab 20 mg	30	Genox
12 50	100	Genox

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	5.04	30	Rolin
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	2.95	30	Letrole
Imaging Agents			
AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms	below		
Fowder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial		1	Gliolan
	44,000.00	10	Gliolan
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – high grade malignant glioma			
All of the following:			

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 0.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 1 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

- Restricted

I

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - Steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome*

Any specialist

Either:

- 1 The patient is a child with steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome* (SRNS) where ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is an adult with SRNS; and
 - 2.2 Ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; and
 - 2.3 Cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate have been trialled and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response, or these treatments are contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT – Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 25 mg vial	799.96	4	Enbrel
Inj 50 mg autoinjector	1,599.96	4	Enbrel
Inj 50 mg syringe	1,599.96	4	Enbrel

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- Restricted

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; or

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and

1.2 Either:

1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or

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1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

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Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or

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- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation – plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or

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- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment. **Continuation – plaque psoriasis**

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and

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- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1 ry interv	ReoPro ention; or
ADALIMUMAB – Restricted see terms below Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	1 599 96	2	Humira
 Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen 		2	HumiraPen
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	1,599.96	2	Humira

- Restricted

Initiation – juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

1 Fither:

1.1 Both:

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- 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at

www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

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- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and

2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and

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- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing

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at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and

- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and

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- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Either:

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- 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as

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assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment. **Continuation – plague psoriasis**

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or

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	patient has been started on tocilizumab ;; and	for AOSD in a	a DHB hos	pital in acc	ordance with the Section H
1.2 Either:					
1.2.2 The	patient has experienced intolerable side patient has received insufficient benefit zumab such that they do not meet the re	from at least a	a three-mo	nth trial of	
2 All of the following:					
2.2 Patient has t non-steroida 2.3 Patient has p	nosed with AOSD according to the Yarr tried and not responded to at least 6 mo al antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and persistent symptoms of disabling poorly	onths of gluco methotrexate	corticoster ; and	oids at a d	
Continuation – adult-ons	et Still's disease				
Rheumatologist <i>Re-assessment required a</i> The patient has a sustaine	Ifter 6 months Id improvement in inflammatory markers	s and function	al status.		
BASILIXIMAB - Restricte	ed see terms below				
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Restricted					
Initiation For use in solid organ trans	enlante				
BEVACIZUMAB – Restric					
Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml					
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Either:					
 Ocular neovascular Exudative ocular an 					
CETUXIMAB - Restricted	d see terms below				
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Restricted Initiation					
Medical oncologist					
All of the following:					
 Patient has locally a Patient is contraindi Patient has good period 	advanced, non-metastatic, squamous co icated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; ar erformance status; and I in combination with radiation therapy.		he head ar	nd neck; an	d
INFLIXIMAB – Restricted ↓ Inj 100 mg – 10% DV → Restricted Initiation – Graft vs host	Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020		806.00	1	Remicade
	orv acute graft vs. host disease of the g	nut			

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and

2 Either:

2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

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2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>
- 3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or

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3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation – Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

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- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation – plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation – neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation – neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and

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- 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation – severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and 2 Either:
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- 1 Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- 2 Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg per ml, 40 ml vial	5,910.00	1	Gazyva
-	Restricted			

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^9 /L

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

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(ex man.	excl. GST)	Generic
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→ Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and

3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	lnj 30 mg per ml, 14	ml vial		1	Perjeta
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➡ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

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- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

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ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
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Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Age-related macular degeneration; or
- 1.2 Chorodial neovascular membrane; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has had a severe ophthalmic inflammatory response following bevacizumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has had a myocardial infarction or stroke within the last three months; or
 - 2.3 The patient has failed to respond to bevacizumab following three intraocular injections; or
 - 2.4 The patient is of child-bearing potential and has not completed a family.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 Documented benefit after three doses must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 In the case of but previous non-response to bevacizumab, a retrial of bevacizumab is required to confirm non-response before continuing with ranibizumab.

RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1,075.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	2,688.30	1	Mabthera

➡ Restricted

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

1 Both:

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant. Initiation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:

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- 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and

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- 6 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 7 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
- 2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since the commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
- 3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation – rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and

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- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

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Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and

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- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both.

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20.000 platelets per microlitre: or
- 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and

2 Any of the following:

- 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
- 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
- 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated: and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks Fither:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange: or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m^2 of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection*.

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Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

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Inj 400 mg vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018 → Restricted		1	Sylvant
Initiation			
Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentr			
2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has p			
3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater that any sector of the sect	n 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.		
Continuation Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained	ed improvement in inflammate	ory mark	ers and functional status.
TOCILIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
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Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1,100.00	1	Actemra
→ Restricted			
Initiation – Rheumatoid Arthritis Rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Either:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority a	oproval for adalimumab and/	or etane	rcept for rheumatoid arthritis:
and			··············
1.2 Either:			
1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable s			
1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient bene			
etanercept such that they do not meet the	renewal criteria for rheumate	oid arthri	itis; and
1.3 Either:			
1.3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-c	yclic citrullinated peptide (CC	CP) antib	odies and rheumatoid factor;
Or 1.2.0 Dethy			
1.3.2 Both:	wimph for the metal and the		ID boonital in accordance
1.3.2.1 The patient has been started on ritu with the Section H rules; and	iximab for meumatold arthriti	is in a Di	nospital in accordance
1.3.2.2 Either:			
1.3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced	intolerable side effects from	rituxima	h' or
1.3.2.2.2 At four months following the			-
benefit such that they do not			
2 All of the following:			

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and

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- 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated: or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Fither:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and

2.5 Fither:

- 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender ioints: or
- 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

2.6 Fither:

- 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
- 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

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1.1 Fither:

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- 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
- 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and

1.2 Either:

- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
- 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.5 Both:

2.5.1 Either:

- 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
- 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

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- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation – cytokine release syndrome

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1331 trial; and
- 2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

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Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:

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- 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
- 2.2 Both:

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continued...

- 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1,051.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,629.96	1	Opdivo

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and

4 Either:

4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or

4.2 Both:

- 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
PEMBROLIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial	2,340.00	1	Keytruda	

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

(e:	x man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Immunosuppressants				
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2,3	51.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial				
AZATHIOPRINE Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019 Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019 Inj 50 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		10.58	100 100 1	lmuran Imuran Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2-8 × 10 [°] 8 CFU vial			1	OncoTICE
Initiation For use in bladder cancer. EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 5 mg Tab 10 mg Restricted			30 30	Afinitor Afinitor
Initiation Neurologist or oncologist <i>Re-assessment required after 3 months</i> Both:				
1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astron	cytoma	s (SEGAs)	that requir	re treatment.
Continuation Neurologist or oncologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following:				
 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI w The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs. 			nths; and	
Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, o				
MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL Tab 500 mg Cap 250 mg Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml	1	25.00 87.25	50 100 165 ml	CellCept CellCept CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial PICIBANIL Inj 100 mg vial		33.33	4	CellCept
SIROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg			100 100	Rapamune Rapamune
I Oral liq 1 mg per ml			60 ml	Rapamune

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- HUS or TTP; or
- Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

	Price (ex man. excl \$. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiallergy Preparations				
Allergic Emergencies				
ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe	bharyngeal or se 1-esterase inhib pon an action pl	evere abo	ciency; an	d
Allergy Desensitisation				
BEE VENOM – Restricted see terms below ↓ Maintenance kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with dilue ↓ Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent → Restricted	nt			

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

- Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

- Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy Prophylactics

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose5.26	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose6.00	200 dose	Alanase

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	5.26	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	6.00	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
LUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.18	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever &
			Allergy
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	161	15 ml	Univent
	4.01	13111	Univent
Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
ETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	2.99	200 ml	Histaclear
CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE			
Oral lig 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
YPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 4 mg			
ů			
EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg			
5			
	1.00	400	1
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Lorafix
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	2.15	120 ml	Lorfast
ROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	Hospira
RIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
Anticholinergic Agents			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-1		20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-1	6 to 2019 3.52	20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor A	Agonists		
ALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per	dose		
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5			
ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		20	Duolin
	0.00		

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents					
GLYCOPYRRONIUM Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if th or umeclidinium.	e patient is a	lso rec	ceiving	treatmen	t with subsidised tiotropium
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		61.00) 3	30 dose	Seebri Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is al or umeclidinium.	so receiving	treatm	ent wit	h subsidi	sed inhaled glycopyrronium
Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose		50.37	' 6	60 dose	Spiriva Respimat
Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose		50.37	7 3	30 dose	Spiriva
→ Restricted					
nitiation					
All of the following:					
 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of bror In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a s q.i.d for one month; and 					
3 Either:					
 the patient's breathlessness according to the Medica 3.1 Grade 3 (stops for breath after walking about 100 medica 3.2 Grade 4 (too breathless to leave the house, or breathless to leave the house, or breathless 4 Actual FEV₁ as a % of predicted, must be below 60%; and 5 Either: 	eters or after	a few	minute	s on the l	evel); or
5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only).5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking c6 The patient has been offered annual influenza immunizatior	essation cou	nsellin	g; and		
UMECLIDINIUM					
Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also rece tiotropium bromide.	Ū			idised inh	naled glycopyrronium or
Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose		61.50) 3	30 dose	Incruse Ellipta

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

t Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 30 dose Ultibro Breezhaler

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	Price (ex man. ex \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL – Restricted see Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg			<mark>ge</mark> 60 dose	Spiolto Respimat
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL – Restricted see terms on Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg			30 dose	Anoro Ellipta
Antifibrotics				
PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 267 mg	3,645	.00	270	Esbriet
Respiratory specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibro 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 80% predicted; a 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (S	nd	by histol	ogy, CT or	biopsy; and
Continuation Respiratory specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Both:				
 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is bene Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (S Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predi 	ee Notes).	Ū		
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists SALBUTAMOL				
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml	2	.06	150 ml	Ventolin

Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.00		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20	Asthalin

TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE Oral lig 1 mg per ml

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray isotonic			
SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Soln for nasal irrigation			
XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%			
Nasal drops 0.05%			
Nasal drops 0.1%			
Inhaled Corticosteroids			
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
	9.30		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose		200 dose	Beclazone 100
Acresci inteles OFO men nes dece	15.50	000 deee	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		200 dose	Beclazone 250
BUDESONIDE			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose			
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose			
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose			
FLUTICASONE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.50	120 dose	Flixotide
	4.68		Floair
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	7.22	120 dose	Floair Flixotide
Aerosol Innalei 250 mcg per dose	27.20 10.18	120 0056	Floair
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
		00 0000	
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
MONTELUKAST	5.05	00	Ann Mantalalast
Tab 4 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		28 28	Apo-Montelukast
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		20 28	Apo-Montelukast Apo-Montelukast
ç		20	Аро-монтениказт
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE			
Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose			
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose			
NDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer		
SALMETEROL	0.00	100 data	Matanal		
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	9.90 25.00	120 dose	Meterol Serevent		
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler		
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists					

BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg		
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL		
	<u>.</u>	
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL		
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg14.58	120 dose	RexAir
33.74		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg16.83	120 dose	RexAir
44.08		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

Methylxanthines

AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE		
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)14.85	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule55.75	5	Biomed

THEOPHYLLINE

Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
I Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule	.250.00	6	Pulmozyme
➡ Restricted			
Initiation – cystic fibrosis			

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

	Price			Brand or	
(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued					
Initiation – significant mucus production					
Limited to 4 weeks treatment					
Both:					
 Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest technic 	PULAS				
Initiation – pleural emphyema	1000.				
Limited to 3 days treatment					
Both:					
1 Patient is an in-patient; and					
2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.					
SODIUM CHLORIDE					
Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle		.23.5	0	90 ml	Biomed
Pulmonary Surfactants					
BERACTANT					
Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial		550.0	0	1	Survanta
PORACTANT ALFA					
Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	4	125.0	0	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial	6	695.0	0	1	Curosurf

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

SENSORY ORGANS

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019 Ear drops 0.5%		2.48	4 g	Chlorsig
Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		0.98	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2020 FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%		9.99	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3% PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%		11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1% SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%		4.50	5 g	Fucithalmic
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%			3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals				
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%				
Antivirals				
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		14.92	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations				
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gram 50 mcg per ml	nicidin		10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMY Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b s 6,000 u per g	ulphate		3.5 g	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 6,000 u per ml		4.50	5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		12.64	5 ml	Tobradex

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

		Price excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%				
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AN	ID NYSTA	TIN		
Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 m				
gramicidin 250 mcg per g		5.16	7.5 ml	Kenacomb
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations				
Corticosteroids				
DEXAMETHASONE				
Eye oint 0.1%			3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%			5 ml	Maxidex
Ccular implant 700 mcg	1,4	144.50	1	Ozurdex
➡ Restricted				
Initiation – Diabetic macular oedema				
Ophthalmologist				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:				
1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic len			fraduation	in vision, and
 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 – 6/48 with fu Either: 	nctional av	wareness c	reduction	in vision, and
3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections w	ith hevacia	zumah: or		
3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with			and	
4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more freq		0		s into each eve, and up to a
maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.	· · · , · · ·		,	,
Continuation – Diabetic macular oedema				
Ophthalmologist				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Both:				
1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determine			n. 1 manth	a into acab ava and up to a
2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more freq maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.	uenity that	IT ONCE EVE	ry 4 monun	s into each eye, and up to a
Initiation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oec	lema			
Ophthalmologist				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:				
1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and				
2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 – 6/48 with fu			of reduction	in vision; and
3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a				- Sets and the set of the set
4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more freq	uently that	n once eve	ry 4 month	s into each eye, and up to a
maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.	oodomo			
Continuation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular Ophthalmologist	oeueina			
Re-assessment required after 12 months				

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 PREDNISOLONE ACETATE		5 ml	FML
Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	7.00 3.93	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)		20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%		5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE	0.74	10 ml	Lorde
Eye drops 0.1% OLOPATADINE Eye drops 0.1% SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2%		10 ml 5 ml	Lomide Patanol
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single do	DE	12	Fluorescite
Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%			

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
 MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.03%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	10.50	500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics			
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Viscoelastic Substances			
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]			
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	50.00 60.00	1 1 1 1	Healon GV Healon GV Healon 5 Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULP Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml	HATE		
syringe Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		1	Duovisc
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		1	Viscoat

Other

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

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	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1%			
Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations			
Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL			
Eye drops 0.25%		5 ml	Betoptic S
Eye drops 0.5%	 7.50	5 ml	Betoptic
LEVOBUNOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%	7.00	E ml	Detegon
TIMOLOL	 7.00	5 ml	Betagan
Eye drops 0.25% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 1.43	5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.25%, gel forming - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 3.30	2.5 ml	Timoptol XE
Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 3.78	2.5 ml	Timoptol XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 500 mg	 . 17.03	100	Diamox
BRINZOLAMIDE Eye drops 1%			
DORZOLAMIDE			
Eye drops 2%			
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL			
Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	 3.45	5 ml	Arrow-Dortim
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent			
PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Eye drops 1%		15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%	 5.35	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%, single dose Eye drops 4%	 7.99	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	 3.65	3 ml	Bimatoprost Actavis
LATANOPROST			
Eye drops 0.005% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	 1.50	2.5 ml	Hysite
TRAVOPROST	7.00	5 !	-
Eye drops 0.004% – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	 7.30	5 ml	Travopt

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SENSORY ORGANS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	φ	FEI	
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE			
Eye drops 0.5%	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL			
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%			
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE			
Eye drops 0.5%			
Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		15 ml	Atropt
CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%	8 76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%		13 111	Cyclogyi
TROPICAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose	9.05	30	Poly Gel
Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	0.20	30	Foly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE			
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			
Eye drops 1%			
Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%		15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN			
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL			
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, s	single dose4.30	24	Systane Unit Dose

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl \$	I. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%				
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.6	63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL Eye drops 1.4% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019 Eye drops 3% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019			15 ml 15 ml	Vistil Vistil Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose				
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g	3.8	30	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.0	00	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings			
Antidotes			
ACETYLCYSTEINE Tab eff 200 mg Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB Inj 38 mg vial Inj 40 mg vial ETHANOL	78.34	10	DBL Acetylcysteine
Liq 96% ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule Inj 96%			
FLUMAZENIL Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 5 g vial Inj 2.5 g vial	85.05	5	Anexate
NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule PRALIDOXIME IODIDE	48.84	5	Hospira
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule SODIUM NITRITE Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SODIUM THIOSULFATE Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SOYA OIL Inj 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle			
Antitoxins			
BOTULISM ANTITOXIN Inj 250 ml vial DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN Inj 10,000 iu vial			
A			

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM Inj 500 u vial

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t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

VARIOUS

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. G		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 125 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
Tab 250 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
Tab 500 mg dispersible	1,105.00	28	Exjade
⇒ Restricted			

Hestricter Initiation

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFEBIPBONE - Restricted see terms below 100 Ferriprox 250 ml Ferriprox ➡ Restricted Initiation Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia. DESEEBBIOXAMINE MESILATE 10 Desferal DICOBALT EDETATE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule DIMERCAPROL

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg Cap 200 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
			Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%	1.86	50 ml	healthE
Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL	0.05		h a a bh 🗖
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml		1	healthE healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1 1	healthE healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml	9.50	I	Healure
IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	9.30	1	healthE
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL		'	neann
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5 65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			Houme
↓ Vaginal tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%		25 g	Betadine
Soln 10%	6.20 2.95	500 ml 100 ml	Betadine Riodine
	2.95 6.20	500 ml	Riodine
Soln 5%	0.20	000 111	1 IIOUIIIO
Soln 7.5%			
Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 10% with ethanol 30%		500 ml	Betadine Skin Prep
Soln 10% with ethanol 70%			
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE			
Soln			

VARI	ous
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	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contrast Media				
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media				
IATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE				
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 1	00 ml			
bottle		22.50	100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle		80.00	1	Urografin
NATRIZOATE SODIUM				
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	1	56.12	50	loscan
DDISED OIL				
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	2	80.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
	<i>L</i>	00.00	•	
DDIXANOL	0	20.00	10	Visioaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle			10	Visipaque Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle			10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle			10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle			10	Visipaque
		00.00	10	Topaquo
DHEXOL		75 00	10	Omninoquo
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle			10 10	Omnipaque Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle			10	
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle			10	Omnipaque Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle			10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle			10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 55 ml bottle			10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle			10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle			10	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media				
ARIUM SULPHATE				
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	5	07.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube			454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	1	55.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
		38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
			230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag			12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	1	75.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle			24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle			24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle			24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle			24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle			3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle		91.77	1	Liquibar
ARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g	4 g			
sachet		02.93	50	E-Z-Gas II

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 sachet	ţg		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	170.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	24.50	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	12.30	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefil			
syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents		_	

Diagnostic Agents

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial			
/ANNITOL Powder for inhalation			o a Aridol
/ETHACHOLINE CHLORIDE			e.g. Aridol
Powder 100 mg			
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE			
SINCALIDE			
lnj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
SONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
NDIGO CARMINE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule NDOCYANINE GREEN			
Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5	Proveblue
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Any Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2018) Any Inj 10 mg per ml. 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2018)			
PATENT BLUE V			
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule		5	Obex Medical
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle		100 ml 500 ml	Baxter Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.05%, bottle		100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.1%, bottle		100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle			
Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule Baxter Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Baxter Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018) Baxter Irrigation soln 0.05%, bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Baxter Irrigation soln 0.1%, bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Any Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle to be delisted 1 June 2018)			
Any Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2018)			

VARIOUS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule			
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, bottle	4.17	1,000 ml	Baxter
-	6.04	100 ml	Baxter
	9.55	500 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.05% with cetrimide 0.5%, bottle	9.31	100 ml	Baxter
-	12.14	500 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.1% with cetrimide 1%, bottle		100 ml	Baxter
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, bottle	19.48	2.000 ml	Baxter
	22.70	3,000 ml	Baxter
SODIUM CHLORIDE	22.70	0,000 m	Baxtor
Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle	5 00	100 ml	Baxter
	6.19	500 ml	Baxter
	15.11	2.000 ml	Baxter
	19.26	2,000 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule		30	Pfizer
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Baxter Sodium
		10	Chloride 0.9%
WATER			
Irrigation soln, bottle	5.04	100 ml	Baxter
Ingation 3011, Dotte		500 ml	Baxter
	16.47	2,000 ml	Baxter
	29.21	2,000 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	Baxter Water for
inigation soin, 1,000 mil bottle - 1 /6 D4 Jun-10 to 2021	17.30	10	Irrigation

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN Paste DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE Soln 50% Soln 99% PHENOL Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

VARIOUS

	(ex man.	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Bran Gene Mani	
Cardioplegia Solutions						
ELECTROLYTES						
Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mi potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium of 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mi tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chlori 1,000 ml bag Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml,	hloride, nol/l de, glutamic				e.g.	Custodiol-HTK
potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.807 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag	68 mg				e.g.	Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, g acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 m ml, 527 ml bag	oer ml,				e.g.	Cardioplegia
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg pe	mg ml,					Enriched Solution
523 ml bag					e.g.	Cardioplegia Base Solution
Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml ba	g				e.g.	Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnes 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag	um and				e.g.	Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solutio
IONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bot IONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE	tle					
Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml						

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations			
ACETIC ACID			
Liq			
ALUM			
Powder BP			
ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]			
Liq ASCORBIC ACID			
Powder			
BENZOIN			
Tincture compound BP			
BISMUTH SUBGALLATE			
Powder			
BORIC ACID			
Powder			
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Soln 1.5%			
CETRIMIDE			
Soln 40%			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE			
Soln 20 %			
CHLOROFORM			
Liq BP			
CITRIC ACID Powder BP			
CLOVE OIL			
Liq			
COAL TAR			
Soln BP - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		200 ml	Midwest
CODEINE PHOSPHATE			
Powder			
COLLODION FLEXIBLE			
COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE Soln			
CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Powder			
DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN	PHOSPHATE		
Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml			
ampoule			
DITHRANOL			
Powder			
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Powder			
, ondo,			

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price	COT	Brand or
	(ex man. excl \$. GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	101	Manufacturon
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	20 5	50 473 ml	Ore Sweet SE
	32.0	50 473 mi	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE			
Suspension		50 473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL			
Liq - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.2	28 500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE			
Powder - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		95 25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Paste			
MENTHOL			
Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder			
METHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder	20 5	50 473 ml	Ora-Plus
Suspension		50 473 mi	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		50 473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE			
Suspension		50 473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL			
Lig			
PARAFFIN			
Liq			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM			
Powder			
PHENOL Lig			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Lig			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
PROPYLENE GLYCOL			
Liq		00 500 ml	ABM
SALICYLIC ACID			
Powder			
SILVER NITRATE			
Crystals			

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	(ex man	Price . excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE Powder BP					
SODIUM CITRATE Powder					
SODIUM METABISULFITE Powder					
STARCH Powder					
SULPHUR Precipitated Sublimed					
SYRUP Liq (pharmaceutical grade)		21.75	2	.000 ml	Midwest
THEOBROMA OIL Oint			_	,000	
TRI-SODIUM CITRATE Crystals					
TRICHLORACETIC ACID Grans					
UREA Powder BP					
WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous					
XANTHAN Gum 1%					
ZINC OXIDE Powder					

SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children; or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

➡ Restricted

Initiation – Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle
- 1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

	F	Price			Bran	d or
	(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Gene Mani	eric ufacturer
MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle WALNUT OIL – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liq	see terms on th	ne pre	vious p	bage	•	Liquigen MCT Oil
Protein						
 Restricted nitiation – Use as an additive Either: Protein losing enteropathy; or High protein needs.	associated wit	h all o	of the p		used in Res	
Other Supplements					e.y.	Tiolilai
 BREAST MILK FORTIFIER Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sache CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see t Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g Restricted nitiation Both: Infant or child aged four years or under; and Any of the following: Carbon of the following: Cystic fibrosis; or Cac Cancer in children; or S faltering growth; or A Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or 	g sachet t erms below				e.g. e.g.	FM 85 S26 Human Milk Fortifier Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer Super Soluble Duocal

216

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- · the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder	e.g.	Feed Thickener Karicare Aptamil
GUAR GUM Powder	e.g.	Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	e.g.	Resource Thicken Up; Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID	e.g.	Instant Thick
Powder	e.g.	Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

_	(6	P ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Bran Gene Man	
Η	omocystinuria Products						
	 IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) – Restricted see te Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre p 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle 		i the p	oreviou	s page	e.g. e.g.	HCU Anamix Infant XMET Maxamaid XMET Maxamum HCU Anamix Junior LQ
ls	sovaleric Acidaemia Products						
t	 INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) – Restricted see terms Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre p 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can 		previ	ous pa	ge	e.g.	IVA Anamix Infant XLEU Maxamaid XLEU Maxamum
N	laple Syrup Urine Disease Products						
AN 1	INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALI Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre p 100 g, 400 g can	'	Rest	ricted	see terms		e previous page MSUD Anamix
t t	Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle					e.g.	Infant MSUD Maxamum MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

SPECIAL FOODS

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Phenylketonuria Products						
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restricted	see terr	ns on	page 2	217		
Tab 8.33 mg					e.g. Phlexy-10	
Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 30	5 a				0 ,	
sachet	- 5				e.g. PKU Anami	x Juni
Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre	per					
100 g. 400 g can	p 0.				e.g. PKU Anami	x Infar
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can					e.g. XP Maxama	
Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can					e.g. XP Maxamu	
Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet					e.g. Phlexy-10	
Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml,					0.g. 1 110xy 10	
62.5 ml bottle					e.g. PKU Lophle	v I O
Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml,					e.y. FRO LOPINE	X LQ
125 ml bottle					e.g. PKU Lophle	~10
Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per					e.y. FRO LOPINE	X LQ
100 ml. bottle		10 1	^	125 ml	PKU Anamix Jun	iorIC
		. 13.1	0	120 111		
					(Berry) PKU Anamix Jun	iorIC
					(Orange)	
					PKU Anamix Jun	ior I C
					(Unflavoure	
Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per					(Offication)	α)
100 g, 109 g pot					e.g. PKU Lophle	x
100 g, 100 g por					Sensations	
					20 (berries)	
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 12	25 ml				20 (201100)	
bottle					e.g. PKU Lophle	ex I Q
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml,					0.g e _opo	
62.5 ml bottle					e.g. PKU Lophle	x10
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 12	5 ml				e.g. The Lopine	
bottle	5 m				e.g. PKU Lophle	x10
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62	5 ml				e.g. The Lopine	
bottle	0 111				e.g. PKU Lophle	v I O
Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250	ml				c.g. The Lopine	ALQ
carton					e.g. Easiphen	
					e.g. Lasprion	
ropionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia	Produ	cts				
NINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THI	REONIN	E AN	D VALI	NE) – R	lestricted see terms	s on
ge 217 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre	nor					
i owaci io.i y protein, 49.0 y carbonyulate, 20 y lat and 0.0 y libre	hei					

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- 1 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 217

t Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g.Energivit

e.g. MMA/PA Anamix Infant

e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid

e.g. XMTVI Maxamum

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tyrosinaemia Products					
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSI Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 3 sachet	36 g	estric	ted se	ee terms	on page 217 e.g. TYR Anamix Junior
 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can 	e per				e.g. TYR Anamix Infant e.g. XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid
Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle					e.g. TYR Anamix Junior LQ
Urea Cycle Disorders Products					
MINO ACID SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 217 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can					e.g. Dialamine e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products					
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE – Restricted see terms on page 217 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE – Restricted see terms on page 217 Liquid, 500 ml bottle Specialised Formulas					
Diabetic Products					
 → Restricted nitiation Any of the following: For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss a For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nu causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. 	or 5 days	or		·	
 OW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,0 bottle. 		7.50	0	1,000 ml	
Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag					(Vanilla) e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason

SPECIAL FOODS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pr	evious page		
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre 100 ml, can	1	237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
 Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 2 bottle. Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre p 		250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
100 ml, can	2.10	237 ml	Resource Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	per		e.g. Diasip
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
→ Restricted			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Malabsorption; or
- 2 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or
- 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or
- 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or
- 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or
- 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.

AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above
Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet4.50

AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
t Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml		
carton	e.g.	Elemental 028 Extra
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml,		
1,000 ml bag	e.g.	Nutrison Advanced
		Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above		

- Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle....18.06
 1,000 ml
 Vital
 PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED Restricted see terms above
 Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can
 Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can
 e.g. Peptamen Junior e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
- PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML Restricted see terms above

 Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton4.95

 237 ml

 Peptamen OS

 1.0 (Vanilla)

Fat Modified Products

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms on the next page

Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

80 g

Vivonex TEN

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

Hepatic Products		
 → Restricted Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above I Powder 11 g protein, 64 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products		
 → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or Patient requires low electrolyte; or Both: Any of the following:		
ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	500 ml 1,000 ml	Nutrison Concentrated TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla)
ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	200 ml	Two Cal HN
High Protein Products		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below ↓ Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag → Restricted Initiation Both:		e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus

			SPECIAL FOODS
(6	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 continued 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using hig HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms: I Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag Restricted Initiation Both: The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high 	s below		e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre
Infant Formulas			
AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms below			

t	Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 400 g can		e.g. Neocate
t	Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can		e.g. Neocate LCP
t	Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g		Ū
t	can Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00	400 g	e.g. Neocate Junior Unflavoured Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)
t	Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	400 g	Alfamino Junior
t	Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, can53.00	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can53.00	400 g	Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can53.00	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured) Elecare (Vanilla)

➡ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

SPECIAL FOODS

 Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Both:

1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti Junior

2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can

- Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure; or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.
- Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

Continuation

Both:

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- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA	e.g. Galactomin 19
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g	
can	e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g	
can	e.g. S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA	
Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g,	
400 g can	e.g. Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the next page	
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle2.35 125 ml	Infatrini

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

					SPECIAL FOODS
	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted					
Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering g	rowth				
Both:					
1 Either:					
1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or					
1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due	to faltering	g grov	vth; and		
2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.					
Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerat					
growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clini	cal alterna	tive tr	eatmen	ts, such	as concentrating, fortifying
and adjusting the frequency of feeding.					
PRETERM FORMULA – Restricted see terms below		45.0	-	400	
 Powder 1.9 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 14 g, c Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, 				400 g 100 ml	S-26 Gold Premgro S26 LBW Gold RTF
 Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 		0.7	5	100 111	S20 LDW GOIU HTF
 Equit 2.5 g protein, 8.6 g carbonydrate and 4.2 g lat per 100 mil, bottle 	30 111				e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,	70 ml				olg. The Nam Gold Thi
bottle					e.g. Karicare Aptamil
					Gold+Preterm
(S-26 Gold Premgro Powder 1.9 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.	9 g fat per	14 g,	can to	be delist	ed 1 July 2018)
Restricted Initiation					
For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5	ka at hirth				
THICKENED FORMULA	ky at birtir	•			
Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 m	1 900 a				
can	i, 500 g				e.g. Karicare Aptamil
					Thickened AR
Kata wasta Diat Daviduata					
Ketogenic Diet Products					
HIGH FAT FORMULA – Restricted see terms below					
Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100	g, can	.35.5	0	300 g	Ketocal
					4:1 (Unflavoured)
Develop 15.0 p protein: 7.0 p code developte and 07.7 p (c) p or 100		05 5	•	000 -	Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100	g, can	. 35.5	U	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)
					S. I (Unitavouleu)

➡ Restricted

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted Initiation Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:

continued...

SPECIAL FOODS

		<u> </u>	
Price (ex man. ex			Brand or Generic
\$		er	Manufacturer
continued			
 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the pur 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feedin 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days. 	ng; or	eding; o	r
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g, can28 (Pediasure (Vanilla) Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per		i0 g o be de	Pediasure (Vanilla) <i>listed 1 July 2018)</i>
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the prev	ious page		
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag4	.00 50	0 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previou Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag2		0 ml	Pediasure RTH
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag			e.g. Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previo	ous page		olg. Hullin Hill
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per			
100 ml, bag	.00 50	0 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
500 ml bag			e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous pa Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle1	•	0 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can	.34 25	0 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous p 1 Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml,	bage		х <i>У</i>
200 ml bottle t Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			e.g. Fortini
100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms belo	w		
 ↓ Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	.08 50	0 ml	Nepro HP RTH
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below			
Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can			e.g. Kindergen
→ Restricted			e.g. Mindergen
Initiation For shidron (up to 19 years) with south or chronic kidnoy disease			
For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.			

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. excl. G		Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
OW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, carton2.67	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry Nepro HP (Vanilla)
 Restricted itiation or patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. 		
OW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, carton	237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml carton ▶ Restricted itiation or patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		e.g. Renilon 7.5
Respiratory Products		
OW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.66 Restricted itiation or patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value exceeding 55 mmHg	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
Surgical Products		
IGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre per 100 ml, carton4.00	178 ml	Impact Advanced Recovery
Restricted itiation hree packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery REOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms belo Oral is 0.5 protein 12.6 s eschehydrate and 0.6 for at per 100 ml 200 ml		necovery
Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	4	preOp

surgery.

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted Initiation Any of the following:

continued...

	P (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the followir	ng:				
1 Any of the following:	-				
1.1 BMI < 18.5; or					
1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months	s; or				
1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last					
2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or noth					
3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or hi	igh nutrient los	ses ar	nd/or i	ncreased	nutritional needs from
causes such as catabolism; or					
4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or5 For patients being tube-fed; or					
6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition;	or				
7 For any other condition that meets the community Special		ia.			
ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pro	•				
Liquid 5.4 g protien, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100					
1.000 ml bottle	, , ,				e.g. Isosource Standard
					RTH
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 r		7.00	1	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fib	re per				
100 ml, 1,000 ml bag					e.g. Nutrison Energy
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 m	al can	1 75		250 ml	<i>Multi Fibre</i> Ensure Plus HN
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbonydrate and 5 g rat per 100 m Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 10				1,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN RTH
Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
100 ml, bag		7.00	1	1,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the prev				·	,
Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 r		5.29	1	1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g				·	
100 ml, bottle		5.29	1	1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 r	nl,				
1,000 ml bag					e.g. NutrisonStdRTH;
					NutrisonLowSodiu
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fib	re per				
100 ml, 1000 ml bag	o po.				e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pro	evious page				Ç la la la
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g					
100 ml, 1,000 ml bag					e.g. Jevity Plus RTH
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see t	erms on the pr	revious	s pag	Э	- •
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fib					
100 ml, bag		5.29	1	1,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete
					Multi Fibre

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SPECIAL FOODS

_	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OF	RAL FEED – Restricted see terms on page 227		
t	Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
t	Powder 20.8 g protein, 61 g carbohydrate and 9.4 g fat per 100 g, can8.54	857 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 g, can 3.67	350 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)
	Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject to both Speci manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patier criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.		

(Fortisip (Vanilla) Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 August 2018) (Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 June 2018)

(Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla) Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 June 2018)

ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 227

	e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
	e.g. Fortijuice
	0 ,
	e.g. Fortisip
	e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

	Pri	ce		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST)			Generic	
	ç		Per	Manufacturer	
Bacterial and Viral Vaccines					
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE – Re	estricted see	terms be	low		
Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertu	ussis				
toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg					
pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml					
– 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020 → Restricted		0.00	10	Infanrix IPV	
nitiation					
Any of the following:					
1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have comple	eted primary i	nmunisa	tion; or		
2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up program	nmes for child	lren (to th	ne age of	10 years) to complete full	
primary immunisation; or					
3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)ir					
or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal or	i dialysis and	other sev	erely imm	iunosuppressive regimens;	
4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ tra	ansplantation.				
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate scl	•	ch up pro	ogrammes	5	
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND			•		
Restricted see terms below					
Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pert	tussis				
toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg	otitio D				
pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepa surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemop					
influenzae type B vaccine vial – 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020		0.00	10	Infanrix-hexa	
→ Restricted					
nitiation					
Any of the following:					
 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)ir 				nd under the age of 10 who	
are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or					
organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosur					
3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 red				n.	
Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up program					
complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation	n Handbook f	or the ap	propriate s	schedule for catch up	
programmes.					
Bacterial Vaccines					
ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE					
Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid in 0.5 ml syrin	0		-		
0% DV Jul-17 to 2020		0.00	5	ADT Booster	
→ Restricted					
nitiation					
Any of the following:					
1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or					
 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immuni 	ised patients:	or			
	,,				
				continued	

VACCINES

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on th paediatrician. 	e recomr	nenda	ition of	an interr	al medicine physician or
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate s	chedule	for ca	tch up	programi	mes.
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms b	elow				
Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish s 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, with dilucat	vial	0.0	0	10	
with diluent → Restricted		0.0	0	10	BCG Vaccine
Initiation All of the following:					
For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:					
 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past his Having one or more household members or carers who within the equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and 	ne last 5	years	lived ir		
3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a co Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://ww www.bcgatlas.org/index.php	-				
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted s	ee terms	belov	v		
Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin and 2.5 mc pertactin in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	g	0.0	n	1	Boostrix
		0.0	0	10	Boostrix
Restricted Initiation					
Any of the following:					
 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational week A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 immunisation; or 				ırs inclus	ive to complete full primary
 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)imr transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- severely immunosuppressive regimens. 					
Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Pleaschedule for catch up programmes.	ase refer	to the	Immu	nisation I	Handbook for the appropriate
HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see to		W			
I Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe p vial 0.5 ml - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	lus	0.0	0	1	Hiberix
→ Restricted					
Initiation Therapy limited to 1 dose					
Any of the following:					
1 For primary vaccination in children; or	. ,				
2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisat transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or po post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immun	st splene	ctomy	; pre- c	or post so	
3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on th paediatrician.			0	,	al medicine physician or

(ex mai	Price n. ex \$	e cl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restric	ted s	ee term	s below	
Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial –				. .
0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 ➡ Restricted	0	.00	1	Menactra
nitiation				
ny of the following:				
 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and p complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic as One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or 				
3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or				
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*.				
lotes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a nd then five yearly.	0005	ter dose	e three y	ears after the primary series
mmunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must	be f	or a peri	od of ar	eater than 28 days.
IENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted see terms below			J.	
Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020		.00	1	Neisvac-C
nitiation				
ny of the following:				
 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and p complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic as One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*. 		•		
lotes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a	boos	ter dose	e three y	ears after the primary series
nd then five yearly.	ha f		ad of ar	actor than 00 days
Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must NEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms		•	ou or gr	ealer man 20 uays.
meg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V,	Deic	VV		
14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4,				
18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0	.00	10	Synflorix
→ Restricted				
itiation ither:				
 A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated individuals unvaccinated individuals. 	ın to	the ane	of 59 m	onthe inclusive: or
 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of imm 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13. 		•		
ote: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule	e for	catch up	progra	mmes
NEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms	belo	w		
Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,				
6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe	0	.00	1	Prevenar 13
→ Restricted			10	Prevenar 13
nitiation – High risk children who have received PCV10				
herapy limited to 1 dose				
one dose is funded for high risk children (over the age of 17 months and under oses of PCV10.	r 18 y	years) w	ho have	e previously received four

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation – High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Г)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- response; or
- 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
- 2.3 With HIV infection; or
- 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
- 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
- 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
- 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
- 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
- 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
- 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
- 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
- 2.12 With diabetes; or
- 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

↓ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

➡ Restricted

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines		
HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 20200.00 ↓ Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 20200.00 → Restricted Initiation All of the following: 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; and 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; and 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.	1 1	Havrix Junior Havrix
HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE ↓ Inj 5 mcg in 0.5 ml vial – 0% DV Jul-17 to 20200.00 → Restricted Initiation Any of the following:	1	HBvaxPRO
 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to 	or	

- and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or

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5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury.					
 Inj 10 mcg in 1 ml vial Restricted nitiation ny of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B pati 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen 2 For children born to mother the one of 10 uncer inclusion who are 	ents or I (HBsAg	nepati) posi	tis B ca tive; or		
 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who a and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury. 	vaccinat			nave au	novou a positive seruiogy
 Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe → Restricted nitiation Any of the following: 		0.00)	1	Engerix-B
 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B pati For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who a and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of For HIV positive patients; or For hepatitis C positive patients; or for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or For solid organ transplant patients; or For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or Following needle stick injury. 	(HBsAg re consir vaccinat	i) posi dered tion; o	tive; or not to r		
Inj 40 mcg per 1 ml vial – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 → Restricted		0.00)	1	HBvaxPRO
nitiation Both:					
8oth: 1 For dialysis patients; and	er 2018)			
8oth: 1 For dialysis patients; and 2 For liver or kidney transplant patient.	CINE [H	IPV] ·		ricted so 10	ee terms <mark>below</mark> Gardasil 9

VACCINES



	Price (ex man. excl. GST	2	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) Per	Manufacturer
continued Initiation – other conditions Either:			
1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or			
2 Both:			
2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and2.2 Any of the following:			
2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell)2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.	patients; or		
INFLUENZA VACCINE			
↓ Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine) → Restricted	9.00	1	Fluarix Tetra
Initiation – cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to Any of the following:	35 months		
1 Ischaemic heart disease; or			
2 Congestive heart failure; or			
3 Rheumatic heart disease; or			
 Congenital heart disease; or Cerebro-vascular disease. 			
Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-org	an disease is exclude	ed from fu	ndina
Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 month Either:			nong.
 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function. 			
Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded fi	om funding.		
Initiation - Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 mo	•		
Any of the following:			
1 Any of the following:			
1.1 Diabetes; or			
1.2 Chronic renal disease; or1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancer	e if not invacivo: or		
1.4 Autoimmune disease; or	5 11 1101 11 103106, 01		
1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or			
1.6 HIV; or			
1.7 Transplant recipient; or			
1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or			
1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or			
1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or			
1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decomp	ensation: or		
1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or			
1.14 Down syndrome; or			
1.15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness of			
2 Child is living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborou	0 0 0		Iarlborough District Health
Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury 3 Child has been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and			
-	0 0		
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)	90.00	10	Influvac Tetra

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VACCINES	S
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Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	
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➡ Restricted

Initiation – People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding. Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and over Fither:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.
- Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes; or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV; or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital; or
- 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or
- 4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50,		
Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent		
0.5 ml - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10	Priorix
➡ Restricted		
Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months		
Therapy limited to 3 doses		
Any of the following:		

continued...

	Pr	rice		Brand or
		excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued				
1 For primary vaccination in children; or				
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or				
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.				
Initiation – first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses				
Any of the following:				
1 For primary vaccination in children; or				
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or				
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.				
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate sche	dule for ca	atch up prog	grammes.	
POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE – Restricted see terms below				1001
Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe − 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 ⇒ Restricted		.0.00	1	IPOL
Initiation				
Therapy limited to 3 doses				
Either:				
1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; o	or			
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.				
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate s	chequie to	or catch up	programn	nes.
RABIES VACCINE Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent				
ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE – Restricted see terms below				
Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per c	1000			
prefilled oral applicator – 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	,	.0.00	10	Rotarix
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
Therapy limited to 2 doses Both:				
1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of	ade. and			
 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks of 				
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] - Restricted see to		N		
Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial − 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020			1	Varilrix
, , , , , , , , , ,			10	Varilrix
Restricted Initiation – primary vaccinations				
Therapy limited to 1 dose				

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation – other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following:

VACCINES

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

VACCINES	S
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Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)		Generic
 \$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

t	Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles		
	vaccine] 0.00	1	Zostavax
		10	Zostavax

⇒ Restricted

Initiation – people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2020.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST		
Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 0.00	1	Tubersol

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Optional Pharmaceuticals					
IOTE:					
n addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optiona sted in an addendum to Part III which is available at <u>www.pharma</u> ddendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the	ic.govt.nz. Th	ne Opt	tional P	harmace	euticals listed in the
pply to them.					
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic te	et strins	20.00	า	1	CareSens N Premier
				•	Caresens II
		10.00	D		Caresens N
Mater		10.0	.		Caresens N POP
Meter		. 19.00 9.00		1	Accu-Chek Performa FreeStyle Lite
		0.00	5		On Call Advanced
Caresens II 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diag Accu-Chek Performa Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018) FreeStyle Lite Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018) On Call Advanced Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)	gnostic test sti	rips to	be del	isted 1 A	August 2018)
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP					
Blood glucose test strips				50 test	Accu-Chek Performa
		10.50	5		CareSens CareSens N
		21.6	5		FreeStyle Lite
		28.7			Freestyle Optium
Blood glucose test strips × 50 and lancets × 5				50 test	On Call Advanced
Test strips Accu-Chek Performa Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 Au		. 10.50	o :	50 test	CareSens PRO
CareSens Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)					
FreeStyle Lite Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 20					
Freestyle Optium Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 Augus	t 2018)				
On Call Advanced Blood glucose test strips \times 50 and lancets \times 5	to be delisted	1 Aug	just 20	18)	
LOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		40.00	.		Freestale Ontine Nee
Meter Freestyle Optium Neo Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)		.40.00	J	1	Freestyle Optium Neo
LOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP					
Test strips		15.5(n 1	0 strip	KetoSens
UAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC				0 0 U.I.P	
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose					
test strips		.20.00	D	1	CareSens Dual
ISULIN PEN NEEDLES					
		.10.50	C	100	B-D Micro-Fine
29 g × 12.7 mm			-	100	D D Misus Eins
$31~{ m g} \times 5~{ m mm}$					B-D Micro-Fine
5		.10.50	D	100 100 100	B-D Micro-Fine ABM B-D Micro-Fine

OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	100	B-D Ultra Fine
	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
	10 strip	Freestyle Optium Ketone
2.20	1	e-chamber Mask
	-	
0.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
9.04	I	Range
9 54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
	1	wini winght Otaridard
17.00	10 1 1	EOhl
17.60	40 test	EasyCheck
12.00	50 strip	Ketostix
2.95	1	e-chamber Turbo
5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
6.50	1	Volumatic
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	(ex man. excl. GST) Per 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100 13.00 100

- Symbols -

- Symbols -
8-methoxypsoralen60
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Acetic acid with propylene
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Acidex
Acipimox
Acitretin
Aclasta
Actemra
Actinomycin D137
Adalat 10
Adalat Oros47
Adalimumab157
Adapalene57
Adefovir dipivoxil
Adenosine
Adenuric 106
Adrenaline
ADT Booster
Adult diphtheria and tetanus
vaccine
Advantan
Advate
Advate
Afinitor
AFT SLS-free
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Apo-Pindolol
Apo-Pravastatin
Apo-Prednisone
Apo-Propranolol
Apo-Pyridoxine
Apo-Ropinirole
Apo-Sumatriptan
Apo-Terazosin
Apomorphine hydrochloride
Apraclonidine
Aprepitant
Apresoline
Aprotinin
Aqueous cream
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]
Arginine
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