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Introducing PHARMAC

Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment (NPPA) provides a mechanism for individual patients to receive funding for medicines not listed in the Pharmaceutical Schedule (either at all or for their clinical circumstances). PHARMAC will assess applications that meet the prerequisites according to its Factors for Consideration before deciding whether to approve applications for funding. The Factors for Consideration will be used to assess both the individual clinical circumstances of each NPPA applicant, and the implications of each NPPA funding decision on PHARMAC's ability to carry out its legislative functions.

For more information on NPPA, or to apply, visit the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/link/nppa or call the Panel Coordinators at 0800 660 050 Option 2.

The Pharmaceutical Schedule

The purpose of the Schedule is to list:

- the Community Pharmaceuticals that are subsidised by the Government and to show the amount of the subsidy paid to contractors, as well as the manufacturer's price and any access conditions that may apply;
- the Hospital Pharmaceuticals that may be used in DHB Hospitals, as well as any access conditions that may apply; and
- the Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals for which national prices have been negotiated by PHARMAC.

The Schedule does not show the final cost to Government of subsidising each community pharmaceutical, nor to DHB hospitals in purchasing each hospital pharmaceutical or other pharmaceuticals, including medical devices. The final cost will depend on any rebate and other arrangements PHARMAC has with the supplier or on any logistics arrangements put in place.

Finding Information in Section H

This book contains Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule and lists pharmaceuticals that can be used in DHB hospitals:

- Part I lists the rules in relation to use of Pharmaceuticals by DHB hospitals.
- Part II lists hospital pharmaceuticals that are funded for use in DHB hospitals. These are listed by therapeutic group, which
 is based on the WHO Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) system. It also provides information on any national contracts
 that exist, and indicates which products have Hospital Supply Status (HSS).
- Part III lists optional pharmaceuticals for which national contracts exist, and DHB hospitals may choose to fund. In addition to
 the products listed in this book, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals are listed in an addendum to Part III available
 at http://www.pharmac.govt.nz.

The listings are displayed alphabetically under each heading. The index lists both chemical entities and product brand names.

Glossary

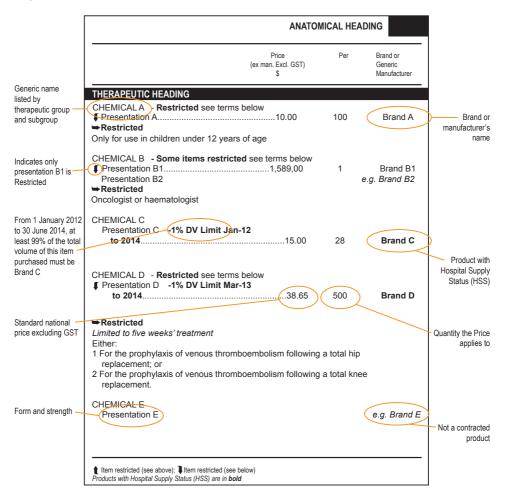
Units of Measure

gramg kilogramkg international unitiu	microgrammcg milligrammg millilitreml	
Abbreviations		
capsule cap	lotionlotn	suppositorysuppos tablettab

HSS Hospital Supply Status (Refer to Rule 20)

Guide to Section H listings

Example



INTRODUCTION

Section H contains general rules that apply, and other information relating, to Hospital Pharmaceuticals and Optional Pharmaceuticals

Where relevant, Section H shows the Price at which a Pharmaceutical can be purchased directly from the Pharmaceutical supplier by DHBs, providers of logistics services, wholesalers or other such distributors, or Contract Manufacturers.

The Price is determined via contractual arrangements between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Where a Pharmaceutical is listed in Part II of Section H, but no Price and/or brand of Pharmaceutical is indicated, each DHB may purchase any brand and/or pay the price that the DHB negotiates with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier.

As required by section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of Pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

1 Interpretation and Definitions

- 1.1 In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - "Act", means the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.
 - "Combined Pharmaceutical Budget", means the pharmaceutical budget set for PHARMAC by the Crown for the subsidised supply of Community Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments including for named patients in exceptional circumstances.
 - "Community", means any setting outside of a DHB Hospital.
 - "Community Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical listed in Sections A to G or I of the Pharmaceutical Schedule that is subsidised by the Funder from the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget and, for the purposes of this Section H, includes Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments (PCTs).
 - "Contract Manufacturer", means a manufacturer or a supplier that is a party to a contract with the relevant DHB Hospital to compound Pharmaceuticals, on request from that DHB Hospital.
 - "Designated Delivery Point", means at a DHB Hospital's discretion:
 - a) a delivery point agreed between a Pharmaceutical supplier and the relevant DHB Hospital, to which delivery point that Pharmaceutical supplier must supply a National Contract Pharmaceutical directly at the Price; and/or
 - b) any delivery point designated by the relevant DHB Hospital or PHARMAC, such delivery point being within 30 km of the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier's national distribution centre.
 - "DHB", means an organisation established as a District Health Board by or under Section 19 of the Act.
 - "DHB Hospital", means a hospital (including community trust hospitals) and/or an associated health service that is funded by a DHB including (but not limited to) district nursing services and child dental services.
 - "DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the National DV Limit or the Individual DV Limit.
 - "DV Pharmaceutical", means a discretionary variance Pharmaceutical that does not have HSS but is used in place of one that does. Usually this means it is the same chemical entity, at the same strength, and in the same or a similar presentation or form, as the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS. Where this is not the case, a note will be included with the listing of the relevant Pharmaceutical.
 - "Extemporaneously Compounded Product", means a Pharmaceutical that is compounded from two or more Pharmaceuticals, for the purposes of reconstitution, dilution or otherwise.
 - "First Transition Period", means the period of time after notification that a Pharmaceutical has been awarded HSS and before HSS is implemented.
 - "Funder", means the body or bodies responsible, pursuant to the Act, for the funding of Pharmaceuticals listed on the Schedule (which may be one or more DHBs and/or the Ministry of Health) and their successors.
 - "Give", means to administer, provide or dispense (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) a Pharmaceutical, or to arrange for the administration, provision or dispensing (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) of a Pharmaceutical, and "Given" has a corresponding meaning.
 - "Hospital Pharmaceuticals", means the list of Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part II of the Schedule which includes some National Contract Pharmaceuticals.
 - "HSS", stands for hospital supply status, which means the status of being the brand of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical that DHBs are obliged to purchase, subject to any DV Limit, for the period of hospital supply, as awarded under an agreement between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Pharmaceuticals with HSS are listed in Section H in bold text.

"Indication Restriction", means a limitation placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Hospital Pharmaceutical which restricts funding to treatment of particular clinical circumstances.

"Individual DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS and a particular DHB Hospital, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of that DHB Hospital's Total Market Volume up to which that DHB Hospital may purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Local Restriction", means a restriction on the use of a Pharmaceutical in specific DHB Hospitals on the basis of prescriber type that is implemented by the relevant DHB in accordance with rule 7.

"Medical Device", has the meaning set out in the Medicines Act 1981.

"Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Advisory Panel", means the panel of clinicians, appointed by the PHARMAC Board, that is responsible for advising PHARMAC, in accordance with its Terms of Reference, on Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment applications and any Exceptional Circumstances renewal applications submitted after 1 March 2012.

"National Contract", means a contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier which sets out the basis on which any Pharmaceutical may be purchased for use in a DHB Hospital, including an agreement as to a national price.

"National Contract Pharmaceutical", means a brand of Pharmaceutical listed in Section H, where PHARMAC has entered into contractual arrangements with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier that specify the terms and conditions of listing, including the Price. Such Pharmaceuticals are recognisable in Section H because the relevant listing identifies the brand and Price.

"National DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of the Total Market Volume up to which all DHB Hospitals may collectively purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Optional Pharmaceuticals", means the list of National Contract Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part III of the Schedule.

"PHARMAC", means the Pharmaceutical Management Agency established by Section 46 of the Act.

"Pharmacode", means the six or seven digit identifier assigned to a Pharmaceutical by the Pharmacy Guild following application from a Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Pharmaceutical", means a medicine, therapeutic medical device, or related product or related thing listed in Sections B to I of the Schedule.

"Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment", means Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer, listed in Sections A to G of the Schedule and identified therein as a "PCT" or "PCT only" Pharmaceutical that DHBs must fund for use in their DHB hospitals, and/or in association with outpatient services provided by their DHB Hospitals, in relation to the treatment of cancers.

"Prescriber Restriction", means a restriction placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Pharmaceutical on the basis of prescriber type (and where relevant in these rules, includes a Local Restriction).

"Price", means the standard national price for a National Contract Pharmaceutical, and, unless agreed otherwise between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier, includes any costs associated with the supply of the National Contract Pharmaceutical to, at a DHB Hospital's discretion, any Designated Delivery Point, or to a Contract Manufacturer (expressly for the purpose of compounding), but does not include the effect of any rebates which may have been negotiated between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Restriction", means a limitation, put in place by PHARMAC or a DHB, restricting the funding of a Pharmaceutical and includes Indication Restrictions, Local Restrictions and Prescriber Restrictions (as defined in this Part I of Section H).

"Schedule", means this Pharmaceutical Schedule and all its sections and appendices.

"Special Authority Approval", means an approval for funding of a Community Pharmaceutical that is marked in Sections B-G of the Schedule as being subject to a Special Authority restriction.

"Total Market Volume", means, for a particular Pharmaceutical with HSS in any given period, in accordance with the data available to PHARMAC, the sum of:

- a) the total number of Units of the relevant Pharmaceutical with HSS purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit: and
- b) the total number of Units of all the relevant DV Pharmaceuticals purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit.

"Unapproved Indication", means, for a Pharmaceutical, an indication for which it is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981. Clinicians prescribing Pharmaceuticals for Unapproved Indications should be aware of, and comply with, their obligations under Section 25 and/or Section 29 of the Medicines Act 1981 and as set out in rule 23.

"Unit", means an individual unit of a Pharmaceutical (e.g. a tablet, 1 ml of an oral liquid, an ampoule or a syringe).

- "Unlisted Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical that is within the scope of a Hospital Pharmaceutical, but is not listed in Section H Part II.
- 1.2 In addition to the above interpretations and definitions, unless the content requires otherwise, a reference in the Schedule to:
 - a) the singular includes the plural; and
 - any legislation includes a modification and re-enactment of, legislation enacted in substitution for, and a regulation,
 Order in Council, and other instrument from time to time issued or made under, that legislation.

HOSPITAL SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS

2 Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 2.1 Section H Part II contains the list of Hospital Pharmaceuticals that must be funded by DHB Hospitals. Section H Part II does not currently encompass the following categories of pharmaceuticals except for any items specifically listed in this Section H Part II:
 - a) Medical Devices:
 - b) whole or fractionated blood products;
 - c) diagnostic products which have an ex vivo use, such as pregnancy tests and reagents;
 - d) disinfectants and sterilising products, except those that are to be used in or on a patient;
 - e) foods and probiotics;
 - f) radioactive materials;
 - g) medical gases;
 - h) parenteral nutrition; and
 - i) pharmaceutical products for in-vivo investigation of allergy.

Subject to rule 2.2, the funding of pharmaceuticals identified in a-i above is a decision for individual DHB Hospitals.

- 2.2 Section H Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals that PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier have entered into contractual arrangements for the purchase of, including an agreement on a national price and other obligations such as HSS. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III of Section H, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.
- 2.3 Section H Part II does not encompass the provision of pharmaceutical treatments for DHB Hospital staff as part of an occupational health and safety programme. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund pharmaceutical treatments for such use, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.

3 DHB Supply Obligations

- 3.1 In accordance with section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule, which includes these General Rules.
- 3.2 DHB Hospitals are not required to hold stock of every Hospital Pharmaceutical listed in Section H Part II, but they must Give it within a reasonable time if it is prescribed.
- 3.3 DHB Hospitals are able to hold stock of an Unlisted Pharmaceutical if doing so is considered necessary for the DHB Hospital to be able to Give the Unlisted Pharmaceutical in a timely manner under rules 11–17 inclusive.
- 3.4 Except where permitted in accordance with rule 11, DHBs must not Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

4 Funding

- 4.1 The purchase costs of Hospital Pharmaceuticals or Optional Pharmaceuticals administered, provided or dispensed by DHB Hospitals must be funded by the relevant DHB Hospital from its own budget, with the exception of:
 - a) Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments:
 - b) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been brought to the DHB hospital by the patient who is being treated by outpatient Services or who is admitted as an inpatient;
 - c) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been dispensed to a mental health day clinic under a Practitioner's Supply Order; and
 - d) Unlisted Pharmaceutical that have been brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient who is admitted as an inpatient.
- 4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments and Community Pharmaceuticals are funded through the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget, and Unlisted Pharmaceuticals are funded by the patient.

LIMITS ON SUPPLY

5 Prescriber Restrictions

- 5.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has a Prescriber Restriction if it is prescribed:
 - a) by a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical or, subject to rule 5.2, pursuant to a recommendation from such a clinician;
 - b) in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the DHB Hospital; or
 - c) in an emergency situation, provided that the prescriber has made reasonable attempts to comply with rule 5.1(a) above. If on-going treatment is required (i.e. beyond 24 hours) subsequent prescribing must comply with rule 5.1(a).
- 5.2 Where a Hospital Pharmaceutical is prescribed pursuant to a recommendation from a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical:
 - a) the prescriber must consult with a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical; and
 - b) the consultation must relate to the patient for whom the prescription is written; and
 - c) the consultation may be in person, by telephone, letter, facsimile or email; and
 - d) appropriate records are kept of the consultation, including recording the name of the advising clinician on the prescription/chart.
- 5.3 Where a clinician is working under supervision of a consultant who is of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical, the requirements of rule 5.2 can be deemed to have been met.

6 Indication Restrictions

- 6.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has an Indication Restriction, if it is prescribed for treatment of a patient with the particular clinical circumstances set out in the Indication Restriction.
- 6.2 If a patient has a current Special Authority Approval for the Hospital Pharmaceutical that the DHB Hospital wishes to Give, then the Indication Restriction is deemed to have been met.
- 6.3 If a Hospital Pharmaceutical has an Indication Restriction that is "for continuation only" then the DHB Hospital should only Give the Hospital Pharmaceutical where:
 - a) the patient has been treated with the Pharmaceutical in the Community; or
 - b) the patient is unable to be treated with an alternative Hospital Pharmaceutical, and the prescriber has explained to the patient that the Pharmaceutical is not fully subsidised in the Community.

7 Local Restrictions

- 7.1 A DHB Hospital may implement a Local Restriction, provided that:
 - a) in doing so, it ensures that the Local Restriction does not unreasonably limit funded access to the Hospital Pharmaceutical or undermine PHARMAC's decision that the Hospital Pharmaceutical must be funded;
 - b) it provides PHARMAC with details of each Local Restriction that it implements; and
- 7.2 PHARMAC may, when it considers that a Local Restriction does not conform to rule 7.1 above, require a DHB to amend or remove that Local Restriction.

8 Community use of Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 8.1 Except where otherwise specified in Section H, DHB Hospitals can Give any Hospital Pharmaceutical to a patient for use in the Community, provided that:
 - a) the quantity does not exceed that sufficient for up to 30 days' treatment, unless:
 - i) it would be inappropriate to provide less than the amount in an original pack; or
 - ii) the relevant DHB Hospital has a Dispensing for Discharge Policy and the quantity dispensed is in accordance with that policy: and
 - b) the Hospital Pharmaceutical is supplied consistent with any applicable Restrictions.

9 Community use of Medical Devices

- 9.1 Subject to rules 9.2 and 9.3, DHB Hospitals may Give a Medical Device for patients for use in the Community.
- 9.2 Where a Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is a Community Pharmaceutical, the DHB Hospital must supply:
 - a) the brand of Medical Device that is listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) only to patients who meet the funding eligibility criteria set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule.
- 9.3 Where a DHB Hospital has supplied a Medical Device to a patient; and
 - a) that Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is subsequently listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) the patient would not meet any funding eligibility criteria for the Medical Device set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and

- c) the Medical Device has consumable components that need to be replaced throughout its usable life; then DHB Hospitals may continue to fund consumable products for that patient until the end of the usable life of the Medical Device. At the end of the usable life of the device, funding for a replacement device must be consistent with the Pharmaceutical Schedule and/or in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy.
- 9.4 DHB Hospitals may also continue to fund consumable products, as in rule 9.3 above, in situations where the DHB has been funding consumable products but where the Medical Device was funded by the patient.

10 Extemporaneous Compounding

- 10.1 A DHB Hospital may Give any Extemporaneously Compounded Product for a patient in its care, provided that:
 - a) all of the component Pharmaceuticals of the Extemporaneously Compounded Product are Hospital Pharmaceuticals; and
 - b) the Extemporaneously Compounded Product is supplied consistent with any applicable rules or Restrictions for its component Hospital Pharmaceuticals.
- 10.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this rule 10.1 applies to any Extemporaneously Compounded Product, whether it is manufactured by the DHB Hospital or by a Contract Manufacturer.

EXCEPTIONS

11 Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment

- 11.1 A DHB Hospitals may only Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions,

in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Policy or rules 12-17 inclusive.

12 Continuation

- 12.1 Where a patient's clinical circumstances have been stabilised via treatment in the Community with a pharmaceutical that has not been funded by the Funder, and that patient is admitted to hospital as an inpatient, a DHB Hospital may fund that pharmaceutical for the duration of the patient's stay, where:
 - a) the patient has not brought (or cannot arrange to bring) the pharmaceuticals to the DHB Hospital, or pharmacy staff consider that the pharmaceuticals brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient cannot be used; and
 - b) interrupted or delayed treatment would have significant adverse clinical consequences; and
 - c) it is not considered appropriate to switch treatment to a Hospital Pharmaceutical.

13 Pre-Existing Use

- 13.1 Subject to 13.2, where a DHB Hospital has Given a pharmaceutical for a patient prior to 1 July 2013, and the pharmaceutical:
 - a) is an Unlisted Pharmaceutical: or
 - b) treatment of the patient would not comply with any relevant Restrictions;
 - the DHB Hospital may continue to Give that pharmaceutical if it is considered that there would be significant adverse clinical consequences from ceasing or switching treatment.
- 13.2 Each DHB Hospital must, by no later than 1 October 2013, provide PHARMAC with a report on pharmaceuticals it has Given in accordance with this rule 13 where treatment has continued beyond 1 August 2013.

14 Clinical Trials and Free Stock

- 14.1 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is funded by a third party and is being used:
 - 14.1.1 as part of a clinical trial that has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 14.1.2 for on-going treatment of patients following the end of such a clinical trial.
- 14.2 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is provided free of charge by a supplier, provided that the pharmaceutical is provided as part of a programme of which the DHB, or supplier, has notified PHARMAC.

15 Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments in Paediatrics

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical for use within a paediatric oncology/haematology service for the treatment of cancer.

16 Other Government Funding

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical where funding for that pharmaceutical has been specifically provided by a Government entity other than PHARMAC or a DHB.

17 Other Exceptions

- 17.1 PHARMAC may also approve the funding of a pharmaceutical within a single DHB Hospital for information gathering purposes or otherwise related to PHARMAC's decision-making process for considering additions to or amendments to the Pharmaceutical Schedule.
- 17.2 Funding approvals granted under rule 17.1 will be subject to specific limitations on use as determined appropriate by PHARMAC in each circumstance, in consultation with the relevant DHB Hospital and/or DHB.

NATIONAL CONTRACTING

18 Hospital Pharmaceutical Contracts

- 18.1 A DHB Hospital may enter into a contract for the purchase of any Pharmaceutical,including any Medical Device, that it is entitled to fund in accordance with this Schedule H and that is not a National Contract Pharmaceutical, provided that such a contract:
 - a) does not oblige the relevant DHB Hospital to purchase a volume of that Pharmaceutical, if that Pharmaceutical is a DV Pharmaceutical, that is greater than the relevant DV Limit;
 - b) enables PHARMAC to access and use future price and volume data in respect of that Pharmaceutical; and
 - c) enables the relevant DHB Hospital to terminate the contract or relevant parts of the contract in order to give full effect to the National Contract on no more than 3 months' written notice to the Pharmaceutical supplier.
- 18.2 From 1 July 2013, where a DHB Hospital has a pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity for which there is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, the DHB may continue purchasing the chemical entity in accordance with its pre-existing supply contract however:
 - a) from the day its pre-existing supply contract expires, that DHB Hospital is to purchase the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, and is to comply with any DV Limits for the National Contract Pharmaceutical where it has HSS:
 - b) if purchase of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, where it has HSS, would not cause the relevant DHB Hospital to be in breach of its pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity; the DHB Hospital must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical.
- 18.3 Following written notification from PHARMAC that a Pharmaceutical is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, either through Section H updates or otherwise. DHB Hospitals must, unless PHARMAC expressly notifies otherwise:
 - a) take any steps available to them to terminate pre-existing contracts or relevant parts of such a contract, and
 - not enter any new contracts or extend the period of any current contracts, for the supply of that National Contract Pharmaceutical or the relevant chemical entity or Medical Device.

19 National Contract Pharmaceuticals

- 19.1 DHB Hospitals must take all necessary steps to enable any contracts between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier in relation to National Contract Pharmaceuticals to be given full effect.
- 19.2 The contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and the relevant supplier of a National Contract Pharmaceutical requires it to be made available for purchase at the relevant Price by any or all of the following:
 - a) DHB Hospitals at Designated Delivery Points; and/or
 - b) Contract Manufacturers (expressly for the purpose of compounding).

In the case of Medical Devices, a National Contract may require the Medical Device to be purchased by, and/or supplied to, a third party logistics provider.

20 Hospital Supply Status (HSS)

- 20.1 The DV Limit for any National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS is set out in the listing of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical in Section H, and may be amended from time to time.
- 20.2 If a National Contract Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H as having HSS, DHB Hospitals:
 - a) are expected to use up any existing stocks of DV Pharmaceuticals during the First Transition Period;
 - must not purchase DV Pharmaceuticals in volumes exceeding their usual requirements, or in volumes exceeding those which they reasonably expect to use, within the First Transition Period:
 - must ensure that Contract Manufacturers, when manufacturing an Extemporaneously Compounded Product on their behalf, use the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS; and
 - d) must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS except:
 - i) to the extent that the DHB Hospital may use its discretion to purchase a DV Pharmaceutical within the DV Limit, provided that (subject to rule 20.2(d)(iii) below) the DV Limit has not been exceeded nationally;

- ii) if the Pharmaceutical supplier fails to supply that National Contract Pharmaceutical, in which case the relevant DHB Hospital does not have to comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical during that period of non-supply (and any such month(s) included in a period of non-supply will be excluded in any review of the DV Limit in accordance with rule 20.3 below);
- iii) that where the DV Limit has been exceeded nationally, the DHB Hospital may negotiate with the Pharmaceutical supplier that supplies the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS for written permission to vary the application of that DHB Hospital's Individual DV Limit for any patient whose exceptional needs require a DV Pharmaceutical.
- 20.3 PHARMAC may, in its discretion, for any period or part period:
 - a) review usage by DHB Hospitals of the National Contract Pharmaceutical and DV Pharmaceuticals to determine whether the DV Limit has been exceeded; and
 - b) audit compliance by DHB Hospitals with the DV Limits and related requirements.
- 20.4 PHARMAC will address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit by:
 - a) obtaining the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital's assurance that it will comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS in the remainder of the applicable period and any subsequent periods; and
 - b) informing the relevant supplier of the HSS Pharmaceutical of any individual DHB or DHB Hospital's non-compliance with the DV Limit for that HSS Pharmaceutical.
- 20.5 In addition to the steps taken by PHARMAC under rule 20.4 above to address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit, the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier may require, in its discretion, financial compensation from the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital:
 - a) an amount representing that DHB or DHB Hospital's contribution towards exceeding the DV Limit (where PHARMAC
 is able to quantify this based on the information available to it); or
 - b) the sum of \$1,000 or \$5,000 (depending on the terms of the applicable national contract applying to the HSS Pharmaceutical),
 - whichever is the greater as between sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) within the number of business days specified in the notice from the Pharmaceutical supplier requiring such payment to be made.
- 20.6 The terms and conditions of a National Contract shall apply for a National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS for a Medical Device. In the event there is any inconsistency between such a National Contract and these General Rules, for example but not limited to a DV Pharmaceutical or DV Limit, the National Contract shall prevail.

21 Collection of rebates and payment of financial compensation

- 21.1 Following the receipt of any rebates from a Pharmaceutical supplier in respect of a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical, PHARMAC will notify each relevant DHB and DHB Hospital of the amount of the rebate owing to it, being a portion of the total rebate determined by PHARMAC on the basis of that DHB Hospital's usage of that National Contract Pharmaceutical, where this is able to be determined. Where data to determine individual DHB Hospitals' usage is not available, PHARMAC will apportion rebates on the basis of an alternative method agreed between the relevant DHBs and PHARMAC.
- 21.2 PHARMAC will pay each DHB Hospital the rebate amounts (if any) owing to it, no less frequently than once each calendar quarter in respect of rebates received quarterly (or more often).

22 Price and Volume Data

- 22.1 DHB Hospitals must provide to PHARMAC, on a monthly basis in accordance with PHARMAC's requirements, any volume data and, unless it would result in a breach of a pre-existing contract, price data held by those DHB Hospitals in respect of any Pharmaceutical (including any Medical Device) listed in Section H.
- 22.2 All price and volume data provided to PHARMAC under rule 22.1 above should identify the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical by using a Pharmacode or some other unique numerical identifier, and the date (month and year) on which the DHB Hospital incurred a cost for the purchase of that Hospital Pharmaceutical. Volume is to be measured in units (that being the smallest possible whole Unit e.g. a capsule, a vial, a millilitre etc).

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

23 Unapproved Pharmaceuticals

Prescribers should, where possible, prescribe Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are approved under the Medicines Act 1981. However, the funding criteria (including Restrictions) under which a Hospital Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H of the Schedule may:

23.1 in some cases, explicitly permit a DHB to fund a Pharmaceutical that is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981 or for an Unapproved Indication; or

PART I: GENERAL RULES

- 23.2 not explicitly prohibit a DHB from funding a Pharmaceutical for use for an Unapproved Indication;
- Accordingly, if clinicians are planning on prescribing an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication, they should:
- 23.1 be aware of and comply with their obligations under sections 25 and/or 29 of the Medicines Act 1981, as applicable, and otherwise under that Act and the Medicines Regulations 1984;
- 23.2 be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Consumer Rights, including the requirement to obtain informed consent from the patient (PHARMAC recommends that clinicians obtain written consent); and
- 23.3 exercise their own skill, judgment, expertise and discretion, and make their own prescribing decisions with respect to the use of an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication.

Clinicians should be aware that simply by listing a Pharmaceutical on the Pharmaceutical Schedule, PHARMAC makes no representations about whether that Pharmaceutical has any form of approval or consent under, or whether the supply or use of the Pharmaceutical otherwise complies with, the Medicines Act 1981. Further, the Pharmaceutical Schedule does not constitute an advertisement, advertising material or a medical advertisement as defined in the Medicines Act or otherwise.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

Antacids and Antiflatulents

Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETHICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone 20 mg Oral lig 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simethicone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.a. Mvlanta Double Strength

SIMETHICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

e.g. Gaviscon Infant

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate 160 mg

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strenath

Oral lig 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

500 ml

SODIUM CITRATE

Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

500 ml

Roxane

Acidex

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate binding agent.

Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

Antipropulsives

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

1ab 2 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201910.75	400	Nodia
Cap 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20197.05	400	Diamide Relief

Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 3 mg

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications) - 1% DV Oct-15 to 201826.55	21.1 g	Colifoam
MESALAZINE		
Tab EC 400 mg49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg49.50	100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg59.05	100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g141.72	120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg	20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201854.60	30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201841.30	7	Pentasa
OLSALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg53.00	100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE		
Cap 100 mg		
SULPHASALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201914.00	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201913.50	100	Salazopyrin EN

Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders

Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations

CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND O	CINCHOCA	AINE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g	6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 1 mg	2.66	12	Ultraproct

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants			
DILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut N	Motility		
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019 HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE	17.14	10	Max Health
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		100 5	Buscopan Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg	18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	41.50	120	Cytotec
H2 Antagonists			
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg			
ANITIDINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	18.21 5.14	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors			
ANSOPRAZOLE			
Cap 15 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		100	Lanzol Relief

100 Lanzol Relief

	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
OMEPRAZOLE				
Tab dispersible 20 mg				
⇒ Restricted				
Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients.				
		4.00	00	0
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		1.98	90	Omeprazole actavis 10 Omezol Relief
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 20
σαρ 20 mg 1/0 DV mai-10 to 2020		2.91	30	Omezol Relief
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 40
2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4.42		Omezol Relief
Powder for oral liq		.42.50	5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		.13.00	5	Omezol IV
(Omezol Relief Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018)				
(Omezol Relief Cap 20 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018)				
(Omezol Relief Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018)				
PANTOPRAZOLE				
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019			100	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		3.35	100	Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial				
Site Protective Agents				
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE				
Tab 120 mg		.14.51	50	Gastrodenol
SUCRALFATE				
Tab 1 g				
Bile and Liver Therapy				
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Grans for oral liquid 3 g				
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not respon	ded to tre	atment with	, or are in	tolerant to lactulose, or
where lactulose is contraindicated.				
RIFAXIMIN – Restricted see terms below		205.00	50	V/4
■ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6	25.00	56	Xifaxan
→ Restricted Initiation				
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of n	navimum	talaratad da	ses of lac	etulosa
i or patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate that of h	ιιαλιιτια[[]	ioisiaisu uu	ous ui lat	Autosc.

Price

Brand or

Diabetes

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

ACARBOSE		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20184.28	90	Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20187.78	90	Glucobay

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Hyperglycaemic Agents				
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below		440.00	400	5 "
Cap 25 mg			100 100	Proglicem Proglicem
Oral lig 50 mg per ml			30 ml	Proglycem
→ Restricted				0,
nitiation				
For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulin	iism.			
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1 mg syringe kit		32 00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]		02.00	•	Gladagen Trypoliti
Tab 1.5 g				
Tab 3.1 g				
Tab 4 g				
Gel 40%				
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet				
del 13.7 % with successe 33 % and fluctose 13.7 %, 10 g sacriet				
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
NSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100			_	
3 ml prefilled pen		52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
NSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u	per ml,			
3 ml cartridge		42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u		40.66	-	Llumalas Mix EO
3 ml cartridge NSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE		42.00	5	Humalog Mix 50
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per m	l 10 ml			
vial	ii, 10 iiii			
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per m	l, 3 ml			
cartridge Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per m	l 3 ml			
cartridge	, 0 1111			
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per m	l, 3 ml			
cartridge				
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
NSULIN GLARGINE				
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen			5	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			5	Lantus
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		აპ.00	1	Lantus

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Inculin Daniel Acting Dyanavations			
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
, , ,			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	54.40	-	Name Daniel Electron
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
INSULIN GLULISINE			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	27.03	1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	46.07	5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5	Apidra Solostar
		·	. ipiai a colocial
INSULIN LISPRO			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
INCLU IN NEUTDAL			
INSULIN NEUTRAL			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
•			
GLICLAZIDE			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.29	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.85	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE	0.50	4 000	
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1,000	Metchek
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2018	7.82	500	Metformin Mylan
PIOGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.47	90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		90	Vexazone
	7.10	30	VCAUZONC
Digestives Including Enzymes			
Digestives including Litzymes			
PANCREATIC ENZYME			
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250	111		
	, 0		
protease))	. F		
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph		100	O 10000
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 F			
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) - 1% DV Oct-15 to 201		100	Creon 25000
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph	1.		
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page			
		100	Ursosan

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation - Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Either:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults: and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Cirrhosis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 µmol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation – Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet

e.a. Glycoprep-C

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE. SODIUM BICARBONATE. SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM SULPHATE

Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium

bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate

Bulk-Forming Agents

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – Restricted: For continuation only Powder for oral soln			
Faecal Softeners			
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES		100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml	4.40	200	Laxsol
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.78	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial	36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both: 1 The patient is receiving palliative care; and 2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipatio 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipatio		erated.	
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g			
Suppos 3.6 g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		20	PSM
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	BONATE AND SODIL ium dium	500 ml IM CHLOF	Laevolac RIDE - Restricted see
Feb-18 to 2020 Restricted Initiation Either:		30	Molaxole
1 Both:			
			continued

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

20

	Prio	се		Brand or
(ex r	nan. e	xcl. GST)		Generic
	\$;	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has problematic constipation despite an adequate trial of other oral pharmacotherapies including lactulose where lactulose is not contraindicated; and
- 1.2 The patient would otherwise require a per rectal preparation; or
- 2 For short-term use for faecal disimpaction.

SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAI	URYL SULPHOACETATE
--------------------------------	--------------------

Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml26.72 50 Micolette

SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID

Oral lig 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%

Stimulant Laxatives

BISACODYL

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	5.99	200	Lax-Tabs
Suppos 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	3.78	10	Lax-Suppositories

SENNOSIDES

Tab 7.5 mg

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

continued...

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT: and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Powder

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − 1% DV May-16 to 2018.....2,234.00
1 Naglazyme

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Roth:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer
HAEM ARGINATE		

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

IMIGLUCERASE - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 40 iu per ml. 5 ml vial
- Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial.......1,335.16
1 Aldurazyme

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome: and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT): and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 500 mg
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Ini 200 mg per ml. 5 ml vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer ⇒ Restricted

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 50 mg

→ Restricted

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

Oral liq 250 mg per ml

174 a

Pheburane

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule ⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental)	- 1% DV Mar-18 to 20207.52	250	Arrow-Calcium
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental).	2.07	10	Calsource

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

lodine

POTASSIUM IODATE

90 NeuroTabs

POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE

Oral lig 10% with iodine 5%

100

Zincaps

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Iron			
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE - Restricted see terms below I Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted Initiation	150.00	1	Ferinject
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropria FERROUS FUMARATE	te.		
Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	2.89	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg		60	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg			
FERROUS SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500	mg		
FERROUS SULPHATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg			
RON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	15.22	5	Ferrum H
RON SUCROSE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Venofer
Magnesium			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)			
MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)			
MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.21	10	DBL
Zinc	10.21	10	DUL
ZINC Oral lig 5 mg per 5 drops			
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE			
Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule			
ZINC SULPHATE			
0 107 1 (50 1 1)	44.00	400	7:

	Price (ex man. excl	. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Mouth and Throat				
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration				
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%				
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLO Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	RIDE			
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray				
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder				
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.5	57 2	200 ml	healthE
CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%				
DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg				
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.3	33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives				
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.8	36	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.7	79	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.9	95	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents				
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] — Restricted see ter Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe Restricted Otolaryngologist THYMOL GLYCERIN	rms below			
Compound, BPC - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019	9.1	5 5	500 ml	PSM
Vitamins				
Multivitamin Preparations				
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see term Cap			180	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost

ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ ⇒ Restricted Initiation Limited to 3 months treatment Both: 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor. MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below Clinicians Renal Vit 30 ⇒ Restricted Initiation Fither: 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA). **MULTIVITAMINS** Tab (BPC cap strength) - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019......10.50 1.000 Mvite Cap vitamin A 2500 u. betacarotene 3 mg. colecalciferol 11 mcg. alpha tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, rib e.g. Vitabdeck → Restricted Initiation Either: 1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or 2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome. Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg. vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg e.a. Paediatric Seravit → Restricted Initiation Patient has inborn errors of metabolism. Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) e.a. Pabrinex IV Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg. 5 ml ampoule (1) and ini ascorbic acid 500 mg

with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)

ampoule (1)

VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C

Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml

Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 drops

e.g. Pabrinex IM

e.a. Pabrinex IV

e.a. Vitadol C

	D.:		Durand an
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	_	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Vitamin A			
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml			
Vitamin B			
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		3	Neo-B12 Vitamin B6 25
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial		500	Apo-Pyridoxine
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab chewable 250 mg	8.10	500	Cvite
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Cap 1 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Oral drops 2 mcg per ml - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	87.98	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg — 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Cap 0.5 mcg — 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.95	100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	2.50	12	Vit.D3
Vitamin E			

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

- ↓ Cap 100 u↓ Cap 500 u
- Oral liq 156 u per ml

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

FPOFTIN ALEA (FRYTHROPOIETIN ALEA) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 201848.68	6	Eprex
1	Inj 2,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018120.18	6	Eprex
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018166.87	6	Eprex
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018193.13	6	Eprex
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018243.26	6	Eprex
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018291.92	6	Eprex
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe - 5% DV May-15 to 28 Feb 2018352.69	6	Eprex
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018395.18	6	Eprex
1	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV May-15 to 28 Feb 2018263.45	1	Eprex

⇒ Restricted Initiation – chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus: and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

EPOETIN BETA [ERYTHROPOIETIN BETA] - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Ini 2.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	20.60	1.000	Apo-Folic Acid
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		500	Apo-Folic Acid
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

e.g. Driclor

→ Restricted

Initiation For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Fither:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure: or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg	28	Revolade

→ Restricted

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SUI PHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THROMBIN Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 10	Cyklokapron Cyklokapron
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB − Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Restricted	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
⇒ Restricted	·		

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

FΑ	CTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below		
1	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
			FEIBA NF
			FEIBA NF

→ Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Hae

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe420.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe840.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
	Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe2,520.00	1	Xyntha

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Note: Preferred Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 250 iu vial	310.00	1	BeneFIX
		620.00	1	BeneFIX
		1,240.00	1	BeneFIX
		2,480.00	1	BeneFIX
		3,720.00	1	BeneFIX

Price		Brand or	
ex man. excl. (GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial287.50	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 500 iu vial575.00	1	RIXUBIS
		1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial2,300.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS

→ Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	287.50	1	Advate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	575.00	1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,725.00	1	Advate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	3,450.00	1	Advate

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2 PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
1	Inj 500 iu vial	475.00	1	Kogenate FS
1	lnj 1,000 iu vial	950.00	1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1.900.00	1	Kogenate FS
_	Ini 3,000 iu vial	·	1	Kogenate FS

→ Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Second Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2
PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

Vitamin K

DHYTOMENIADIONE			
	חוח	ALVIA	

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 250 mg vial
- → Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
DALTEPARIN			
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	39.94	10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe		10	Fragmin

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe27.93	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule		
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe37.27	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe56.18	10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe74.90	10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe93.80	10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe116.55	10	Clexane
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe133.20	10	Clexane

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
◆ Restricted itiation			
or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistanc	e or henarin intolerance		
EPARIN SODIUM	o or moparity intoloration.		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	66.80	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial			•
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	61.04	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	236.60	50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	39.00	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE Tab 10 mm			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg	153.00	15	Xarelto
→ Restricted	100.00	13	Λαισιιο
nitiation – total hip replacement			
imited to 5 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
nitiation – total knee replacement			
Limited to 2 weeks treatment			
for the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIU			
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chlorid	le 74.6 mcg		
per ml, 5,000 ml bag			
VARFARIN SODIUM Tab 1 mg	20 2	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg	0.00	100	ivialevall
Tab 3 mg	9.70	100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg		100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
SPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Dec-16 to 2019		90	Ethics Aspirin EC
Cupped 200 mg	12.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL Tab 75 mg 19/ DV May 17 to 2010	E 44	0.4	Armour Clamid
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	5.44	84	Arrow - Clopid

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
DIPYRIDAMOLE Tab 25 mg Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	11.52	60	Pytazen SR	
EPTIFIBATIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial → Restricted Initiation Either:		1 1	Integrilin Integrilin	
1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing pe2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-corona				
PRASUGREL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg ↓ Tab 10 mg → Restricted		28 28	Effient Effient	

Initiation - Bare metal stents

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Drug-eluting stents

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

UROKINASE

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Ini 50.000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Ini 500.000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

Mozobil

→ Restricted

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment: or
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
 - 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FILGRASTIM	- Restricted see terms below	

	COLUMN TICCUITOR COC COLLING BOICH			
t	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe	270.00	5	Zarzio
t	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial	520.00	4	Neupogen
	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe		5	Zarzio
-	Restricted			

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

Neulastim → Restricted

Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or

continued...

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued... equal to 20%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

10	Hospira
1,000 ml	Baxter
500 ml	Baxter
1,000 ml	Baxter
	Baxter
1,000 ml	Baxter
4 000	
1,000 ml	Baxter
500 I	
	Baxter
,	Baxter Baxter
	Baxter
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Baxter
500 ml	Baxter
1,000 ml	Baxter
500 ml	Baxter
5	Biomed
1	Biomed
1,000 ml	Baxter
	500 ml 1,000 ml 500 ml 1,000 ml 1,000 ml 1,000 ml 100 ml 500 ml 1500 ml 1,000 ml 500 ml 1,000 ml 51

	F	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man.	excl. GST		Generic	
		\$	Per	Manufacturer	
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE					
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium ch	loride				
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag					
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo	ride				
0.18%, bag		3.45	500 ml	Baxter	
		8.31	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium chlo					
0.18%, bag		. 10.74	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo					
0.45%, bag		8.29	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo		10.50	4 000 1		
0.9%, bag		. 12.50	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlor	oriae				
15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag					
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.40	500 I		
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag			500 ml	Baxter	
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag			1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag	•••••	0.92	1,000 ml	Baxter	
, ,					
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE					
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule					
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule					
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE					
Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag			1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag			1,000 ml 1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 m		. 12.20	1,000 1111	Baxter	
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml					
	bag				
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE		151.00	10	Usanina	
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		151.60	10	Hospira	
RINGER'S SOLUTION					
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l					
chloride 156 mmol/l, bag		8.69	1,000 ml	Baxter	
SODIUM ACETATE					
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule					
SODIUM BICARBONATE					
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial					
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial			1	Biomed	
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial		.20.50	1	Biomed	

		rice		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Dav	Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule			50	InterPharma
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019			50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		10.65	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		10.80	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		11.25	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule		7.50	30	InterPharma
, 0.0 /s, =0 spss		5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		91.20	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		78.24	48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		22.14	18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		15.12	12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle				
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]				
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		47.50	5	Biomed
WATER				
Inj 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019			50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule			30	InterPharma
.,, = 0		5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag		0.00		
Inj 500 ml bag				
Inj, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		19.08	12	Baxter
,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Oral Administration				
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE				0.1.1
Powder	1	69.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES				
Powder for oral soln - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		2.30	10	Enerlyte
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE				
Soln with electrolytes				
PHOSPHORUS				
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)				
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE				
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)				
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)		7.42	200	Span-K
Oral lig 2 mmol per ml			•	- Practice

		Price excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml		8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders				
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag			10	Gelofusine
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.03% sodium acetate 0.463% and sodium chloride 0.6%, 500 ml bathydroxyethyl STARCH 130/0.4 WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE	·),		ORIDE, SOI 20	DIUM ACETATE AND Volulyte 6%
Inj 6% with sodium chloride 0.9%, 500 ml bag		198.00	20	Voluven

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Arrow-Quinanril 5

Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

ACE Inhibitors

CAPTOPRIL

95 ml Capoten

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

\sim	1 1	71	ח		
U	LA	ZF	۱۲	H	IL.

Tab 0.5 mg2.00	90	Zapril
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 20197.20	200	Apo-Cilazapril
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 201912.00	200	Apo-Cilazapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE		
Tah 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 0.96	100	Fthics Fnalanril

	. / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Tab 10 mg	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.24	100	Ethics Enalapril
	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Ethics Enalapril
·				•

LISINOPRIL

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 20182.76	90	Ethics Lisinopril

PERINDOPRIL

Tab 2 mg = 1% by 3ep-17 to 2020	30	Apo-reilliuopili
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	30	Apo-Perindopril

QUINAPRIL

1 45 5 1119	1 /0 D 1 COP 10 to 2010		00	7111011 Gamapin o
Tab 10 mg	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.15	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg	- 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	5.97	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20

4.31

TRANDOLAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Cap 1 mg
- → Cap 2 mg

ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics

Tah 5 mg - 1% DV Sen-15 to 2018

CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to	2019 10.18	100	Apo-Cilazapril/
			Hydrochlorothiazide

ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg

QUINAPRII WITH HYDROCHI OROTHIAZIDE

Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20183.65	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20184.78	30	Accuretic 20

	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists				
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.10.66	90	Candestar
Restricted nitiation – ACE inhibitor intolerance				
intiation – ACE inhibitor intolerance Either:				
 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is no inhibitor); or 	t resolved by	y ACE inhibit	or retria	I (same or new ACE
2 Patient has a history of angioedema.				
nitiation – Unsatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor				
Patient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of a	an ACE inhib	itor.		
OSARTAN POTASSIUM				
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		1.39	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020			84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020			84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		2.31	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics				
OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		.15.25	30	Arrow-Losartan &
,				Hydrochlorothiazid
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers				
OOXAZOSIN				
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			500	Apo-Doxazosin
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Cap 10 mg				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
PRAZOSIN Tab 1 mg		5 53	100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg			100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 5 mg			100	Apo-Prazosin
ERAZOSIN				
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		n 59	28	Actavis
1 ab 1 mg 1/0 by 3cp-10 to 2013				
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		(.50)	500	Apo-Terazosin

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

Antiarrhythmics

ADENOSINE

Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

Ini 3 mg per ml. 10 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.

AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

→ Restricted

Cardiologist

AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Cordarone-X
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Cordarone-X
Ini 50 mg per ml. 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	5	Lodi

ATROPINE SULPHATE

DIGOXIN

Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	240	Lanoxin
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial

DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE

Cap 100 mg

FLECAINIDE ACETATE

Tab 50 mg	38.95	60	Tambocor
Cap long-acting 100 mg	38.95	30	Tambocor CR
Cap long-acting 200 mg	68.78	30	Tambocor CR
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	52.45	5	Tambocor

IVABRADINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 5 mg

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;
 or
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg	162.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
Cap 250 mg	202.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 2.5 mg
- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Data As	renoceptor	Disakara
191511519410	ITEHIOGEDIOI	DIOCKEIS

ATENOLOL			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.61	500	Mylan Atenolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	7.67	500	Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	21.25	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	3.53	90	Bosvate
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.15	90	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	9.40	90	Bosvate
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.30	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.95	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL			
Tab 200 mg	21.40	180	Celol
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg	8 99	100	Hybloc
Tab 100 mg		100	Hybloc
Tab 200 mg		100	Hybloc
Tab 400 mg			,
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	1.03	30	Betaloc CR
1 4 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1	2.39	90	Metoprolol - AFT CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	1.25	30	Betaloc CR
	3.48	90	Metoprolol - AFT CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	1.99	30	Betaloc CR
0 0	5.73	90	Metoprolol - AFT CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	3.00	30	Betaloc CR
	11.54	90	Metoprolol - AFT CR
(Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 23.75 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018			
(Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 47.5 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018))		
(Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 95 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018)			
(Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018)			
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018	4.64	100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	24.00	5	Lopresor

¹ Item restricted (see → above); **1** Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Manufacturer
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	16.05	100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL			
Tab 5 mg	9.72	100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg	23.46	100	Apo-Pindolol
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg	3.65	100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	39.53	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	12.48	100	Mylan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	65.39	5	Sotacor
TIMOLOL MALEATE			
Tab 10 mg			
•			

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

AMLODIPINE

1.72	100	Apo-Amlodipine
3.33	250	Apo-Amlodipine
4.40	250	Apo-Amlodipine
1.45	30	Plendil ER
1.55	30	Plendil ER
2.30	30	Plendil ER
	1.72 3.33 4.40 1.45 1.55 2.30	3.33 2504.40 2501.45 301.55 30

ISRADIPINE

F

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

Cap long-acting 2.5 mg

Cap long-acting 5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist

Both:

- 1 Patient is a Paediatric Patient; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
 - 2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
 - 2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
IIFEDIPINE				
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020			60	Adalat 10
Tab long-acting 20 mg		. 9.59	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			30	Adalat Oros
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			30	Adalat Oros
Cap 5 mg				
IIMODIPINE Table 20 and				
Tab 30 mg				
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial				
Other Calcium Channel Blockers				
ILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 30 mg		4 60	100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg			100	Dilzem
			500	
Cap long-acting 120 mg				Apo-Diltiazem CD Cardizem CD
Con long acting 100 mg		1.91	30	
Cap long-acting 180 mg			500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
0 1 " 040		7.56	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg			500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
lai Cara a su sul Carlairl		10.22	30	Cardizem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
ERHEXILINE MALEATE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		62.90	100	Pexsig
ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 40 mg		7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg			100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg			250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg			250	Verpamil SR
			5	•
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		25.00	5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents				
CLONIDINE				
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.7.40	4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10.04	4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		12.34	4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10.53	112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg			100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	Catapres
			U	Juliupioo
METHYLDOPA Table 250 man		45.40	400	Mathadalana Malan
Tab 250 mg		15.10	100	Methyldopa Mylan
Diuretics				
Loop Diuretics				
UMETANIDE				
Tob 1 ma		16.36	100	Burinex
Tab 1 mg				
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial	••••••	10.00		

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FUROSEMIDE (FRUSEMIDE)			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.00	1,000	Diurin 40
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Urex Forte
Oral lig 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	1.20	5	Frusemide-Claris
Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule		-	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL			
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag	24.85	1.000 ml	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag		500 ml	Baxter
11 L0 /0, 000 111 bag	20.00	000 1111	Duxioi

Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE

Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg15.00	100	Apo-Amiloride
Oral liq 1 mg per ml30.00	25 ml	Biomed
SPIRONOLACTONE		
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201911.80	100	Spiractin
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	25 ml	Biomed

Thiazide and Related Diuretics

BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 1/6 DV Wai-10 to 2020	20.42	500	Allow-Bellulolluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]			
Tab 25 mg	9.00	50	Hygroton
1 ab 25 mg	6.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	2.60	90	Dapa-Tabs

METOLAZONE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has not responded to loop diuretics and/or loop-thiazide combination therapy; or
- 2 Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsive to high dose loop diuretics and concentrated albumin infusions; or
- 3 Paediatric patient has oedema secondary to nephrotic syndrome that has not responded to loop diuretics.

	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Lipid-Modifying Agents				
Fibrates				
BEZAFIBRATE Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Tab long-acting 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 GEMFIBROZIL Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		6.78	90 30 60	Bezalip Bezalip Retard Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)				
ATORVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 PRAVASTATIN Tab 10 mg		13.32 21.23	500 500 500 500	Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		3.45	100 30 100	Apo-Pravastatin Cholvastin Apo-Pravastatin
(Cholvastin Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018) (Cholvastin Tab 40 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018)		6.36	30	Cholvastin
SIMVASTATIN Tab 10 mg		0.95	90	Arrow-Simva Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 20 mg		1.61 1.52	90	Arrow-Simva Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg		2.63	90	Arrow-Simva Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 80 mg	•••••	7.91 6.00	90	Arrow-Simva Simvastatin Mylan
Resins				
CHOLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral liq 4 g COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE Grans for oral liq 5 g				
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors				
EZETIMIBE — Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 10 mg — 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 (Ezemibe Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018) → Restricted		3.35 2.00	30	Ezemibe Ezetimibe Sandoz
Initiation All of the following:				continued

Price

Brand or

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 x normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg5.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg6.15	30	Zimybe
1	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg7.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg8.15	30	Zimybe

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

NICOTINIC ACID

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.12	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	17.89	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE

GLICENIL INIVITALE			
Tab 600 mcg	8.00	100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose		250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose	4.45	250 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	18.80	100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM				
	(ex man.	ice excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Restricted Initiation – Heart transplant Either:				
1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have	been accepte	d for trans	splant: or	
2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.			, .	
Initiation – Heart failure				
Cardiologist or intensivist For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that	is non-respon	sive to dol	butamine.	
	'			
Sympathomimetics				
ADRENALINE		4.00	_	
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule		.4.98 5.25	5	Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial		0.20		Поорна
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule			10	Aspen Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe	2	27.00	5	Hospira
DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	2	24.45	5	Dobutamine-Claris
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	6.89	5	DBL Sterile Dopamine Concentrate
EPHEDRINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3	36.04	10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE				
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
METARAMINOL				
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
NORADRENALINE				
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe				
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2019	12	25.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM

Vasodilators

۸١	DDOCTADII	ODIDE

PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018......1,650.00 Prostin VR

Neosynephrine HCL

25

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule115.50

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per \$

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

AMYL NITRITE

Lig 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIAZOXIDE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 25 mg

→ Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.

Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	300.30	10	Milrinone Generic Health
MINOXIDIL			
Tab 10 mg	70.00	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg		60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg	33.28	60	Ikorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]			
Tab 400 mg			

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
	4,585.00	30	Volibris
■ Tab 10 mg	4,585.00	30	Volibris
⇒ Restricted			

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for ambrisentan in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 In hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	.401.79	60	Bosentan-Mylan
	·	375.00	56	Mylan-Bosentan
t	Tab 125 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	.401.79	60	Bosentan-Mylan
	· ·	375 00	56	Mylan-Bosentan

(Mylan-Bosentan Tab 62.5 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018) (Mylan-Bosentan Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 July 2018)

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Fither:

continued...

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for bosentan in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 In hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4	Vedafil
į	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20182.75	4	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation - tablets

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for sildenafil in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 4 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients: or
- 5 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide: or
- 6 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations; or
- 7 All of the following:
 - 7.1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
 - 7.2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
 - 7.3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs): and
 - 7.4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Prostacyclin Analogues

FRARRATENIAL			
FPOPROSTENOL	- Restricted	SEE TERMS	helow.

t	Inj 500 mcg vial36.61	1	Veletri
t	Inj 1.5 mg vial73.21	1	Veletri

→ Restricted

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epoprostenol in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 In hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

II OPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	380.00	5	llomedin
1	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml	1,185.00	30	Ventavis

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost in pulmonary arterial hypertension; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In hopsital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price excl. GS	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1%Soln 3% (10 vol) – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		15 g 100 ml	Crystaderm Pharmacy Health
MAFENIDE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below ■ Powder 50 g sachet ■ Restricted			
Initiation For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% Oint 2%		15 g 15 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream Foban
SULFADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1% – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	 .10.80	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15 95	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only		7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 0.70	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% – Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 METRONIDAZOLE	 2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75% MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%	 0.74	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	 4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

(6	Price excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%				
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Lotn 5% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020			30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%				
Antiacne Preparations				
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%				
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%				
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 10 mg			100 120	Isotane 10
Cap 20 mg	 14.96 19.27 23.12		100 120	Oratane Isotane 20 Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05%				
Antipruritic Preparations				
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018 Lotn, BP - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018			100 g ,000 ml	Pharmacy Health PSM
CROTAMITON Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	 3.37		20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients				
Barrier Creams				
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 1.59		100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 4.59	į	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	 4.90	į	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm				e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste				e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL				
Oint, BP - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020.			20 g 20 g	Orion healthE
Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in hold				

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
AQUEOUS CREAM				
Crm 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		1.00	100 g	Pharmacy Health SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 500 g - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		1.99	500 g	AFT SLS-free
CETOMACROGOL				
Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		0.74	E00 ~	healthE
			500 g 1	healthE
Crm BP, 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		1.47	ı	Healthic
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL				
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,			100 g	Pharmacy Health
		2.10		Pharmacy Health
		3.20		healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		2.82	500 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
		3.87	1,000 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT				-
Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1.84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.			3	
Oint BP, 500 g - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.		3.59	500 g	AFT
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10	%			e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION	, -			g
Crm		2.62	500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Crm, 100 g			300 g	healthE Fatty Cream
		1.00	'	nealine rally Greatin
PARAFFIN				
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%			100 g	healthE
White soft - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to bot Yellow soft	n wnite s	оп рагапіп	and yellow	soπ paraπin.
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT				
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%				e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%				e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA				
Crm 10% - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT			0	
Crm				
				

Brand or

Generic

Price

(ex man. excl. GST)

	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%			
Oint 0.05%			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	3.15	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	3.15	50 g	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1%			
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.20	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted : For continuation only			
Crm 0.1%			
Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE	1 11	20 ~	DermAssist
Crm 1%, 30 g - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		30 g	Dermassist
Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		500 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		3	,
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Crm 1%	2.48	14.2 g	AFT
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 1% DV Sep-1	17		
to 2020	10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.1%		30 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%	6.85 6.85	100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%		100 g	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			2000.0 0.0.0
Crm 0.1%	4.95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1%		15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE		•	
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	1.51	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	2.90	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		15 g	Elocon
Late 0.40/	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	/.35	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	6.00	100 ~	Ariotoport
Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 g 100 g	Aristocort Aristocort
Ont 0.0270 170 DY OCP-17 to 2020		100 g	Anotovort

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms on the next page

		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted Initiation Either: 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or 2 For continuation use.				
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2% HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE	ACID]			
Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN Crm 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5% Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5% TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAN Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g		2.79 2.79	15 g 15 g 15 g ATIN	Micreme H Pimafucort Pimafucort
Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations				
ACITRETIN Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			60 60	Novatretin Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g $$ – 1% DV Sep-15 to 20 Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g $$ – 1% DV Sep-15 to 20			30 g 30 g	Daivobet Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL Oint 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Jul-17 to 2020 COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		.45.00	100 g	Daivonex
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2% PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium – 1% Oct-17 to 2020		3.86	500 ml	Pinetarsol
Crystals				
Scalp Preparations				
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1%		7.75	100 ml	Beta Scalp
Scalp app 0.05%		6.96	30 ml	Dermol
Scalp lotn 0.1%		3.65	100 ml	Locoid

21.00 1 healthE

		DEKN	IATOLOGICALS
	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Wart Preparations			
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet	. 17.98	12	Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator	 .33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
Other Skin Preparations DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2% SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Crm			
Lotn	 3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF
	5.10	200 g	50+ Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted Crm 16% Restricted Dermatologist or plastic surgeon		20 g	Efudix
Wound Management Products			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%			e.g. Orion

(healthE Gel 2.5% to be delisted 1 April 2018)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ **Anti-Infective Agents** ACETIC ACID Soln 3% Soln 5% ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyguinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE healthE 50 q healthE 1 CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019......1.60 35 a Clomazol Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019......2.10 Clomazol 20 g MICONAZOLE NITRATE 40 a Micreme NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020....4.45 75 a Nilstat Contraceptives Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV 168 Ginet **Combined Oral Contraceptives** ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL D

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV			
Jan-18 to 2020	2.18	84	Microgynon 20 EI
Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV			3,

Jan-18 to 2020......1.77 Levlen ED 84

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg......9.45 84 Microgynon 50 ED

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width	31.60	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		1	Jadelle Mirena

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and
- 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other appropriate pharmaceutical therapies as per the Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or
 - 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or
 - 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hysteroscopy or endometrial biopsy.

Continuation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Fither:

- 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bleeding; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Initiation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by laparoscopy.

Continuation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Note: endometriosis is an unregistered indication.

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197	7.25	1	Depo-Provera
NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	6.25	84	Noriday 28

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Obstetric Preparations

Antiprogestogens

MIFEPRISTONE

Tab 200 mg

Oxytocics

CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DINOPROSTONE

Pessaries 10 mg

Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g......64.60

ERGOMETRINE MALEATE

Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020......105.00

Prostin F2

Prostin E2

DBL Ergometrine

OXYTOCIN

Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018......4.03

5 Oxytocin BNM 5 Oxytocin BNM

1

1

5

OXYTOCIN WITH FRGOMETRINE MAI FATE

Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1%

5 Syntometrine

Tocolytics

PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 100 mg − 1% DV Aug-16 to 201916.50

Utrogestan 30

→ Restricted

Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part IV (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 23.1)

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 500 mcg ampoule

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ ⇒ Restricted Obstetrician **Oestrogens OESTRIOL** Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020......6.62 Ovestin 15 a 15 Ovestin **Urologicals** 5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below 100 Ricit → Restricted Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Fither: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers. Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers TAMSULOSIN - Restricted see terms below 100 Tamsulosin-Rex → Restricted Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated. **Urinary Alkalisers** POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below 200 ml **Biomed** ⇒ Restricted Initiation Both: 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and 2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application. SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020......2.34 28 Ural **Urinary Antispasmodics OXYBUTYNIN** 500 Apo-Oxybutynin

473 ml

Apo-Oxvbutvnin

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg	37.50	30	Vesicare
■ Tab 10 mg		30	Vesicare
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation			
Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, of	or is non-responsive to, o	xybutynin	l.
TOLTERODINE TARTRATE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 1 mg	14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
↓ Tab 2 mg	14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation			

Initiation

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists			
CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	15.87	50	Procur
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	30.40	50	Procur
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 2.5 mg per day	80.00	60	Androderm
Patch 5 mg per day		30	Androderm
(Androderm Patch 2.5 mg per day to be delisted 1 March 2018)			
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	76.50	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	16.80	60	Andriol Testocaps
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000
Oalston Hamanalasta			

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule1	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 30 mg	103.70	28	Sensipar
→ Restricted			•

CALCITONIA

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and

continued...

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price			Brand or
(ex man	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate

Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

 Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial
 1
 Zoledronic acid Mylan

 550.00
 Zometa

→ Restricted

Initiation - bone metastases

Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Roth
 - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement: and

2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement: and

3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

Initiation - early breast cancer

Oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum of 2 years.

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	0.88	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	14.19	10	Max Health
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	25.18	10	Max Health
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	14 32	100	Florinef

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5.30	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	80.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	22.25	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	9.00	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	16.00	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	40.00	5	Depo-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE			
Inj 40 mg with lidocaine [lignocaine], 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2		1	Depo-Medrol with
,g			Lidocaine
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	7.50	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	29.03	500	Apo-Prednisone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	20.80	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
ing to mg por mi, i mi tia			

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL			
Tab 1 mg			
Tab 2 mg			
Patch 25 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	6.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	7.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	7.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	12.36	84	Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)			

Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

 Tab 2.5 mg
 - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019
 3.75
 30
 Provera

 Tab 5 mg
 - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019
 14.00
 100
 Provera

 Tab 10 mg
 - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019
 7.15
 30
 Provera

Other Endocrine Agents

CABERGOLINE	- Restricted see terms below
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⇒ Restricted 19.00 8 Dosti

→ Restricted Initiation

Any of the following:

Any of the following.

Inhibition of lactation; or

2 Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or

3 Patient has acromegaly.

CLOMIFENE CITRATE

DANAZOI

 Cap 100 mg
 68.33
 100
 Azol

 Cap 200 mg
 97.83
 100
 Azol

GESTRINONE

Cap 2.5 mg

METYRAPONE

Cap 250 mg

PENTAGASTRIN

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Other Oestrogen Preparations

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

OESTRADIOL

Implant 50 mg

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer
OESTRIOL		

Tab 2 mg

Other Dree	ractoran D	reparations
Office LIO	gestogen r	eparations

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019......101.00 100 Provera HD

NORETHISTERONE

100 Primolut N

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule75.00 Synacthen Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERELIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORELIN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

Implant 3.6 mg, syringe — 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 Implant 10.8 mg, syringe — 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		1 1	Zoladex Zoladex
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	591.68	1	Lucrin Depot 3-month

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

Inj 5 mg cartridge	1	Omnitrope
Inj 10 mg cartridge	1	Omnitrope .
Inj 15 mg cartridge328.50	1	Omnitrope
- Restricted		

⇒ Restricted

Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

continued...

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

continued...

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m²/day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation – adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARRIMAZOI F

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

→ Restricted

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Tab 50 mg35.00 100 PTU

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	25.00	30	Minirin
1	Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	54.45	30	Minirin
	Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose = 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	23 95	6 ml	Desmonressin-PH&T

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Nocturnal enuresis

Either:

- 1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or
- 2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.

Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated.

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	.450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	.215.00	5	Glypressin

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	176.00	10	Biomed
Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	431.20	5	DBL Amikacin
→ Restricted Clinical microhialogist infectious disease appoint or respiratory appoint	liot		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special GENTAMICIN SULPHATE	IIISI		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	8 56	5	Hospira
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		25	APP Pharmaceuticals
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 250 mg	126.00	16	Humatin
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologis	t		
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
TOBRAMYCIN			
■ Powder			
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.		_	
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-17 to 2018 Restricted	15.00	5	Tobramycin Mylan
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	llist		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia			
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml	2,200.00	56 dose	TOBI
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis.			
Tallott has cystic historis.			
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	73 50	1	Invanz
→ Restricted		•	
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next page	je		
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial	13.79	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man.	\$	Per	Manufacturer
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below				
■ Inj 500 mg vial			10	DBL Meropenem
Inj 1 g vial		.65.21	10	DBL Meropenem
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation	1			
CEFALEXIN				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019			20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.11.00	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
CEFAZOLIN		0.00	_	AFT
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			5 5	AFT AFT
IIIJ 1 g viai – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		3.29		AFI
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation	n			
CEFACLOR				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			100	Ranbaxy-Cefactor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefactor
CEFOXITIN				
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		.58.00	10	Cefoxitin Actavis
CEFUROXIME				
Tab 250 mg			50	Zinnat
Inj 750 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020			10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Inj 1.5 g vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		.14.36	10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation	1			
CEFOTAXIME				
Inj 500 mg vial			1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.14.60	10	DBL Cefotaxime
CEFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 500 mg vial			1	Fortum
Inj 1 g vial			5	Ceftazidime Mylan
I Ini 2 a viol		1.55	1	Fortum
Inj 2 g vial		3.34	1	Fortum
(Fortum Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 March 2018)				
(Fortum Inj 1 g vial to be delisted 1 March 2018) (Fortum Inj 2 g vial to be delisted 1 March 2018)				
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	cialist			
CEFTRIAXONE				
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		1.20	1	DEVA
			1	DEVA
			1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 Inj 2 g vial		0.84	1	DEVA

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation			
CEFEPIME - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		1	Cefepime-AFT Cefepime-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation			
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below Inj 600 mg vial	1,450.00	10	Zinforo

Initiation – multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Fither:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

ΑZ	ITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	9.00	30	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.05	2	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) - 1% DV Oct-15			
	to 2018	12.50	15 ml	Zithromax
\Rightarrow	Restricted			

Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*; or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.



	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202010.40		Apo-Clarithromycin
	Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml23.12		Klacid
t	Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-17 to 01 Sep 2020	1	Klacid
	, ,		Martindale

(Klacid Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 May 2018)

→ Restricted

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Either:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents.

Initiation – Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml5.00	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg

ROXITHROMYCIN – Some items restricted see terms on the next page

•	7.19	10	nullue D
	Tab 150 mg7.48	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
	Tab 300 mg14.40	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

חייו:מס ח

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

Penicillins	;
	•

AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	.14.97	500	Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500	Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	1.20	100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	1.31	100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.10.67	10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.12.41	10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.17.29	10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.88	20	Augmentin
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral lig 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml – 1% DV	0.00		, lage.
Aug-17 to 2019	2 20	100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	m-Amoxiclay
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	m-Amoxiclay
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 \$	315.00	10	Bicillin LA
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	313.00	10	DICIIIII LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	.10.35	10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	.62.90	500	Staphlex
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.22	5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	2.88	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	4.73	50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.48	100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.58	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial	. 15.50	1	Tazocin EF
⇒ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist			
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	123.50	5	Cilicaine
g c	5.55	J	J

TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN — Restricted see terms below I Tab 250 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 I Tab 500 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 I Tab 750 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Oral liq 50 mg per ml Oral liq 100 mg per ml	 1.99	28 28 28	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag −1% DV Mar-16 to 2018 Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	 .30.58	10	Cipflox
MOXIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 400 mg Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle Postricted		5 1	Avelox Avelox IV 400

Price

Brand or

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis; and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications;
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium; and
- 2 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

NORFLOXACIN

Arrow-Norfloxacin 100

Tetracyclines

DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Cap 150 mg

Cap 300 mg

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
DOXYCYCLINE			
→ Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab 100 mg	6.75	250	Doxine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
MINOCYCLINE			
Tab 50 mg			
→ Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only			
TETRACYCLINE			
Tab 250 mg			
Cap 500 mg	46.00	30	Tetracyclin Wolff
TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 50 mg vial			
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM – Restricted see terms below	100.10	-	A t
Inj 1 g vial	182.46	5	Azactam
→ Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLORAMPHENICOL − Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
□ Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.10	16	Clindamycin ABM
■ Oral lig 15 mg per ml			,,
■ Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	65.00	10	Dalacin C
➡ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see t	erms below		
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	65.00	1	Colistin-Link
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist	st		
DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 350 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Cubicin
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	243.52	1	Cubicin
→ Restricted Clinical misrabiologist or infactious disease appointing			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
 Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet ⇒ Restricted 			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g			
· ·			
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms on the next page Ini 300 mg per ml. 2 ml vial			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			

(6	Price ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Zyvox
Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1,650.00	10	Zyvox
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	34.50	12	Fucidin
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal me	dicine specialist		
EICOPLANIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
RIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	15.00	50	TMP
RIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE]			
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg			
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-17	,		
to 2020		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			•
/ANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2 37	1	Mylan
→ Restricted	2.07	'	,
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- → Restricted

Oncologist

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-15 to 20183,450.00
10 AmBisome

→ Restricted

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Fither:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500,000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE	- Restricted see terms below
- -	

t	Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	2.09	28	Mylan
t	Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	0.33	1	Mylan
1	Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	5.08	28	Mylan
t	Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml	98.50	35 ml	Diflucan
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.95	1	Fluconazole-Claris
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	6.47	1	Fluconazole-Claris
_	Restricted			

→ Restricted

Consultant

ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20192.79	15	Itrazole
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Oral liquid 10 mg per ml

→ Restricted

Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab modified-release 100 mg	869.86	24	Noxafil
1	Oral lig 40 mg per ml	761.13	105 ml	Noxafil

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

1 Fither:

1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Τ)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	56	Vttack
t	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018500.00	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml876.00	70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2019	1	Generic Partners

→ Restricted

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 50 mg vial667.50	1	Cancidas
1	Inj 70 mg vial862.50	1	Cancidas

→ Restricted

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Fither:

					INFECTIONS
(ex r	man.	rice excl.	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under a Both: Possible invasive fungal infection; and A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physitreatment to be appropriate. 					
FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below Cap 500 mg Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist TERBINAFINE		4.04		44	Post lab
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		1.33	3	14	Deolate
Antimycobacterials					
Antileprotics					
CLOFAZIMINE – Restricted see terms below I Cap 50 mg Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE – Restricted see terms below I Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist				100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics					
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 100 mg		49.34	1	56 56	Myambutol Myambutol
		20.00)	100	PSM
→ Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician of the properties of the	or inte	ernal	medic	ne phys	sician
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN − Restricted see terms below I ab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	,	85 5/	1	100	Rifinah
Tab 150 mg with rifempicin 300 mg = 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018				100	Rillidii Rifinah

→ Restricted

100

30

Rifinah

Paser

■ Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 1% **DV Sep-15 to 2018**170.60

■ Grans for oral liq 4 g......280.00

PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

(ex m	Price an. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
• Restricted			
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist			
ROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha
• Restricted			
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist			
YRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg → Restricted			
Inical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist			
IFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	275.00	30	Mycobutin
• Cap 130 mg = 1% by Oct-16 to 2019	213.00	30	wycobulli
linical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or resp	oiratory specia	ılist	
IFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below	,		
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	55.75	100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Rifadin
5 1 40 BV 6 4E 1 0000			Dife die
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.00	60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		60 ml 1	Rifadin Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE − Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	128.85	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist /ERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below	128.85 an or public he	1 ealth physi	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist /ERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 3 mg	128.85 an or public he	1	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist /ERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 3 mg Restricted	128.85 an or public he	1 ealth physi	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist /ERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 3 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist	128.85 an or public he	1 ealth physi	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist /ERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 3 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist REBENDAZOLE	128.85 an or public he	1 ealth physic	Rifadin cian Stromectol
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	128.85 an or public he	1 ealth physi	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatricia Antiparasitics Anthelmintics LBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist //ERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 3 mg Restricted Ilinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist IEBENDAZOLE Tab 100 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml	128.85 an or public he	1 ealth physic	Rifadin cian Stromectol
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	128.85 an or public he	1 ealth physic	Rifadin cian Stromectol

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 60 mg vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GGT)	Per	Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE – Res	tricted see terms helow		
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg		12	Malarone Junior
Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg		12	Malarone
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease speciali	st or rheumatologist		
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	33.48	8	Lariam
→ Restricted	takan da amarakatan dak		
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease speciali	st or meumatologist		
METRONIDAZOLE	40.45	400	-
Tab 200 mg		100 100	Trichozole Trichozole
Tab 400 mgOral lig benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml		100 100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		100 ml	AFT
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	AFT
Suppos 500 mg		10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below			· ·
▼ Tab 500 mg	1,680.00	30	Alinia
■ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml	•		
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ORNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	23.00	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial	180.00	5	Pentacarinat
Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 7.5 mg Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-	foetal medicine specialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
QUININE SULPHATE			
Tab 300 mg			

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM STIBOGI UCONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Res	tricted see	terms above
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1 Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 63.38	30	Stocrin
1 Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018190.15	90	Stocrin
1 Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201863.38	30	Stocrin
t Oral liq 30 mg per ml		
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above		
t Tab 200 mg770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above		
1 Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 65.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
t Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	240 ml	Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued		

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SULPHATE – Restricte	see terms on	the previous page
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t	Tab 300 mg	229.00	60	Ziagen
t	Oral liq 20 mg per ml	256.31	240 ml	Ziagen
	ACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the)	
t	Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	427.29	30	Kivexa

EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous

313.19	30	Atripla
3	313.19	313.19 30

1 Cap 200 mg.......307.20 30 **Emtriva**

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Truvada

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Oral lig 10 mg per ml

STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- 1 Cap 30 mg
- 1 Cap 40 mg
- 1 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml

ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2.25	100	Retrovir		
t	Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20193	0.45	200 ml	Retrovir		
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	0.00	5	Retrovir IV		
ZII	ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page					
t	Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.00	60	Alphapharm		

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.



Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Cap 150 mg	60 60	Reyataz Reyataz
DARUNAVIR − Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 400 mg − 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	60 60	Prezista Prezista
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 200 mg t Cap 400 mg		
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR − Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	60 120 300 ml	Kaletra Kaletra Kaletra
RITONAVIR − Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 100 mg 43.31	30	Norvir

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Oral lig 80 mg per ml

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

- 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
- 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page

RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as:
- 2 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 x ULN); and
- 3 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load greater than or equal to 10-fold over nadir; and
- 4 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic; and
 - 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine: or
 - 5.2 Both:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and
 - 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.

ENTECAVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B nucleoside analogue treatment-naive; and
- 3 Entecavir dose 0.5 mg/day: and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 ALT greater than upper limit of normal; or
 - 4.2 Bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis (Metavir stage 3 or greater or moderate fibrosis) on liver histology; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

5.2 Patient has greater than or equal to 2,000 IU HBV DNA units per ml and fibrosis (Metavir stage 2 or greater) on liver histology; and

30

Viread

- 6 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 7 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 8 Neither ALT nor AST greater than 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 9 No history of hypersensitivity to entecavir; and
- 10 No previous documented lamivudine resistance (either clinical or genotypic).

LAMIVUDINE

Tab 100 mg6.00	28	Zeffix
Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below		

Tab 300 mg531.00 → Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed hepatitis B

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
 - 1.2 Patient has had previous lamivudine, adefovir or entecavir therapy; and
 - 1.3 HBV DNA greater than 20,000 IU/mL or increased 10-fold or higher over nadir; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Lamiyudine resistance detection of M204I/V mutation; or
 - 1.4.2 Adefovir resistance detection of A181T/V or N236T mutation; or
 - 1.4.3 Entecavir resistance detection of relevant mutations including I169T, L180M T184S/A/I/L/G/C/M, S202C/G/I, M204V or M250I/V mutation: or
- 2 Patient is either listed or has undergone liver transplantation for HBV.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with active hepatitis B

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is HBsAg positive; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 HBV DNA > 20.000 IU/mL and ALT > ULN: or
 - 2.2 HBV DNA > 20 million IU/mL and ALT normal; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; or
 - 3.2 Patient is pregnant; or
 - 3.3 Patient is breastfeeding.

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:

		INFECTIONS
Price (ex man. excl. 0 \$	GST)	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV po 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers to prophylaxis is required. Initiation – Percutaneous exposure Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.	sitive person	; or
Hepatitis C		
LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR − Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg	28	Harvoni
Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCT HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Acce Pharmaceutical Schedule). PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OIMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatment via PHARMA Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from PHARMAC's web http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/. Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56), with	ess Criteria (C's approve	set out in Section B of the
dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56)	C's approve	Viekira Pak d direct distribution supply. Viekira Pak-RBV
Herpesviridae		
ACICLOVIR Tab dispersible 200 mg − 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	25 56 35 5	Lovir Lovir Lovir Aciclovir-Claris

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist GANCICLOVIR – **Restricted** see terms below

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

→ Restricted

→ Restricted

Cymevene

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VALACICLOVIR			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	6.42	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	12.75	30	Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 450 mg − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	1,050.00	60	Valcyte
⇒ Restricted			·
VALGANCICLOVIR − Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 450 mg − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018			

Initiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 3 months treatment

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

Influenza

OSFI TAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community under Rule 8 of Section H is not permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

→ Restricted Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community under Rule 8 of Section H is not permitted.

20 dose Relenza Rotadisk

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2A

Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe

Ini 6 m iu prefilled syringe

Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Ini 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

•	Ini 135 mcc	prefilled syring	a (1) with	rihavirin tal	200 ma	(169)
	- 101 135 1000	i breillied Synna	e (4) Willi	i ribavirin tai	200 ma	(IDD)

Combination Pack Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)......1,290.00 1 Pegasys RBV

Combination Pack

→ Restricted

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:



Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

100

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Mestinon

Anticholinesterases

EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ⇒ Restricted

Initiation

For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.

NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 202098.00	50	AstraZeneca
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -		
1% DV Jul-16 to 2019 20.90	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE		

Antirheumatoid Agents

HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10.50	100	Plaquenil
LEFLUNOMIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	2.90	30	Apo-Leflunomide
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	2.90	30	Apo-Leflunomide
PENICILLAMINE			
Tab 125 mg	67.23	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg	110.12	100	D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			

Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule

Bisphosphonates

ALENDRONATE SODIUM

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Paget's disease

Both:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to site (base of skull, spine, long bones of lower limbs); or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.

		Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
t	Tab 70 mg	4.82	4	Fosamax

→ Restricted

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score greater than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	13.50	100	Arrow-Etidronate
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.98	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.02	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	17.05	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	3.80	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID			
Ini 5 mg per 100 ml. vial	.600.00	100 ml	Aclasta

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation - Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
- 2.2 Bone deformity; or
- 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or

Pr	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis).

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYAI URONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALL OPURINOL

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	4.54	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	.10.35	500	DP-Allopurinol

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. doi)	Per	Manufacturer
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation			
Any specialist			
All of the following:			

- All of the following:
 - 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
 - 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose: or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 2.4 All of the following:
 - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and
 - 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

COLCHICINE

	Tab 500 mcg10.08	100	Colgout
FE	BUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 80 mg39.50	28	Adenuric
	Tab 120 mg	28	Adenuric

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted

Haematologist

Muscle Re	lavante e	and Dala	tod A	aonte
Minscie ue	iaxaiii5 d	allu nela	IEU A	genis

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule10.00	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule12.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg	100	Pacifen
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 201811.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN	•	
Inj 100 u vial	1	Botox
•	1	
Inj 300 u vial	2	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg65.00	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg77.00	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial800.00	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule33.92	5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg		
ÿ		
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule260.00	50	AstraZeneca
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial25.95	10	DBL Rocuronium
		Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 202078.00	50	AstraZeneca
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg vial		
ing rooms room		

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SU	DGAMMADEA - nestricted see terms on the next page		
1	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial1,200.00	10	Bridion
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial3,000.00	10	Bridion

CLICANANADEV

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CE	LECOXIB			
	Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather the	han each individu	al line item.	
	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		60	Celecoxib Pfizer
	Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DIC	CLOFENAC SODIUM			
	Tab EC 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	1.30	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
	Tab 50 mg dispersible		20	Voltaren D
	Tab EC 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		50	Diclofenac Sandoz
	Tab long-acting 75 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	15.20	500	Apo-Diclo SR
	Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	26.20	500	Apo-Diclo SR
	Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	13.20	5	Voltaren
	Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
	Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
	Suppos 50 mg	4.22	10	Voltaren
	Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren
ET	ORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 30 mg			
t	Tab 60 mg			
t	Tab 90 mg			
t	Tab 120 mg			
\rightarrow	Restricted			
Init	iation			
For	in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
IBL	IPROFEN			
	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	11.71	1,000	Relieve
=	Tab 400 mg - Restricted : For continuation only		,	
	Tab 600 mg - Restricted : For continuation only			
	Tab long-acting 800 mg - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2018	7.99	30	Brufen SR
	Oral lig 20 mg per ml	2.39	200 ml	Fenpaed
	Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			·
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
INF	OOMETHACIN			
	Cap 25 mg			
	Cap 50 mg			
	Cap long-acting 75 mg			

Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
KETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID − Restricted : For continuation only → Cap 250 mg			
MELOXICAM - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 7.5 mg			
→ Restricted			

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and
 - 1.2 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with less than or equal to 5% of normal circulating functional clotting factor; and
 - 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthropathy is inadequately controlled by alternative funded treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options are contraindicated; or
- 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201818		500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201818	.91	250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 20185	.60	28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 20186	.53	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB			
Inj 40 mg vial100	.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
TENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201910	.95	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial9		1	AFT
. •			

Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Crm 0.025%	9.95	45 g	Zostrix
→ Destricted		-	

→ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	7.99	60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	95.00	5	Cogentin

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 100 mg	38.24	60	Symmetrel

APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE

ing to mg per mi, i mi ampoule			
Ini 10 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule	119.00	5	Movapo

BROMOCRIPTINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 5 mg

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
NTACAPONE	•		
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	28.00	100	Entapone
EVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	10.00	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
EVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	17.97	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to		100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	7 20	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ramipex
OPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE		100	Hampox
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2.78	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
	10.01	100	Apo-nopilinoic
ELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
OLCAPONE	100.50	400	T
OLCAPONE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	132.50	100	Tasmar
	132.50	100	Tasmar
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	132.50	100	Tasmar
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics	132.50	100	Tasmar
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics ESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Tasmar Suprane
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics PESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 PEXMEDETOMIDINE	1,350.00	6	Suprane
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics ESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1,350.00		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics ESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1,350.00	6	Suprane
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics ESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 TOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	1,350.00	6	Suprane
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics ESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 TOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE	1,350.00	6 5	Suprane Precedex
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics ESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 TOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	1,350.00	6	Suprane
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	1,350.00 357.00	6 5	Suprane Precedex
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	1,350.00 357.00 1,020.00	6 5	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	1,350.00 357.00 1,020.00 27.00 25.00	6 5	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	1,350.00 1,357.00 1,020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00	6 5 1 1 1	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	1,350.00 1,357.00 1,020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00	6 5	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics PESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 PEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 PETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 ETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	1,350.00 1,357.00 1,020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00	6 5 1 1 1	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed
Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics PESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 PEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 PETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 ETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-16 to 2018	1,350.00 1,357.00 1,020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00	6 5 1 1 1	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed
Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics PESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 PEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 PETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 ETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	1,350.00 1,357.00 1,020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00	6 5 1 1 1	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed
Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics FESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 FEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 TOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 ETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	1,350.00 357.00 1,020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00 47.05	6 5 1 1 1	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris
Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics PESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 PEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 PETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 ETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	1,350.00357.001,020.0027.0025.0014.0047.05	6 5 1 1 5 5	Suprane Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

			LITYOUS STOTEM
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule	<u> </u>	6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	50.00	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2	018 29.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Sep-15 to 201 Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	8 20.70	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	150.00	5	Marcain
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	115.00	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe	72.00	10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe		10	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			5
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	25.46	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			

	Price	^	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
ETHYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			
Crm 4%	5.40	5.0	LMX4
OIII 4 /6	27.00	5 g 30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE (LICNOCAINE) LIVEDOCLIL ODIDE	27.00	00 g	LIVIXT
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 2% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.40	20 ml	Orion
Soln 4%	3.40	20 1111	Onon
Spray 10%	75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		200 1111	muoooootiio
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	8.75	25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule		1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	6.90	25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule	2.40	1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial	12.00	5	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe	81.50	10	Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule	27.00	10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			•
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE A	ND TETRACAINE	HYDROC	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5			
syringe - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDIN			·
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHRII		RIDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%	NE TIT DITOGRACO	IIDL	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE	45.00	20 a	EMI A
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g 20	EMLA EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g		20 5	EMLA
,	45.00	3	LIVILA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	40.00		0 00/
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50 50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial		5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	55.00	10	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			

Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per fili, 1.5 fili denial cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	29.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	39.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.15	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.55	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
OPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	270.00	5	Naropin
ETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

→ Restricted

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below

	Tab soluble 500 mg	1.60	20	Paragesic Soluble
	Tab 500 mg			
	Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.35	1,000 ml	Paracare
	Oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml	4.35	1,000 ml	Paracare Double
				Strength
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.40	10	Paracetamol Kabi
	Suppos 25 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
	Suppos 50 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
	Suppos 125 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.69	10	Gacet
	Suppos 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.79	10	Gacet
	Suppos 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	12.60	50	Paracare

→ Restricted

Initiation

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

SUCROSE

Oral liq 25%

Opioid Analgesics		
ALFENTANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202034.38	10	HameIn
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 20195.75	100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	100	PSM
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 201913.50	100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20199.55	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL		
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe		
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201810.45	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	-	Fantanal Canalan
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5 5	Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5 5	Fentanyi Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour = 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE	Ū	1 Charry Canada
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10	Methatabs
Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	200 ml	Biodone
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral lig 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Oral lig 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 201826.00	200 ml	RA-Morph

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.93	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.52	10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2.85	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.60	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	6.10	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg	2.50	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg		10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe		•	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6 27	5	DBL Morphine
injoing pormi, i mi ampoulo 170 by och 17 to 2020		J	Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.47	5	DBL Morphine
ing to mg por mi, i mi ampould 170 by oop 17 to 2020		J	Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			Ouiphate
Inj 10 mg per mi, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.76	5	DBL Morphine
ing 15 mg per mi, 1 mi ampoule – 1/6 by Sep-17 to 2020	4.70	5	Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6 10	5	DBL Morphine
111 30 111g per 1111, 1 1111 ampoule - 1/6 by 3ep-17 to 2020	0.13	3	Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			Sulpliate
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
, , , ,			
MORPHINE TARTRATE		_	
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	42.72	5	DBL Morphine Tartrate
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	2.63	20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	2.76	20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	7.69	20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	14.11	20	BNM
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	1.98	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	3.91	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml		250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	8.57	5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE		-	. ,
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 1% DV	40.04	1 000	Davagatamal - Osalalii -
Sep-17 to 2020	18.21	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine
			(Relieve)

PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	w. usi)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.46	10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.25	10	PSM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			
REMIFENTANIL Inj 1 mg vial — 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.98	5	DBL Pethidine
REMIFENTANIL Inj 1 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		_	Hydrochloride
Inj 1 mg vial — 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5.12	5	DBL Pethidine
Inj 1 mg vial — 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020			Hydrochloride
Inj 2 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		_	
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Remifentanil-AFT
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Tab sustained-release 150 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			
Tab sustained-release 200 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 100
Cap 50 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 150
Oral soln 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 200
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.25	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.50	5	Tramal 50
Antidepressants Cyclic and Related Agents AMITRIPTYLINE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020 1. Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020 2. CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 12. Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 12. Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 8. DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 75 mg 11. Cap 25 mg 6. DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg 5. 6. Tab 25 mg 8.		5	Tramal 100
Cyclic and Related Agents AMITRIPTYLINE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020			
AMITRIPTYLINE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 10 mg — 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.51	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 75 mg	2.60	100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 75 mg	3.68	100	Apo-Clomipramine
Cap 25 mg 6. DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE 6. Cap 10 mg 6. Cap 25 mg 6. Cap 50 mg 5. MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE 5. Tab 10 mg 5. 6. 6. Tab 25 mg 8.			
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg	1.19	100	Dopress
Cap 10 mg Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg 5. 6. Tab 25 mg 8.	3.45	100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg 5. 6. Tab 25 mg 8.			
Cap 50 mg MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg 5. 6. Tab 25 mg 8.			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg			
Tab 10 mg 5. 6. Tab 25 mg 8.			
6. Tab 25 mg			
Tab 25 mg8.	5.48	50	Tofranil
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.58	60	Tofranil
MARROTII INE LIVOROCHI ODIDE	3.80	50	Tofranil
WIAF NOTILINE DE DROUDLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

85.10 85.70	100 180 500 100	Norpress Norpress Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Moclobemide
85.10 30.70	30	Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Moclobemide
30.70	30	Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Mirtazapine
3.25	30	
	00	Apo-Mirtazapine
0.00	0.4	Ful-for VD
6.38 8.11	84 84	Enlafax XR Enlafax XR
11.16	84	Enlafax XR
1.79	84	PSM Citalopram
1.11	28	Apo-Escitalopram
1.90	28	Apo-Escitalopram
2.47	30	Arrow-Fluoxetine
1.99	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
4.02	90	Apo-Paroxetine
	90	Arrow-Sertraline
5.25	90	Arrow-Sertraline
		Rivotril
	3.05 5.25	3.05 90

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIAZEPAM				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.11.83	5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg			5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg		.40.87	5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM				
Inj 2 mg vial				
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial				
PARALDEHYDE				
Inj 5 ml ampoule				
, '				
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		00.00	_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018			5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	······································	133.92	5	Hospira
Control of Epilepsy				
CARBAMAZEPINE				
Tab 200 mg		.14.53	100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg			100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg			100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg			100	Tegretol CR
Oral lig 20 mg per ml			250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM				. og. oto.
Tab 10 mg				
CLONAZEPAM				
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml				
ETHOSUXIMIDE				
Cap 250 mg				
Oral liq 50 mg per ml				
GABAPENTIN - Restricted see terms below				
Cap 100 mg		7.16	100	Arrow-Gabapentin
				Neurontin
				Nupentin
		.11.00	100	Arrow-Gabapentin
				Neurontin
				Nupentin
		.13.75	100	Arrow-Gabapentin
				Neurontin
				Nupentin
➡ Restricted				Паропин
Initiation – preoperative and/or postoperative use				
Limited to 8 days treatment				
Initiation – pain management of burns patients				
Re-assessment required after 1 month				
Continuation – pain management of burns patients				
. •				

Re-assessment required after 1 month

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Price		Brand or
	· T \	
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - epilepsy

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Fither:

- 1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents.

Note: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Continuation - epilepsy

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life.

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

Initiation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with neuropathic pain; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has Chronic Kidney Disease Stage 5-associated pruritus* where no other cause for pruritus can be identified (e.g. scabies, allergy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has persistent pruritus not relieved with a trial of emollient/moisturising creams alone.

Continuation – Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Either:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a marked improvement in their control of pain or itch (prescriber determined); or
- 2 The patient has previously demonstrated clinical responsiveness to gabapentin and has now developed neuropathic pain in a new site.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. Dosage adjustment of gabapentin is recommended for patients with renal impairment.

LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
t	Tab 100 mg	50.06	14	Vimpat
	ŭ	200.24	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	v	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy: and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

1 4	MO	TD	\sim 1	

AWOTHIGHT				
Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal	
Tab dispersible 5 mg	15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine	
	9.64	30	Lamictal	
Tab dispersible 25 mg	20.40	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine	
, ,	29.09		Lamictal	
	19.38		Logem	
	14.74		Motrig	
Tab dispersible 50 mg	34.70	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine	
3	47.89		Lamictal	
	32.97		Logem	
	24.73		Motrig	
Tab dispersible 100 mg	59.90	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine	
	79.16		Lamictal	
	56.91		Logem	
	42.34		Motrig	
Notrig Tab dispersible 25 mg to be delisted 1 April 2018) Notrig Tab dispersible 50 mg to be delisted 1 April 2018)			g	
Motrig Tab dispersible 100 mg to be delisted 1 April 2018)				

LEVETIRACETAM

Oral lig 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	44.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Tab 1,000 mg	59.12	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	45.23	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg	28.71	60	Everet
1ab 250 mg	24.03	60	Everet

Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

PHENOBARBITONE

HENODALIDITONE		
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 201830.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 201831.00	500	PSM

PHENYTOIN

Tab 50 mg

PHENYTOIN SODIUM

Cap 30 mg Cap 100 mg

Oral lig 6 mg per ml

PRIMIDONE

Tab 250 mg

SODIUM VALPROATE

Tab 100 mg

Tab EC 200 mg

Tab EC 500 mg

Oral liq 40 mg per ml

Epilim IV

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below Cap 250 mg	509.29	60	Diacomit	
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	509.29	60	Diacomit	

Initiation

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

Tab 25 mg11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
26.04		Topamax
11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
44.26		Topamax
18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
75.25		Topamax
31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
129.85		Topamax
55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	60	Topamax

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
- 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE

Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

RIZATRIPTAN			
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.26	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	24.44	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	46.23	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen	42.67	2	Clustran

Prophylaxis of Migraine

PIZOTIFEN

DIZATOIDTAN

Λm	tinaus		المما	A MILE	- A	and a
V^\1		3000		421411	10W^4	

APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below			
	100.00	3	Emend Tri-Pack
		5	Emend
		5	Emend

→ Restricted

Initiation

Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemotherapy for the treatment of malignancy.

BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20202.89	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	20	Nauzene

C

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
CYCLIZINE LACTATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.20	100	Prokinex
DROPERIDOL			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE			
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	46.50	5	Hospira
₽atch 1.5 mg		2	Scopoderm TTS
→ Restricted			
Initiation			

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	1.30	100	Metoclopramide
0.15.5			Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	4.50	40	D.C.
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	4.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019		50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	0.95	10	Ondansetron
T 0	4		ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019		50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	1.43	10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.50	5	Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	2.20	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE			
Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	9.75	500	Antinaus
v	6.35	250	Nausafix
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Suppos 25 mg			
(Antinaus Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 March 2018)			
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 25 mg			
TROPISETRON			
	0.05	1	Transactron AET
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	13.95	ı	Tropisetron-AFT

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antipsychotic Agents

General

AMISULPRIDE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	4.56	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	14.75	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		60 ml	Solian
ARIPIPRAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg	123.54	30	Abilify
↓ Tab 10 mg	123.54	30	Abilify
↓ Tab 15 mg		30	Abilify
■ Tab 20 mg		30	Abilify
■ Tab 30 mg		30	Abilify
ř			,

→ Restricted

Initiation - schizophrenia or related psychoses

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effect; or
 - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

Initiation - Autism spectrum disorder*

Psychiatrist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder* and has symptoms of severe irritability; and
- 2 An effective dose of risperidone has been trialled and has been discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate response; and
- 3 The patient is aged less than 18 years.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 10 mg

Tab 25 mg

Tab 100 mg

Oral liq 10 mg per ml

Oral liq 20 mg per ml

Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

	rice		Brand or
	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg	 6.69	50	Clopine
v	13.37	100	Clopine
	5.69	50	Clozaril
	11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	 8.67	50	Clopine
ŭ	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	 17.33	50	Clopine
y	34.65	100	Clopine
	14.73	50	Clozaril
	29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
1 ab 200 mg	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 ml	Clopine
	 17.00	100 1111	Olopille
HALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	 29.72	100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	 21.55	10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
5			
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 47.89	10	Wockhardt
LITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	 34.30	500	Lithicarb FC
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	 12.83	100	Lithicarb FC
Cap 250 mg	 9.42	100	Douglas
OLANZAPINE			3
	0.64	00	7. mina
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 2.05	28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial			
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1 70	90	Quetapel
•		90 90	•
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 9.00	90	Quetapel

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
RISPERIDONE	Ψ	1 01	Managadio
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	1.06	60	Actavis
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 2 mg = 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	14 56	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		60	Zusdone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
, , ,			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			2 1 1 1
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28 30	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE – Restricted see terms below		Ü	Tididor Concentrate
	200.00	1	Zuprovo Bolprova
Inj 210 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 405 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
⇒ Restricted		'	Zypieża neipiew
Initiation			
maaavii			

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 75 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 100 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg vial135.98	3 1	Risperdal Consta
1	Inj 37.5 mg vial178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial217.56	5 1	Risperdal Consta

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Ini 500 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule			e.a. Clopixol Conc

Anxiolytics

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	23.80	100	Orion
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	14.96	100	Orion
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg	7.53	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg	14.37	100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	15.05	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	16.18	500	Arrow-Diazepam

NERVOUS SYSTEM

(0	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.79	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	13.88	100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.17	100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Ox-Pam

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 120 mg	00 1	4	Tecfidera
■ Cap 240 mg	00 5	6	Tecfidera
- Destricted			

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA – Restricted see terms on the pri Ît Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector Ît Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe	1,170.00	4 4	Avonex Pen Avonex	
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on the prev				

Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab modified-release 2 mg28.22	30	Circadin
_			

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated Both:

- 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and
- 2 For in-hospital use only.

MIDAZOLAM

Tab 7.5 mg40.00	100	Hypnovel
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018	10	Midazolam-Claris
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 20182.50	5	Midazolam-Claris
NITRAZEPAM		
Tab 5 mg5.22	100	Nitrados

PHENOBARBITONE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TEMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.27	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 125 mcg → Tab 250 mcg			
ZOPICLONE Tab 7.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	0.98 8,99	30 500	Zopiclone Actavis Zopiclone Actavis

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE - Restricted see terms below			
	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 18 mg		28	Strattera
	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 40 mg		28	Strattera
■ Cap 60 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 80 mg	139.11	28	Strattera
■ Cap 100 mg	139.11	28	Strattera
→ Restricted			

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Once-daily dosing; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in worsening of co-morbid substance abuse or there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised stimulant therapy; or
 - 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has been trialled and has been discontinued because of inadequate clinical response; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is considered inappropriate because the patient has a history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizophrenia; and
- 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in combination with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant, except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimulant therapy to atomoxetine.

Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed methylphenidate hydrochloride tablet formulations (immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine sulphate tablets.

CAFFFINE

Tab 100 mg

DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018......17.00 100 **PSM**

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

IVIL	THE HENDATE HID HOOFIED HIDE HESTINGER SCENEINS DOWN			
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg.	58.96	30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg	65.44	30	Concerta
	Tab extended-release 36 mg		30	Concerta
	Tab extended-release 54 mg		30	Concerta
	Tab immediate-release 5 mg		30	Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 10 mg		30	Ritalin
	·			Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	.7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg	50.00	100	Ritalin SR
	•	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg	15.60	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg	20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg	25.52	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg	30.60	30	Ritalin LA

→ Restricted

Initiation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

Tab 100 mg

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEDEZII	HADBUCHI	OBIDE

	Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Donepezil-Rex
R۱۱	Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020VASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below	0.04	90	Donepezil-Rex
	Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
t	Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg57.	40	28	Suboxone
1	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg166.	00	28	Suboxone

→ Restricted

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Habitrol

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone: and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health;
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	11.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM Tab 200 mg	44.30	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 → Restricted	. 112.55	30	Naltraccord

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

1

1

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence: and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below

	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 202017.59	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 202020.16	28	Habitrol
Į	Oral spray 1 mg per dose		e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 202016.61	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	216	Habitrol
Į	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge		e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 202033.69	384	Habitrol (Fruit)

Habitrol (Mint) Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020......38.95 384 Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 1460.48	25	Champix
t	Tab 1 mg67.74	28	Champix
	135.48	56	Champix

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg vial
 271.35
 1
 Ribomustin

 Inj 100 mg vial
 1,085.38
 1
 Ribomustin
- → Restricted

Initiation – treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Either:
 - 3.2.3.1 Both:
 - 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Both:

- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more: or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherap	y for a maximum of 6 cy	/cles in ri	ituximab refractory patients.
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle ce macroglobulinaemia.	l, marginal zone and ly	mphoplas	smacytic/ Waldenström's
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg	89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
CARMUSTINE	500.00		DIONIL
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	532.00	1	BiCNU
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	70.00		
Tab 50 mg		50	Endoxan
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	158.00	100 1	Procytox Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Endoxan
	7 0.00	•	Liidoxuii
IFOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial	96.00	1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial		i	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE		•	
Cap 10 mg	132.59	20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg		20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial THIOTEPA Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]	150.48	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
Inj 0.5 mg vial	145.00	1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	118.72	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxorul Inj 50 mg vial	oicin nyarochioriae.		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		i	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	30.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	65.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	1	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	125.00	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	250.00	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	204.08	1	Arrow
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
Antimetabolites			
AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below			

ACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

Vidaza

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder);
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist

CAPECITABINE

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......412.00

Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	11.15	60	Brinov	
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	62.28	120	Brinov	
CLADRIBINE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5,249.72	7	Leustatin	
CYTARABINE				
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	55.00	5	Pfizer	
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	8.83	1	Pfizer	
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	17.65	1	Pfizer	
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE				

20

Fludara Oral

Fludarabine Ebewe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FLUOROURACIL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	10.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	17.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	8.36	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg	49.41	25	Puri-nethol
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3 18	30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		00	Troxuto
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	DBL Methotrexate
•			Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
1 ' 100	25.00		Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	/9.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019		1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019	217.77	1	Juno Pemetrexed
⇒ Restricted			

Initiation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

continued...

- 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
- 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule Ini 75 ma

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

10 AFT

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below

Velcade

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Limited to 15 months treatment

Roth:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.

Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and
- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE]			
Inj 10,000 iu vial	102.32	1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE			
Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	58.06	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg	340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg		10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Apr-16 to 2018	7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA			
Cap 500 mg	31 76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			,
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	11 50	1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
,	17.00	'	illilotecali Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			5
	6,207.00	21	Revlimid
	7,239.18	21	Revlimid
	7,627.00	21	Revlimid
→ Restricted			

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Price	9		Brand or
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication (refer to Interpretations and Definitions). A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 50 mg	498.00	50	Natulan
TEMOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 5 mg − 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	10.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
	18.30	5	Orion Temozolomide
	40.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
	96.80	5	Orion Temozolomide
→ Restricted			

Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg	28	Thalomid

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication

TRFTINOIN

0 40	470.50	400	., .,
Can 10 mg	479.50	100	Vesanoid

Platinum Compounds

CARROPI ATIN

O'll BO'l Ettill		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201815.07	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201814.05	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	DBL Carboplatin
CISPLATIN		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 201812.29	1	DBL Cisplatin
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 201822.46	1	DBL Cisplatin
OXALIPLATIN		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	1	Oxaliccord
Ini 5 mg per ml 20 ml vial = 1% DV .lun-16 to 2018 16 00	1	Oxaliccord

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors				
DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below				
	3,774.06	60	Sprycel	
■ Tab 50 mg	6,214.20	60	Sprycel	
■ Tab 70 mg	7,692.58	60	Sprycel	
■ Tab 100 mg	6,214.20	30	Sprycel	
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator.				
ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 100 mg	764.00	30	Tarceva	
■ Tab 150 mg		30	Tarceva	
→ Restricted	,			
Initiation				

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive: or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

GFFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

Iressa

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

IMATINIB MESII ATE

Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

↓ Tab 100 mg2,400.00 Glivec

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST): and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		60 30	Imatinib-AFT Imatinib-AFT
LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg	.899.00	70	Tvkerb

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology);
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Cap 150 mg	4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg	6,532.00	120	Tasigna

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib: or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	30	Votrient
t	Tab 400 mg2,669.40	30	Votrient

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below				
	2,315.38	28	Sutent	
		28	Sutent	
■ Cap 50 mg		28	Sutent	
⇒ Restricted				

Initiation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

1 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
- 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
- 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.			
Taxanes			
DOCETAXEL Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	26.95 47.30 20.00 26.69 35.35	1 1 5 1 1 1	DBL Docetaxel DBL Docetaxel Paclitaxel Ebewe Paclitaxel Ebewe Paclitaxel Ebewe Paclitaxel Ebewe Paclitaxel Ebewe
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE Tab 15 mg Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial MESNA Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019. Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019. Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.		10 5 1 1 1 50 50 15 15	DBL Leucovorin Calcium Calcium Folinate Ebewe Calcium Folinate Ebewe Calcium Folinate Ebewe Calcium Folinate Ebewe Uromitexan Uromitexan Uromitexan Uromitexan Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		5	Hospira
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	85.61	5 5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Navelbine Navelbine

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Endocrine Therapy

ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BICALUTAMIDE

DIOALOTAINIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	3.80	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg	55.00	100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE			
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	54.30	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	30.64	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	18.69	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	72.50	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 10 mg vial	1,772.50	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 20 mg vial	2,358.75	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 30 mg vial	2,951.25	1	Sandostatin LAR

→ Restricted

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma: and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed: or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

TAMOXIFFN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg17.50	100	Genox
Tab 20 mg	30	Genox
8.75	100	Genox

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	5.04	30	Rolin
EXEMESTANE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	2.95	30	Letrole	
Imaging Agents				

AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	198.13	50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
	85.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	171.20	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 5 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018	428.00	50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

→ Restricted

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - Steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome*

Any specialist

Either:

- 1 The patient is a child with steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome* (SRNS) where ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is an adult with SRNS; and
 - 2.2 Ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; and
 - 2.3 Cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate have been trialled and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response, or these treatments are contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Fusion Proteins

ΕT	ANERCEPT - Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 25 mg vial799.96	4	Enbrel
1	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation - iuvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for JIA: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance: and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Fither:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - iuvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: or

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	nan. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Fithou
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB	 Restricted 	see	terms	below	
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→ Restricted

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

	27 (2.111) 0 111 (2.11) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe1	,599.96	2	Humira
	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen		2	HumiraPen
1	Ini 40 mg ner 0.8 ml syringe	599 96	2	Humira

→ Restricted

Initiation - iuvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Fither:

1.1 Both:

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Τ)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold: or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Fither:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroillitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and

- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and

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- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plague psoriasis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as

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assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment: and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or

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- 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Ini 20 mg vial	3 200 00	1	Simulect
•	III 20 IIIQ VIAI		- 1	Simuleci

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 25 mg per ml. 4 ml vial
- Ini 25 mg per ml. 16 ml vial
- ⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial364.00	1	Erbitux

→ Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 mg - 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020806.00 1 Remicade

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Fithor
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

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2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective;
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment: or</p>
- 3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>

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3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Roth:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

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- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and

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2.3 Either:

- 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
- 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- 1 Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- 2 Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL: and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^9 /L

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

 Inj 150 mg vial
 1
 Xolair

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

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Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and
- 3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Age-related macular degeneration; or
 - 1.2 Chorodial neovascular membrane; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has had a severe ophthalmic inflammatory response following bevacizumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has had a myocardial infarction or stroke within the last three months; or
 - 2.3 The patient has failed to respond to bevacizumab following three intraocular injections; or
 - 2.4 The patient is of child-bearing potential and has not completed a family.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 Documented benefit after three doses must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 In the case of but previous non-response to bevacizumab, a retrial of bevacizumab is required to confirm non-response before continuing with ranibizumab.

RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1,075.50	2	Mabthera
1	Ini 10 mg ner ml 50 ml vial	2 688 30	1	Mahthera

→ Restricted

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

1 Both:

Price	Price		
(ex man. excl	. GST)	Generic	
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continued...

- 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Roth:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive: or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 6 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 7 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
- 2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since the commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
- 3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and

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- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
 - 8 Fither:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
 - 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*: and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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continued...

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection*.

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Per Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant*. Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

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continued Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.				

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

 Inj 100 mg vial − 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018
 770.57
 1
 Sylvant

 Inj 400 mg vial − 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018
 3,082.33
 1
 Sylvant

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial1,100.00	1	Actemra

→ Restricted

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.3 Fither:
 - 1.3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 1.3.2 Both:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 1.3.2.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 1.3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and

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\$ Per Manufacturer

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- 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated: or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Fither:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 2.5 Fither:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender ioints: or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:

	Price			Brand or
(e	ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
- 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections: and
 - 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

Price		Branc	d or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Gene	ric
\$	P	er Manu	ıfacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline: or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1331 trial; and
- 2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

	➤ Inj 440 mg viai ➤ Restricted	3,875.00	1	петсерип
1	Inj 440 mg vial	3 875 00	1	Herceptin
1	Inj 150 mg vial	1,350.00	1	Herceptin

Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation – metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - .2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

NIVOLUMAR - Restricted see terms on the next page

	VOLUMNIE TIEGRITEIGE GOO TOTTIO ON THE HOME PAGE		
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1,051.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,629.96	1	Opdivo

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

Per	Manufacturer	
1	Keytruda	
	,	

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

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- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Immunosuppressants			
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial	2,351.25	5	ATGAM
AZATHIOPRINE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019 Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019 Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	10.58	100 100 1	lmuran Imuran Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) — Restricted see terms below Inj 2-8 × 10*8 CFU vial Restricted Initiation	v 149.37	1	OncoTICE
For use in bladder cancer. EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
	4,555.76 6,512.29	30 30	Afinitor Afinitor

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis: and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg	25.00	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg		100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml		165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial		4	CellCept
CIBANIL			

Ini 100 mg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 1 mg	749.99	100	Rapamune
■ Tab 2 mg		100	Rapamune
■ Oral liq 1 mg per ml		60 ml	Rapamune
- Postrioted			

→ Restricted

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- . HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Roth:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- ⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- ⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive: and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy Prophylactics

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	5.26	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	6.00	200 dose	Alanase

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	5.26	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	6.00	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
LUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.18	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE	4.04	45	Habiant
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.01	15 ml	Univent
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	2.99	200 ml	Histaclear
CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE			
Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg			
EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.28	100	Lorafix
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019		120 ml	Lorfast
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.78	50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	15.54	5	Hospira
RIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
Anticholinergic Agents			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-16 t	to 20193.35	20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-16 t		20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Ag			
	,		
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per do			
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 mg		20	Duolin
ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.59	20	Duolin

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of bronchospasm and dyspnoea associated with COPD; and
- 2 In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a short acting bronchodilator dose of at least 40 μg ipratropium a.i.d for one month; and
- 3 Either:

the patient's breathlessness according to the Medical Research Council (UK) dyspnoea scale is:

- 3.1 Grade 3 (stops for breath after walking about 100 meters or after a few minutes on the level); or
- 3.2 Grade 4 (too breathless to leave the house, or breathless when dressing or undressing); and
- 4 Actual FEV, as a % of predicted, must be below 60%; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only); or
 - 5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking cessation counselling; and
- 6 The patient has been offered annual influenza immunization.

UMECLIDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

	(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL – Restricted see term Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg					Spiolto Respimat	
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL – Restricted see terms on the property of the p		•) 3	0 dose	Anoro Ellipta	

Price

Brand or

Antifibrotics

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis as confirmed by histology, CT or biopsy; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 80% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SA	LΒι	JTAI	MO	L

Oral lig 400 mcg per ml	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.00		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20183.19	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg ner ml 2.5 ml amnoule = 1% DV Sen-15 to 2018 3.29	20	Δethalin

TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose

Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE

Oral lig 1 mg per ml

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Agueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml

Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

SODIUM CHI ORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05% Aqueous nasal spray 0.1% Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
9.30		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
15.50		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

FI UTICASONE

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.50	120 dose	Flixotide
	4.68		Floair
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	8.67	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	13.87	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose	13.60	120 dose	Flixotide
	7.22		Floair
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	27.20	120 dose	Flixotide
	10.18		Floair
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	24.51	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler

Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists

1	Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	28	Apo-Montelukast
1	Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 20195.50	28	Apo-Montelukast
1	Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	28	Apo-Montelukast

→ Restricted

Initiation - Pre-school wheeze

Both:

- 1 To be used for the treatment of intermittent severe wheezing (possibly viral) in children under 5 years; and
- 2 The patient has had at least three episodes in the previous 12 months of acute wheeze severe enough to seek medical attention.

Initiation - Exercise-induced asthma

All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 Patient has been trialed with maximal asthma therapy, including inhaled corticosteroids and long-acting beta-adrenoceptor agonists; and
- 2 Patient continues to receive optimal inhaled corticosteroid therapy; and
- 3 Patient continues to experience frequent episodes of exercise-induced bronchoconstriction.

Initiation - Aspirin desensitisation

Clinical immunologist or allergist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is undergoing aspirin desensitisation therapy under the supervision of a clinical immunologist or allergist; and
- 2 Patient has moderate to severe aspirin-exacerbated respiratory disease or Samter's triad; and
- 3 Nasal polyposis, confirmed radiologically or surgically; and
- 4 Documented aspirin or NSAID allergy confirmed by aspirin challenge or a clinical history of severe reaction to aspirin or NSAID where challenge would be considered dangerous.

Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE

Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose

INDACATEROL

Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose			Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	9.90	120 dose	Meterol
	25.00		Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler

Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg

Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	14.58	120 dose	RexAir
	33.74		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	33.74	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	16.83	120 dose	RexAir
	44.08		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	44 08	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Methylxanthines			
AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	124.37	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)		25 ml 5	Biomed Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral lig 80 mg per 15 ml			

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule	250.00	6	Pulmozyme
⇒ Restricted			

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

SODIUM CHI ORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT		
Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial	1	Survanta
PORACTANT ALFA		
Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial695.00	1	Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
		Ψ	1 61	Mandiacturei
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
CHLORAMPHENICOL				
Eye oint 1% - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019		2.48	4 g	Chlorsig
Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		0.98	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3%				
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%				
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE				
Eye drops 0.3%		11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%				
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		4.50	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				
TOBRAMYCIN				
Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%			3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals				
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%				
Antivirals				
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		14.92	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations				
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN				
Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicid 50 mcg per ml	lin			
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN		HATE		
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulph 6,000 u per g		5.39	3.5 g	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 6,000 u per ml			5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN			J 1111	VI
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		12.64	5 ml	Tobradex

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with cliqquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
Ocular implant 700 mcg	1	Ozurdex

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	3.93	10 ml	Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	38.50	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% (ETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%	13.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
EVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% ODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1%DLOPATADINE	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
Eye drops 0.1%SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2%	13.60	5 ml	Patanol
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
ELUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%	125.00	12	Fluorescite

SENSORY ORGANS

(ex mai	Price n. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	10.50	500 ml	Solution Balanced Salt Solution

Ocular Anaesthetics

OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.4%, single dose

PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose

Viscoelastic Substances

HYPROMELLOSE

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe

Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]

Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 50.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1	Healon GV
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1	Healon 5
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201928.50	1	Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE		
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe		
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml		
syringe64.00	1	Duovisc
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syringe		
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml		
syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201974.00	1	Duovisc
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe		
- 1% DV Sep-16 to 201967.00	1	Viscoat

Other

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

SENSURY ORGANS			
	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations			
Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25%	7.50 7.00 1.43 3.30 1.43	5 ml 5 ml 5 ml 5 ml 2.5 ml 5 ml 2.5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic Betagan Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE
	 3.70	2.5 1111	Timoptor XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 5 ml	Diamox Arrow-Dortim
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1%	 5.35	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018 LATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 TRAVOPROST	 1.50	3 ml 2.5 ml	Bimatoprost Actavis Hysite
Eye drops 0.004% - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	 7.30	5 ml	Travopt

¹ Item restricted (see → above); I Item restricted (see → below)

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics				
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%		. 19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%		4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics				
Anticholinergic Agents				
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE		. 17.36	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics				
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose				
Ocular Lubricants				
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%		8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%		3.92	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose			15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, singl	e dose	4.30	24	Systane Unit Dose

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. G	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL Eye drops 1.4% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019 Eye drops 3% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	2.62 3.68	15 ml 15 ml	Vistil Vistil Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose			
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per gSODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.00	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Lia 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL. DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......85.05 5 Anexate

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Ini 20%. 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Ini 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial



	Price			Brand or
(ex m	ın. excl	. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

 Oral liq 200 mg per ml
 43.50
 250 ml
 Carbasorb-X

 DEFERASIROX − **Restricted** see terms below
 276.00
 28
 Exjade

 ▼ Tab 125 mg dispersible
 .276.00
 28
 Exjade

 ▼ Tab 250 mg dispersible
 .552.00
 28
 Exjade

 ▼ Tab 500 mg dispersible
 .1,105.00
 28
 Exjade

 ▼ Tab 500 mg dispersible
 .1,105.00
 28
 Exjade

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

	El El III i lotte i localista coc tomo bolon			
t	Tab 500 mg	.533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	.266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

DIMERCAPROL

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
Cap 200 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%	1.86	50 ml	healthE
Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL		·	nodiaiL
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	0.30	1	healthE
•	9.30	'	Health
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	F 0F		to a state E
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
■ Vaginal tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted			
Initiation Postal administration pro prostate biopsy			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.	0.07	05 -	Datadiaa
Oint 10% Soln 10%		25 g 500 ml	Betadine Betadine
3011 10%	2.95	100 ml	Riodine
	6.20	500 ml	Riodine
Soln 5%	0.20	300 1111	Tilodino
Soln 7.5%			
Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 10% with ethanol 30%	10.00	500 ml	Betadine Skin Prep
Soln 10% with ethanol 70%			•
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE			
Soln			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml			
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle	80.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	280.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			·
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	220.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	850.00	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	150.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle	59.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	290.00	10	Omnipaque

Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

BARIUM SULPHATE	BAR	IUM	SU	LPŀ	ТАН	Έ
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Powde	er for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral li	q 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral li	q 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube	36.51	454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral li	q 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
		38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
		145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enem	a 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag	282.30	12	Liquibar
Oral li	q 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	175.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral li	q 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	220.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral li	q 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	441.12	24	VoLumen
Oral li	q 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	140.94	24	Readi-CAT 2
Powde	er for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle	237.76	24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral li	q 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle	52.35	3	Tagitol V
Oral li	q 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar
ARIUM S	SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans	eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g			
	achetg por g mar oculum broadstrate como mg por g, n g	102.93	50	E-Z-Gas II

BAI

Brand or

	(ex man. excl. GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	a		
sachet	3		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			•
raiamagnetic contrast media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled			
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	200.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	120.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe	320.00	10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	24.50	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle	23.20	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle	46.30	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	12.30	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefill	ed		
syringesyringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE		•	Timoviot
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
	105.00	10	Magnevisi
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE	450.00	400 1	D.11.
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	180.00	1	Definity
, 5,,	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			

Price

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%. 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial MANNITOI Powder for inhalation e.g. Aridol METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 ma SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Ini 100 u ampoule SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial **Diagnostic Dyes** BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule PATENT BLUE V Obex Medical **Irrigation Solutions CHLORHEXIDINE** 100 ml Baxter 500 ml Baxter 100 ml Baxter 7.83 100 ml Baxter Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, bottle......................4.17 1.000 ml Baxter 100 ml 6.04 Baxter 9.55 500 ml Baxter Irrigation soln 0.05% with cetrimide 0.5%, bottle......9.31 100 ml Baxter 500 ml 12.14 Baxter 100 ml Baxter **GLYCINE** 2.000 ml Baxter 22.70 3,000 ml Baxter

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle	5.22	100 ml	Baxter
•	6.19	500 ml	Baxter
	6.59	1,000 ml	Baxter
	15.11	2,000 ml	Baxter
	19.26	3,000 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule	19.50	30	Pfizer
WATER			
Irrigation soln, bottle	5.24	100 ml	Baxter
•	5.94	500 ml	Baxter
	6.58	1,000 ml	Baxter
	16.47	2,000 ml	Baxter
	29.21	3,000 ml	Baxter

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml baq

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

200 ml

Midwest

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml $\,$

ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price	Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GS	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN	<u> </u>		
Suspension	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE			
Suspension	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL Liq - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3 28	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP
ың — 176 БУ Зер-17 10 2020		300 1111	Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE			·
Powder - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	49.95	25 g	ABM
LACTOSE			
Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste			
MENTHOL			
Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder			
METHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder	00.50	470 1	0 8
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE	52.00		0.0.0.0.0
Suspension	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL			
Liq			
PARAFFIN			
Liq			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
PHENOL			
Lig			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
POVIDONE K30			
Powder			
PROPYLENE GLYCOL Liq	12 00	500 ml	ABM
SALICYLIC ACID	12.00	300 1111	/ (DIVI
Powder			
SILVER NITRATE			
Crystals			

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

SODIUM BICARBONATE

Powder BP

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

URFA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1%

ZINC OXIDE

Powder



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Ger Per Ma

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

Liquid 50 a fat per 100 ml. 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

SPECIAL FOODS

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.a. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liq

Protein

→ Restricted

Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g can

e.g. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

₱ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth; or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

- e.g. FM 85
- e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier
- e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer
- e.g. Super Soluble
 Duocal



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can e.a. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.a. HCU Anamix Infant
- e.a. XMET Maxamaid
- e.g. XMET Maxamum
- e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. IVA Anamix Infant e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
 - e.g. XLEU Maxamum

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
- e.g. MSUD Maxamum
- e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior I O



	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Phenylketonuria Products			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restrict 1 Tab 8.33 mg	ed see terms on page	216	e.g. Phlexy-10
Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g sachet			e.g. PKU Anamix Junior
Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fi 100 g, 400 g can			e.g. PKU Anamix Infant
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g car Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g car Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 g	1		e.g. XP Maxamaid e.g. XP Maxamum e.g. Phlexy-10
Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100	•		e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
125 ml bottle 1 Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre pe			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
100 ml, bottle		125 ml	PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ
•			(Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured)
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml 62.5 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	125 ml		e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	62.5 ml		e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 2 carton	50 ml		e.g. Easiphen
Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemi	a Products		
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, page 216	THREONINE AND VAL	INE) – Re	stricted see terms on
Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fi 100 g, 400 g can	bre per		e.g. MMA/PA Anamix
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g car Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g car			Infant e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid e.g. XMTVI Maxamum
Protein Free Supplements			
PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 2 ^a Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400			e.g.Energivit

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Tyrosinaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 216

- Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet
 - Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.a. TYR Anamix Junior
- e.g. TYR Anamix Infant
- e.g. XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid
- e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

Urea Cycle Disorders Products

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 216

- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can
- 1 Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

- e.a. Dialamine
- e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix

X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 216

1 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 216

1 Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

- Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

1,000 ml Glucerna Select RTH (Vanilla)

e.g. Nutrison Advanced
Diason

(6	Price ex man. exc \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previou			1 01	Warialacturer
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre per	is page			
100 ml, can	2.	10	237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 250 n bottle		88	250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla
Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre per 100 ml, can	2.	10	237 ml	Resource Diabetic
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle				(Vanilla) e.g. Diasip
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products				
Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above				
Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 carton PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	ml	50	80 g	e.g. Elemental 028 Extinues. e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML — Restricted see term Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, b PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED — Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can	oottle18.	06	1,000 ml	Vital e.g. Peptamen Junior
Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 can	-			e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms abo Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carto		95	237 ml	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)
Fat Modified Products				
FAT-MODIFIED FEED — Restricted see terms on the next page Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g,				e a Monogen

e.g. Monogen

400 g can

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

Hepatic Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.

HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

Powder 11 g protein, 64 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can78.97 400 g Heparon Junior

High Calorie Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Any of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
 - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

L	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.50	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrate
t	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle11.00	1,000 ml	TwoCal HN RTH
			(Vanilla)

ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

·	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbonydrate, 8.9 g lat and 0.8 g libre per		
	100 ml, bottle	200 ml	Two Cal HN

High Protein Products

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$	Per Manufacturer	,

continued...

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or

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- 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or
- 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

Infant Formulas

AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

•	Powder 1.95 g protein, 6.1 g carbonydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 mi,	
	400 g can	e.g. Neocate
1	Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g.	-

400 g can

e.g. Neocate LCP

Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g
can
e.g. Neocate Junior

Unflavoured

Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00

Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can43.60

Unflavoured

Neocate Gold
(Unflavoured)

Alfamino Junior

Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, can53.00 400 g Neocate Junior Vanilla

Fowder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00 400 g Elecare LCP

1 order 2.2 g protein, 7.5 g darbonydrate and 6.4 g lat per 100 mi, dari.............

(Unflavoured)

Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00 400 g Elecare (Unflavoured)

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

continued...

Elecare (Vanilla)

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

• Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g. 450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti

Junior

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea: or
- 5 Biliary atresia: or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption: or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure: or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IqE mediated allergic reaction.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken: and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g.

400 g can

e.a. Galactomin 19

LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA

e.a. S26 Lactose Free

Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can e.g. Locasol

PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the next page

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per

125 ml Infatrini

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Pe	r Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation - Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: "Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

t	Powder 1.9 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 14 g, can 15.25	400 g	S-26 Gold Premgro
1	Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 0.75	100 ml	S26 LBW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

(S-26 Gold Premgro Powder 1.9 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 14 g, can to be delisted 1 July 2018)

→ Restricted

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

Ketogenic Diet Products

HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

■ Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can35.50

300 g

Ketoca

4:1 (Unflavoured)

Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 g, can35.50 300 g Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:

			SI LUIAL I OODS
	Price		Brand or
(e)	x man. excl. GST)) Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for	<u> </u>		
2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to c		n recuirig,	OI .
2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for			
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED — Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g, c (<i>Pediasure (Vanilla) Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7</i> g		850 g can to be d	Pediasure (Vanilla) lelisted 1 July 2018)
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on	the previous pa	.ge	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	4.00	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,		500 ml	Pediasure RTH
500 ml bag			e.g. Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the second	he previous pag	е	
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	6.00	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag			e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the pretable Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bott		200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate)
			Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can		250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the p	revious page		
Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			e.g. Fortini
100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to	erms below		
Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	6.08	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
⇒ Restricted	0.00	300 1111	Nepio III IIIII
Initiation			
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below			
Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400	g		
can ➡ Restricted			e.g. Kindergen
Initiation			
For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.			

Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, carton	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry)
→ Restricted Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		Nepro HP (Vanilla)
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, carton3.31	237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
 Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml carton 		e.g. Renilon 7.5
Restricted Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		e.g. nerillon 7.3
Respiratory Products		
LOW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.66 Restricted Initiation For patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value exceeding 55 mmHg.	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
Surgical Products		

HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre per

178 ml Impact Advanced Recovery

→ Restricted

Initiation

Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery.

PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml

preOp

→ Restricted

Initiation

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

			SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
contir	nued		
2 3 4 5	For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following: Any of the following: 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 1.5 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or 1.5 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and causes such as catabolism; or 1.5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 1.5 For patients being tube-fed; or 1.6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or 1.7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.	l/or increase	d nutritional needs from
	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page iquid 5.4 g protien, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Isosource Standard
	iquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag7.00 iquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	1,000 ml	e.g. Nutrison Energy
t L	iquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	250 ml 1,000 ml	
t L	RAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page iquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.29 iquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per	1,000 ml	,
	100 ml, bottle	1,000 ml	Jevity RTH e.g. NutrisonStdRTH;

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/MI	- Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per

ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML − **Restricted** see terms on the previous page **1** Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per

100 ml, 1000 ml bag

100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		Ċ		
	100 ml, bag	5.29)	1,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete
					Multi Fibre

NutrisonLowSodium

e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre

e.g. Jevity Plus RTH

SPECIAL FOODS

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on page 226				
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100	g, can	.26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
1 Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 10	00 g, can	3.67	350 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g,	can	.14.90	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.	,		,	
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 226				
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100	ml.			
237 ml carton	,			e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 226				
t Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100		1.33	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
carton	,	1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bo	ottle			e.g. Fortijuice
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml,				o.g. romjanoo
bottle	200 1111			e.g. Fortisip
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre	oer			
100 ml, 200 ml bottle				e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Infanrix IPV

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe
 - 10

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation: or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE -Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophilus

Infanrix-hexa

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE

Ini 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid in 0.5 ml svringe − **ADT Booster**

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or
- 2 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or



Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin and 2.5 mcg

1 Boostrix

10 Boostrix

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational weeks 28 and 38; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens.

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus

→ Restricted

Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

				VACCINEC
	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE -	Restricte	d see terms	below	
Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a to	tal of			
approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml via	al –			
0% DV Jul-17 to 2020		0.00	1	Menactra
→ Restricted Initiation				
Any of the following:				
Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre-	- and no	st solenecto	my and fo	or natients with HIV
complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or analysis				
2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or	.ото цор		o. pool o	ona organ nanopiani, or
3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; o	r			
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppress	ion*.			
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks a	part, a bo	oster dose t	three yea	rs after the primary series
and then five yearly.				
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therap	y must b	e for a perio	d of great	ter than 28 days.
MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see term				
■ Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020		0.00	1	Neisvac-C
Restricted				
Initiation Any of the following:				
Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre-	and no	et enlanaeta	my and fo	or nationts with HIV
complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or ana				
2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or	ornic asp	neriia oi pie	or post s	ond organ transplant, or
3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; o	r			
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppress				
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks a		oster dose t	three yea	rs after the primary series
and then five yearly.			•	
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therap	y must b	e for a perio	d of great	ter than 28 days.
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted se	e terms b	elow		
14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes				
18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2)20	0.00	10	Synflorix
→ Restricted Initiation				
Either:				
A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated indiv	iduale un	to the age of	of 50 mon	the inclusive or
2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course				
59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13.				
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate s	chedule f	or catch up	programn	nes
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted se				
Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5,				
6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe		0.00	1	Prevenar 13
			10	Prevenar 13
Restricted				

One dose is funded for high risk children (over the age of 17 months and under 18 years) who have previously received four

continued...

Initiation - High risk children who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 1 dose

doses of PCV10.



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome: or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

→ Restricted

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune

Price		
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

response; or

- 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
- 2.3 With HIV infection: or
- 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
- 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
- 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
- 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
- 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
- 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
- 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
- 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
- 2.12 With diabetes: or
- 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACO	:INF _ Roctri	i rtad saa ta	arme halow

t	Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0.00	1	Havrix Junior
t	Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0.00	1	Havrix

→ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; and
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; and
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

t	Inj 5 mcg in 0.5 ml vial - 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAq) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or 10 Following needle stick injury. **HBvaxPRO** → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury. Engerix-B → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse: or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury. **HBvaxPRO** ⇒ Restricted Initiation Both: 1 For dialysis patients: and 2 For liver or kidney transplant patient. (Engerix-B Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 December 2018) HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below Gardasil 9 → Restricted Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under Therapy limited to 2 doses Children aged 14 years and under. continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); f Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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continued

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

INFLUENZA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease: or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation – chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency: or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome: or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital: or 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or 4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region. MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50, Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent **Priorix** 10 → Restricted Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months Therapy limited to 3 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children: or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation - first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children: or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** → Restricted Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Fither: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals: or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. RABIES VACCINE Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, 10 Rotarix → Restricted Initiation Therapy limited to 2 doses Both: 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over. VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] - Restricted see terms on the next page Varilrix 1 10 Varilrix



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - for non-immune patients:
 - 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
 - 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
 - 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
 - 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
 - 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

Tubersol

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

100

B-D Micro-Fine

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	20.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens II
	10.00		Caresens N
Meter	10.00	1	Caresens N POP Accu-Chek Performa
IVICIO	9.00	1	FreeStyle Lite
	0.00		On Call Advanced
(Caresens II 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test s	trips to be a	lelisted 1 A	ugust 2018)
(Accu-Chek Performa Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(FreeStyle Lite Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(On Call Advanced Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP	00.75	50. .	
Blood glucose test strips		50 test	Accu-Chek Performa
	10.56		CareSens CareSens N
	21.65		FreeStyle Lite
	28.75		Freestyle Optium
Blood glucose test strips × 50 and lancets × 5		50 test	On Call Advanced
Test strips	10.56	50 test	CareSens PRO
(Accu-Chek Performa Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(CareSens Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(FreeStyle Lite Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018) (Freestyle Optium Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			
(On Call Advanced Blood glucose test strips to be delisted 1 Adgust 2010)	d 1 August 2	2018)	
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER	2 7 7 lagast 2	.010)	
Meter	40.00	1	Freestyle Optium Neo
(Freestyle Optium Neo Meter to be delisted 1 August 2018)	40.00	'	r reestyle Optium Neo
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Test strips	15.50	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		·	
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic			
test strips	20.00	1	CareSens Dual
INSULIN PEN NEEDLES			
29 g × 12.7 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 5 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 6 mm		100	ABM
31 g × 8 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine

32 g × 4 mm10.50

OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

	Price	T \	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
INCHEN CYPINOSE DIODOCADES MITTERATTACHED MESDE	Ψ	1 01	manadado
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE	40.00	400	D.D.I.Illian Fire
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.5 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g x 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
KETONE BLOOD BETA-KETONE ELECTRODES			
Test strips	15.50	10 strip	Freestyle Optium Ketone
(Freestyle Optium Ketone Test strips to be delisted 1 August 2018)			,
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Small	2.20	1	e-chamber Mask
	2.20	1	e-chamber wask
PEAK FLOW METER			
Low Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
			Range
Normal Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE			
Cassette	17.60	40 test	EasyCheck
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			,
Test strip	6.00	50 strip	Accu-Chek Ketur-Test
rest strip	12.00	ou surp	Ketostix
(Accur Chale Ketur Teet Teet etrip to be deligated 1 March 2019)	12.00		REIOSIIX
(Accu-Chek Ketur-Test Test strip to be delisted 1 March 2018)			
SPACER DEVICE			
220 ml (single patient)		1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)	5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	6.50	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -		Renin-Angiotensin System	. 43	Amphotericin B	
8-methoxypsoralen	60	Agents for Parkinsonism and Related	d	Alimentary	2
- A -		Disorders		Infections	8
A-Scabies	57	Agents Used in the Treatment of		Amsacrine	13
Abacavir sulphate	91	Poisonings	203	Amyl nitrite	
Abacavir sulphate with		Ajmaline		Anabolic Agents	6
lamivudine	91	Alanase		Anaesthetics	
Abciximab		Albendazole		Anagrelide hydrochloride	
Abilify		Aldurazyme		Analgesics	
Abiraterone acetate		Alendronate sodium		Anastrozole	
Acarbose		Alendronate sodium with		Andriol Testocaps	
Accu-Chek Ketur-Test		colecalciferol	100	Androderm	
Accu-Chek Performa		Alfacalcidol		Androgen Agonists and	
Accuretic 10		Alfamino Junior		Antagonists	6
Accuretic 20		Alfentanil		Anexate	
Acetazolamide		Alglucosidase alfa		Anoro Ellipta	
Acetic acid	200	Alinia		Antabuse	
Extemporaneously Compoun	dod	Allersoothe		Antacids and Antiflatulents	
Preparations		Allopurinol		Anti-Infective Agents	
•		•		Anti-Infective Agents	0
Genito-Urinary Acetic acid with hydroxyguinolin		Alpha Adrangement Plackers		Dermatological	_
, , ,		Alphaney 125			
glycerol and ricinoleic acid	02	Alphamox 125		Sensory	
Acetic acid with propylene	000	Alphamox 250		Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	
glycol		Alprostadil hydrochloride		Antiacne Preparations	
Acetylcholine chloride		Alteplase		Antiallergy Preparations	
Acetylcysteine	203	Alum		Antianaemics	
Aciclovir		Aluminium chloride		Antiarrhythmics	
Infections		Aluminium hydroxide	13	Antibacterials	
Sensory		Aluminium hydroxide with		Anticholinergic Agents	
Aciclovir-Claris		magnesium hydroxide and		Anticholinesterases	
Acid Citrate Dextrose A		simethicone		Antidepressants	11
Acidex		Amantadine hydrochloride		Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal	
Acipimox		AmBisome		Anti-Inflammatory Agents	
Acitretin		Ambrisentan	53	Antiepilepsy Drugs	11
Aclasta		Amethocaine		Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and	
Actemra	180	Nervous		Local Sclerosants	
Actinomycin D		Sensory		Antifibrotics	
Adalat 10		Amikacin		Antifungals	
Adalat Oros		Amiloride hydrochloride	49	Antihypotensives	
Adalimumab	156	Amiloride hydrochloride with		Antimigraine Preparations	
Adapalene	57	furosemide	. 49	Antimycobacterials	8
Adefovir dipivoxil		Amiloride hydrochloride with		Antinaus	
Adenosine	45	hydrochlorothiazide	. 49	Antinausea and Vertigo Agents	12
Adenuric	105	Aminolevulinic acid		Antiparasitics	8
Adrenaline	52	hydrochloride	150	Antipruritic Preparations	5
ADT Booster	229	Aminophylline	195	Antipsychotic Agents	12
Adult diphtheria and tetanus		Amiodarone hydrochloride	45	Antiretrovirals	9
vaccine	229	Amisulpride		Antirheumatoid Agents	9
Advantan	59	Amitriptyline		Antiseptics and Disinfectants	20
Advate	34	Amlodipine		Antispasmodics and Other Agents	
Aerrane	110	Amorolfine	56	Altering Gut Motility	1
Afinitor	187	Amoxicillin	81	Antithrombotics	
AFT SLS-free		Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid	81	Antithymocyte globulin	
Agents Affecting the				, , ,	

(equine)	187	Aristocort	<u>5</u> 9	Atropine sulphate	
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit).	187	Arrow - Clopid	36	Cardiovascular	
Antiulcerants	15	Arrow-Amitriptyline	116	Sensory	20
Antivirals		Arrow-Bendrofluazide	49	Atropt	20
Anxiolytics	127	Arrow-Brimonidine	201	Aubagio	
Apidra	18	Arrow-Calcium	24	Augmentin	
Apidra Solostar	18	Arrow-Diazepam	127	Avelox	8
Apo-Amiloride	49	Arrow-Dortim	200	Avelox IV 400	8
Apo-Amlodipine	47	Arrow-Etidronate	101	Avonex	129
Apo-Amoxi	81	Arrow-Fluoxetine	117	Avonex Pen	129
Apo-Azithromycin	79	Arrow-Gabapentin	118	Azacitidine	13
Apo-Ciclopirox	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine	120	Azactam	8
Apo-Cilazapril	43	Arrow-Losartan &		Azathioprine	18
Apo-Cilazapril/		Hydrochlorothiazide	44	Azithromycin	79
Hydrochlorothiazide	43	Arrow-Morphine LA	115	Azol	70
Apo-Clarithromycin	80	Arrow-Norfloxacin	82	AZT	9
Apo-Clomipramine		Arrow-Ornidazole	89	Aztreonam	8
Apo-Diclo SR		Arrow-Quinapril 10		- B -	
Apo-Diltiazem CD		Arrow-Quinapril 20		B-D Micro-Fine	23
Apo-Doxazosin		Arrow-Quinapril 5		B-D Ultra Fine	
Apo-Escitalopram		Arrow-Roxithromycin		B-D Ultra Fine II	23
Apo-Folic Acid		Arrow-Sertraline		Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	
Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%		Arrow-Simva		Bacillus calmette-guerin	
Apo-Leflunomide		Arrow-Timolol		vaccine	230
Apo-Megestrol		Arrow-Tolterodine		Baclofen	
Apo-Metoprolol		Arrow-Topiramate		Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	
Apo-Mirtazapine		Arrow-Tramadol		Bacterial Vaccines	
Apo-Moclobemide		Arsenic trioxide		Balanced Salt Solution	
Apo-Montelukast		Artemether with lumefantrine		Baraclude	
Apo-Nadolol		Artesunate		Barium sulphate	20
Apo-Nicotinic Acid		Articaine hydrochloride		Barium sulphate with sodium	20
Apo-Ondansetron		Articaine hydrochloride with		bicarbonate	201
Apo-Oxybutynin		adrenaline	111	Barrier Creams and Emollients	
Apo-Paroxetine		Asacol		Basiliximab	
		Asamax		BCG Vaccine	
Apo-Perindopril		Ascorbic acid	14	BD PosiFlush	
			00	Beclazone 100	
Apo-Pravastatin		Alimentary		Beclazone 250	
Apo-Prazosin		Extemporaneously Compo		Beclazone 50	
Apo-Prednisone		Preparations			19
Apo-Propranolol		Aspen Adrenaline	52	Beclomethasone	00 10
Apo-Pyridoxine		Aspirin	0.0	dipropionate1	
Apo-Ropinirole		Blood		Bee venom	
Apo-Sumatriptan		Nervous		Bendamustine hydrochloride	
Apo-Terazosin		Asthalin		Bendrofluazide	4
Apomorphine hydrochloride		Atazanavir sulphate		Bendroflumethiazide	44
Apraclonidine		Atenolol		[Bendrofluazide]	
Aprepitant		Atenolol-AFT		BeneFIX	
Apresoline		ATGAM		Benzathine benzylpenicillin	
Aprotinin		Ativan		Benzatropine mesylate	10
Aqueous cream		Atomoxetine		Benzbromaron AL 100	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]	211	Atorvastatin	50	Benzbromarone	
Arginine		Atovaquone with proguanil		Benzocaine	
Alimentary		hydrochloride		Benzoin	
Various		Atracurium besylate		Benzoyl peroxide	
Argipressin [Vasopressin]		Atripla	91	Benztrop	10
Arininrazole	124				

Benzydamine hydrochloride26	Blood glucose diagnostic test	Calcium carbonate13, 24
Benzydamine hydrochloride with	strip238	Calcium Channel Blockers47
cetylpyridinium chloride26	Blood ketone diagnostic test	Calcium chloride39
Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin	meter 238	Calcium folinate147
G]81	Blood ketone diagnostic test	Calcium Folinate Ebewe147
Beractant195	strip238	Calcium gluconate
Beta Cream59	Bonney's blue dye208	Blood39
Beta Ointment59	Boostrix230	Dermatological61
Beta Scalp60	Boric acid211	Calcium Homeostasis67
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists192	Bortezomib	Calcium polystyrene sulphonate41
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers46	Bosentan53	Calcium Resonium41
Betadine	Bosentan-Mylan53	Calsource24
Betadine Skin Prep205	Bosvate	Cancidas86
Betagan	Botox	Candesartan cilexetil
Betahistine dihydrochloride122	Botulism antitoxin	Candestar
		Capecitabine
Betaine	Bplex	
Betaloc CR	Breo Ellipta	Capoten
Betamethasone	Bridion	Capsaicin
Betamethasone dipropionate59	Brilinta37	Musculoskeletal108
Betamethasone dipropionate with	Brimonidine tartrate201	Nervous113
calcipotriol60	Brimonidine tartrate with	Captopril43
Betamethasone sodium phosphate	timolol 201	Carbamazepine118
with betamethasone acetate 68	Brinov137	Carbasorb-X204
Betamethasone valerate59–60	Brinzolamide200	Carbimazole75
Betamethasone valerate with	Bromocriptine109	Carbomer201
clioquinol59	Brufen SR107	Carboplatin142
Betamethasone valerate with sodium	Budesonide	Carboprost trometamol64
fusidate [Fusidic acid]60	Alimentary13	Carboxymethylcellulose
Betaxolol200	Respiratory190, 193	Alimentary26
Betoptic200	Budesonide with eformoterol 194	Extemporaneously Compounded
Betoptic S200	Burnetanide48	Preparations211
Bevacizumab163	Bupafen111	Cardinol LA47
Bezafibrate50	Bupivacaine hydrochloride111	Cardizem CD48
Bezalip50	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	CareSens238
Bezalip Retard50	adrenaline111	CareSens Dual238
Bicalutamide148	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Caresens II238
Bicillin LA81	fentanyl111	Caresens N238
BiCNU136	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Caresens N POP238
Bile and Liver Therapy16	glucose111	CareSens N Premier238
Biliscopin207	Buprenorphine with naloxone132	CareSens PRO
Bimatoprost200	Bupropion hydrochloride133	Carmellose sodium with pectin and
Bimatoprost Actavis200	Burinex48	gelatine
Binarex	Buscopan15	3
Biodone		Alimentary
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