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Introducing PHARMAC

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Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment (NPPA) provides a mechanism for individual patients to receive funding for medicines not listed in the Pharmaceutical Schedule (either at all or for their clinical circumstances). PHARMAC will assess applications that meet the prerequisites according to its Factors for Consideration before deciding whether to approve applications for funding. The Factors for Consideration will be used to assess both the individual clinical circumstances of each NPPA applicant, and the implications of each NPPA funding decision on PHARMAC's ability to carry out its legislative functions.

For more information on NPPA, or to apply, visit the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/link/nppa or call the Panel Coordinators at 0800 660 050 Option 2.

The Pharmaceutical Schedule

The purpose of the Schedule is to list:

- the Community Pharmaceuticals that are subsidised by the Government and to show the amount of the subsidy paid to contractors, as well as the manufacturer's price and any access conditions that may apply;
- the Hospital Pharmaceuticals that may be used in DHB Hospitals, as well as any access conditions that may apply; and
- the Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals for which national prices have been negotiated by PHARMAC.

The Schedule does not show the final cost to Government of subsidising each community pharmaceutical, nor to DHB hospitals in purchasing each hospital pharmaceutical or other pharmaceuticals, including medical devices. The final cost will depend on any rebate and other arrangements PHARMAC has with the supplier or on any logistics arrangements put in place.

Finding Information in Section H

This book contains Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule and lists pharmaceuticals that can be used in DHB hospitals:

- Part I lists the rules in relation to use of Pharmaceuticals by DHB hospitals.
- Part II lists hospital pharmaceuticals that are funded for use in DHB hospitals. These are listed by therapeutic group, which
 is based on the WHO Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) system. It also provides information on any national contracts
 that exist, and indicates which products have Hospital Supply Status (HSS).
- Part III lists optional pharmaceuticals for which national contracts exist, and DHB hospitals may choose to fund. In addition to
 the products listed in this book, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals are listed in an addendum to Part III available
 at http://www.pharmac.govt.nz.

The listings are displayed alphabetically under each heading. The index lists both chemical entities and product brand names.

Glossary

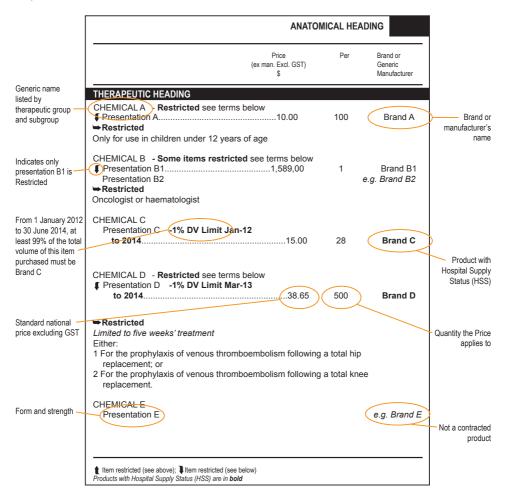
Units of Measure

gramg kilogramkg international unitiu	microgrammcg milligrammg millilitreml	
Abbreviations		
capsule cap	lotionlotn	suppositorysuppos tablettab

HSS Hospital Supply Status (Refer to Rule 20)

Guide to Section H listings

Example



INTRODUCTION

Section H contains general rules that apply, and other information relating, to Hospital Pharmaceuticals and Optional Pharmaceuticals

Where relevant, Section H shows the Price at which a Pharmaceutical can be purchased directly from the Pharmaceutical supplier by DHBs, providers of logistics services, wholesalers or other such distributors, or Contract Manufacturers.

The Price is determined via contractual arrangements between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Where a Pharmaceutical is listed in Part II of Section H, but no Price and/or brand of Pharmaceutical is indicated, each DHB may purchase any brand and/or pay the price that the DHB negotiates with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier.

As required by section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of Pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

1 Interpretation and Definitions

- 1.1 In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - "Act", means the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.
 - "Combined Pharmaceutical Budget", means the pharmaceutical budget set for PHARMAC by the Crown for the subsidised supply of Community Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments including for named patients in exceptional circumstances.
 - "Community", means any setting outside of a DHB Hospital.
 - "Community Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical listed in Sections A to G or I of the Pharmaceutical Schedule that is subsidised by the Funder from the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget and, for the purposes of this Section H, includes Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments (PCTs).
 - "Contract Manufacturer", means a manufacturer or a supplier that is a party to a contract with the relevant DHB Hospital to compound Pharmaceuticals, on request from that DHB Hospital.
 - "Designated Delivery Point", means at a DHB Hospital's discretion:
 - a) a delivery point agreed between a Pharmaceutical supplier and the relevant DHB Hospital, to which delivery point that Pharmaceutical supplier must supply a National Contract Pharmaceutical directly at the Price; and/or
 - b) any delivery point designated by the relevant DHB Hospital or PHARMAC, such delivery point being within 30 km of the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier's national distribution centre.
 - "DHB", means an organisation established as a District Health Board by or under Section 19 of the Act.
 - "DHB Hospital", means a hospital (including community trust hospitals) and/or an associated health service that is funded by a DHB including (but not limited to) district nursing services and child dental services.
 - "DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the National DV Limit or the Individual DV Limit.
 - "DV Pharmaceutical", means a discretionary variance Pharmaceutical that does not have HSS but is used in place of one that does. Usually this means it is the same chemical entity, at the same strength, and in the same or a similar presentation or form, as the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS. Where this is not the case, a note will be included with the listing of the relevant Pharmaceutical.
 - "Extemporaneously Compounded Product", means a Pharmaceutical that is compounded from two or more Pharmaceuticals, for the purposes of reconstitution, dilution or otherwise.
 - "First Transition Period", means the period of time after notification that a Pharmaceutical has been awarded HSS and before HSS is implemented.
 - "Funder", means the body or bodies responsible, pursuant to the Act, for the funding of Pharmaceuticals listed on the Schedule (which may be one or more DHBs and/or the Ministry of Health) and their successors.
 - "Give", means to administer, provide or dispense (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) a Pharmaceutical, or to arrange for the administration, provision or dispensing (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) of a Pharmaceutical, and "Given" has a corresponding meaning.
 - "Hospital Pharmaceuticals", means the list of Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part II of the Schedule which includes some National Contract Pharmaceuticals.
 - "HSS", stands for hospital supply status, which means the status of being the brand of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical that DHBs are obliged to purchase, subject to any DV Limit, for the period of hospital supply, as awarded under an agreement between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Pharmaceuticals with HSS are listed in Section H in bold text.

"Indication Restriction", means a limitation placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Hospital Pharmaceutical which restricts funding to treatment of particular clinical circumstances.

"Individual DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS and a particular DHB Hospital, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of that DHB Hospital's Total Market Volume up to which that DHB Hospital may purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Local Restriction", means a restriction on the use of a Pharmaceutical in specific DHB Hospitals on the basis of prescriber type that is implemented by the relevant DHB in accordance with rule 7.

"Medical Device", has the meaning set out in the Medicines Act 1981.

"Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Advisory Panel", means the panel of clinicians, appointed by the PHARMAC Board, that is responsible for advising PHARMAC, in accordance with its Terms of Reference, on Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment applications and any Exceptional Circumstances renewal applications submitted after 1 March 2012.

"National Contract", means a contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier which sets out the basis on which any Pharmaceutical may be purchased for use in a DHB Hospital, including an agreement as to a national price.

"National Contract Pharmaceutical", means a brand of Pharmaceutical listed in Section H, where PHARMAC has entered into contractual arrangements with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier that specify the terms and conditions of listing, including the Price. Such Pharmaceuticals are recognisable in Section H because the relevant listing identifies the brand and Price.

"National DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of the Total Market Volume up to which all DHB Hospitals may collectively purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Optional Pharmaceuticals", means the list of National Contract Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part III of the Schedule.

"PHARMAC", means the Pharmaceutical Management Agency established by Section 46 of the Act.

"Pharmacode", means the six or seven digit identifier assigned to a Pharmaceutical by the Pharmacy Guild following application from a Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Pharmaceutical", means a medicine, therapeutic medical device, or related product or related thing listed in Sections B to I of the Schedule.

"Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment", means Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer, listed in Sections A to G of the Schedule and identified therein as a "PCT" or "PCT only" Pharmaceutical that DHBs must fund for use in their DHB hospitals, and/or in association with outpatient services provided by their DHB Hospitals, in relation to the treatment of cancers.

"Prescriber Restriction", means a restriction placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Pharmaceutical on the basis of prescriber type (and where relevant in these rules, includes a Local Restriction).

"Price", means the standard national price for a National Contract Pharmaceutical, and, unless agreed otherwise between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier, includes any costs associated with the supply of the National Contract Pharmaceutical to, at a DHB Hospital's discretion, any Designated Delivery Point, or to a Contract Manufacturer (expressly for the purpose of compounding), but does not include the effect of any rebates which may have been negotiated between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Restriction", means a limitation, put in place by PHARMAC or a DHB, restricting the funding of a Pharmaceutical and includes Indication Restrictions, Local Restrictions and Prescriber Restrictions (as defined in this Part I of Section H).

"Schedule", means this Pharmaceutical Schedule and all its sections and appendices.

"Special Authority Approval", means an approval for funding of a Community Pharmaceutical that is marked in Sections B-G of the Schedule as being subject to a Special Authority restriction.

"Total Market Volume", means, for a particular Pharmaceutical with HSS in any given period, in accordance with the data available to PHARMAC, the sum of:

- a) the total number of Units of the relevant Pharmaceutical with HSS purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit: and
- b) the total number of Units of all the relevant DV Pharmaceuticals purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit.

"Unapproved Indication", means, for a Pharmaceutical, an indication for which it is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981. Clinicians prescribing Pharmaceuticals for Unapproved Indications should be aware of, and comply with, their obligations under Section 25 and/or Section 29 of the Medicines Act 1981 and as set out in rule 23.

"Unit", means an individual unit of a Pharmaceutical (e.g. a tablet, 1 ml of an oral liquid, an ampoule or a syringe).

- "Unlisted Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical that is within the scope of a Hospital Pharmaceutical, but is not listed in Section H Part II.
- 1.2 In addition to the above interpretations and definitions, unless the content requires otherwise, a reference in the Schedule to:
 - a) the singular includes the plural; and
 - any legislation includes a modification and re-enactment of, legislation enacted in substitution for, and a regulation,
 Order in Council, and other instrument from time to time issued or made under, that legislation.

HOSPITAL SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS

2 Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 2.1 Section H Part II contains the list of Hospital Pharmaceuticals that must be funded by DHB Hospitals. Section H Part II does not currently encompass the following categories of pharmaceuticals except for any items specifically listed in this Section H Part II:
 - a) Medical Devices:
 - b) whole or fractionated blood products;
 - c) diagnostic products which have an ex vivo use, such as pregnancy tests and reagents;
 - d) disinfectants and sterilising products, except those that are to be used in or on a patient;
 - e) foods and probiotics;
 - f) radioactive materials;
 - g) medical gases;
 - h) parenteral nutrition; and
 - i) pharmaceutical products for in-vivo investigation of allergy.

Subject to rule 2.2, the funding of pharmaceuticals identified in a-i above is a decision for individual DHB Hospitals.

- 2.2 Section H Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals that PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier have entered into contractual arrangements for the purchase of, including an agreement on a national price and other obligations such as HSS. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III of Section H, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.
- 2.3 Section H Part II does not encompass the provision of pharmaceutical treatments for DHB Hospital staff as part of an occupational health and safety programme. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund pharmaceutical treatments for such use, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.

3 DHB Supply Obligations

- 3.1 In accordance with section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule, which includes these General Rules.
- 3.2 DHB Hospitals are not required to hold stock of every Hospital Pharmaceutical listed in Section H Part II, but they must Give it within a reasonable time if it is prescribed.
- 3.3 DHB Hospitals are able to hold stock of an Unlisted Pharmaceutical if doing so is considered necessary for the DHB Hospital to be able to Give the Unlisted Pharmaceutical in a timely manner under rules 11–17 inclusive.
- 3.4 Except where permitted in accordance with rule 11, DHBs must not Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

4 Funding

- 4.1 The purchase costs of Hospital Pharmaceuticals or Optional Pharmaceuticals administered, provided or dispensed by DHB Hospitals must be funded by the relevant DHB Hospital from its own budget, with the exception of:
 - a) Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments:
 - b) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been brought to the DHB hospital by the patient who is being treated by outpatient Services or who is admitted as an inpatient;
 - c) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been dispensed to a mental health day clinic under a Practitioner's Supply Order; and
 - d) Unlisted Pharmaceutical that have been brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient who is admitted as an inpatient.
- 4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments and Community Pharmaceuticals are funded through the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget, and Unlisted Pharmaceuticals are funded by the patient.

LIMITS ON SUPPLY

5 Prescriber Restrictions

- 5.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has a Prescriber Restriction if it is prescribed:
 - a) by a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical or, subject to rule 5.2, pursuant to a recommendation from such a clinician;
 - b) in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the DHB Hospital; or
 - c) in an emergency situation, provided that the prescriber has made reasonable attempts to comply with rule 5.1(a) above. If on-going treatment is required (i.e. beyond 24 hours) subsequent prescribing must comply with rule 5.1(a).
- 5.2 Where a Hospital Pharmaceutical is prescribed pursuant to a recommendation from a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical:
 - a) the prescriber must consult with a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical; and
 - b) the consultation must relate to the patient for whom the prescription is written; and
 - c) the consultation may be in person, by telephone, letter, facsimile or email; and
 - d) appropriate records are kept of the consultation, including recording the name of the advising clinician on the prescription/chart.
- 5.3 Where a clinician is working under supervision of a consultant who is of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical, the requirements of rule 5.2 can be deemed to have been met.

6 Indication Restrictions

- 6.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has an Indication Restriction, if it is prescribed for treatment of a patient with the particular clinical circumstances set out in the Indication Restriction.
- 6.2 If a patient has a current Special Authority Approval for the Hospital Pharmaceutical that the DHB Hospital wishes to Give, then the Indication Restriction is deemed to have been met.
- 6.3 If a Hospital Pharmaceutical has an Indication Restriction that is "for continuation only" then the DHB Hospital should only Give the Hospital Pharmaceutical where:
 - a) the patient has been treated with the Pharmaceutical in the Community; or
 - b) the patient is unable to be treated with an alternative Hospital Pharmaceutical, and the prescriber has explained to the patient that the Pharmaceutical is not fully subsidised in the Community.

7 Local Restrictions

- 7.1 A DHB Hospital may implement a Local Restriction, provided that:
 - a) in doing so, it ensures that the Local Restriction does not unreasonably limit funded access to the Hospital Pharmaceutical or undermine PHARMAC's decision that the Hospital Pharmaceutical must be funded;
 - b) it provides PHARMAC with details of each Local Restriction that it implements; and
- 7.2 PHARMAC may, when it considers that a Local Restriction does not conform to rule 7.1 above, require a DHB to amend or remove that Local Restriction.

8 Community use of Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 8.1 Except where otherwise specified in Section H, DHB Hospitals can Give any Hospital Pharmaceutical to a patient for use in the Community, provided that:
 - a) the quantity does not exceed that sufficient for up to 30 days' treatment, unless:
 - i) it would be inappropriate to provide less than the amount in an original pack; or
 - ii) the relevant DHB Hospital has a Dispensing for Discharge Policy and the quantity dispensed is in accordance with that policy: and
 - b) the Hospital Pharmaceutical is supplied consistent with any applicable Restrictions.

9 Community use of Medical Devices

- 9.1 Subject to rules 9.2 and 9.3, DHB Hospitals may Give a Medical Device for patients for use in the Community.
- 9.2 Where a Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is a Community Pharmaceutical, the DHB Hospital must supply:
 - a) the brand of Medical Device that is listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) only to patients who meet the funding eligibility criteria set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule.
- 9.3 Where a DHB Hospital has supplied a Medical Device to a patient; and
 - a) that Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is subsequently listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - b) the patient would not meet any funding eligibility criteria for the Medical Device set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and

- c) the Medical Device has consumable components that need to be replaced throughout its usable life; then DHB Hospitals may continue to fund consumable products for that patient until the end of the usable life of the Medical Device. At the end of the usable life of the device, funding for a replacement device must be consistent with the Pharmaceutical Schedule and/or in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy.
- 9.4 DHB Hospitals may also continue to fund consumable products, as in rule 9.3 above, in situations where the DHB has been funding consumable products but where the Medical Device was funded by the patient.

10 Extemporaneous Compounding

- 10.1 A DHB Hospital may Give any Extemporaneously Compounded Product for a patient in its care, provided that:
 - a) all of the component Pharmaceuticals of the Extemporaneously Compounded Product are Hospital Pharmaceuticals; and
 - b) the Extemporaneously Compounded Product is supplied consistent with any applicable rules or Restrictions for its component Hospital Pharmaceuticals.
- 10.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this rule 10.1 applies to any Extemporaneously Compounded Product, whether it is manufactured by the DHB Hospital or by a Contract Manufacturer.

EXCEPTIONS

11 Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment

- 11.1 A DHB Hospitals may only Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions,

in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Policy or rules 12-17 inclusive.

12 Continuation

- 12.1 Where a patient's clinical circumstances have been stabilised via treatment in the Community with a pharmaceutical that has not been funded by the Funder, and that patient is admitted to hospital as an inpatient, a DHB Hospital may fund that pharmaceutical for the duration of the patient's stay, where:
 - a) the patient has not brought (or cannot arrange to bring) the pharmaceuticals to the DHB Hospital, or pharmacy staff consider that the pharmaceuticals brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient cannot be used; and
 - b) interrupted or delayed treatment would have significant adverse clinical consequences; and
 - c) it is not considered appropriate to switch treatment to a Hospital Pharmaceutical.

13 Pre-Existing Use

- 13.1 Subject to 13.2, where a DHB Hospital has Given a pharmaceutical for a patient prior to 1 July 2013, and the pharmaceutical:
 - a) is an Unlisted Pharmaceutical: or
 - b) treatment of the patient would not comply with any relevant Restrictions;
 - the DHB Hospital may continue to Give that pharmaceutical if it is considered that there would be significant adverse clinical consequences from ceasing or switching treatment.
- 13.2 Each DHB Hospital must, by no later than 1 October 2013, provide PHARMAC with a report on pharmaceuticals it has Given in accordance with this rule 13 where treatment has continued beyond 1 August 2013.

14 Clinical Trials and Free Stock

- 14.1 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is funded by a third party and is being used:
 - 14.1.1 as part of a clinical trial that has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 14.1.2 for on-going treatment of patients following the end of such a clinical trial.
- 14.2 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is provided free of charge by a supplier, provided that the pharmaceutical is provided as part of a programme of which the DHB, or supplier, has notified PHARMAC.

15 Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments in Paediatrics

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical for use within a paediatric oncology/haematology service for the treatment of cancer.

16 Other Government Funding

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical where funding for that pharmaceutical has been specifically provided by a Government entity other than PHARMAC or a DHB.

17 Other Exceptions

- 17.1 PHARMAC may also approve the funding of a pharmaceutical within a single DHB Hospital for information gathering purposes or otherwise related to PHARMAC's decision-making process for considering additions to or amendments to the Pharmaceutical Schedule.
- 17.2 Funding approvals granted under rule 17.1 will be subject to specific limitations on use as determined appropriate by PHARMAC in each circumstance, in consultation with the relevant DHB Hospital and/or DHB.

NATIONAL CONTRACTING

18 Hospital Pharmaceutical Contracts

- 18.1 A DHB Hospital may enter into a contract for the purchase of any Pharmaceutical,including any Medical Device, that it is entitled to fund in accordance with this Schedule H and that is not a National Contract Pharmaceutical, provided that such a contract:
 - a) does not oblige the relevant DHB Hospital to purchase a volume of that Pharmaceutical, if that Pharmaceutical is a DV Pharmaceutical, that is greater than the relevant DV Limit;
 - b) enables PHARMAC to access and use future price and volume data in respect of that Pharmaceutical; and
 - c) enables the relevant DHB Hospital to terminate the contract or relevant parts of the contract in order to give full effect to the National Contract on no more than 3 months' written notice to the Pharmaceutical supplier.
- 18.2 From 1 July 2013, where a DHB Hospital has a pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity for which there is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, the DHB may continue purchasing the chemical entity in accordance with its pre-existing supply contract however:
 - a) from the day its pre-existing supply contract expires, that DHB Hospital is to purchase the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, and is to comply with any DV Limits for the National Contract Pharmaceutical where it has HSS:
 - b) if purchase of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, where it has HSS, would not cause the relevant DHB Hospital to be in breach of its pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity; the DHB Hospital must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical.
- 18.3 Following written notification from PHARMAC that a Pharmaceutical is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, either through Section H updates or otherwise. DHB Hospitals must, unless PHARMAC expressly notifies otherwise:
 - a) take any steps available to them to terminate pre-existing contracts or relevant parts of such a contract, and
 - b) not enter any new contracts or extend the period of any current contracts, for the supply of that National Contract Pharmaceutical or the relevant chemical entity or Medical Device.

19 National Contract Pharmaceuticals

- 19.1 DHB Hospitals must take all necessary steps to enable any contracts between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier in relation to National Contract Pharmaceuticals to be given full effect.
- 19.2 The contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and the relevant supplier of a National Contract Pharmaceutical requires it to be made available for purchase at the relevant Price by any or all of the following:
 - a) DHB Hospitals at Designated Delivery Points; and/or
 - b) Contract Manufacturers (expressly for the purpose of compounding).

In the case of Medical Devices, a National Contract may require the Medical Device to be purchased by, and/or supplied to, a third party logistics provider.

20 Hospital Supply Status (HSS)

- 20.1 The DV Limit for any National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS is set out in the listing of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical in Section H, and may be amended from time to time.
- 20.2 If a National Contract Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H as having HSS, DHB Hospitals:
 - a) are expected to use up any existing stocks of DV Pharmaceuticals during the First Transition Period;
 - must not purchase DV Pharmaceuticals in volumes exceeding their usual requirements, or in volumes exceeding those which they reasonably expect to use, within the First Transition Period:
 - must ensure that Contract Manufacturers, when manufacturing an Extemporaneously Compounded Product on their behalf, use the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS; and
 - d) must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS except:
 - i) to the extent that the DHB Hospital may use its discretion to purchase a DV Pharmaceutical within the DV Limit, provided that (subject to rule 20.2(d)(iii) below) the DV Limit has not been exceeded nationally;

- ii) if the Pharmaceutical supplier fails to supply that National Contract Pharmaceutical, in which case the relevant DHB Hospital does not have to comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical during that period of non-supply (and any such month(s) included in a period of non-supply will be excluded in any review of the DV Limit in accordance with rule 20.3 below);
- iii) that where the DV Limit has been exceeded nationally, the DHB Hospital may negotiate with the Pharmaceutical supplier that supplies the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS for written permission to vary the application of that DHB Hospital's Individual DV Limit for any patient whose exceptional needs require a DV Pharmaceutical.
- 20.3 PHARMAC may, in its discretion, for any period or part period:
 - a) review usage by DHB Hospitals of the National Contract Pharmaceutical and DV Pharmaceuticals to determine whether the DV Limit has been exceeded; and
 - b) audit compliance by DHB Hospitals with the DV Limits and related requirements.
- 20.4 PHARMAC will address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit by:
 - a) obtaining the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital's assurance that it will comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS in the remainder of the applicable period and any subsequent periods; and
 - b) informing the relevant supplier of the HSS Pharmaceutical of any individual DHB or DHB Hospital's non-compliance with the DV Limit for that HSS Pharmaceutical.
- 20.5 In addition to the steps taken by PHARMAC under rule 20.4 above to address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit, the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier may require, in its discretion, financial compensation from the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital:
 - a) an amount representing that DHB or DHB Hospital's contribution towards exceeding the DV Limit (where PHARMAC
 is able to quantify this based on the information available to it); or
 - b) the sum of \$1,000 or \$5,000 (depending on the terms of the applicable national contract applying to the HSS Pharmaceutical),
 - whichever is the greater as between sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) within the number of business days specified in the notice from the Pharmaceutical supplier requiring such payment to be made.
- 20.6 The terms and conditions of a National Contract shall apply for a National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS for a Medical Device. In the event there is any inconsistency between such a National Contract and these General Rules, for example but not limited to a DV Pharmaceutical or DV Limit, the National Contract shall prevail.

21 Collection of rebates and payment of financial compensation

- 21.1 Following the receipt of any rebates from a Pharmaceutical supplier in respect of a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical, PHARMAC will notify each relevant DHB and DHB Hospital of the amount of the rebate owing to it, being a portion of the total rebate determined by PHARMAC on the basis of that DHB Hospital's usage of that National Contract Pharmaceutical, where this is able to be determined. Where data to determine individual DHB Hospitals' usage is not available, PHARMAC will apportion rebates on the basis of an alternative method agreed between the relevant DHBs and PHARMAC.
- 21.2 PHARMAC will pay each DHB Hospital the rebate amounts (if any) owing to it, no less frequently than once each calendar quarter in respect of rebates received quarterly (or more often).

22 Price and Volume Data

- 22.1 DHB Hospitals must provide to PHARMAC, on a monthly basis in accordance with PHARMAC's requirements, any volume data and, unless it would result in a breach of a pre-existing contract, price data held by those DHB Hospitals in respect of any Pharmaceutical (including any Medical Device) listed in Section H.
- 22.2 All price and volume data provided to PHARMAC under rule 22.1 above should identify the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical by using a Pharmacode or some other unique numerical identifier, and the date (month and year) on which the DHB Hospital incurred a cost for the purchase of that Hospital Pharmaceutical. Volume is to be measured in units (that being the smallest possible whole Unit e.g. a capsule, a vial, a millilitre etc).

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

23 Unapproved Pharmaceuticals

Prescribers should, where possible, prescribe Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are approved under the Medicines Act 1981. However, the funding criteria (including Restrictions) under which a Hospital Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H of the Schedule may:

23.1 in some cases, explicitly permit a DHB to fund a Pharmaceutical that is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981 or for an Unapproved Indication; or

PART I: GENERAL RULES

- 23.2 not explicitly prohibit a DHB from funding a Pharmaceutical for use for an Unapproved Indication;
- Accordingly, if clinicians are planning on prescribing an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication, they should:
- 23.1 be aware of and comply with their obligations under sections 25 and/or 29 of the Medicines Act 1981, as applicable, and otherwise under that Act and the Medicines Regulations 1984;
- 23.2 be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Consumer Rights, including the requirement to obtain informed consent from the patient (PHARMAC recommends that clinicians obtain written consent); and
- 23.3 exercise their own skill, judgment, expertise and discretion, and make their own prescribing decisions with respect to the use of an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication.

Clinicians should be aware that simply by listing a Pharmaceutical on the Pharmaceutical Schedule, PHARMAC makes no representations about whether that Pharmaceutical has any form of approval or consent under, or whether the supply or use of the Pharmaceutical otherwise complies with, the Medicines Act 1981. Further, the Pharmaceutical Schedule does not constitute an advertisement, advertising material or a medical advertisement as defined in the Medicines Act or otherwise.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

Antacids and Antiflatulents

Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETHICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone 20 mg Oral lig 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simethicone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.a. Mvlanta Double Strength

SIMETHICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

e.g. Gaviscon Infant

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate 160 mg

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strenath

Oral lig 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

500 ml

SODIUM CITRATE

Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

500 ml

Roxane

Acidex

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate binding agent.

Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

Antipropulsives

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

1ab 2 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201910.75	400	Nodia
Cap 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20197.05	400	Diamide Relief

Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 3 mg

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

continued...

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
			7

continued...

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE Postal from 100/ CEC from (14 applications) 10/ DV Oct 45 to 2010

Hectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 201826.55	21.1 g	Colifoam
MESALAZINE		
Tab EC 400 mg49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg49.50	100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg59.05	100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g141.72	120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg22.80	20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201854.60	30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201841.30	7	Pentasa
OLSALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg		
Can 250 mg		

0

Cap 250 mg

SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE

Cap 100 mg

SUI PHASAI AZINE

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	14.00	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	13.50	100	Salazopyrin EN

Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders

Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations

CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND	O CINCHOCA	AINE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g	6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 1 mg	2.66	12	Ultraproct

	ALIMENTANT TRACT AND METABOLISM			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic	
Rectal Sclerosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Mo	tility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	17.14	10	Max Health	
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE Tab 10 mg		20 5	Gastrosoothe Buscopan	
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	18.00	90	Colofac	
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	41.50	120	Cytotec	
H2 Antagonists				
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg				
RANITIDINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	14.73 4.92	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac	
Proton Pump Inhibitors				
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 Cap 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	5.08 5.93	100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OMEPRAZOLE			
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Only for use in tube-fed patients.			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		90	Omezol Relief
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		90	Omezol Relief
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		90	Omezol Relief
Powder for oral liq		5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	13.00	5	Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE			
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		100	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	3.35	100	Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial			
Site Protective Agents			
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE			
Tab 120 mg	14.51	50	Gastrodenol
SUCRALFATE			
Tab 1 g			
Tab i g			
Bile and Liver Therapy			
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below			
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation			
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not resp	onded to treatment with	, or are i	ntolerant to lactulose, or
where lactulose is contraindicated.			•
RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	625.00	56	Xifaxan
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation			
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of	of maximum tolerated do	ses of la	ctulose.
Diabetes			
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors			
ACARBOSE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	4.28	90	Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	7.78	90	Glucobay
Hyperglycaemic Agents			
DIAZOXIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page	110.00	400	Deseller
↓ Cap 25 mg		100	Proglicem
Cap 100 mg		100	Proglicem
♣ Oral liq 50 mg per ml	620.00	30 ml	Proglycem

(Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Restricted Initiation For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.				
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1 mg syringe kit		.32.00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Tab 1.5 g Tab 3.1 g Tab 4 g Gel 40%				
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet				
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Ini insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per n	nl			
3 ml prefilled pen INSULIN ISOPHANE	,	.52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml		.42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml		.42.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 m	nl			
vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		.94.50	5 5	Lantus SoloStar Lantus
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.63.00	1	Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe		.51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen

(e)	Price man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NSULIN GLULISINE			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen	46.07	5	Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN NEUTRAL			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
ILIBENCLAMIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
ILICLAZIDE			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	11.50	500	Glizide
ILIPIZIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.85	100	Minidiab
IETFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	9.59	1,000	Metchek
Tab immediate-release 850 mg	7.82	500	Apotex
			Metformin Mylan
IOGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	7.10	90	Vexazone
Digestives Including Enzymes			
ANCREATIC ENZYME			
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U			
protease))			
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eu	ır		
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph			
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	94.38	100	Creon 25000
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.			
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
RSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below	E2 40	100	Uragan
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 * Restricted	53.40	100	Ursosan
 nestricteu nitiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cho 	leetaeie		
ither:			

1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or

continued...

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Cirrhosis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IaM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 µmol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium

picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

e.g. Glycoprep-C

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBONATE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM SULPHATE

Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium

bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate

Klean Prep

Bulk-Forming Agents

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

500 a Konsvl-D

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only

Powder for oral soln

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml	4.40	200	Laxsol
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	3.78	30 ml	Coloxyl
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	6.50	20	PSM
LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 ml	Laevolac
terms below Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, soo bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, so bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg − 1% □ Oct-14 to 2017 Restricted Initiation	odium V	30	Lax-Sachets
Either: 1 Both: 1.1 The patient has problematic constipation despite an additional lactulose where lactulose is not contraindicated; and 1.2 The patient would otherwise require a per rectal preparation.	•	oral pharma	acotherapies including
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml	19.95	50	Micolette
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 Suppos 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 SENNOSIDES Tab 7.5 mg		200 10	Lax-Tabs Lax-Suppositories

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Powder

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − 1% DV May-16 to 2018......2,234.00 1 Naglazyme

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

HAFM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

IMIGLUCERASE - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Oral soln 1.100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 50 mg

→ Restricted

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

→ Restricted

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.38	250	Arrow-Calcium
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)	2.07	10	Calsource

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
lodine			
POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) – 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017 POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%	' 3.65	90	NeuroTabs
Iron			
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE — Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted Initiation Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropria FERROUS FUMARATE		1	Ferinject
Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	2.89	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with pagarthia said 40 mg	4.75	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg FERROUS SULPHATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500	10.80	30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULPHATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg			
IRON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	15.22	5	Ferrum H
IRON SUCROSE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Venofer
Magnesium			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	12 65	10	DBL
Zinc	.2.03		
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE			

Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC SULPHATE			
Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental) – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	11.00	100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3% BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLO Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE			
Mouthwash 0.2% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.57	200 ml	healthE
Paste 0.1% – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	5.33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE		20	i diigiiiii
Oral gel 20 mg per g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4.79	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2017	2.55	24 ml	m-Nystatin
Other Oral Agents			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] — Restricted see te Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe Restricted Otolaryngologist THYMOL GLYCERIN Compound, BPC — 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		500 ml	PSM
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see ten		180	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ ⇒ Restricted Initiation Limited to 3 months treatment Both: 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns: and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor. MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below **↓** Cap 8.39 Clinicians Renal Vit 30 → Restricted Initiation Fither: 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA). **MULTIVITAMINS** 1.000 Mvite ■ Cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, colecalciferol 11 mcg, alpha tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, rib e.a. Vitabdeck → Restricted Initiation Either: 1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or 2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome. Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg e.g. Paediatric Seravit → Restricted Initiation Patient has inborn errors of metabolism. Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) e.a. Pabrinex IV Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) e.g. Pabrinex IM Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) e.a. Pabrinex IV VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 drops e.g. Vitadol C

12

Vit.D3

•	**************************************	TO I A	
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin A			
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml			
Vitamin B			
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE	2.31	3	Neo-B12
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Apo-Pyridoxine
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab chewable 250 mg	8.10	500	Cvite
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Cap 1 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Oral drops 2 mcg per ml - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	87.98	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Cap 0.5 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.95	100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL		40	V" Do

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 100 u
- **■** Cap 500 u

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

FPOFTIN ALEA (FRYTHROPOIETIN ALEA) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
1	Inj 2,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018120.18	6	Eprex
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018166.87	6	Eprex
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018193.13	6	Eprex
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018243.26	6	Eprex
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018291.92	6	Eprex
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe - 5% DV May-15 to 28 Feb 2018352.69	6	Eprex
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018395.18	6	Eprex
	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV May-15 to 28 Feb 2018263.45	1	Eprex

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin ≤ 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus: and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate ≤ 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate ≤ 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Price	Bra	and or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Ge	neric
\$	Per Ma	nufacturer

EPOETIN BETA [ERYTHROPOIETIN BETA] - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- ⇒ Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin ≤ 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus: and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate ≤ 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate ≤ 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	20.60	1,000	Apo-Folic Acid
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	10.92	500	Apo-Folic Acid
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

e.g. Driclor

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Fither:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg1,771.00	28	Revolade
	Tab 50 mg	28	Revolade

→ Restricted

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of ≤ 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of ≤ 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation - (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

	-	rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
THROMBIN				
Powder				
TRANEXAMIC ACID				
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		20.67	100	Cyklokapron
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		55.00	10	Cyklokapron
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents				
IDARUCIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below		E0 00	0	Drawhind

Praxbind

→ Restricted

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
t	Inj 5 mg syringe	5,891.50	1	NovoSeven RT
t	Inj 8 mg syringe	9,426.40	1	NovoSeven RT

→ Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

FACTOR FIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 1,000 U2,900.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	lnj 2,500 U	1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe210.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe420.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe840.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe2,520.00	1	Xyntha

→ Restricted

Initiation

Note: Preferred Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 250 iu vial	 310.00	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG GAMMA	, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below
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1	Inj 250 iu vial287.50	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 500 iu vial575.00		RIXUBIS
t	Inj 1,000 iu vial1,150.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial2,300.00		RIXUBIS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial3,450.00		RIXUBIS
	·		

→ Restricted

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 iu vial	287.50	1	Advate
Inj 500 iu vial	575.00	1	Advate
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,725.00	1	Advate
Inj 2,000 iu vial	2,300.00	1	Advate
Inj 3,000 iu vial	3,450.00	1	Advate

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2 PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
1	Inj 500 iu vial	475.00	1	Kogenate FS
_	lnj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
_	Ini 3.000 iu vial	*	1	Kogenate FS

→ Restricted

Initiation

Notes: Second Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2
PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

Vitamin K

DHYTOMENIADIONE	
	٠

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Ini 10 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

70.00

Generic
Per Manufacturer

Brand or

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 250 mg vial
- → Restricted

Initiation

Either:

D

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg	/ 6.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
DALTEPARIN			
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	39.94	10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe	60.03	10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	77.55	10	Fragmin
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	99.96	10	Fragmin
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	120.05	10	Fragmin
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe	158.47	10	Fragmin

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID (ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A)

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	30.91	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	41.24	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane

FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe
- Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted	·		
Initiation			
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistand	ce or heparin intolerance.		
HEPARIN SODIUM	•		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	66.80	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	61.04	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	14.20	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	236.60	50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	39.00	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule		00	1 11201
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
<u> </u>			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg	153.00	15	Xarelto
⇒ Restricted			
Initiation – total hip replacement			
Limited to 5 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
Initiation – total knee replacement			
Limited to 2 weeks treatment			
For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.			
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIL			
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chlorid per ml, 5,000 ml bag	de 74.6 mcg		
TRISODIUM CITRATE			
Inj 4%, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 46.7%, 3 ml syringe			
Inj 46.7%, 5 ml ampoule			
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg	9.70	100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11.75	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Dec-16 to 2019	1.60	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
y	12.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
•			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
(ex			
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	5.44	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	11.52	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	111.00	1	Integrilin
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial	324.00	1	Integrilin
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Either:			
1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing perc		•	
2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary	thrombus on o	coronary ar	ngiography.
PRASUGREL - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg	108.00	28	Effient
■ Tab 10 mg	120.00	28	Effient

→ Restricted Initiation – Bare metal stents

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Drug-eluting stents

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

TICL OPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

UROKINASE

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Ini 50.000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Ini 500.000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

Mozobil

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of $\leq 10 \times 10^6$ /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of $\leq 10 \times 10^6$ /L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
 - 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FIL	.GRASTIM - Restricted see terms below			
1	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe270.00) 5	5 Zarzio	
1	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial520.00) 4	Neupo	gen
	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe432.00		5 Zarzio	

→ Restricted

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below Neulastim ⇒ Restricted

Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk ≥ 20%*). Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk ≥ 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

CALCIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		
CALCIUM GLUCONATE		
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule34.24	10	Hospira
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES		
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,		
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconate 23 mmol/l, bag 2.40	1,000 ml	Baxter
5.00	500 ml	Baxter
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE		
Inj glucose 50 g with 140 mmol/l sodium, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l		
magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l	4 0001	Davidan
gluconate, bag	1,000 ml	Baxter
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]		
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, bag	500 ml	Baxter
1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE WITH GLUCOSE	1,000 1111	Daxio
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,		
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l and glucose 5%, bag5.38	1,000 ml	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]	,	
Inj 5%, bag1.77	500 ml	Baxter
1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter
2.84	100 ml	Baxter
2.87	50 ml	Baxter
3.87 Inj 10%, bag	250 ml 500 ml	Baxter Baxter
9.33	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 50%, bag	500 ml	Baxter
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 27.50	5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 1% DV Oct-14 to 201714.50	1	Biomed
Inj 70%, 1,000 ml bag		
Inj 70%, 500 ml bag		
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 5% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, bag	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with 30 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1,000 ml bag		

Inj 10% glucose with 10 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag

Common C			Price			Brand or
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			excl.	GST)		Generic
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag 1n 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.18%, bag	GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE					
0.18%, bag		oride				
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.18%, bag	Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori	de				
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.18%, bag	0.18%, bag					
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.45%, bag					•	
0.45%, bag			.10.74	4	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.9%, bag	· ·		0.00	1	1 000 ml	Dovtor
0.9%, bag			0.23	9	1,000 1111	Daxlei
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag			12.50)	1.000 ml	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag	Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlo			•	1,000 1111	Bantor
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag						
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag			8.12	2	500 ml	Baxter
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag					1,000 ml	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag					1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag	Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.2%, 500 ml bag					
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag	POTASSIUM CHLORIDE					
Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag						
Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag	POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE					
Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag	Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		7.66	3	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		9.40)	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule — 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml	bag	. 12.26	6	1,000 ml	Baxter
RINGER'S SOLUTION Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,	POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE					
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l, chloride 156 mmol/l, bag	Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	1	151.80)	10	Hospira
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l, chloride 156 mmol/l, bag	BINGER'S SOLUTION					•
chloride 156 mmol/l, bag						
SODIUM ACETATE Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule SODIUM BICARBONATE Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial			8.69	9	1.000 ml	Baxter
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule SODIUM BICARBONATE Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial					,	
SODIUM BICARBONATE Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial						
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial19.95 1 Biomed						
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial						
			.19.9	5	1	Biomed
iiij 0.47/0, 100 iiii viai	Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial				1	Biomed

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.65	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.80	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	11.25	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule	7.50	30	InterPharma
11 J 0.0 70; 20 1111 attipodio	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	91.20	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle			
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]	1		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		5	Biomed
WATER		-	
Inj 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule		30	InterPharma
ing 20 mil ampoulo	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag	3.00	20	Multionom
Inj 500 ml bag			
Inj, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	19.08	12	Baxter
iiij, 1,000 iiii bug - 170 b 1 och 10 to 2010			Buxtoi
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Powder for oral soln - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.30	10	Enerlyte
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE			
Soln with electrolytes			
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
· , ,			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)	7.40	000	Cnon I/
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)		200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml			

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Cap 840 mg	8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab 600 mg			
Oral lig 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	84 65	454 g	Resonium A
1 0 N d C 1 7 0 D 1 0 C D 10 C		70 T G	TICOOMIUM A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED			
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag	108.00	10	Gelofusine
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE	. POTASSIUM CHLO	ORIDE, SC	DIUM ACETATE AND
SODIUM CHLORIDE		•	
Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.03%	ó,		
sodium acetate 0.463% and sodium chloride 0.6%, 500 ml ba	ag198.00	20	Volulyte 6%
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 6% with sodium chloride 0.9%, 500 ml bag	198.00	20	Voluven

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System ACE Inhibitors CAPTOPRII Oral liq 5 mg per ml94.99 95 ml Capoten → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery. CII AZAPRII Tab 0.5 mg2.00 90 Zapril 200 Apo-Cilazapril 200 Apo-Cilazapril **ENALAPRIL MALEATE** 100 **Ethics Enalapril** 100 Ethics Enalapril 100 Ethics Enalapril LISINOPRIL 90 Ethics Lisinopril 90 Ethics Lisinopril 90 Ethics Lisinopril **PERINDOPRIL** 30 Apo-Perindopril 30 Apo-Perindopril QUINAPRIL 90 Arrow-Quinapril 5 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......3.15 90 Arrow-Quinapril 10 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......5.97 Arrow-Quinapril 20 TRANDOLAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only Cap 1 mg Cap 2 mg

ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics		
CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201910.18	100	Apo-Cilazapril/ Hydrochlorothiazide
ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE – Restricted : For continuation → Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	n only	

OLINAPRII WITH HYDROCHI OROTHIAZIDE

QUINALTIL WITH THE HOUSE CONTROL OF THE WATER CONTR		
Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20183.65	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20184.78	30	Accuretic 20

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists				
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 → Restricted		. 10.00	90	Candestar
nitiation – ACE inhibitor intolerance				
Either:				
Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is r inhibitor); or Patient has a history of angioedema. Initiation – Unsatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor Patient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of		•	tor retrial	(same or new ACE
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM				
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		1.55	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017			84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017			84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		2.60	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics				
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14	4 to 2017	2.18	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazi
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers				
DOXAZOSIN				
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017			500	Apo-Doxazosin
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		0.07	000	Apo Boxazoom
Cap 10 mg				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
PRAZOSIN		5.52	100	Apo-Prazosin
			100	Apo-Prazosin Apo-Prazosin
Tab 1 mg			100	\u000000000000000000000000000000000000
Tab 2 mg				
Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg			100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg		.11.70	100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg		0.59		'

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiarrhythmics

ADENOSINE

Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.

AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

→ Restricted

Cardiologist

AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Cordarone-X
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.63	30	Cordarone-X
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-17 to 20199.98	5	Lodi

ATROPINE SULPHATE

Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule71.00 AstraZeneca 50

DIGOXIN

Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	6.67	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	14.52	240	Lanoxin

Oral lig 50 mcg per ml

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial

DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE

Cap 100 mg

5 mg			
FLECAINIDE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg	38.95	60	Tambocor
Cap long-acting 100 mg	38.95	30	Tambocor CR
Cap long-acting 200 mg	68.78	30	Tambocor CR
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	52.45	5	Tambocor
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 150 mg	162.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride USP
Cap 250 mg	202.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
			USP

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

	Price			
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers				
ATENOLOL				
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4 61	500	Mylan Atenolol	
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		500	Mylan Atenolol	
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		300 ml	Atenolol-AFT	
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE				
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	2.40	30	Bosvate	
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		30	Bosvate	
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		30	Bosvate	
CARVEDILOL			2001410	
Tab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	3 90	60	Dicarz	
Tab 12.5 mg = 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017		60	Dicarz	
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017		60	Dicarz	
CELIPROLOL		00	Diduit	
Tab 200 mg	21.40	180	Celol	
· ·	21.40	100	Celui	
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				
LABETALOL				
Tab 50 mg		100	Hybloc	
Tab 100 mg		100	Hybloc	
Tab 200 mg	29.74	100	Hybloc	
Tab 400 mg				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule				
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE	0.00	00		
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg		90	Metoprolol - AFT CR	
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg		90	Metoprolol - AFT CR	
Tab long-acting 95 mg		90 90	Metoprolol - AFT CR	
Tab long-acting 190 mg	11.54	90	Metoprolol - AFT CR	
METOPROLOL TARTRATE	4.04	400		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		100	Apo-Metoprolol	
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2018		60	Apo-Metoprolol	
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28 5	Slow-Lopresor Lopresor	
, 01	24.00	3	Lopiesoi	
NADOLOL	40.05	400	A Madalal	
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Nadolol	
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	24.70	100	Apo-Nadolol	
PINDOLOL				
Tab 5 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol	
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol	
Tab 15 mg	23.46	100	Apo-Pindolol	
PROPRANOLOL				
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol	
Tab 40 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol	
Cap long-acting 160 mg	18.17	100	Cardinol LA	
Oral liq 4 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
inj i mg per mi, i mi ampoule				

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price	_	Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
OTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	39.53	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Mylan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	65.39	5	Sotacor
IMOLOL MALEATE Tab 10 mg			
Calcium Channel Blockers			
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
MLODIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	2.21	100	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV May-15 to 2017		250	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV May-15 to 2017		250	Apo-Amlodipine
ELODIPINE			
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.45	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		30	Plendil ER
SRADIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Cap 2.5 mg			
Cap long-acting 2.5 mg			
Cap long-acting 5 mg			
NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
⇒ Restricted			
nitiation			
Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist			
Both:			
1 Patient is a Paediatric Patient; and			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with ar	n intravenous age	ent; or	
2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or		•	
2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using car	diopulmonary by	pass.	
NIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	10.63	60	Adalat 10
Tab long-acting 20 mg	9.59	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30	Adefin XL
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30	Adefin XL
Can 5 mg			

NIMODIPINE

Tab 30 mg

Cap 5 mg

Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial

		rice		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Other Calcium Channel Blockers				
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 30 mg		4.60	100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg		8.50	100	Dilzem
Cap long-acting 120 mg		31.83	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
		1.91	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg			500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
		7.56	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg			500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
		10.22	30	Cardizem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
PERHEXILINE MALEATE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		62.90	100	Pexsig
/ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 40 mg		7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017			100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg			250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg			250	Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			5	Isoptin
, ,				•
Centrally-Acting Agents				
CLONIDINE				
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		12.80	4	Catapres-TTS-1
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017			4	Catapres-TTS-2
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017			4	Catapres-TTS-3
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE				•
Tab 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10.53	112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg			100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	Catapres
//ETHYLDOPA			Ū	o attapi o o
Tab 250 mg		15 10	100	Mothyldona Mylan
Tab 250 Hig		15.10	100	Methyldopa Mylan
Diuretics				
Loop Dispetion				
Loop Diuretics				
BUMETANIDE				
Tab 1 mg		16.36	100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial				
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]				
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		8.00	1,000	Diurin 40
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		1.20	5	Frusemide-Claris
Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule				
·				

(e	Price ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bag		1,000 ml 500 ml	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg			
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml SPIRONOLACTONE		100 25 ml	Apo-Amiloride Biomed
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	11.80	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 CHLOROTHIAZIDE		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg	8.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	2.60	90	Dapa-Tabs
METOLAZONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg → Restricted Initiation Either:			
 Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has not resp therapy; or Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsive to hi infusions. 			·

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BF7AFI	
RE/AEI	RHAIF

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20189.05	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	30	Bezalip Retard

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GEMFIBROZIL Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	19.56	60	Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2018 PRAVASTATIN Tab 10 mg Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		500 500 500 500 500	Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat Cholvastin Cholvastin
SIMVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	0.95 1.61 2.83	90 90 90 90	Arrow-Simva Arrow-Simva Arrow-Simva Arrow-Simva

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral lig 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

EZETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 × normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atoryastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	30	Zimybe
1	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	30	Zimybe
1	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	30	Zimybe

→ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

NICOTINIC ACID

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	3.96	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	17.37	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE

deroente minimate		
Tab 600 mcg8.	00 100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule22.	70 10	Nitronal
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial86.	60 10	Nitronal
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule100.		Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose4.	45 250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose4.	45 250 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	73 30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201718.	62 30	Nitroderm TTS 10
(Nitronal Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial to be delisted 1 July 2017)		
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201717.	10 100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 20197.	50 30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg8.		Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98	5	Aspen Adrenaline
	5.25		Hospira
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial	40.00	40	A A
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	49.00 27.00	10 5	Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe	27.00	3	Ποδριτα
DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	24.45	5	Dobutamine-Claris
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	16.89	5	DBL Sterile Dopamine
, 1 3 pr , 1 m pr 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1			Concentrate
EPHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	54.40	40	
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	51.48	10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
NORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per mi, 100 mi bag			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	115.50	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	1,650.00	5	Prostin VR
AMYL NITRITE			
Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule			
DIAZOXIDE			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			

Tab 25 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Either:			
 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitra ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. 	ate, in patients who are in	tolerant (or have not responded t
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018	300.30	10	Milrinone Generic Health
MINOXIDIL – Restricted see terms below	70.00	100	Lauitan
Tab 10 mg → Restricted	70.00	100	Loniten
Initiation			
For patients with severe refractory hypertension who have failed to	respond to extensive mu	ıltiple the	rapies.
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg		60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg	33.28	60	lkorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE] Tab 400 mg			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Inj 50 mg vial			
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists			
AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg	,	30	Volibris
■ Tab 10 mg ➡ Restricted	4,585.00	30	Volibris
→ Nestricted Initiation			
Either:			
1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial2 In hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.	Hypertension Panel; or		
BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 62.5 mg − 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	375.00	56	Mylan-Bosentan
Tab 125 mg − 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		56	Mylan-Bosentan

Initiation

→ Restricted

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 In hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

t	Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20182.75	4	Vedafil

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 4 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 5 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 6 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations; or
- 7 All of the following:
 - 7.1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
 - 7.2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
 - 7.3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
 - 7.4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	36.61	1	Veletri
Inj 1.5 mg vial	73.21	1	Veletri
→ Restricted			

Initiation

For use as a bridge to transplant for patients with Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension who are on the active waiting list for lung transplantation.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	380.00	5	llomedin
Į	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml	1,185.00	30	Ventavis

→ Restricted

Initiation

1

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In hopsital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
FUSIDIC ACID Crm 2% Oint 2%		15 g 15 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream Foban
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		15 g 100 ml	Crystaderm Pharmacy Health
MAFENIDE ACETATE − Restricted see terms below Powder 50 g sachet Restricted			
Initiation For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SULPHADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1% - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	 .10.80	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	 .19.95	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 6.50	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 0.52	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	 2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%			
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%	 0.55	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. exc \$	I. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 10 mg		100 120	Isotane 10 Oratane
Cap 20 mg	27	100 120	Isotane 20 Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05%			
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP – 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		100 g 2,000 ml	Pharmacy Health PSM
CROTAMITON Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	37	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	59	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20194.	59	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Nov-15 to 20184.	90	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			
Crm		20 g 20 g	Orion healthE
Barrier Creams	59 90 63	500 ml 500 ml 20 g	healthE Dimethicone 5% healthE Dimethicone 10% e.g. Zinc Cream (Orior ;Zinc Cream (PSM) e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
AOUTOUR ODEAM				
AQUEOUS CREAM Crm 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		1.00	100 g	Pharmacy Health SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 500 g - 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		1.99	500 g	AFT SLS-free
CETOMACROGOL				
Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		2.74	500 g	healthE
Crm BP, 100 g - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		1.47	1	healthE
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL				
			400	B
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,			100 g	Pharmacy Health
		2.10		Pharmacy Health
		3.20		healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		2.82	500 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
		3.87	1,000 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT				
Oint BP - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		1.84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.		1.04	100 g	dayonom
		0.70	F00 =	AFT
Oint BP, 500 g - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2017 Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.	•••••	2./3	500 g	AFT
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10	%			e.g. QV cream
	/0			c.g. Qv orcam
OIL IN WATER EMULSION				
Crm		2.63	500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Crm, 100 g		1.60	1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN				ŕ
		0.40	400	la a a luta E
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%			100 g	healthE
White soft - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to bot Yellow soft	h white s	oft paraffin	and yellow	soft paraffin.
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT				
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%				e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP;
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%				Hydroderm Lotn e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
				o.y. Aipiia Neii Dalii Oli
UREA				
Crm 10% - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT			-	
Crm				

Brand or

Price

	Price . excl. GST)	_	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%			
Oint 0.05%			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 Lotn 0.1%	 3.15	50 g	Beta Ointment
=···			
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE	0.00	00 -	Dawnal
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		30 g 30 g	Dermol Dermol
	 2.20	30 g	Defilio
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted: For continuation only → Crm 0.1%			
Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 30 g - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	 1.11	30 g	DermAssist
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		3	
Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	16.25	500 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Crm 1%	 2.48	14.2 g	AFT
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 1% DV Dec			
to 2017	 10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.1%	2 30	30 g	Locoid Lipocream
OIII 0.1 /0	 6.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%		100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%	 6.85	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
HYDROCORTISONE WITH PARAFFIN AND WOOL FAT			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and wool fat 0.6%			
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1%	 4.95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1%	 4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	2.90	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
OIII 0.1% - 1% DV NOV-13 to 2016	 2.90	15 g 50 g	Elocon Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.00	00 g	Liodon
	7.35	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	 6.35	100 g	Aristocort

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents** BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIQUINOL - Restricted see terms below ■ Crm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3% → Restricted Initiation Either: 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or 2 For continuation use. BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH FUSIDIC ACID Crm 0.1% with fusidic acid 2% HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE Micreme H 15 q HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN 15 a Pimafucort Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%......2.79 15 g Pimafucort TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g **Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations ACITRETIN** 60 Novatretin 60 Novatretin BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201826.12 30 g Daivobet Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201826.12 30 a Daivobet CALCIPOTRIOL Daivonex 100 a COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4% METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2% PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN 500 ml Pinetarsol 5.82 1.000 ml Pinetarsol POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg Crystals

Scalp Preparations BETAMETHASONE VALERATE

100 ml Beta Scalp CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE 30 ml Dermol

		DEKI	MATOLOGICALS
(ex ma	Price an. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%	3.65	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations			
MIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	17.98	12	Apo-Imiquimod Cream
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator	33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
Other Skin Preparations DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2% SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Crm			
Lotn	5.10	100 g 200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+ Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see terms to the term 16% Restricted Dermatologist or plastic surgeon		20 g	Efudix
Wound Management Products			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			

		wia a		Drond or
		rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents				
ACETIC ACID				
Soln 3%				
Soln 5%				
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICIN		CID		
Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% au ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator	na			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE				
Crm 1% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			50 g 1	healthE healthE
•		2.96	1	nealthe
CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		1 60	35 g	Clomazol
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019			20 g	Clomazol
MICONAZOLE NITRATE			3	
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		3.95	40 g	Micreme
NYSTATIN				
Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Aug-17	to 2020	4.45	75 g	Nilstat
Contraceptives				
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives				
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL				
Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% D	V			
Dec-14 to 2017		5.36	168	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives				
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL				
Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg				
Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg				
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL		0.05	0.4	A 00 FD
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets			84 84	Ava 20 ED Ava 30 ED
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg		2.00	0-1	7W4 00 EB
Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg				
Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg		9.45	84	Microgynon 50 ED
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE				
Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg				
NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL				
Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg				
Contraceptive Devices				
·				
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width		31.60	1	Choice TT380 Short
IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width			1	Choice TT380 Standard
IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width			1	Choice Load 375

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Emergency Contraception				
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	4.95	1	Postinor-1	
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives				
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) − 5% DV Oct-14 to 31 Dec 2 Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day − 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		1 1	Jadelle Mirena	

→ Restricted

Initiation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and
- 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other appropriate pharmaceutical therapies as per the Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or
 - 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or
 - 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hysteroscopy or endometrial biopsy.

Continuation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bleeding; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Initiation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by laparoscopy.

Continuation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis: or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Note: endometriosis is an unregistered indication.

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE		
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.25	1	Depo-Provera
NORETHISTERONE		
Tab 350 mcg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 20186.25	84	Noriday 28

Obstetric Preparations

Antiprogestogens

MIFEPRISTONE

Tab 200 mg

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oxytocics					
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g				1	Prostin E2 Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017				5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1				5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM
DV Sep-15 to 2018		.11.13	3	5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics					

PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms below

 ¶ Cap 100 mg − 1% DV Aug-16 to 201916.50

 30
 Utrogestan

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part IV (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 23.1)

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mcg ampoule

⇒ Restricted

Obstetrician

Oestrogens

OESTRIOL

Crm 1 mg per g with applicator

Pessaries 500 mcg

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Urologicals

5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors

FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below

30 Finpro

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and
- - 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or
 - 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers.

Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers

TAMSULOSIN - Restricted see terms below

100 Tamsulosin-Rex

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated.

Urinary Alkalisers

POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below

200 ml **Biomed**

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and
- 2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application.

SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE

28 Ural

Urinary Antispasmodics

OXYBUTYNIN

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20198.85	500	Apo-Oxybutynin
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201960.40	473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE - Restricted see terms below		

t	Tab 5 mg	37.50	30	Vesicare
1	Tab 10 mg	37.50	30	Vesicare

→ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

TOI TERODINE TARTRATE -	 Restricted see terms on the next page.

Ţ	Tab 1 mg14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
t	Tab 2 mg14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine



Price (ex man. excl. GST	7	Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists			
CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		50	Procur
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	30.40	50	Procur
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 2.5 mg per day	.80.00	60	Androderm
Patch 5 mg per day	.80.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CYPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	76.50	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	16.80	60	Andriol Testocaps
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		1	Reandron 1000
Calcium Homeostasis			

CALCITONIN

Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017......121.00 5 Miacalcic

CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium ≥ 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium ≥ 3 mmol/L); and
 - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. exc	I. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

→ Restricted

Initiation

Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement: and
 - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
 - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	0.88	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml4		25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 20191	4.19	10	Max Health
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 20191	2.59	5	Max Health
2	5.18	10	Max Health
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg1	4.32	100	Florinef
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20182	0.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5.30	1	Solu-Cortef

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	80.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	180.00	20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	10.50	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	9.00	1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	16.00	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	40.00	5	Depo-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCA	INF1		
Inj 40 mg with lidocaine [lignocaine], 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to	•	1	Depo-Medrol with Lidocaine
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral lig 5 mg per ml	7.50	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg = 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
· ·	20.00	300	Apo-i realisone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE		_	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	51.70	5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OFSTRADIOL

Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg

1 40 ± 1119		
Patch 25 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20196.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day - 1% DV Mar-17 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE		
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201812.36	84	Progynova
Tah 2 mg = 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	84	Progynova

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

Tab 300 mcg

Tab 625 mcg

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate	1				
Progestogens					
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		.14.00		30 100 30	Provera Provera Provera
Other Endocrine Agents CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		4.75		2	Dostinex
 → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: Inhibition of lactation; or Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or Patient has acromegaly. 		19.00		8	Dostinex
CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg		.29.84		10	Mylan Clomiphen Serophene
DANAZOL Cap 100 mg				100 100	Azol Azol
Other Oestrogen Preparations					
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 10 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 OESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg OESTRIOL Tab 2 mg		.17.60		100	NZ Medical & Scientific
Other Progestogen Preparations					
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 NORETHISTERONE		101.00		100	Provera HD
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		.18.29		100	Primolut N

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	75.00	1	Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	690.00	1	Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERFLIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORFI IN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

Implant 3.6 mg, syringe – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		ı	Zoladex
Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	177.50	1	Zoladex
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	591.68	1	Lucrin Depot 3-month

 Lucrin Depot 3-month Lucrin Depot 6-month

Lucrin Depot 6-month inj 30 mg pretilied dual chamber syringe to be delisted 1 August 2017.

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 5 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017	1	Omnitrope
1	Inj 10 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017219.00	1	Omnitrope
1	Inj 15 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017328.50	1	Omnitrope

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:

-		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and
- 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
- 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is \geq 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity ≥ 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is ≤ 14 years; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is \geq 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is \leq to 14 years (female patients) or \leq to 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR ≤ 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m²/day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by ≥ 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by ≥ 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour): and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of ≤ 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test. Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of ≤ 0.4 mcg per litre.

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mcg

→ Restricted

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRELIN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

lnj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 201925.00	30	Minirin
	Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		Minirin

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

→ Restricted

Initiation - Nocturnal enuresis

Either:

- 1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or
- 2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.

Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated.

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	215.00	5	Glypressin

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN – Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special		5	DBL Amikacin
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	175.10	5 25 10	Hospira APP Pharmaceuticals Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg		16	Humatin
Initiation For addition to orthopaedic bone cement. Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-17 to 2018 Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist	5	Tobramycin Mylan
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml → Restricted Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis.		56 dose	TOBI
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		1	Invanz
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN − Restricted see terms on the next pag Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017		1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
EROPENEM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	35.22	10	DBL Meropenem
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	65.21	10	DBL Meropenem
Restricted			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation	1		
EFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	3.50	20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
EFAZOLIN			
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	3 99	5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5	AFT
Canbalassavina and Canbamyaina and Canavatia			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generatio			
EFACLOR	04.70	100	Dambarry Oafaalar
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	24.70	100	Ranbaxy-Cefactor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefactor
EFOXITIN			
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	58.00	10	Cefoxitin Actavis
EFUROXIME			
Tab 250 mg		50	Zinnat
Inj 750 mg vial		5	Zinacef
Inj 1.5 g vial	1.30	1	Zinacef
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation	1		
EFOTAXIME			
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	DBL Cefotaxime
EFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	5.30	1	Fortum
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		1	Fortum
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		1	Fortum
→ Restricted			
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	cialist		
EFTRIAXONE			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	1.20	1	DEVA
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		1	DEVA
Inj 2 g vial		1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation	1		
• • •			
CEFEPIME - Restricted see terms on the next page I Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	3 05	1	Cefepime-AFT
			Cefepime-AFT
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		1	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below

10 7inforo

→ Restricted

Initiation - multi-resistant organish salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Fither:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed: or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Tab 250 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 9.00	30	Apo-Azithromycin
↓ Tab 500 mg − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 1.05	2	Apo-Azithromycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) − 1% DV Oct-15		
to 2018	15 ml	Zithromax
Initiation		

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires treatment or prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms: or
- 3 For any other condition for five days' treatment, with review after five days.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	98	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201710.4		14	Apo-Clarithromycin
	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml) ml	Klacid
	Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Mar-15 to 201720.4		1	Martindale
_	Restricted			

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Either:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg	16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral lig 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	.6.77	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)			
Inj 1 g vial1	16.00	1	Erythrocin IV

Products with Hospital Supply Sta	atus (HSS) are in bold



	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation or → Tab 250 mg → Tab 500 mg ROXITHROMYCIN	nly		
Tab 150 mg Tab 300 mg		50 50	Arrow-Roxithromycin Arrow-Roxithromycin
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	14.97	500	Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500	Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral lig 125 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Amoxicillin Actavis
Grand is starting to my per distribution	2.00		Ospamox
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Amoxicillin Actavis
	2.00		Ospamox
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2017	1 95	20	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml - 1% l		100 1111	Augmentin
Aug-17 to 2019		100 ml	Augmentin
Aug-17 to 2015	2.20	100 1111	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20		10	m-Amoxiclav
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20		10	m-Amoxiclav
(Augmentin Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per m			
	i to be delisted i A	ugusi 2017)	
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-15 to	2018 315.00	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G] Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	10.35	10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	18.70	250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		500	Staphlex
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.29	100 ml	AFŤ
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	8.80	10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2017	11.60	10	Flucloxin
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	2.88	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM — Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial		1	Hospira
→ Restricted	15.50		Tazocin EF
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	aliet		
ominour microbiologist, inicollous disease specialist of respiratory specia	anot		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PROCAINE PENICILLIN Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe − 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID − Restricted see terms be Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist.	elow	5	Cilicaine
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below I Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 I Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 I Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Oral liq 50 mg per ml Oral liq 100 mg per ml	2.00	28 28 28	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
·			

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below

 I Tab 400 mg
 52.00
 5
 Avelox

 Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle
 70.00
 1
 Avelox IV 400

→ Restricted

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag − 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018......30.58

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis; and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications: or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or

10

Cipflox

- 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
- 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
- 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Fither:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium; and
- 2 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

NORFLOXACIN

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ **Tetracyclines** DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only 250 **Doxine** Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg Cap 100 mg - **Restricted**: For continuation only TETRACYCI INF Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg.......46.00 Tetracvclin Wolff 30 TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist Other Antibacterials AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial131.00 5 Azactam → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHI ORAMPHENICOL - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 q vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below **■** Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019......4.10 16 Clindamycin ABM Oral lig 15 mg per ml **■** Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019......65.00 10 Dalacin C → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see terms below 1 Colistin-Link → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Cubicin **I** Inj 500 mg vial − **1% DV Sep-15 to 2018**.....243.52 Cubicin → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms on the next page ■ Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet

,	Price		Brand or	
(1	ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
FUSIDIC ACID - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	34.50	12	Fucidin	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE				
Tab 1 g				
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial → Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below				
	800.00	10	Zyvox	
■ Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		150 ml	Zyvox	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag − 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		10	Zyvox	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
NITROFURANTOIN				
Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg				
•				
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg				
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
SULPHADIAZINE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 500 mg				
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal me	dicine specialist			
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 400 mg vial → Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
TRIMETHOPRIM				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	15.00	50	TMP	
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE]				
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg				
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml	2.15	100 ml	Deprim	
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Restricted	2.64	1	Mylan	
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- → Restricted

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
	3.49	28	Ozole
Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		1	Ozole
		28	Ozole
■ Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml	98.50	35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial − 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.95	1	Fluconazole-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial − 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	6.47	1	Fluconazole-Claris
⇒ Restricted			
Consultant			
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
	2.79	15	Itrazole
■ Oral liquid 10 mg per ml			
→ Restricted			
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectiou	s disease specialist		
POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab modified-release 100 mg	869.86	24	Noxafil
■ Oral liq 40 mg per ml		105 ml	Noxafil

	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

	7. 1. 0 0 : 1. 1. 0 0 1		
t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	56	Vttack
ĺ	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018500.00	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml876.00	70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial	1	Vfend

→ Restricted

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis: or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 50 mg vial667.50	1	Cancidas
1	Inj 70 mg vial862.50	1	Cancidas



	Price		Brand or	_
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
→ Restricted nitiation linical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist ither:	, oncologist, respirator	/ specialist	or transplant specialist	

- - 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
 - - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- → Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

TERBINAFINE

14 Dr Reddy's Terbinafine

Antimycobacterials

Antileprotics

CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- → Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	1ab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201795.00	100	Dapsone
t	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017110.00	100	Dapsone

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

Antituberculotics

CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- → Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

FTHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg48.01	56	Myambutol
t	Tab 400 mg49.34	56	Myambutol

⇒ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 100 mg − **1% DV Sep-15 to 2018**.....20.00 100 **PSM**

→ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201885.54	100	Rifinah
t	Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	100	Rifinah

			INI LOTION	' [
	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
Restricted		Patara alam	tata	
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physic	ian or internal med	licine phys	ician	
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below	202.22	00	5	
♣ Grans for oral liq 4 g ★ Restricted	280.00	30	Paser	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list			
	IIISI			
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below	005.00	100	Databa	
↓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted	305.00	100	Peteha	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	liet			
PYRAZINAMIDE – Restricted see terms below	illot			
■ Tab 500 mg				
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list			
RIFABUTIN – Restricted see terms below				
	275.00	30	Mycobutin	
⇒ Restricted		00	myoobum	
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist of	r respiratory speci	alist		
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below	. , ,			
↓ Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	55.75	100	Rifadin	
Cap 300 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		100	Rifadin	
	12.00	60 ml	Rifadin	
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	128.85	1	Rifadin	
→ Restricted				
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paedi	atrician or public h	ealth phys	ician	
Antinaracitics				
Antiparasitics				
Anthelmintics				
Andreiming				
ALDENDAZOLE Postrioted and terms below				

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 400 mg

⇒ Restricted

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

Stromectol

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

MEBENDAZOLE

Tab 100 mg24.19 24 De-Worm Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml

PRAZIQUANTFI

Tab 600 mg

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ ⇒ Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 60 mg vial → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ¶ Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 12 Malarone Junior 12 Malarone → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist MEEL OQUINE - Restricted see terms below 8 Lariam → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist MFTRONIDAZOI F Trichozole 100 Trichozole 100 100 ml FlagyI-S 100 ml **AFT** 5 **AFT** 10 Flagyl NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below 30 Alinia Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ORNIDAZOI F 10 Arrow-Ornidazole PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below **Pentacarinat** 5 → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below → Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below ¶ Tab 25 mg → Restricted Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist QUININE SULPHATE Tab 300 mg SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	61.91	500	Q 300	
→ Restricted Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below				

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist Antiretrovirals

¶ Tab 500 mg➡ Restricted

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection: and
 - 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm3; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 × total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or



F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GS	Γ)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	63.38	30	Stocrin
	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		90	Stocrin
	Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		30	Stocrin
	Oral liq 30 mg per ml			
	RAVIRINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Ţ	Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NE	VIRAPINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	65.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
t	Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	203.55	240 ml	Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient: or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm3; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 x total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ABACAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the previous pag 1 Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 1 Oral liq 20 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	229.00	60 240 ml	Ziagen Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms 1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg DIDANOSINE [DDI] – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Cap 125 mg 1 Cap 200 mg 1 Cap 250 mg 2 Cap 400 mg (Any Cap 125 mg to be delisted 1 July 2017) (Any Cap 200 mg to be delisted 1 July 2017) (Any Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 July 2017)		30 30	Kivexa
(Any Cap 400 mg to be delisted 1 July 2017) EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXI page 1 Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil fur 300 mg	marate	stricted se	e terms on the previous Atripla
EMTRICITABINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 200 mg		30	Emtriva
EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE – F Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page Oral liq 10 mg per ml		on the prev 30	vious page Truvada
STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Cap 30 mg 1 Cap 40 mg 2 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] — Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 100 mg — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	30.45 750.00 the previous page	100 200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir Retrovir IV Alphapharm

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

2.3.2 Any of the following:

2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm3; or

2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 x total lymphocyte count; or

2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or

2.4 Both:

2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and

2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

T Cap 150 mg	568.34	60	Reyataz
t Cap 200 mg	757.79	60	Reyataz
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
1 Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	335.00	60	Prezista
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		60	Prezista
INDINAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			

1 Cap 200 mg

1 Cap 400 mg

I OPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page

LO	i inaviii wiiii iii Onaviii – nestiicted see teilis on tile pievious pag	-		
t	Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	183.75	60	Kaletra
	Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg		120	Kaletra
t	Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml	735.00	300 ml	Kaletra
	FONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 100 mg	43.31	30	Norvir

1 Oral lig 80 mg per ml

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection: and
- 2 Any of the following:

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl. GS	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
- 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
- 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm3: or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 x total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml: or
- 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page

■ Tab 50 mg	.090.00	30	Tivicav
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RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as:
- 2 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 x ULN); and
- 3 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load ≥ 10-fold over nadir; and
- 4 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and
- 5 Either:



Price Brand or

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

5.1 Both:

- 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic: and
- 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine; or
- 5.2 Both:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and
 - 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.

ENTECAVIR - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B nucleoside analogue treatment-naive; and
- 3 Entecavir dose 0.5 mg/day; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 ALT greater than upper limit of normal; or
 - 4.2 Bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis (Metavir stage 3 or greater or moderate fibrosis) on liver histology; and
- 5 Fither:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Patient has ≥ 2,000 IU HBV DNA units per ml and fibrosis (Metavir stage 2 or greater) on liver histology; and
- 6 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 7 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 8 Neither ALT nor AST greater than 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 9 No history of hypersensitivity to entecavir; and
- 10 No previous documented lamivudine resistance (either clinical or genotypic).

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 20176.00	28	Zeffix
t	Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017270.00	240 ml	Zeffix

→ Restricted

Initiation

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist, paediatrician or general physician

Limited to 12 months treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 HBV DNA positive cirrhosis prior to liver transplantation; or
- 2 HBsAg positive and have had a liver, kidney, heart, lung or bone marrow transplant; or
- 3 Hepatitis B virus naive patient who has received a liver transplant from an anti-HBc (Hepatitis B core antibody) positive donor; or
- 4 Hepatitis B surface antigen positive (HbsAg) patient who is receiving chemotherapy for a malignancy, or who has received such treatment within the previous two months: or
- 5 Hepatitis B surface antigen positive patient who is receiving anti tumour necrosis factor treatment; or
- 6 Hepatitis B core antibody (anti-HBc) positive patient who is receiving rituximab plus high dose steroids (e.g. R-CHOP).

Continuation – patients who have maintained continuous treatment and response to lamivudine

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist, paediatrician or general physician

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

\$ Per Manufacturer		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
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continued...

- 1 Have maintained continuous treatment with lamivudine; and
- 2 Most recent test result shows continuing biochemical response (normal ALT); and
- 3 HBV DNA < 100,000 copies per ml by quantitative PCR at a reference laboratory.

Continuation – when given in combination with adefovir dipivoxil for patients with cirrhosis and resistance to lamivudine Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist, paediatrician or general physician

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Lamiyudine to be used in combination with adefovir dipivoxil; and
- 2 Patient is cirrhotic; and

Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as:

- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 x ULN); and
 - 3.2 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load ≥ 10-fold over nadir; and
 - 3.3 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation.

Continuation - when given in combination with adefovir dipivoxil for patients with resistance to adefovir dipivoxil

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist, paediatrician or general physician

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Lamivudine to be used in combination with adefovir dipivoxil; and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as:
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 x ULN); and
 - 2.2 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load ≥ 10-fold over nadir; and
 - 2.3 Detection of N236T or A181T/V mutation.

TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation - Confirmed hepatitis B

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
 - 1.2 Patient has had previous lamivudine, adefovir or entecavir therapy; and
 - 1.3 HBV DNA greater than 20,000 IU/mL or increased ≤ 10-fold over nadir; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Lamivudine resistance detection of M204I/V mutation; or
 - 1.4.2 Adefovir resistance detection of A181T/V or N236T mutation; or
 - 1.4.3 Entecavir resistance detection of relevant mutations including I169T, L180M T184S/A/I/L/G/C/M, S202C/G/I,M204V or M250I/V mutation; or
- 2 Patient is either listed or has undergone liver transplantation for HBV; or
- 3 Patient has a decompensated cirrhosis with a Mayo score > 20.

Initiation - Pregnant or Breastfeeding, Active hepatitis B

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is HBsAg positive and pregnant; and
- 2 HBV DNA > 20,000 IU/mL and ALT > ULN.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Pregnant, prevention of vertical transmission

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is HBsAq positive and pregnant; and
- 2 HBV DNA > 20 million IU/mL and ALT normal.

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm3; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 x total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Roth:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Hepatitis C

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

PARITAPREVIR. RITONAVIR AND OIMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR

Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatment via PHARMAC's approved direct distribution supply. Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from PHARMAC's website

http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/.

Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56), with

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

			INFECTIONS
Pric (ex man. e:	-	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR AND RIBAN Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatment via PHA Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from PHARMAC's http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/. Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56) with dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56) and ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)	RMAC's a website	pproved o	direct distribution supply. Viekira Pak-RBV
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR Tab dispersible 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.38 5.98 0.10	25 56 35 5	Lovir Lovir Lovir Aciclovir-Claris
Inj 500 mg vial	5.42	5 30	Cymevene
Tab 1,000 mg − 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018		30 60	Vaclovir Valcyte

→ Restricted

Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 3 months treatment

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

7ANAMIVIE

→ Restricted

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2A

Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe

Ini 6 m iu prefilled syringe

Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Ini 30 m iu. 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)

Combination Pack

(Pegasys RBV Combination Pack Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (112) to be delisted 1 August 2017)

→ Restricted

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$ \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C. genotype 1: and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA ≥ 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (≥ Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines.

Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Anticholinesterases** EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Ini 10 mg per ml. 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule ⇒ Restricted Initiation For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis. NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017......98.00 50 AstraZeneca NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Ini 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule -10 Max Health PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE 100 Mestinon **Antirheumatoid Agents** AURANOFIN - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 3 mg (Any Tab 3 mg to be delisted 1 September 2017) **HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE** 100 Plaguenil **LEFLUNOMIDE** Apo-Leflunomide 30 30 Apo-Leflunomide PENICII I AMINE D-Penamine 100 Tab 250 mg110.12 100 **D-Penamine** SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule **Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism Bisphosphonates** ALENDRONATE SODIUM 30 Fosamax → Restricted

Initiation - Paget's disease

Both:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Bone deformity; or
- 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to site (base of skull, spine, long bones of lower limbs); or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.

↓ Tab 70 mg	Fosamax
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⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≤ -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD ≥ 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -1.5) (see Note): or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≤ -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD ≥ 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≥ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	13.50	100	Arrow-Etidronate
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	6.80	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	13.20	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	19.20	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	3.80	4	Risedronate Sandoz

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

70I FDRONIC ACID

→ Restricted

Initiation - Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score ≥ -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD ≥ 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain: or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or

|--|

continued...

- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≥ -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis).

Notes:

Price	е		Brand or
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic
		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2017	15.11	1,000	Allopurinol-Apotex
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2017	15.91	500	Allopurinol-Apotex
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 2.4 All of the following:
 - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and
- 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when

COLCHICINE

Tab 500 mcg	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below	
■ Tab 80 mg	Adenuric
Tab 120 mg	Adenuric

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule) 5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule12.50) 5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg3.85	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule209.29) 1	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial467.50		Botox
Inj 300 u vial		Dysport
Inj 500 u vial) 2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg		Dantrium
Cap 50 mg		Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial800.00) 6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE	_	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule67.17	7 5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg		
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule260.00	50	AstraZeneca
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 25.95	5 10	DBL Rocuronium Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-14 to 201778.00	50	AstraZeneca
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg vial		

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SU	DGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial1,200.00	10	Bridion
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial3,000.00	10	Bridion

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade: or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CFI FCOXIB - Restricted see terms below

Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather than each individual line item.

t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
1	Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	30	Celecoxib Pfizer

(Any Cap 400 mg to be delisted 1 August 2017)

→ Restricted

Initiation

For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

DICLOFENAC SODIUM

Tab EC 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	1.30	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	1.00	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	15.20	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	26.20	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	4.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	7.00	10	Voltaren

ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 30 mg
- Tab 60 mg
- Tab 90 mg
- **→** Restricted

Initiation

For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

IBUPROFEN

Tab 200 mg

- → Tab 400 mg **Restricted**: For continuation only
- → Tab 600 mg Restricted: For continuation only

 Tab long-acting 800 mg
 - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2018
 7.99
 30
 Brufen SR

 Oral liq 20 mg per ml
 1.89
 200 ml
 Fenpaed

Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	(ex man.	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
INDOMETHACIN					
Cap 25 mg					
Cap 50 mg					
Cap long-acting 75 mg					
Inj 1 mg vial					
Suppos 100 mg					
KETOPROFEN					
Cap long-acting 200 mg		.12.07	28	Oruvail SR	
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only					
→ Cap 250 mg					
MELOXICAM - Restricted see terms below					
→ Restricted					
Initiation					
Either:					
1 All of the following:					
1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and					
1.2 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with les	s than o	equal to 5%	of norma	al circulating functional	
clotting factor; and					
1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthr		•	•	ed by alternative funded	
treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 d			OI		
	ays use	•			
NAPROXEN		40.00		N # 050	
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			500 250	Noflam 250	
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			250 28	Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750	
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016		18.00	20 90	Naprosyn SR 750	
Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018			28	Naprosyn SR 1000	
rab long adding rig 170 D1 dail to to 2010		21.00	90	Naprosyn SR 1000	
PARECOXIB			••		
Inj 40 mg vial		100.00	10	Dynastat	
SULINDAC			. •	2)	
Tab 100 mg					
Tab 200 mg					
TENOXICAM					
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10.95	100	Tilcotil	
Inj 20 mg vial			1	AFT	
11 20 119 No.		0.00		7.1.1	
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain					
·					
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below		0.05	4E ~	Zootriy	
↓ Crm 0.025% → Restricted		9.95	45 g	Zostrix	
Initiation					
	non-ste	roidal anti-inf	lammato	ries are contraindicated	
Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.					

Brand or

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	7.99		Benztrop		
Ini 1 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule	95.00	5	Cogentin		

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	38.24	60	Symmetrel
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APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BROMOCRIPTINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 5 mg

lov	Price man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
(ex	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	28.00	100	Entapone
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			•
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	10.00	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			'
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg	20.00	100	Sinemet
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 20 mg	20.00	0	e.g. Kinson
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg	47.50	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg		100	Sinemet
Tab 230 mg with carbidopa 23 mg	40.00	0	e.g. Sindopa
BRAMIDEVOI E HYDROCHI ODIDE		U	e.g. Sinuopa
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE	7.00	100	Daminav
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	24.39	100	Ramipex
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.00	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	7.72	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	16.51	100	Apo-Ropinirole
ELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
OLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	132 50	100	Tasmar
Tab Too mg 170 by dan 17 to 2010	102.00	100	rusinai
Anaesthetics			
Anaesthetics General Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics	1,350.00	6	Suprane
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1,350.00	6	Suprane
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			•
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		6 5	Suprane Precedex
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017			•
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			•
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE	479.85		•
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	479.85		•
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	479.85	5	Precedex
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 KETAMINE	479.85	5	Precedex
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 SETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	479.85	5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	479.85 1,020.00 27.00 25.00	5 6 1	Precedex Aerrane
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 DETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DETETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	479.851,020.0027.0025.0014.00	5 6 1 1	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-16 to 2018	479.851,020.0027.0025.0014.00	5 6 1 1	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 DETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-16 to 2018 DETHOHEXITAL SODIUM	479.851,020.0027.0025.0014.00	5 6 1 1	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 DETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-16 to 2018 DETHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	479.851,020.0027.0025.0014.00	5 6 1 1	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-16 to 2018 METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL	479.85 1,020.00 27.00 25.00 14.00 47.05	5 6 1 1 1 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-16 to 2018 METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019	479.851,020.0027.0025.0014.0047.05	5 6 1 1 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-16 to 2018 METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL	479.851,020.0027.0025.0014.0047.05	5 6 1 1 1 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris

Item restricted (see → above);
 Item restricted (see → below)

(ex m	Price an. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM	840.00	6	Baxter
Inj 500 mg ampoule			
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	50.00	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018.		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	20.25	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack — 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	20.70	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14	405.00	_	
to 2017	135.00	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
to 2017	115.00	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		10 10	Biomed Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE	32.00	10	DIOITICU
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Paste 5%		-	
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	25.46	1	Biomed

	Price (ex man. exc \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%				
ETHYL CHLORIDE Spray 100%				
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]				
Crm 4%	27.	00	30 g	LMX4
Crm 4% (5 g tubes)			5	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE				
Gel 2% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	3.	40	20 ml	Orion
Spray 10%	75.	00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (viscous) soln 2% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 lnj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			200 ml	Xylocaine Viscous
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	8.	75	25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule			1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial			5	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule			25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule			1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial			5	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe	43.	26	10	Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule	27.	00	10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	50.	00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60	00	5	Xylocaine
•				•
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE A Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, syringe – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	5 ml		YDROCI 1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDI	NE			•
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe	43.	26	10	Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHR Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%	INE HYDRO	CHLORII	DE	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE				
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%			30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg			20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.	00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	43.	60	50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	43.	60	50	Scandonest 3%
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.	00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule			10	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	9.05	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	9.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2017	60.00	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2017	79.50	5	Naropin
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	10.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	12.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	10.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	16.30	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	270.00	5	Naropin
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIRIN

→ Restricted

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

	Tab soluble 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2017	1.60	20	Paragesic Soluble
	Tab 500 mg			
	Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Oct-14 to 2017	4.15	1,000 ml	Paracare
	Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Sep-14 to 2017	4.35	1,000 ml	Paracare Double
				Strength
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12.90	12	Perfalgan
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12.90	12	Perfalgan
	Suppos 25 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
	Suppos 50 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
	Suppos 125 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.69	10	Gacet
	Suppos 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	3.79	10	Gacet
	Suppos 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	12.60	50	Paracare



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

SUCROSE

Oral liq 25%

Opioid Analgesics

ALFENTANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	10	Hameln
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	100	PSM
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	60	DHC Continus
	00	Dirio Continuo
FENTANYL		
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe	40	
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe185.00	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour2.92	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour9.18	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour11.29	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	10	Methatabs
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral lig 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
	000	DA Marah
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-15 to 201826.00	200 ml	RA-Morph

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	D	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	5.52	10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.60	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	6.10	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg	1.70	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg	2.50	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg	5.40	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg		10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	185.00	10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	45.00	10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Biomed
Ini 1 ma per ml. 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	12.48	5	DBL Morphine
,			Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	9.09	5	DBL Morphine
, , , ,			Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			'
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	9.77	5	DBL Morphine
,g po, apoa		Ū	Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	12.43	5	DBL Morphine
, cog po, apoao		ŭ	Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			ou.p.i.u.o
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
	40.70	5	DPI Marphine Tertrete
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			DBL Morphine Tartrate
Inj 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
(Hospira Inj 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 201	/)		
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018	2.76	20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2018		20	BNM
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	6.84	20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	8.57	5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		5	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			•
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg	2 11	100	Paracetamol + Codeine
ras parassamo oos mg with oodsmo phospilate o mg		100	i didoctamon i ocucino

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	4.46	10	PSM
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.51	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.83	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
EMIFENTANIL HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	10.00	5	Ultiva
Inj 2 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		5	Ultiva
RAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE		•	
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	2.00	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 100 mg = 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral drops 100 mg per ml	2.50	100	Allow-Halliauoi
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	4.50	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	Tramal 100
Any Oral drops 100 mg per ml to be delisted 1 July 2017)	4.50	J	Trailiai 100
The start drope for higher than to be delicted from 2017			
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1.68	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
	10.60	100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Apo-Clomipramine Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	0.00	100	Apo-Cioinipramine
OSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE			_
Tab 75 mg		100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg	6.45	100	Dopress
OXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
· · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg		50	Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			# 00 ### 000
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 75 mg			
I au / J IIIY			

¹ Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation or → Tab 30 mg	nly		
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 180	Norpress Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		500 100	Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Moclobemide
Other Antidepressants			
MIRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		30	Apo-Mirtazapine
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018(ENLAFAXINE		30	Apo-Mirtazapine
Cap 37.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84 84	Enlafax XR Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	1.79	84	PSM Citalopram
ESCITALOPRAM Tab 10 mg	1.40	28	Air Flow Products
Tab 20 mg		28	Air Flow Products
LUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	2.47	30	Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	1.99	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
PAROXETINE Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	4 02	90	Apo-Paroxetine
SERTRALINE	7.02	00	, po i dioxedile
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		90	Arrow-Sertraline
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.25	90	Arrow-Sertraline
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.00	5	Rivotril

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	 .11.83	5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg		5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg	 .40.87	5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
, ,			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM	00.00	_	Haanina
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018		5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	 133.92	5	Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg	 .14.53	100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg	 .16.98	100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg	 .34.58	100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg	 .39.17	100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM			-
Tab 10 mg			
· ·			
CLONAZEPAM Oral drang 0.5 mg nor ml			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg			
Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
GABAPENTIN - Restricted see terms below			
	 7.16	100	Arrow-Gabapentin
			Neurontin
			Nupentin
	 .11.00	100	Arrow-Gabapentin
			Neurontin
_			Nupentin
	 .13.75	100	Arrow-Gabapentin
			Neurontin
-			Nupentin
Restricted			
Initiation – preoperative and/or postoperative use			
Limited to 8 days treatment			
Initiation – pain management of burns patients			
Re-assessment required after 1 month			
Continuation – pain management of burns patients			

Re-assessment required after 1 month

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
		Manufacturer
	CI IV	ianulaciunei

continued...

Initiation - epilepsy

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Fither:

- 1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents.

Note: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Continuation - epilepsy

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life.

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

Initiation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with neuropathic pain; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has Chronic Kidney Disease Stage 5-associated pruritus* where no other cause for pruritus can be identified (e.g. scabies, allergy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has persistent pruritus not relieved with a trial of emollient/moisturising creams alone.

Continuation – Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Either:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a marked improvement in their control of pain or itch (prescriber determined); or
- 2 The patient has previously demonstrated clinical responsiveness to gabapentin and has now developed neuropathic pain in a new site.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. Dosage adjustment of gabapentin is recommended for patients with renal impairment.

LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
t	Tab 100 mg	50.06	14	Vimpat
	ŭ	200.24	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	v	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy: and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.



Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. G	ST)	Generic
 9	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

LAMO	TRI	IGIN	ΙE
------	-----	------	----

Oral liq 40 mg per ml Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 16.60	1	Epilim IV
Tab EC 500 mg		
Tab EC 200 mg		
Tab 100 mg		
SODIUM VALPROATE		
Tab 250 mg		
PRIMIDONE		
Oral liq 6 mg per ml		
Cap 100 mg		
Cap 30 mg		
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		
Tab 50 mg		
PHENYTOIN		
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 201831.00	500	PSM
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018 30.00	500	PSM
PHENOBARBITONE		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Tab 1,000 mg59.12	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg45.23	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg28.71	60	Everet
Tab 250 mg24.03	60	Everet
LEVETIRACETAM		J
42.34		Motrig
56.91		Logem
79.16	00	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 100 mg	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
32.97 24.73		Logem Motrig
47.89 32.97		Lamictal
Tab dispersible 50 mg34.70	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
14.74	50	Motrig
19.38		Logem
29.09		Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg20.40	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
9.64	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
Tab dispersible 2 mg6.74	30	Lamictal
LAMOTRIGINE		

Diacomit

Diacomit

60

60

STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
•	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
•	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
•	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax
· · · · · ·			

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 500 mg

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy: and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST				Brand or
(ex	man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ontinued igabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which ontinuation	may	be as	sympto	matic in t	the early stages.
oth: 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improveme 2 Either: 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (idea					
of treatment with vigabatrin; or 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to otes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction ticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's prigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which	on in ersp	seizi ectiv	ure frec e.	quency as	s an indicator of success v
Antimigraine Preparations					
Acute Migraine Treatment					
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg					
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		8.1	0	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019				100 102	Apo-Sumatriptan Apo-Sumatriptan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019		.46.2	3	100 102	Apo-Sumatriptan Apo-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml cartridge Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen Arrow-Sumatriptan Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml cartridge to be delisted 1 July 2		.42.6		2	Arrow-Sumatriptan Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine					
PIZOTIFEN Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		.23.2	1	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents					
APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Cap 40 mg → Restricted				3 5	Emend Tri-Pack Emend

Initiation

malignancy.

BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemotherapy for the treatment of

Vergo 16

84

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		0.59	20	Nauzene
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018		3.20	100	Prokinex
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
GRANISETRON Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017(Granirex Tab 1 mg to be delisted 1 October 2017)		5.98	50	Granirex
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	4	46.50	5	Hospira
⇒ Restricted		11.95	2	Scopoderm TTS

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	100 10	Metamide Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019	50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	10	Dr Reddy's Ondansetron
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 20194.77	50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20191.50	5	Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-16 to 20192.20	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg		
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-14 to 2017 9.75 Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Suppos 25 mg	500	Antinaus
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE − Restricted : For continuation only Tab 25 mg		
TROPISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Tropisetron-AFT Tropisetron-AFT

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antipsychotic Agents

General

AMISULPRIDE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	4.56	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	14.75	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		60 ml	Solian
ARIPIPRAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg	123.54	30	Abilify
↓ Tab 10 mg	123.54	30	Abilify
↓ Tab 15 mg		30	Abilify
■ Tab 20 mg		30	Abilify
■ Tab 30 mg		30	Abilify
ř			,

→ Restricted

Initiation - schizophrenia or related psychoses

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effect; or
 - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

Initiation - Autism spectrum disorder*

Psychiatrist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder* and has symptoms of severe irritability; and
- 2 An effective dose of risperidone has been trialled and has been discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate response; and
- 3 The patient is aged less than 18 years.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 10 mg

Tab 25 mg

Tab 100 mg

Oral liq 10 mg per ml

Oral liq 20 mg per ml

Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. (GST)	Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
CLOZAPINE				
Tab 25 mg	6.69	50	Clopine	
•	13.37	100	Clopine	
	5.69	50	Clozaril	
	11.36	100	Clozaril	
Tab 50 mg	8.67	50	Clopine	
•	17.33	100	Clopine	
Tab 100 mg	17.33	50	Clopine	
3	34.65	100	Clopine	
	14.73	50	Clozaril	
	29.45	100	Clozaril	
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine	
1 ab 200 mg	69.30	100	Clopine	
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 ml	Clopine	
	17.33	100 1111	Olobine	
HALOPERIDOL				
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace	
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace	
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	29.72	100	Serenace	
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100 ml	Serenace	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	21.55	10	Serenace	
LEVOMEPROMAZINE				
Tab 25 mg				
Tab 100 mg				
C				
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	47.89	10	Wockhardt	
LITHIUM CARBONATE				
Tab long-acting 400 mg				
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	34.30	500	Lithicarb FC	
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		100	Lithicarb FC	
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		100	Douglas	
OLANZAPINE				
	0.75	00	7. mine	
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		28	Zypine	
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		28	Zypine	
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1./5	28	Zypine ODT	
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		28	Zypine	
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	3.05	28	Zypine ODT	
Inj 10 mg vial				
PERICYAZINE				
Tab 2.5 mg				
Tab 10 mg				
QUETIAPINE				
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	210	90	Quetapel	
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		90	Quetapel	
•		90 90		
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017			Quetapel	
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12.00	90	Quetapel	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)			Brand or Generic
	•	excl. GSI) \$	Per	Manufacturer
ISPERIDONE				
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017		1.90	60	Actavis
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 30 Sep 2017			60	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017			60	Actavis
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017			60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017			60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		.9.75	30 ml	Risperon
RIFLUOPERAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For contin				-1
Tab 1 mg	dation only			
Tab 2 mg				
Tab 5 mg				
Iny Tab 1 mg to be delisted 1 December 2017)				
Iny Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 December 2017)				
ny Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2017)				
,				
PRASIDONE		11 56	60	Zuodono
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018			60 60	Zusdone Zusdone
, ,			60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018			60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018		39.74	60	Zusaone
JCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
JCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg		31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections				
LUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE				
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	Fluanxol
UPHENAZINE DECANOATE - Restricted: For continuation onl				
Inj 12.5 mg per 0.5 ml ampoule		17.60	5	Modecate
			5	Modecate
			U	
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2			e a Wodecate
lnj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			5	e.g. Modecate Modecate
▶ Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule ▶ Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ▶ Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	15		5	Modecate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	15 er 2017)		5	J
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	15 er 2017) er 2017)	54.50	5	J
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	15 er 2017) er 2017) eember 2017)	54.50	5	J
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	15 er 2017) er 2017) eember 2017)	54.50	5	0
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19 er 2017) er 2017) eember 2017) ber 2017)	54.50		Modecate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	15 er 2017) er 2017) eember 2017) ber 2017)	54.50 28.39	5	Modecate Haldol
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	15 er 2017) er 2017) eember 2017) ber 2017)	54.50 28.39		Modecate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	1! er 2017) er 2017) sember 2017) ber 2017)	54.50 28.39 55.90	5 5	Modecate Haldol Haldol Concentrate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		54.50 28.39 55.90 30.00	5 5	Modecate Haldol Haldol Concentrate Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		28.39 55.90 80.00 60.00	5 5	Modecate Haldol Haldol Concentrate

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)	D	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents: and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
1	Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 75 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Restricted			3

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents: and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ⇒ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

BISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg vial	.135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	.178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	.217.56	1	Risperdal Consta

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:

		Price . excl. (GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic d 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treat 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treate treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months 	ment using ora d in respite ca				•
Continuation					
Re-assessment required after 12 months The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated v during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an a					
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE	itypicai aritipsy	/CHOUC (aepot	ii ijeciioi	1.
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		19.80		5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					e.g. Clopixol Conc
Anxiolytics					
ALPRAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only					
Tab 1 mg					
→ Tab 250 mcg					
→ Tab 500 mcg					
'Any Tab 1 mg to be delisted 1 September 2017) 'Any Tab 250 mcg to be delisted 1 September 2017)					
(Any Tab 500 mcg to be delisted 1 September 2017)					
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE					
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018		23.80		100	Orion
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018		14.96		100	Orion
CLONAZEPAM					
Tab 500 mcg				100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg		14.37		100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM Tab 2 mg		11 11		500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg				500	Arrow-Diazepam
ORAZEPAM					
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		10.79		250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		13.88		100	Ativan
DXAZEPAM					
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017		6.17		100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017		8.53		100	Ox-Pam
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments					
DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below					
Cap 120 mg		520.00		14	Tecfidera
Cap 240 mg				56	Tecfidera
→ Restricted					
nitiation	ootmant Asses	nom on t	Ca	nittoo /A	ACTAC) Applications
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Tr considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subj out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).					

Gilenya

28

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

■ Cap 0.5 mg......2,650.00

FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the next page

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Prio	се		Brand or
(ex man. e	xcl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms above

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Ini 8 million iu per ml. 1 ml vial

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml

Oral lig 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

Tab 1 mg

Tab 2 mg

■ Tab 3 mg

Cap 2 mg

Cap 3 mg

e.a. Circadin

				Б
		rice		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
		Ψ	1 61	Wallulacturer
→ Restricted				
Initiation				
For in hospital use only. For the treatment of insomnia where benzodia	izepines a	and zopiclon	e are con	traindicated.
MIDAZOLAM				
Tab 7.5 mg		40.00	100	Hypnovel
Oral lig 2 mg per ml				•
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018		4.30	10	Midazolam-Claris
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-16 to 2018		2.50	5	Midazolam-Claris
NITRAZEPAM				
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017		5 22	100	Nitrados
		0.22	100	Miliados
PHENOBARBITONE				
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
TEMAZEPAM				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1.27	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 125 mcg				
→ Tab 250 mcg				
· ·				
ZOPICLONE Table 7.5 man 400 BM Base 45 to 2010		0.00	00	Tandalana Astania
Tab 7.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018			30	Zopiclone Actavis
		8.99	500	Zopiclone Actavis

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 10 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 18 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 25 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 40 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 60 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 80 mg	139.11	28	Strattera
	139.11	28	Strattera
→ Restricted			

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Once-daily dosing; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in worsening of co-morbid substance abuse or there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised stimulant therapy; or
 - 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has been trialled and has been discontinued because of inadequate clinical response; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is considered inappropriate because the patient has a history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizophrenia; and
- 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in combination with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant, except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimulant therapy to atomoxetine.

Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed methylphenidate hydrochloride tablet formulations (immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine sulphate tablets.

30

30

30

Ritalin LA

Ritalin LA

Ritalin LA

			NE	RVOUS SYSTEM
		Price		Brand or
	(ex man	. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
CAF	FEINE			
	Tab 100 mg			
DE)	KAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below			
1	Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018	17.00	100	PSM
	Restricted			
Initi	ation – ADHD			
Pae	diatrician or psychiatrist			
Pati	ent has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed acc	ording to DS	M-IV or IC	CD 10 criteria.
	ation - Narcolepsy			
Neu	rologist or respiratory specialist			
Re-	assessment required after 24 months			
Pati	ent suffers from narcolepsy.			
Cor	ntinuation - Narcolepsy			
Neu	rologist or respiratory specialist			
Re-	assessment required after 24 months			
The	treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.			
MF	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the next	page		
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg		30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg.		30	Concerta
	Tab extended-release 36 mg		30	Concerta
	Tab extended-release 54 mg		30	Concerta
_	Tab immediate-release 5 mg		30	Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 10 mg	3.00	30	Ritalin
	•			Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg		100	Ritalin SR
	ř	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg	15.60	30	Ritalin LA
•	o' """			DI: 11 1 4

Cap modified-release 20 mg20.40

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	5.48	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	10.51	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
■ Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour		30	Exelon

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia: and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BU	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg57.40	28	Suboxone
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg166.00	28	Suboxone

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHI ORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	11.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg	44.30	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 50 mg1	31.00	30	Naltraccord

→ Restricted

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

=				
		Price		Brand or
	(6	x man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
NI	COTINE - Some items restricted see terms below			
	Patch 7 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	10.57	28	Habitrol
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	11.31	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	11.95	28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	12.91	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017		216	Habitrol
t	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	22.26	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	·			Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	25.67	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)
=	Restricted			, ,
Ini	tiation			
An	y of the following:			
	1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instructi	on: or		
	2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or	•		
	3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hos	oital facilities.		
١/٨				
VA	RENICLINE - Restricted see terms below	00.40	0.5	Observation
+	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 14		25	Champix
1	Tab 1 mg	67.74	28	Champix

→ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and

135.48

Champix

- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Chemotherapeutic Agents		Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BUSULFAN Tab 2 mg	Chemotherapeutic Agents			
Tab 2 mg	Alkylating Agents			
CARMUSTINE				
CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial — 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	•	89.25	100	Myleran
The color of the	,			
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg		532.00	1	BiCNU
Tab 50 mg	CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 50 mg	Tab 2 mg			
158.00 100 Procytox Inj 1 g vial -1% DV Oct-15 to 2018				
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Tab 50 mg			
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Ini 1 a viol 19/ DV Oct-15 to 2019			•
IFOSFAMIDE				
Inj 1 g vial			•	
LOMUSTINE		96.00	1	Holoxan
Cap 10 mg	lnj 2 g vial	180.00	1	Holoxan
Cap 40 mg				
MELPHALAN	, ,			
Tab 2 mg	. 3	399.15	20	Ceenu
Inj 50 mg vial				
THIOTEPA				
Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial				
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018				
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE	lnj 100 mg vial			
Inj 15,000 Iu vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D] Inj 0.5 mg vial		150.40	4	DBI Bloomyoin Sulfato
Inj 0.5 mg vial		130.46	1	DBL Bleomychi Sunate
DAUNORUBICIN Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		145 00	1	Cosmegen
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				Coomogon
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		118.72	1	Pfizer
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018				
Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxorubicin hydrochloride. Inj 50 mg vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 50 mg vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	, , ,		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018 23.00 1 Doxorubicin Ebewe Doxorubicin Ebewe Doxorubicin Ebewe EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial 25.00 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 30.00 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml		cın hydrochloride.		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018		23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial 25.00 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 30.00 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial 25.00 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 30.00 1 Epirubicin Ebewe Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018 32.50 1 Epirubicin Ebewe	EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 201832.50				
			1	Epirubicin Ebewe Epirubicin Ebewe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	125.00	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	250.00	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	204.08	1	Arrow
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE		
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201911.15	60	Brinov
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	120	Brinov
CLADRIBINE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial5,249.72	7	Leustatin
CYTARABINE		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial55.00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial17.65	1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	20	Fludara Oral
Ini 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	5	Fludarabine Ebewe

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FLUOROURACIL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	10.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	17.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018	30.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	8.36	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg	40.41	25	Puri-nethol
· ·		25	i dii ilculoi
METHOTREXATE	0.40		
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	21.00	50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	44.04		Mathatasaata Oasalaa
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30.00	5	DBL Methotrexate
Ini DE ma nor mi 00 mi vial 19/ DV Oct 16 to 2010	45.00	4	Onco-Vial DBL Methotrexate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	45.00	1	Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
		,	mountain chaire Locke
THIOGUANINE			
Tab 40 mg			

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Limited to 15 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.

Price	!		Brand or
(ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and
- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE]

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

Inj 10,000 iu vial	1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE		
Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201958.06	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE		
Cap 50 mg340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Apr-16 to 20187.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)		
Inj 100 mg vial40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA		
Cap 500 mg31.76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 201817.80	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 10 mg6,207.00	21	Revlimid
■ Cap 25 mg	21	Revlimid
→ Pastricted		

Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 Both:

- 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
- 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade ≥ 3), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication (refer to Interpretations and Definitions). A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

Can 50 mg

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 30 mg		430.00	50	Natulati
TEMOZOLOMIDE - Restric	cted see terms below			
Cap 5 mg − 1% DV Feb)-17 to 2019	10.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 20 mg − 1% DV Fe	b-17 to 2019	18.30	5	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 100 mg − 1% DV F	eb-17 to 2019	40.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
Cap 250 mg − 1% DV F	eb-17 to 2019	96.80	5	Orion Temozolomide

100 00

Matulan

→ Restricted

Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THAI IDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 50 mg	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg	28	Thalomid

→ Restricted Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma: or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication

TRETINOIN

Cap 10 mg.......479.50 100 Vesanoid

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Platinum Compounds			
CARBOPLATIN			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	15.07	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	DBL Carboplatin
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018	12 29	1	DBL Cisplatin
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-15 to 2018		i	DBL Cisplatin
		•	DDE Giopiatiii
OXALIPLATIN	10.00		Oxaliccord
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018		1	Oxaliccord
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	16.00	ı	Oxaliccord
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors			
DASATINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 20 mg	3 774 06	60	Sprycel
■ Tab 50 mg	·	60	Sprycel
■ Tab 70 mg	·	60	Sprycel
↓ Tab 100 mg	*	30	Sprycel
→ Restricted	-,		- 1 7
Initiation			
For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator.			
ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 100 mg	764.00	30	Tarceva
■ Tab 150 mg		30	Tarceva
→ Restricted	,		
Initiation			
Re-accessment required after A months			

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 250 mg1,700.00 30 Iressa

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
 - - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

↓ Tab 100 mg2,400.00 Glivec

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 400 mg597.8	30	Imatinib-AFT
LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 250 mg	00 70	Tykerb

→ Restricted Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

technology); and

- 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NII OTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg6,532.00	120	Tasigna
\Rightarrow	Restricted		

Initiation

minanon

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines: and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	1,334.70	30	Votrient
	Tab 400 mg			
	Destal and			

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
- 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
- 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of ≤ 70; and
 - 5.6 ≥ 2 sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
 - 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg2,315.38	28	Sutent
	Cap 25 mg4,630.77		Sutent
t	Cap 50 mg		Sutent

→ Restricted

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of \leq 70, and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

5.6 ≥ 2 sites of organ metastasis; and

6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of ≥ 10% or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of ≥ 15% on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of ≥ 10% and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

DOCETAXEL		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	0 1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-14 to 201729.99	9 1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL		
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201745.00	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201719.02		Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201726.69	9 1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201773.06	6 1	Paclitaxel Ebewe

	Price ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			a.a.a.a.a.a
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg	104.26	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.05	_	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	7.33	1	Calcium Folinate
			Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	67.51	1	Calcium Folinate
, ,			Ebewe
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		50	Uromitexan Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		50 15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		15	Uromitexan
, , ,			
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	186.46	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	85.61	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		1	Navelbine Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	40.00	ı	ivaveidine
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg	4,276.19	120	Zytiga
→ Restricted			-

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases: and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
- 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BICALUTAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 4.90	28	Bicalaccord
FLUTAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg55.00	100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE		
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-15 to 201854.30	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201713.50	5	DBL
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201722.40	5	DBL
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201789.40	5	DBL
Inj 10 mg vial	1	Sandostatin LAR
■ Inj 20 mg vial	1	Sandostatin LAR
■ Inj 30 mg vial	1	Sandostatin LAR
- Destricted		

→ Restricted

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months

(ех п	Price nan. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued reatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where the GF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks. Initiation – Other indications Any of the following:			
VIPomas and glucagonomas - for patients who are seriously ill in ord surgery; or Both:	er to improve t	heir clinica	al state prior to definitive
2.1 Gastrinoma; and 2.2 Either: 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or p	roton numn in	hihitore) h	nave failed: or
3 Both:	iotori purip iri	TIIDIIOIS) TI	lave lalleu, oi
3.1 Insulinomas; and			
3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or			
 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance there 5 Both: 	apy; or		
5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or ur 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therap	•	nalysis); a	nd
lote: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide	,		
AMOXIFEN CITRATE			
Tab 10 mg		100	Genox
Tab 20 mg		30	Genox
	8.75	100	Genox
Aromatase Inhibitors			
NASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg	26.55	30	Aremed
			DP-Anastrozole
XEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2017	14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane
ETROZOLE Tob 0.5 mg 19/ DV Jan 16 to 2019	0.05	20	Latuala
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018	2.90	30	Letrole
Imaging Agents			
MINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
INVINOLE VOLINIC ACID IT DROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below I Powder for oral solo, 30 mg per ml. 1.5 g vial	4 400 00	1	Gliolan

Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial4,400.00 Gliolan 1 44,000.00 10 Gliolan

→ Restricted

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml	198.13	50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 0.5 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018	85.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 1 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018	171.20	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 5 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018	428.00	50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

→ Restricted

Т

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - Steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome*

Any specialist

Fither:

- 1 The patient is a child with steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome* (SRNS) where ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is an adult with SRNS; and
 - 2.2 Ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; and
 - 2.3 Cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate have been trialled and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response, or these treatments are contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Fusion Proteins

ΕI	ANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below
t	Inj 25 mg vial

1	Inj 25 mg vial799.96	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg syringe		Enbrel

→ Restricted

Initiation - iuvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab

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continued...

for JIA: or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Fither:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold: or
- 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroillitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by

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continued...

the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and

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scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and

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- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below	1

→ Restricted Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 10 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe	2	Humira
_	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	2	HumiraPen
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	2	Humira

(Humira Inj 10 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 August 2017)

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
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continued...

- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
- 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Fither:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or

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- 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
- 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Fither:

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- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

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Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or

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2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Fither:

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- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment: and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and

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2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and

2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial

Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg − 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020806.00
1 Remicade

→ Restricted

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept: and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically

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significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and

3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

4 The

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has failed to achieve control of severe vision-threatening ocular inflammation following high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids; or
 - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

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Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Patient has tried at least two other immunomodulatory agents.

Continuation - ocular inflammation

Both:

- 1 Patient had a good clinical response to initial treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal of infliximab has been trialled and patient has relapsed after trial withdrawal; or
 - 2.2 Patient has Behcet's disease.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

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Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is ≥ 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is ≥ 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids: and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by ≥ 2 points from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by ≥ 30 points from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Fither:

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- 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and

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- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* $\geq 1.5 \times 10^9$ /L and platelets $\geq 75 \times 10^9$ /L

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 150 mg vial500.00
1 Xolair

→ Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and
- 3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and

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- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

BANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10 mg per ml. 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Age-related macular degeneration; or
 - 1.2 Chorodial neovascular membrane; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has had a severe ophthalmic inflammatory response following bevacizumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has had a myocardial infarction or stroke within the last three months; or
 - 2.3 The patient has failed to respond to bevacizumab following three intraocular injections; or
 - 2.4 The patient is of child-bearing potential and has not completed a family.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 Documented benefit after three doses must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 In the case of but previous non-response to bevacizumab, a retrial of bevacizumab is required to confirm non-response before continuing with ranibizumab.

RITLIXIMAR - Restricted see terms below

	TOTALIN B TIOOTION OOD TOTALING BOTON		
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075.50	2	Mabthera
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30	1	Mabthera

⇒ Restricted

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

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Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

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Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient has good renal function (creatinine clearance ≥ 30 ml/min); and
- 6 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 7 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 8 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration).

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
- 2 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 36 months or more; and
- 3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration); and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and

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- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroguine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

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- 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

R∩th:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*: and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of ≤ 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

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Initiation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*: and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of

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4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant*. Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*: and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

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Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist
Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are Unapproved indications.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2018	1	Sylvant

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

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Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 All of the following:

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.3 Fither:
 - 1.3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 1.3.2 Both:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 1.3.2.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 1.3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 2.3 Fither:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Either
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 2.5 Fither:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

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Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis: and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:

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- 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
- 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Fither:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1331 trial; and
- 2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

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\$ Per Manufacturer

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Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation – metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
- 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

NIVOLLIMAR	- Restricted see terms below	

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1	Opdivo
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,629.96	1	Opdivo

→ Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 4 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles); and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

most recent treatment period; and

- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 50 mg vial2,340.00
1 Keytruda

→ Restricted

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 4 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles); and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of Pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
- 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

ATGAM ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial **AZATHIOPRINE** 60 Azamun 100 **Imuran** 100 Azamun **Imuran** 1 **Imuran** (Azamun Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 July 2017) (Azamun Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 July 2017)

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG)	- Restricted see terms below
Ini 2.9 v 10°9 CELLviol	

EVEDOLIMIC Protricted and towns on the most room

Inj 2-8 × 10 ⁸ CFU vial149.37	1	OncoTICE
⇒ Restricted		

→ Restricted

Initiation

For use in bladder cancer.

L V	Enoclimos – nestricted see terris on the next page		
t	Tab 5 mg	30	Afinitor
t	Tab 10 mg6,512.29	30	Afinitor

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg25.00	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral lig 1 g per 5 ml	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial	4	CellCept

PICIBANII

Inj 100 mg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg749.99	100	Rapamune
t	Tab 2 mg1,499.99	100	Rapamune
1	Oral liq 1 mg per ml	60 ml	Rapamune

→ Restricted

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- . HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy: or
- Significant malignant disease

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

1

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive: and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy Prophylactics

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	5.26	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	6.00	200 dose	Alanase

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
UDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose		200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	6.00	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
LUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.18	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			, morgy
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	3.95	15 ml	Univent
ODIUM CROMOGLYCATE			
Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
ETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	2.99	200 ml	Histaclear
HLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE			
Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
YPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 4 mg			
EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Lorafix
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	2.15	120 ml	Lorfast
ROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.78	50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018		50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	2.59	100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	15.54	5	Hospira
RIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
Anticholinergic Agents			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose	6+0.0010 0.05	20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-1 Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-1		20	Univent
<u>.</u>		20	Onivent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor	Agonists		
ALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per			
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5	5 ml		
ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

→ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of bronchospasm and dyspnoea associated with COPD; and
- 2 In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a short acting bronchodilator dose of at least 40 μg ipratropium q.i.d for one month; and
- 3 Either:

the patient's breathlessness according to the Medical Research Council (UK) dyspnoea scale is:

- 3.1 Grade 3 (stops for breath after walking about 100 meters or after a few minutes on the level); or
- 3.2 Grade 4 (too breathless to leave the house, or breathless when dressing or undressing); and
- 4 Actual FEV₁ as a % of predicted, must be below 60%; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only); or
 - 5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking cessation counselling; and
- 6 The patient has been offered annual influenza immunization.

UMECLIDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 30 dose Ultibro Breezhaler

	Price (ex man. excl. G	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL – Restricted see terr 1 Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg		page 60 dose	Spiolto Respimat
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL – Restricted see terms on the Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg		30 dose	Anoro Ellipta

Antifibrotics

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis as confirmed by histology, CT or biopsy; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 80% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL

Oral liq 400 mcg per ml2.06	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.00		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20183.19	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 20183.29	20	Asthalin

TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE

Oral lig 1 mg per ml

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml

Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

	Price			Brand or
(ex man	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1% Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE		
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
9.30		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
15.50		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose 22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

FLUTICASONE

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.50	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	8.67	60 dose	Floair Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose	13.60	120 dose	Flixotide Floair
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	27.20	120 dose	Flixotide Floair
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	24.51	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler

Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists

MONTELUKAST - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 4 mg − 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	5.25	28	Apo-Montelukast
↓ Tab 5 mg − 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	5.50	28	Apo-Montelukast
↓ Tab 10 mg − 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		28	Apo-Montelukast
- Destricted			-

→ Restricted

Initiation - Pre-school wheeze

Both:

- 1 To be used for the treatment of intermittent severe wheezing (possibly viral) in children under 5 years; and
- 2 The patient has had at least three episodes in the previous 12 months of acute wheeze severe enough to seek medical attention.

Initiation - Exercise-induced asthma

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been trialed with maximal asthma therapy, including inhaled corticosteroids and long-acting beta-adrenoceptor agonists; and
- 2 Patient continues to receive optimal inhaled corticosteroid therapy; and
- 3 Patient continues to experience frequent episodes of exercise-induced bronchoconstriction.

Initiation - Aspirin desensitisation

Clinical immunologist or allergist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is undergoing aspirin desensitisation therapy under the supervision of a clinical immunologist or allergist; and
- 2 Patient has moderate to severe aspirin-exacerbated respiratory disease or Samter's triad; and
- 3 Nasal polyposis, confirmed radiologically or surgically; and
- 4 Documented aspirin or NSAID allergy confirmed by aspirin challenge or a clinical history of severe reaction to aspirin or NSAID where challenge would be considered dangerous.

Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

FFORMOTEROL FUMARATE

Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose

INDACATEROL

SA

Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
ALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	26.46	120 dose	Meterol
	25.00		Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler

Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg

Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg44	1.08 30 dos	se Breo Ellipta
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL		
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg37	'.48 120 do	se RexAir
33	3.74	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg33	3.74 60 dos	se Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	9.69 120 do	se RexAir
44.	1.08	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg 44	. 08 60 dos	se Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Methylxanthines			
AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 CAFFEINE CITRATE	118.25	5	DBL Aminophylline
Oral lig 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)	14.85	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule	55.75	5	Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml			

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

¶ Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule......250.00
 6 Pulmozyme

→ Restricted

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

1 Patient is an in-patient; and

2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

1 Patient is an in-patient; and

2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT		
Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial550.00	1	Survanta
PORACTANT ALFA		
Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial695.00	1	Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019		2.48	4 g	Chlorsig
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		0.98	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3%				
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%				
FUSIDIC ACID Eye drops 1%		4.50	5 g	Fucithalmic
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%		.11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%				
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		10 45	3.5 g	Tobrex
Eye drops 0.3% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017			5 ml	Tobrex
Antifungals				
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%				
Antivirals				
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		.14.92	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations				
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE	. 15			
Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone -1% DV Mar to 2017		. 16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicid 50 mcg per ml	lin			
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN	B SULP	HATE		
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulph 6,000 u per g - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5.39	3.5 g	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 6,000 u per ml - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		4.50	5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3% - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017			5 ml	Tobradex

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%				
FRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN A Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 gramicidin 250 mcg per g	mg and		7.5 ml	Kenacomb
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations				
Corticosteroids				
DEXAMETHASONE Eye oint 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017			3.5 g 5 ml	Maxidex Maxidex
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018 PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12%		3.09	5 ml	FML
Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE		3.93	10 ml	Prednisolone- AFT
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)		.38.50	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs				
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%		.13.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics				
Antiallergic Preparations				
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE				
Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		8.71	10 ml	Lomide
Eye drops 0.1%SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE Eye drops 2%		.17.00	5 ml	Patanol
Decongestants				
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations

Diagnostic Dyes

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM

Eye drops 2%, single dose

Ophthalmic strips 1 mg

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose

LISSAMINE GREEN

Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg

ROSE BENGAL SODIUM

Ophthalmic strips 1%

Irrigation Solutions

MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle –

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

500 ml

Balanced Salt Solution

Ocular Anaesthetics

OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.4%, single dose

PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose

Eye drops 1%, single dose

Viscoelastic Substances

HYPROMELLOSE

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe

Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]

Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201950.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201950.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201960.00	1	Healon 5
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1	Healon

JM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULF j 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml	n. excl. GST \$		Generic
j 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml		Per	Manufacturer
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml	PHATE		
syringe	64.00	1	Duovisc
j 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syringe	04.00		Duovioo
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml			
syringe - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 j 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe	74.00	1	Duovisc
- 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	67.00	1	Viscoat
er			
DIUM EDETATE			
j 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
j 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
j 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial FLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE			
oln trans epithelial riboflavin			
j 0.1%			
j 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
ucoma Preparations			
a Blockers			
XOLOL			
ye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 ye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
BUNOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE	7.50	5 1111	Betoptic
ye drops 0.5%	7.00	5 ml	Betagan
LOL		- ****	
ye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1.45	5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
ye drops 0.25%, gel forming - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		2.5 ml	Timoptol XE
ye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017ye drops 0.5%, gel forming – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE

ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - 1% DV S

BRINZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 1%

DORZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 2%

DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL

Miotics

ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE

Inj 20 mg vial with diluent

	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 4% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	7.99	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2018LATANOPROST	3.65	3 ml	Bimatoprost Actavis
Eye drops 0.005% - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018	1.50	2.5 ml	Hysite
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	4.32	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	17.36	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER			

30

Poly Gel



(ex ma	Price In. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE				
Eye drops 0.5%				
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%				
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
HYPROMELLOSE				
Eye drops 0.5%	3.9	2	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN		_	10 1111	Motriopt
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	2.3	0	15 ml	Poly-Tears
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	0	•		,
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL				
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single dose	4.3	0	24	Systane Unit Dose
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN				•
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%				
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT				
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3% - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	3.6	3	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL				
Eye drops 1.4% - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	2.6	2	15 ml	Vistil
Eye drops 3% - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	3.6	8	15 ml	Vistil Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE				
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose				
RETINOL PALMITATE				
Oint 138 mcg per g	3.8	0	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]				
Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.0	0	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM

Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......78.34 10 DBL Acetylcysteine

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2018......85.05 5 Anexate

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Ini 20%. 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Ini 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial



	Р	rice			Brand or
(ex	x man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CH	1 /	п	^	\sim	٨	
UγΓ	72	۱Ħ	1	u	н	

Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade
▼ Tab 250 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
▼ Tab 500 mg dispersible	1,105.00	28	Exiade

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERBIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018	10	Desferal
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DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

DIMERCAPROL

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	I) Per	Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
			Healthcare,
			Chemet
Cap 200 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
			Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			Chemet
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%	1.86	50 ml	healthE
Soln 5%		500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	2.65	1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	3.54	1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1 1	healthE healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL		•	Houring
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	g 30	1	healthE
		'	noanne
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
•		1	Healuic
POVIDONE-IODINE Vaginal tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted			
Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%	3.27	25 g	Betadine
Soln 10%	6.20	500 ml	Betadine
	2.95	100 ml	Riodine
• • • • •	6.20	500 ml	Riodine
Soln 5%			
Soln 7.5% Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%	10.00	500 ml	Betadine Skin Prep
Soln 10% with ethanol 70%	10.00	J00 IIII	Detaunie Okin i Tep
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE			
Soln			
			

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml			
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle	80.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	230.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			
to 2017	220.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			
to 2017	430.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			
to 2017	220.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			
to 2017	430.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14	050.00	40	Walaaaaa
to 2017	850.00	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			
to 2017	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	E7.00	10	Omninamia
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle – 5% DV Sep-14	57.00	10	Omnipaque
to 2017	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14	7 3.00	10	Ommpaque
to 2017	150.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle – 5% DV Sep-14	100.00	10	opaqao
to 2017	59.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			• •
to 2017	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			
to 2017	114.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			
to 2017	150.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle – 5% DV Sep-14	000.00	10	0
to 2017	290.00	10	Omnipaque

	Brand or Generic Manufacturer		
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag		12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g,	4 g		
sachet	102.93	50	E-Z-Gas II
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	g		
sachet			e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID	004.74	40	Multilanaaa
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled			
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	170.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe	320.00	10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	24.50	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	12.30	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille			
syringe	300.00	1	Primovist

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)) Per	Generic Manufacturer
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE	05.00		
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		5 10	Magnevist Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE		10	Magnevist
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	180.00 720.00	1 4	Definity Definity
Diagnostic Agents	720.00	•	Dominey
ARGININE Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle			
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE			
Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial			
Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial			
MANNITOL			
Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial			
TUBERCULIN, PURIFIED PROTEIN DERIVATIVE Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN			
Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule PATENT BLUE V			
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. (GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle	6.20	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.05%, bottle	7.37	500 ml	Baxter
	7.83	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.1%, bottle	8.71	100 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle			
Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule			
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, bottle	4.17		Baxter
	6.04	100 ml	Baxter
	9.55	500 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.05% with cetrimide 0.5%, bottle		100 ml	Baxter
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12.14	500 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.1% with cetrimide 1%, bottle	10.00	100 ml	Baxter
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, bottle			Baxter
	22.70	3,000 ml	Baxter
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle		100 ml	Baxter
	6.19	500 ml	Baxter
	6.59	1,000 ml	Baxter
	15.11	2,000 ml	Baxter
Irrigation caln 0.0% 20 ml ampaula	19.26	3,000 ml 30	Baxter Pfizer
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule	19.50	30	FIIZEI
WATER			
Irrigation soln, bottle		100 ml	Baxter
	5.94	500 ml	Baxter
	6.58	1,000 ml	Baxter
	16.47 29.21	2,000 ml 3,000 ml	Baxter Baxter
	29.21	3,000 MI	Daxiel

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml baq

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia
Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml $\,$

ampoule

DITHRANOL Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

		Price		Brand or	
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN					
Suspension		.32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF	
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE					
Suspension		.32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet	
GLYCEROL					
Liq		.19.80	2,000 ml	ABM	
HYDROCORTISONE					
Powder - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017		.59.50	25 g	ABM	
LACTOSE					
Powder					
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE					
Paste					
MENTHOL Crystole					
Crystals					
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder					
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE					
Powder					
METHYLCELLULOSE					
Powder					
Suspension		.32.50	473 ml	Ora-Plus	
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARII	١				
Suspension		.32.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF	
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE					
Suspension		.32.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend	
OLIVE OIL					
Liq					
PARAFFIN					
Liq					
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM					
Powder					
PHENOL Liq					
PILOCARPINE NITRATE					
Powder					
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE					
Liq					
POVIDONE K30					
Powder					
PROPYLENE GLYCOL					
Liq		.12.00	500 ml	ABM	
SALICYLIC ACID					
Powder					
SILVER NITRATE					
Crystals					
SODIUM BICARBONATE					
Powder BP					

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder DIUM ME Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

Liq (pharmaceutical grade)......21.75 2,000 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1% ZINC OXIDE

Powder



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak: or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

1 Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

1 Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.a. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liq

Protein

→ Restricted

Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g can

e.g. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

₱ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children: or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth; or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

- e.g. FM 85
- e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier
- e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer
- e.g. Super Soluble
 Duocal



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up; Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

100 g, 400 g can

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XLYS Low TRY

Maxamaid

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.a. HCU Anamix Infant
- e.a. XMET Maxamaid
- e.g. XMET Maxamum
- e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. IVA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
- e.g. XLEU Maxamum

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant

Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. MSUD Maxamum

Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior I Q



		(ex man.	rice excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand Gene Manu	
Phe	nylketonuria Products						
t Ta	D ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted to 8.33 mg		s on p	age 2	12	e.g.	Phlexy-10
	owder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 3 sachet owder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre	-				e.g.	PKU Anamix Junior
	100 g, 400 g can bwder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	, bo.				-	PKU Anamix Infant XP Maxamaid
t Po	owder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can owder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet					e.g.	XP Maxamum Phlexy-10
	quid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle quid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml,					Ū	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
t Lie	125 ml bottle quid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per		40.40		405 1	Ū	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
	100 ml, bottle	1	13.10		125 ml		Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) Anamix Junior LQ
						PKU	(Orange) Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured)
1 Lio	quid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 1 bottle	25 ml				e.g.	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
1 Lio	quid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle					e.g.	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
1 Lio	quid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 12 bottle	5 ml				e.g.	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
	quid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62 bottle					Ū	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
T Lio	quid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 carton) ml				e.g.	Easiphen
Proj	pionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia	Produc	ts				
AMINO	O ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, TH	REONINE	AND	VALI	NE) – R e	strict	ed see terms on
	owder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre 100 g, 400 g can	e per				e.g.	MMA/PA Anamix Infant
	owder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can owder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can					-	XMTVI Maxamaid XMTVI Maxamum
Prof	tein Free Supplements						
	EIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 212 owder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g c	an				e.g.l	Energivit

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Tyrosinaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 212

- Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet
 - Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.g. TYR Anamix Junior
- e.g. TYR Anamix Infant
- e.g. XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid
- e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

Urea Cycle Disorders Products

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 212

- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can
- 1 Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

- e.g. Dialamine
- e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix

X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 212

1 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 212

1 Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

- - bottle....

Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag 1,000 ml Glucerna Select RTH (Vanilla)

e.g. Nutrison Advanced
Diason

		rice		Brand or
	-	excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous	ous page			
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre per				
100 ml, can		2.10	237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 250 bottle		1.88	250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre per 100 ml, can		2.10	237 ml	Resource Diabetic
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per				(Vanilla)
100 ml, 200 ml bottle				e.g. Diasip
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products				
 → Restricted Initiation Any of the following: Malabsorption; or Short bowel syndrome; or Enterocutaneous fistulas; or Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or Inflammatory bowel disease; or Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. AMINO ACID ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet 		4 50	80 g	Vivonex TEN
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250	e	1.00	00 g	
carton PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml,	s above			e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
1,000 ml bag				e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ter Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g	bottle		1,000 ml	Vital
400 g can	,			e.g. Peptamen Junior
Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 40 can	00 g			e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT
Powder 15.8 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate and 4.65 g fat per 76 g			76 g	Pepdite 1+ Alitraq ntember 2017)
(Alitraq Powder 15.8 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate and 4.65 g fat per 7	Ū	פנ נט 100 (ielisted i 5e	ptember 2017)
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms ab Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carl		4.95	237 ml	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Fat Modified Products

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

Fowder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

Hepatic Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.

HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

Powder 11 g protein, 64 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can78.97 400 g Heparon Junior

High Calorie Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Any of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis: or
 - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
- 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.50
 Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per

ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

High Protein Products

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the next page

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus

_			
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

Infant Formulas

AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

t	Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml,	
	400 g can	e.g. Neocate

Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00

e.g. Neocate LCP
Neocate Gold
(Inflavoured)

(Unflavoured)

Powder 14 g protein, 50 g carbohydrate and 24.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g

can

e.g. Neocate Advance
Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can43.60
Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, can53.00

e.g. Neocate Advance
400 g
Neocate Advance

(Vanilla)

Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can........53.00

400 g

Neocate Advance
(Vanilla)

(Unflavoured)
Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00 400 g Elecare (Unflavoured)

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

continued...

Elecare (Vanilla)

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

• Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g,

450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Sov milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption: or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea: or
- 5 Biliary atresia: or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure; or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate lo E mediated allergic reaction.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.g. Galactomin 19

LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can

e.g. S26 Lactose Free

LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.a. Locasol

PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the next page

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per 100 ml. 100 ml bottle

e.g. Infatrini

\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
 - 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

t	Powder 1.9 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 14 g, can 15.25	400 g	S-26 Gold Premgro
1	Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle0.75	100 ml	S26 LBW Gold RTF

- Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml
- Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

→ Restricted

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

Ketogenic Diet Products

HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Powder 14.4	g protein, 2.	.9 g carbol	nydrate and	69.2 g fa	t per 100 g.	, can35.50	300 g	Ketocal
---	-------------	---------------	-------------	-------------	-----------	--------------	------------	-------	---------

4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 g, can35.50 300 a Ketocal

3:1 (Unflavoured)

→ Restricted

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or
 - 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child: or
 - 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or
 - 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or
 - 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days.

PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

1 Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g, can28.00 850 g Pediasure (Vanilla)

Price (ex man. excl. GS'	Γ)	Brand or Generic
<u> </u>	Per	Manufacturer
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous p Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per	age	
100 ml, bag4.00	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag2.68 Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,	500 ml	Pediasure RTH
500 ml bag PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous pa	ge	e.g. Nutrini RTH
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per		Nutrini Enorgy Multi
100 ml, bag	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag		e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle1.07	200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can	250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortini
Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products		
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre		
per 100 ml, bottle	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms below		
Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can		e.g. Kindergen
⇒ Restricted		3
Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.		
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML		
Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, carton2.67	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted Initiation		

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

SPECIAL FOODS

SPECIAL FOODS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, ca		237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
 Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 25 bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 12 			, ,
carton → Restricted Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.			e.g. Renilon 7.5
·			
Respiratory Products			
LOW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ↓ Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 m → Restricted Initiation For patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value exc	I, bottle 1.66	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
Surgical Products			
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre produced in the company of	er	178 ml	Impact Advanced
→ Restricted Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, hea PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricte Oral lig 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 20	d see terms below		Recovery
bottle Restricted Initiation Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (E	6.80	4 3 hours bef	preOp ore major abdominal
surgery.			-

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from

_			or EGIAET GODO
	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
co	ntinued		
	causes such as catabolism; or		
	4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or		
	5 For patients being tube-fed; or		
	6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or		
	7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.		
E١	ITERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t	Liquid 5.4 g protien, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml,		
	1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Isosource Standard
٠	Limit On anythin 40.0 a contribute to and 5.0 a februar 400 ml has	4 0001	RTH
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag7.00	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		Notice Francis
	100 ml, 1,000 ml bag		e.g. Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	250 ml	Ensure Plus HN
t	Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bag7.00	1,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN RTH
t	Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per	,	
	100 ml, bag7.00	1,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
ΕN	ITERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		,
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.29	1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per	,	
	100 ml, bottle	1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,		•
	1,000 ml bag		e.g. NutrisonStdRTH;
			NutrisonLowSodium
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		
•	100 ml, 1000 ml bag		e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
ΕV	ITERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		c.g. Wathsoft Wall I lore
	Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per		
•	100 ml, 1,000 ml bag		e.g. Jevity Plus RTH
ΕV	• • •	.000	c.g. bevily rids riffr
t	ITERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous p Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	aye	
•	100 ml, bag5.29	1,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete
	100 III, bag	1,000 1111	Multi Fibre
OF	RAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the previous page		Mata Fibro
t	Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
		•	Ensure (Vanilla)
t	Powder 16 g protein, 59.8 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
			Ensure (Vanilla)
ţ	Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 g, can 3.67	350 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can14.90	840 g	Sustagen Hospital
			Formula (Chanalata)
			(Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital
			Formula (Vanilla)
	Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject to both Spec	ial Authority	
	manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patie		

Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject to both Special Authority criteria and a manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patients meeting the following endorsement criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.

(Ensure (Chocolate) Powder 16 g protein, 59.8 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 August 2017) (Ensure (Vanilla) Powder 16 g protein, 59.8 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 August 2017)



	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OR	AL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 222		
t	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
	237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
OF	AL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 222		
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.33	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,		
	carton	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest)
•	L'and Annual de and OO For and declarate and OO at Louis		Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
ı	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice
•	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophilus

influenzae type B vaccine vial – 1% DV Jul-14 to 20170.00 10 Infanrix-hexa

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or
- 2 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

→ Restricted

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

1 Boostrix 10 Boostrix

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational weeks 28 and 38; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens.

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

		VACCINES
Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see term	ns below	
Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	1	Menactra
Initiation		
Any of the following:		
 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splened complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre- One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*. 		
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose	e three ye	ars after the primary series
and then five yearly.		
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a per	iod of grea	ater than 28 days.
MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Jul-14 to 20170.00	1 10	Neisvac-C Neisvac-C
→ Restricted	10	110.0140 0
Initiation		
Any of the following:		
 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splened complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre- One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or 		
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*.		
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose and then five yearly.	e three yea	ars after the primary series
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a per	iod of grea	ater than 28 days.
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below		
I Inj 30.8 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 0.00	1	Prevenar 13
⇒ Restricted	10	Prevenar 13
Initiation		
Any of the following:		
1 A primary course of up to four doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the	ne age of 5	59 months inclusive; or
2. Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of immunisation for	•	·

- 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of immunisation for individuals under the age of 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV10; or
- 3 One dose is funded for high risk children (over the age of 17 months and up to the age of 18) who have previously received four doses of PCV10: or
- 4 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or postsolid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, primary immunodeficiency: or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Ini 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal Pneumovax 23



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic S Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses (as appropriate) for patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency; or
- 2 Up to two doses are funded for high risk children to the age of 18: or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; and
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; and
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

Inj 5 mcg in 0.5 ml vial − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017

0.00 1 **HBvaxPRO**

Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For transplant patients; or
- 9 following needle stick injury.

→ Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or

			VACCINES
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who ar and require additional vaccination; or 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For transplant patients; or 9 following needle stick injury. 	. 0, 1		hieved a positive serology
Inj 40 mcg per 1 ml vial − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017			
→ Restricted Initiation Both: 1 For dialysis patients; and 2 For liver or kidney transplant patient.	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16 AND 18) VACCINE [HPV] — Res Inj 120 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe — 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017(Gardasil Inj 120 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe to be delisted 1 October 2017) → Restricted Initiation — people aged 9 to 26 years Therapy limited to 3 doses		below 10	Gardasil
Up to three doses for people aged 9 to 26 years inclusive. Initiation – post chemotherapy Therapy limited to 4 doses Up to 4 doses for people aged 9 to 26 years inclusive, post chemotherapy	oy.		
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VAC			
Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 0% DV Jun-17 to 2020 Restricted Initiation − Children aged 14 years and under Therapy limited to 2 doses Children aged 14 years and under. Initiation − other conditions Either:	0.00	10	Gardasil 9
1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or 2 Both: 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and 2.2 Any of the following: 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) poly.	atients; or		
INFLUENZA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 45 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe Restricted Initiation - People over 65 The potient is 65 years of age or ever	90.00	10	Influvac

continued...

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Longenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency: or
 - 1.6 HIV; or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital; or
- 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board).

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1000 TCID50 measles, 12500 TCID50 mumps and

→ Restricted

Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued

Initiation - first dose after 12 months

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017

0.00 1 **IPOL**

→ Restricted

Initiation

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

RABIES VACCINE

Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent

ROTAVIRUS LIVE REASSORTANT ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

¶ Oral susp G1, G2, G3, G4, P1(8) 11.5 million CCID50 units per 2 ml.

tube - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017

0.00 10 RotaTeg

→ Restricted

Initiation

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 15 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 8 months or over.

VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKEN POX VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2,000 PFU vial with diluent − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017

0.00 1 Varilrix

→ Restricted

Initiation

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients.; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or



 Price	•	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals, including some wound care products and disposable laparoscopic equipment, are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER	cis listed iii i ait	ιιι αρριγ το τι	ioni.
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strip	os20.00	1	Caresens II Caresens N
Malan	40.00		Caresens N POP
Meter		1	Accu-Chek Performa
	9.00		FreeStyle Lite
DI COD CI LICOCE DIA CNICCTIC TECT CTDID			On Call Advanced
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP	00.75	FO 44	Acces Chale Dayfayya
Blood glucose test strips		50 test	Accu-Chek Performa CareSens
	10.56		CareSens N
	21.65		FreeStyle Lite
	28.75		Freestyle Optium
Dland always test string w EO and langets w E		EO toot	On Call Advanced
Blood glucose test strips × 50 and lancets × 5	19.10	50 test	On Gall Advanced
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
Meter	40.00	1	Freestyle Optium Neo
INSULIN PEN NEEDLES			
29 g × 12.7 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 $g \times 5$ mm	11.75	100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g \times 6 mm	10.50	100	ABM
31 g × 8 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
32 g \times 4 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE			
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.5 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
KETONE BLOOD BETA-KETONE ELECTRODES			
Test strips	15.50	10 strip	Freestyle Optium Ketone
		10 outp	r roody to option rectorio
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE Small	0.00		a ahamban Maali
	2.20	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER			
Low Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
			Range
Normal Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE			
Cassette - 1% DV Sep-15 to 2017	17.60	40 test	EasyCheck
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Test strip	6.00	50 strip	Accu-Chek Ketur-Test
		30 on p	Onon notal 1000

OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SPACER DEVICE			
220 ml (single patient)	2.95	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)	5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	6.50	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -	Agents Affecting the	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid7
8-methoxypsoralen58	Renin-Angiotensin System 42	Amphotericin B
- A -	Agents for Parkinsonism and Related	Alimentary2
A-Scabies55	Disorders 109	Infections8
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Abiraterone acetate146	Alendronate sodium99	Analgesics11
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	·	
glycerol and ricinoleic acid60	Alpha Adrangentor Plackers 43	Dermatological5
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Acetylcysteine199	Alteriase	Antiallergy Preparations
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Adrenaline51	hydrochloride148	Antipruritic Preparations5
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Any	Apo-Pyridoxine		Preparations	
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95–96	Aremed		Atomoxetine	
Musculoskeletal 99, 104,	Arginine	170	Atorvastatin	
106–108	Alimentary	21	Atovaquone with proguanil	4
	Various		hydrochloride	0
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•	Argipressin [Vasopressin]			
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Apo-Cilazapril/	Arrow-Morphine LA	115	Azactam	8
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Apo-Clarithromycin77	Arrow-Ornidazole	86	Azathioprine	18
Apo-Clomipramine116	Arrow-Quinapril 10		Azithromycin	7
Apo-Diclo SR107	Arrow-Quinapril 20		Azol	6
Apo-Diltiazem CD47	Arrow-Quinapril 5	42	AZT	8
Apo-Doxazosin43	Arrow-Roxithromycin	78	Aztreonam	8
Apo-Folic Acid30	Arrow-Sertraline	117	-B-	
Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%59	Arrow-Simva	49	B-D Micro-Fine	
Apo-Leflunomide99	Arrow-Sumatriptan	122	B-D Ultra Fine	23
Apo-Megestrol147	Arrow-Timolol	196	B-D Ultra Fine II	
Apo-Metoprolol45	Arrow-Tolterodine	63	Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	18
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Bezafibrate48	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Caresens N233

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Carmellose sodium with pecti	n and	Chloroform	207	Dermatological	54
gelatine		Chloroquine phosphate	86	Genito-Urinary	60
Alimentary	25	Chlorothiazide	48	Clomifene citrate	68
Sensory		Chlorpheniramine maleate	187	Clomipramine hydrochloride	
Carmustine		Chlorpromazine hydrochloride		Clonazepam117-1	
Carvedilol	45	Chlorsig		Clonidine	
Caspofungin	83	Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone]		Clonidine BNM	
Catapres		Chlorthalidone		Clonidine hydrochloride	4
Catapres-TTS-1		Choice Load 375		Clopidogrel	
Catapres-TTS-2		Choice TT380 Short		Clopine	
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Cefotaxime		Cidofovir		Clozaril	101
Cefotaxime Sandoz		Cilazapril		Clustran	
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Cefoxitin Astoria		Cilazapril with	40	Co-trimoxazole	
Ceftoxitin Actavis		hydrochlorothiazide		Coal tar	20
Ceftaroline fosamil		Cilicaine		Coal tar with salicylic acid and	-
Ceftazidime		Cilicaine VK		sulphur	
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Cefuroxime		Cinchocaine hydrochloride with		adrenaline	112
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Celiprolol		Cipflox	79	Extemporaneously Compound	ied
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Celol		Infections		Nervous	
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Cephalexin ABM		Ciprofloxacin with		Colaspase [L-asparaginase]	
Cetirizine hydrochloride	187	hydrocortisone	193	Colchicine	
Cetomacrogol	<u>56</u>	Ciproxin HC Otic	193	Colecalciferol	2
Cetomacrogol with glycerol	56	Cisplatin		Colestimethate	
Cetrimide	207	Citalopram hydrobromide	117	Colestipol hydrochloride	4
Champix	134	Citanest	112	Colgout	10
Charcoal	200	Citric acid	207	Colifoam	14
Chemotherapeutic Agents	135	Citric acid with magnesium oxide	e and	Colistin sulphomethate	
Chicken pox vaccine		sodium picosulfate	19	[Colestimethate]	80
Chlorafast		Citric acid with sodium		Colistin-Link	
Chloral hydrate	129	bicarbonate	203	Collodion flexible	20
Chlorambucil		Cladribine	136	Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	10
Chloramphenicol		Clarithromycin		Colofac	1
Infections	80	Clexane		Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Sensory		Clindamycin		Coloxyl	
Chlorhexidine		Clindamycin ABM	80	Compound electrolytes	
Chlorhexidine gluconate	,	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral		Compound electrolytes with	, 1
Alimentary	25	Boost	25	glucose	.38 40
Extemporaneously Compo		Clinicians Renal Vit		Compound hydroxybenzoate	
Preparations		Clobazam		Compound sodium lactate	20
Genito-Urinary		Clobetasol propionate	57–58	[Hartmann's solution]	વ
Chlorhexidine with	00	Clobetasone butyrate		Compound sodium lactate with	
cetrimide	201 205	Clofazimine		glucose	20
	201, 200	O1010Z11111110	04	giucos c	

Concerta	131	DBL Amikacin	75	Dexmethsone	6
Condyline	59	DBL Aminophylline	192	Dextrose	
Contraceptives	60	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate	135	Alimentary	1
Contrast Media		DBL Carboplatin		Blood	
Cordarone-X		DBL Cefotaxime		Extemporaneously Compounde	ed
Corticosteroids		DBL Cisplatin	141	Preparations	
Dermatological	57	DBL Dacarbazine	138	Dextrose with sodium citrate and	
Hormone Preparations		DBL Docetaxel		citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose	Э
Corticotrorelin (ovine)		DBL Ergometrine	62	A]	
Cosmegen		DBL Leucovorin Calcium		DHC Continus	
Cough Suppressants	189	DBL Meropenem		Diabetes	
Creon 10000		DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial		Diacomit	
Creon 25000		DBL Morphine Sulphate		Diagnostic Agents	
Crotamiton		DBL Morphine Tartrate		Diagnostic and Surgical	
Crystaderm	54	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride		Preparations	19
CŤ Plus+		DBL Rocuronium Bromide		Diamide Relief	
Cubicin		DBL Sterile Dopamine		Diamox	
Curam	78	Concentrate	51	Diatrizoate meglumine with sodiun	
Curosurf		DBL Vincristine Sulfate		amidotrizoate	
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Cyclogyl		Decongestants and		Alimentary	10
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Cyclophosphamide		Decozol		Dicarz	
Cycloserine		Deferasirox		Dichlorobenzyl alcohol with	
Cyklokapron		Deferiprone		amylmetacresol	2
Cymevene		Defibrotide		Diclofenac Sandoz	
Cyproheptadine hydrochloride		Definity		Diclofenac sodium	
Cyproterone acetate		Demeclocycline hydrochloride		Musculoskeletal	10
Cyproterone acetate with		Deoxycoformycin		Sensory	
ethinyloestradiol	60	Depo-Medrol		Dicobalt edetate	
Cysteamine hydrochloride		Depo-Medrol with Lidocaine		Didanosine [DDI]	
Cytarabine		Depo-Provera		Diflucan	
Cytotec		Depo-Testosterone		Diflucortolone valerate	
- D -		Deprim		Digestives Including Enzymes	
D-Penamine	99	DermAssist		Digoxin	4
Dabigatran		Dermol		Digoxin immune Fab	
Dacarbazine		Desferal		Dihydrocodeine tartrate	
Dactinomycin [Actinomycin D]		Desferrioxamine mesilate		Dihydroergotamine mesylate	
Daivobet		Desflurane		Diltiazem hydrochloride	
Daivonex		Desmopressin acetate		Dilzem	
Dalacin C		Desmopressin-PH&T		Dimercaprol	
Dalteparin		Dexamethasone		Dimercaptosuccinic acid	
Danaparoid	34	Hormone Preparations	66	Dimethicone	
Danazol	68	Sensory		Dimethyl fumarate	
Dantrium		Dexamethasone phosphate		Dimethyl sulfoxide	20!
Dantrium IV		Dexamethasone with framycetin		Dinoprostone	
Dantrolene		gramicidin		Diphemanil metilsulfate	5
Dapa-Tabs		Dexamethasone with neomycin		Diphenoxylate hydrochloride with	
Dapsone		sulphate and polymyxin B		atropine sulphate	15
Daptomycin	80	sulphate	193	Diphtheria antitoxin	
Darunavir		Dexamethasone with		Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis	
Dasatinib		tobramycin	193	vaccine	221
Daunorubicin		Dexamfetamine sulfate		Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and	22
DBL Acetylcysteine		Dexmedetomidine		polio vaccine	22!
, ,			•	r	

Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio,	-E-	e.g. Isosource Standard RTH	
hepatitis B and haemophilus	e-chamber La Grande234	e.g. IVA Anamix Infant	
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