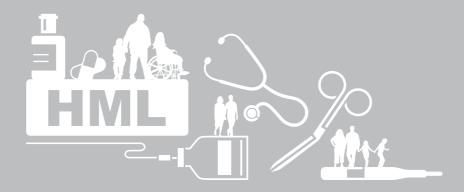
The Hospital Medicines List (HML)

Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals

Update effective 1 January 2016

Cumulative for December 2015 and January 2016





Contents

Summary of decisions effective 1 January 2016	3
•	
Section H changes to Part II	5
Index	35

Summary of decisions EFFECTIVE 1 JANUARY 2016

- Adalimumab (Humira) inj 10 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe new listing
- Adalimumab inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe and inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe (Humira) and inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen (HumiraPen) price decrease
- Amoxicillin (Ospamox) grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml and 250 mg per 5 ml – new listing
- Aqueous cream (AFT SLS-free) crm 500 g new listing and addition of HSS
- Aqueous cream (AFT) crm 500 g to be delisted 1 March 2016
- Bleomycin sulphate (DBL Bleomycin Sulfate) inj 15,000 iu vial amended presentation description
- Chloramphenicol (Chlorsig) eye oint 1%, 4 g price increase
- Ciprofloxacin (Cipflox) inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag new listing and addition of HSS
- Ciprofloxacin (Aspen Ciprofloxacin) inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted 1 March 2016
- Extensively hydrolysed formula (e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti Junior) powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can – amended restriction
- Ezetimibe (Ezemibe) tab 10 mg packaging and Pharmacode change
- Glycerin with sodium saccharin (Ora-Sweet SF) suspension price decrease
- Glycerin with sucrose (Ora-Sweet) suspension price decrease
- Icatibant (Firazyr) inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe new listing
- Infliximab (Remicade) inj 100 mg amended restriction
- Isotretinoin cap 10 mg (Isotane 10) and cap 20 mg (Isotane 20) HSS suspended
- Isotretinoin (Oratane) cap 10 mg and 20 mg new listing
- Mesalazine (Asacol) tab 800 mg new listing
- Methylcellulose (Ora-Plus) suspension price decrease
- Methylcellulose with glycerin and sodium saccharin (Ora-Blend SF) suspension
 price decrease
- Methylcellulose with glycerin and sucrose (Ora-Blend) suspension price decrease
- Mixed salt solution for eye irrigation (Balanced Salt Solution) eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle Pharmacode change

Summary of decisions - effective 1 January 2016 (continued)

- Oxaliplatin (Oxaliccord) inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml and 20 ml vials new listing and addition of HSS
- Oxaliplatin inj 50 mg vial (Oxaliplatin Actavis 50) and 100 mg vial (Oxaliplatin Actavis 100) – to be delisted 1 March 2016
- Rifampicin (Rifadin) tab 600 mg to be delisted 1 March 2016
- Sumatriptan (Arrow-Sumatriptan) inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml cartridge HSS suspended
- Valaciclovir (Vaclovir) tab 500 mg and 1,000 mg new listing and addition of
- Valaciclovir (Valtrex) tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 March 2016
- Ziprasidone (Zusdone) cap 20 mg, 40 mg, 60 mg and 80 mg restriction removed

Price (ex man. Excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Effective 1 January 2016

ALIM	ENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM		
14	MESALAZINE (new listing) Tab 800 mg85.55	90	Asacol
CARE	DIOVASCULAR SYSTEM		
44	EZETIMIBE (Pharmacode change) → Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	30 vill be delisted	Ezemibe from 1 July 2016.
DERM	MATOLOGICALS		
50	ISOTRETINOIN (HSS suspended) Cap 10 mg – 1% DV Nov-15 to 31/12/15 2018	100 100	Isotane 10 Isotane 20
50	ISOTRETINOIN (new listing) Cap 10 mg	120 120	Oratane Oratane
51	AQUEOUS CREAM Crm 500 g – 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	500 g	AFT SLS-free
INFE	CTIONS		
72	AMOXICILLIN (new listing) Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml	100 ml 100 ml	Ospamox Ospamox
73	CIPROFLOXACIN → Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Mar-16 to 201830.58 Note – Aspen Ciprofloxacin inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted	10 from 1 March	Cipflox 2016.
79	RIFAMPICIN (discontinuation) → Tab 600 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017108.70 Note – Rifadin tab 600 mg to be delisted from 1 March 2016.	30	Rifadin
89	VALACICLOVIR → Tab 500 mg − 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	30 30	Vaclovir Vaclovir

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II – effective 1 January 2016 (continued)

NERVOUS SYSTEM

116	SUMATRIPTAN (HSS suspended) Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml cartridge			
	- 1% DV Sep-13 to 31/12/15 2016	.80	2	Arrow-Sumatriptan
120	ZIPRASIDONE (restriction removed)			
	Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 201814	.56	60	Zusdone
	Cap 40 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 24	.75	60	Zusdone
	Cap 60 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 33	.87	60	Zusdone
	Cap 80 mg – 1% DV Jan-16 to 201839	.74	60	Zusdone
	Restricted			

- 1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effects; or
 - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

128	BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE (amended presentation description) Inj 15,000 iu (10 mg) vial – 1% DV Oct-15 to 2018 150.48	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
133	OXALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Mar-16 to 2018	1 1 nj 100 mg via	Oxaliccord Oxaliccord Il to be delisted from
147	ADALIMUMAB (new listing) → Inj 10 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe1,599.96	2	Humira
147	ADALIMUMAB (↓ price) → Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2 2 2	Humira HumiraPen Humira
154	INFLIXIMAB (amended restriction – affected criteria only) → Inj 100 mg – 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020806.00 Initiation – fistulising Crohn's disease Gastroenterologist Re-assessment required after 4 months Therapy limited to 4 doses All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and 2 Either: 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).	1 is fistula(e); d	Remicade or
	Initiation – plaque psoriasis , prior TNF use		continued

→ Restriction (Brand) indicates a brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
((ex man. Excl. GS	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II - effective 1 January 2016 (continued)

continued

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2 1 Fither:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis: or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated):
 - phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
 - 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
 - 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Fither
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effectsfrom, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, thotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II - effective 1 January 2016 (continued)

continued...

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of-greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still ontreatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

172 ICATIBANT (new listing)

→ Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe2,668.00 1 Firazyr

Restricted

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SENSORY ORGANS

2016.

178	CHLORAMPHENICOL († price) Eye oint 1%	9	4 g	Chlorsig
180	MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION (Pharmacode change) Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle			
	- 1% DV Jan-16 to 2018 10.5	50 5	600 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
	Note – Pharmacode change from 500615 to 286850. Pharmacode	500615	to be delis	sted from 1 January

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

193	GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN (1 price) Suspension32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
193	GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE (‡ price) Suspension	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
193	METHYLCELLULOSE (‡ price) Suspension	473 ml	Ora-Plus

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II - effective 1 January 2016 (continued)

193	METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN (↓ price)				
	Suspension	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF		
193	METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE (‡ price)				
193	Suspension	473 ml	Ora-Blend		

SPECIAL FOODS

203 EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA

→ Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g. 450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti Junior

Restricted

Initiation - new patients

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
- 5 Biliary atresia: or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure; or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

Initiation - step down from amino acid formula

Both:

- 1 The infant is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
- 2 The infant is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an extensively hydrolysed formula.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	iST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II - effective 1 December 2015

ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

24 NYSTATIN (new listing)

Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2017................2.55 24 ml **m-Nystatin**

Note - Nilstat oral liquid 100,000 u per ml to be delisted from 1 February 2016

24 NYSTATIN (1-price and delisting) - Decision recinded

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

31 RIVAROXABAN (amended restriction)

Restricted

Fither:

- 1—Limited to five weeks' treatment for the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism following a total hipreplacement: or
- 2 Limited to two weeks' treatment for the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism following a total kneereplacement.

Initiation — total hip replacement

Therapy limited to 5 weeks

For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.

Initiation — total knee replacement

Therapy limited to 2 weeks

For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism.

INFECTIONS

73 DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE (new listing)
Tab 150 mg

73 MOXIFLOXACIN (amended restriction)

Restricted

Initiation — Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Active tuberculosis: and with
- 1.2 any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 1.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
 - 1.2.2 1.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents: or
 - 1.2.3 1.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 1.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications: or
 - 1.2.5 1.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or

Price Brand or (ex man, Excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

Changes to Section H Part II – effective 1 December 2015 (continued)

continued...

2 Mycobacterium ayium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated.

Initiation — Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation — Penetrating eve injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation — Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium; and
- 2 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.
- 85 ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL (amended restriction)

30 Hepsera Restricted

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and

Documented resistance to lamivudine, defined as:

- 21 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 \times ULN); and
- 32 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100.000 copies per mL, or viral load ≥ 10-fold over nadir; and
- 43 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and
- 54 Fither:

54.1 Both:

- 54.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic: and
- 54.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine; or

54.2 Both:

- 54.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and
- **54**.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.
- 89 VALACICLOVIR (amended restriction)

30 Valtrex

Restricted

Initiation – Immunocompetent patients

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has genital herpes with 2 or more breakthrough episodes in any 6 month period while treated with aciclovir 400 mg twice daily; or
- 2 Patient has previous history of ophthalmic zoster and the patient is at risk of vision impairment; or
- 3 Patient has undergone organ transplantation.

Initiation – Immunocompromised patients

Limited to 7 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has herpes zoster.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

90 PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A (amended restriction)

- → Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe
- → Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (112)
- → Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab

200 mg (168)			
→ Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	900.00	4	Pegasys
→ Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab			0 ,
200 mg (112)	1,159.84	1	Pegasys RBV Combination Pack
→ Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab			
200 mg (168)	1,290.00	1	Pegasys RBV Combination Pack

Restricted

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C – genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Therapy limited to 48 weeks

Roth:

- 4 Any of the following:
 - +.1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
 - 1.2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
 - +3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.
- 2 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Notes:

Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation – (Chronic hepatitis C – genotype 1 infection)

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Therapy limited to 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir: and
- 5 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Initiation (Chronic Hepatitis C – genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior)

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Therapy limited to 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir; and
- 5 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. Excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C – genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Therapy limited to 6 months

Both:

- 4 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection; and
- 2 Maximum of 6 months therapy.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Therapy limited to 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive: and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA ≥ 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (≥ Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon; and
- 11 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Notes:

Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines.

Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

92 ALENDRONATE SODIUM (amended restriction)

Restricted

Initiation – Paget's disease

Both:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to site (base of skull, spine, long bones of lower limbs); or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

92	ALENDRONATE SODIUM (amended restriction – affected criterion only)		
	→ Tab 70 mg12.90	4	Fosamax
	Restricted		

Initiation — Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≥ -2.5) (see Note): or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≤ -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.
- 93 ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH CHOLECALCIFEROL (amended restriction affected criterion only)
 - → Tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu......12.90 4 Fosamax Plus

Restricted

Initiation — Osteoporosis Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≥ -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically: or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≤ -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.
- 97 TERIPARATIDE (amended restriction)

Limited to 18 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction Special Authority continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GS	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

100 MELOXICAM (amended restriction)

→ Tab 7.5 mg

Restricted

Fither:

1 Haemophilic arthropathy, with both of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and
 - 1.2 1.1 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with less than or equal to 5% of normal circulating functional clotting factor; and
 - **1.3** 1.2 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthropathy is inadequately controlled by alternative funded treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options are contraindicated; or
- 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

103	DESFLURANE (Pharmacode change) Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	Suprane 2490293.
109	OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE	
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018 8.57	OxvNorm
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-16 to 2018 16.89	OxyNorm
	Note – Oxycodone Orion inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml and 2 ml ampoules to be delisted from	1 February 2016.
112	GABAPENTIN (amended restriction – affected criteria only)	
	→ Cap 100 mg7.16 100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin Nupentin
	→ Cap 300 mg11.00 100	Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin
	→ Cap 400 mg13.75 100	Nupentin Arrow-Gabapentin Neurontin

Restricted

1 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for up to a total of 8 days' use; or

2 For the pain management of burns patients with monthly review.

Initiation — preoperative and/or postoperative use Therapy limited to 8 days

Initiation — pain management of burns patients

Re-assessment required after 1 month

continued...

Nupentin

Price (ex man. Excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II – effective 1 December 2015 (continued)

continued...

Continuation – pain management of burns patients

Re-assessment required after 1 month

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

- 115 VIGABATRIN (amended restriction)
 - → Tab 500 mg

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter): or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes

"Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

116 PIZOTIFEN (new listing)

Tab 500 mcg – **1% DV Sep-15 to 2018**......23.21 100 **Sandomigran** Note – this is the listing of the bottle presentation. The blister pack also remains listed.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

124 DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE (amended restriction)

→ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-15 to 2018......17.00 100 PSM

Restricted

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

125 METHYL PHENIDATE HYDROCHI ORIDE (amended restriction – affected criteria only)

alloll – alloctou olli	ona only j	
58.96	30	Concerta
65.44	30	Concerta
71.93	30	Concerta
86.24	30	Concerta
3.20	30	Rubifen
3.00	30	Ritalin
		Rubifen
7.85	30	Rubifen
10.95	30	Rubifen SR
50.00	100	Ritalin SR
15.60	30	Ritalin LA
20.40	30	Ritalin LA
25.52	30	Ritalin LA
30.60	30	Ritalin LA

Restricted

Initiation — Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

125 MODAFINIL (amended restriction)

→ Tab 100 mg

Restricted

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either: continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
- 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

128 DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE (new listing)

128 DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE (delisting)

Ini 50 ma vial

Note – Doxorubicin hydrochloride inj 50 mg vial to be delisted from 1 February 2016.

129 AZACITIDINE (amended restriction)

Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Notes: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Studies of temozolomide show that its benefit is predominantly in those patients with a good performance status (WHO grade 0 or 1 or Karnofsky score >80), and in patients who have had at least a partial resection of the tumour.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Roth:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

130 BORTEZOMIB (amended restriction)

-	Inj 1 mg vial	540.70	1	Velcade
>	Inj 3.5 mg vial	1,892.50	1	Velcade

Restricted

Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis *: and
- 2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
- 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or
- 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis *; and
- 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and
- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4: and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

132 TEMOZOLOMIDE (amended restriction)

→ Cap 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	8.00	5	Temaccord
→ Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	36.00	5	Temaccord
→ Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	175.00	5	Temaccord
→ Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	410.00	5	Temaccord

Restricted

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of six cycles of 5 days treatment, at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m².

Notes: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. **Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed glioblastoma multiforme. Reapplications will not be approved.** Studies of temozolomide

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

show that its benefit is predominantly in those patients with a good performance status (WHO grade 0 or 1 or Karnofsky score >80), and in patients who have had at least a partial resection of the tumour.

133 THALIDOMIDE (amended restriction)

→	· Cap 50 mg	378.00	28	Thalomid
	Cap 100 mg		28	Thalomid

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*: or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen.

Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication

134 ERLOTINIB (amended restriction)

→ Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	1,000.00	30	Tarceva
→ Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	1,500.00	30	Tarceva

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 3 months

Therapy limited to 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC): and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Patient is treatment naive: or
 - 1.3.2 Both:
 - 1.3.2.1 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with first line platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment with gefitinib; or
 - 1.3.3 Both:
 - 1.3.3.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib within 6 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 1.3.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and or

1.4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months, or

2 The patient received funded erlotinib prior to 31 December 2013 and radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Therapy limited to 3 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	iST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

134 GEFITINIB (amended restriction)

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 3 months

Therapy limited to 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib within 6 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Therapy limited to 3 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

134 IMATINIB MESILATE (amended restriction)

Note: Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

→ Tab 100 mg......2,400.00 60 Glivec

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Roth:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

137 SUNITINIB (amended restriction – affected criteria only)

→ Cap 12.5 mg	2,315.38	28	Sutent
→ Cap 25 mg	4,630.77	28	Sutent
→ Cap 50 mg	9,261.54	28	Sutent

Restricted

Initiation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or

Price (ex man. Excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II – effective 1 December 2015 (continued) continued...

- 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
- 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 The patient has intermediate or poor prognosis defined as any of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; or
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; or
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of \leq 70; or
 - $5.6 \ge 2$ sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of ≥ 10% or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of ≥ 15% on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

GIST – It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of \geq 10% and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

141 ETANERCEPT (amended restriction – affected criteria only)

→ Inj 25 mg vial799.96	4	Enbrel
→ Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
→ Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel

Restricted

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

1.1 Either: continued...

→ Restriction

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GS	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
- 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H HML rules; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992:19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.
- 147 ADALIMUMAB (amended restriction affected criteria only)

→ Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	9.92 2	Humira
→ Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen1,79	9.92 2	HumiraPen
→ Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe1,79	19.92 2	Humira

Restricted

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H HML rules; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GST))	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

154 INFLIXIMAB (amended restriction – affected criteria only)

→ Inj 100 mg – 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020......806.00 1 Remicade

Restricted

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 3-4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 3-4 months

Roth

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both All of the following:

- 1 Any One of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for reinduction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both All of the following:

- 1 Any One of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	an. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
•	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for reinduction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e): and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 4 months of therapy

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both All of the following:

- 1 Fither
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for reinduction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 6 weeks of therapy.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both All of the following:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for reinduction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Price (ex man. Excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Changes to Section H Part II – effective 1 December 2015 (continued)

continued...

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis: and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is \geq 4; or
- 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is \geq 65; and Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior
- Patient has thed but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prol systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by ≥ 2 points from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by ≥ 30 points from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for reinduction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

160 RITUXIMAB (amended restriction – affected criteria only)

→ Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1,075.50	2	Mabthera
→ Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	2,688.30	1	Mabthera

Restricted

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used: and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate: and
- 6 Fith
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender injurity or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis – re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used: and
- 4 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis – re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used: and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

166 TOCILIZUMAB (amended restriction – affected criteria only)

→	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	220.00	1	Actemra
→	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	550.00	1	Actemra
→	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1,100.00	1	Actemra

Restricted

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.3 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H HML rules; and
 - - 1.4.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 1.4.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Fither:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent: or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adultonset Still's disease (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory druos (NSAIDs) and methotrexate: and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

174 SODIUM CHLORIDE (amended presentation)
Aqueous nasal spray isotonic 7.4 mg per ml

175 MONTELUKAST (amended restriction – affected criterion only)

→	Tab 4 mg	18.48	28	Singulair
	Tab 5 mg		28	Singulair
→	Tab 10 mg	18.48	28	Singulair

Initiation - Pre-school wheeze

Roth:

- 1 To be used for the treatment of intermittent severe wheezing (possibly viral) in children under 5 years; and
- 2 The patient has had at least three episodes in the previous 12 months of acute wheeze severe enough to seek medical attention.

Price (ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Brand or Generic
` \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 117 DORNASE ALFA (amended restriction)
 - → Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule250.00 6 Pulmozyme

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis and the patient has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel; and/or
- 2 Significant mucus production and meets the following criteria
- 3 Treatment for up to four weeks for patients meeting the following:
 - 3.1 Patient is an in-patient; and
 - 3.2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques; or
- 4 Treatment for up to three days for patients diagnosed with empyema.

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved for funding by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Therapy limited to 4 weeks

Roth:

- 1 Patient is an inpatient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line techniques.

Inj 500 mg vial – **1% DV Feb-16 to 2018**......51.52

Initiation – pleural empyema

Therapy limited to 3 days

Both:

1 Patient is an inpatient; and

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

2 Patient diagnosed with pleural empyema.

VARIOUS

185

	Note – Hospira desferrioxamine mesilate inj 500 mg vial to be delisted from 1 Februar	y 2016.
SPEC	IAL FOODS	
201	PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED (new listing) → Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	Vital
201	PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED (delisting) → Powder 12.5 g protein, 55.4 g carbohydrate and 3.25 g fat per sachet	Vital HN
203	EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA (amended example brand) → Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can	Aptamil Gold + Pepti Junior Gold Pepti Junior Karicare Aptamil

10

Desferal

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. GS	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

VACCINES

- 210 BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE (amended restriction)
 - → Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331.

live attenuated, vial with diluent – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017..... 0.00 10 BCG Vaccine

Restricted

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

Note: increased risk is defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; or
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; or
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

- 210 HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE (amended restriction)
 - → Inj 10 mcg vial with diluent syringe 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 0.00 1 Act-HIB Restricted

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

One dose for patients meeting any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.
- 212 HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16 AND 18) VACCINE [HPV] (amended restriction)

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

Maximum of three doses for patient meeting any of the following criteria:

- 1 Females aged under 20 years old; or
- 2 Patients aged under 26 years old with confirmed HIV infection; or
- 3 For use in transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
- 4 An additional dose for patients under 26 years of age post chemotherapy.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

213 INFLUENZA VACCINE (amended restriction)

Restricted

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 All people 65 years of age and over; or
- 2 People under 65 years of age who:
 - 2.1 Have any of the following cardiovascular diseases:
 - 2.1.1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
 - 2.1.2 Congestive heart failure; or
 - 2.1.3 Rheumatic heart disease: or
 - 2.1.4 Congenital heart disease; or
 - 2.1.5 Cerebro-vascular disease. : or

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 2.2 Have any of the following chronic respiratory diseases:
 - 2.2.1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
 - 2.2.2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function. ; or

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

1 Any of the following:

1.1 2.3 Have diabetes; or

1.2 2.4 Have chronic renal disease: or

1.3 2.5 Have any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or

2.6 Have any of the following other conditions:

1.4 2.6.1 Autoimmune disease; or

1.5 2.6.2 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or

1.6 2.6.3 HIV: or

1.7 2.6.4 Transplant recipients; or

1.8 2.6.5 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or

1.9 2.6.6 Haemoglobinopathies; or

1.10 2.6.7 Are children Is a child on long term aspirin; or

1.11 2.6.8 Have Has a cochlear implant; or

1.12 2.6.9 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or

1.13 2.6.10 Pre and post splenectomy; or

1.14 2.6.11 Down syndrome; or **1.15** 2.7 Are **Is** pregnant, or

1.16 2.8 Are children Is a child aged four and under who has have been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has have a history of significant respiratory illness: or

2 3 Patients who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital-in the 2015 season. Note: The following conditions are excluded from funding:

- asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy; and
- hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

213 MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE (amended restriction)

→ Inj 1000 TCID50 measles, 12500 TCID50 mumps and 1000

TCID50 rubella vial with diluent – **1% DV Jul-14 to 2017**...... 0.00 10 **M-M-R-II**

Restricted

A maximum of two doses for any patient meeting the following criteria:

Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. ; or
- 4 A maximum of three doses for children who have had their first dose prior to 12 months.

Initiation - first dose after 12 months

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children: or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

214 POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE (amended restriction)

→ Ini 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe

Restricted

Up to three doses for patients meeting either of the following:

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.

Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

214 ROTAVIRUS LIVE REASSORTANT ORAL VACCINE (amended restriction)

→ Oral susp G1, G2, G3, G4, P1(8) 11.5 million CCID50 units per

Restricted

Maximum of three doses for patients meeting the following:

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 15 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 8 months or over.

214 VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKEN POX VACCINE] (amended restriction)

→ Inj 2,000 PFU vial with diluent – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017...........0.00 1 Varilrix

Restricted

Maximum of two doses for any of the following:

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For non-immune patients:
 - 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
 - 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
 - 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. Excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*.
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist.
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist.
- 4 For HIV positive non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist.
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella.
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella
- * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days.

Index

Pharmaceuticals and brands

A		Fosamax 1	3, 14
Actemra	28	Fosamax Plus	. 14
Act-HIB	31	G	
Adalimumab	23	Gabapentin	. 15
Adefovir dipivoxil	11	Gardasil	. 31
AFT SLS-free	5	Gefitinib	. 21
Alendronate sodium 13,	14	Glivec	. 21
Alendronate sodium with cholecalciferol	14	Glycerin with sodium saccharin	8
Amoxicillin	5	Glycerin with sucrose	8
Aptamil Gold+ Pepti Junior	30	Gold Pepti Junior Karicare Aptamil	
Aqueous cream		Н	
Arrow-Gabapentin		Haemophilus influenzae type B vaccine	. 31
Arrow-Sumatriptan		Hepsera	
Asacol		HPV	
Avelox	10	Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16 and 18)	
Avelox IV 400	10	vaccine	. 31
Azacitidine		Humira	
В		HumiraPen	
Bacillus calmette-guerin vaccine	31	1	-,
Balanced Salt Solution		lcatibant	8
BCG Vaccine		Imatinib mesilate	
Bleomycin sulphate		Infliximab	
Bortezomib		Influenza vaccine	
C		Influvac	
Chicken pox vaccine	33	IPOL	
Chloramphenicol		Iressa	
Chlorsig		Isotane 10	
Cipflox		Isotane 20	
Ciprofloxacin		Isotretinoin	
Concerta		M	•
D	.,	Mabthera	26
DBL Bleomycin Sulfate	6	Measles, mumps and rubella vaccine	
Demeclocycline hydrochloride		Meloxicam	
Desferal		Mesalazine	
Desferrioxamine mesilate		Methylcellulose	
Desflurane		Methylcellulose with glycerin and sodium	0
Dexamfetamine sulfate		saccharin	c
Dornase alfa		Methylcellulose with glycerin and sucrose	
Doxorubicin Ebewe		Methylphenidate hydrochloride	
	18	Mixed salt solution for eye irrigation	
E	10	M-M-R-II	
Enbrel	22	m-Nystatin	
Erlotinib		Modafinil	
Etanercept		Montelukast	
Extensively hydrolysed formula		Moxifloxacin	
Exemibe9,		N	. 10
Ezetinibe		Neurontin	15
F	J	Nilstat	
r Firazyr	8	Nupentin	
Fluarix		Nystatin	
Forteo		ivyətatiii	. 10
1 01160	17		

Index

Pharmaceuticals and brands

0	
Ora-Blend	9
Ora-Blend SF	9
Ora-Plus	8
Ora-Sweet	8
Ora-Sweet SF	8
Oratane	5
Ospamox	5
Oxaliccord	6
Oxaliplatin	6
Oxycodone hydrochloride	15
OxyNorm	15
P	
Pegasys	12
Pegasys RBV Combination Pack	12
Pegylated interferon alfa-2a	12
	30
Pizotifen	16
Poliomyelitis vaccine	33
Pulmozyme	30
R	
Remicade 6,	24
Rifadin	5
Rifampicin	5
Ritalin	17
Ritalin LA	17
Ritalin SR	17
Rituximab	26
Rivaroxaban	10
RotaTeq	33
Rotavirus live reassortant oral vaccine	33
Rubifen	17
Rubifen SR	17

0	
- and	16
	29
	29
Sumatriptan	6
	21
	15
Sutent	21
Г	
Tarceva	20
	19
	19
Teriparatide	14
	20
	20
	28
V	
Vaclovir	5
Valaciclovir 5,	11
	11
Varicella vaccine	33
	33
	19
	18
	16
	30
	30
X	
Xarelto	10
7	
Ziprasidone	6

New Zealand Permit No. 478



Hospital Medicines List queries:

Fax: 64 4 974 7819

Email: HML@pharmac.govt.nz

www.pharmac.health.nz/medicines/hospital-pharmaceuticals

Pharmaceutical Management Agency Level 9, 40 Mercer Street, PO Box 10254, Wellington 6143, New Zealand Phone: 64 4 460 4990 - Fax: 64 4 460 4995 - www.pharmac.govt.nz

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