Introducing PHARMAC 2

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Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment (NPPA) provides a mechanism for individual patients to receive funding for medicines not listed in the Pharmaceutical Schedule (either at all or for their clinical circumstances). PHARMAC will assess applications that meet the prerequisites according to its Decision Criteria before deciding whether to approve applications for funding. The Decision Criteria will be used to assess both the individual clinical circumstances of each NPPA applicant, and the implications of each NPPA funding decision on PHARMAC.s ability to carry out its legislative functions.

For more information on NPPA, or to apply, visit the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/link/nppa or call the Panel Coordinators at 0800 660 050 Option 2.

The Pharmaceutical Schedule

The purpose of the Schedule is to list:

- the Community Pharmaceuticals that are subsidised by the Government and to show the amount of the subsidy paid to contractors, as well as the manufacturer's price and any access conditions that may apply;
- the Hospital Pharmaceuticals that may be used in DHB Hospitals, as well as any access conditions that may apply; and
- the Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals for which national prices have been negotiated by PHARMAC.

The Schedule does not show the final cost to Government of subsidising each community pharmaceutical, nor to DHB hospitals in purchasing each hospital pharmaceutical or other pharmaceuticals, including medical devices. The final cost will depend on any rebate and other arrangements PHARMAC has with the supplier or on any logistics arrangements put in place.

Finding Information in Section H

This book contains Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule and lists pharmaceuticals that can be used in DHB hospitals:

- Part I lists the rules in relation to use of Pharmaceuticals by DHB hospitals.
- Part II lists hospital pharmaceuticals that are funded for use in DHB hospitals. These are listed by therapeutic group, which is based on the WHO Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) system. It also provides information on any national contracts that exist, and indicates which products have Hospital Supply Status (HSS).
- Part III lists optional pharmaceuticals for which national contracts exist, and DHB hospitals may choose to fund. In addition
 to the products listed in this book, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals are listed in an addendum to Part III
 available at http://www.pharmac.govt.nz.

Glossary

Units of Measure

gram	g
kilogram	kg
international unit	iu

)	microgram	mcg
J	milligram	mg
l	millilitre	ml

millimole	mmol
unit	u

Abbreviations

application	арр
capsule	сар
cream	crm
dispersible	disp
effervescent	eff
emulsion	emul

enteric coated	EC
granules	grans
injection	inj
liquid	liq
lotion	lotn
ointment	oint

solution	soln
suppository	suppos
tablet	tab
tincture	tinc

HSS Hospital Supply Status (Refer to Rule 20)

Guide to Section H listings

Example

	ANATOMICAL HEADING	
	Price Per Brand or (ex man. Excl. GST) Generic \$ Manufacturer	
Generic name	THERAPEUTIC HEADING	
listed by therapeutic group — and subgroup	CHEMICAL A Restricted see terms below Presentation A	——— Brand or manufacturer's name
Indicates only presentation B1 is Restricted	CHEMICAL B - Some items restricted see terms below Presentation B11,589,00 1 Brand B1 Presentation B2 e.g. Brand B2 Restricted Oncologist or haematologist	
From 1 January 2012 to 30 June 2014, at least 99% of the total	CHEMICAL C Presentation C -1% DV Limit Jan-12 to 2014)
volume of this item - purchased must be Brand C	CHEMICAL D - Restricted see terms below Presentation D -1% DV Limit Mar-13 to 2014	Product with Hospital Supply Status (HSS)
Standard national — price excluding GST	 Restricted Limited to five weeks' treatment Either: 1 For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism following a total hip replacement; or 2 For the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism following a total knee replacement. 	Quantity the Price applies to
Form and strength —	CHEMICAL E Presentation E e.g. Brand E t Item restricted (see above); ↓ Item restricted (see below) Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in bold	Not a contracted product

INTRODUCTION

Section H contains general rules that apply, and other information relating, to Hospital Pharmaceuticals and Optional Pharmaceuticals.

Where relevant, Section H shows the Price at which a Pharmaceutical can be purchased directly from the Pharmaceutical supplier by DHBs, providers of logistics services, wholesalers or other such distributors, or Contract Manufacturers.

The Price is determined via contractual arrangements between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Where a Pharmaceutical is listed in Part II of Section H, but no Price and/or brand of Pharmaceutical is indicated, each DHB may purchase any brand and/or pay the price that the DHB negotiates with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier.

As required by section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of Pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

1 Interpretation and Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Act", means the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.

"Combined Pharmaceutical Budget", means the pharmaceutical budget set for PHARMAC by the Crown for the subsidised supply of Community Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments including for named patients in exceptional circumstances.

"Community", means any setting outside of a DHB Hospital.

"Community Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical listed in Sections A to G or I of the Pharmaceutical Schedule that is subsidised by the Funder from the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget and, for the purposes of this Section H, includes Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments (PCTs).

"Contract Manufacturer", means a manufacturer or a supplier that is a party to a contract with the relevant DHB Hospital to compound Pharmaceuticals, on request from that DHB Hospital.

"Designated Delivery Point", means at a DHB Hospital's discretion:

- a) a delivery point agreed between a Pharmaceutical supplier and the relevant DHB Hospital, to which delivery point that Pharmaceutical supplier must supply a National Contract Pharmaceutical directly at the Price; and/or
- any delivery point designated by the relevant DHB Hospital or PHARMAC, such delivery point being within 30 km of the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier's national distribution centre.

"DHB", means an organisation established as a District Health Board by or under Section 19 of the Act.

"DHB Hospital", means a hospital (including community trust hospitals) and/or an associated health service that is funded by a DHB including (but not limited to) district nursing services and child dental services.

"DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the National DV Limit or the Individual DV Limit.

"DV Pharmaceutical", means a discretionary variance Pharmaceutical that does not have HSS but is used in place of one that does. Usually this means it is the same chemical entity, at the same strength, and in the same or a similar presentation or form, as the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS. Where this is not the case, a note will be included with the listing of the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical.

"Extemporaneously Compounded Product", means a Pharmaceutical that is compounded from two or more Pharmaceuticals, for the purposes of reconstitution, dilution or otherwise.

"First Transition Period", means the period of time after notification that a Pharmaceutical has been awarded HSS and before HSS is implemented.

"Funder", means the body or bodies responsible, pursuant to the Act, for the funding of Pharmaceuticals listed on the Schedule (which may be one or more DHBs and/or the Ministry of Health) and their successors.

"Give", means to administer, provide or dispense (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) a Pharmaceutical, or to arrange for the administration, provision or dispensing (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) of a Pharmaceutical, and "Given" has a corresponding meaning.

"Hospital Pharmaceuticals", means the list of Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part II of the Schedule which includes some National Contract Pharmaceuticals.

"HSS", stands for hospital supply status, which means the status of being the brand of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical that DHBs are obliged to purchase, subject to any DV Limit, for the period of hospital supply, as awarded under an agreement between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Pharmaceuticals with HSS are listed in Section H in bold text.

"Indication Restriction", means a limitation placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Hospital Pharmaceutical which restricts funding to treatment of particular clinical circumstances.

"Individual DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS and a particular DHB Hospital, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of that DHB Hospital's Total Market Volume up to which that DHB Hospital may purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Local Restriction", means a restriction on the use of a Pharmaceutical in specific DHB Hospitals on the basis of prescriber type that is implemented by the relevant DHB in accordance with rule 7.

"Medical Device", has the meaning set out in the Medicines Act 1981.

"Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Advisory Panel", means the panel of clinicians, appointed by the PHARMAC Board, that is responsible for advising PHARMAC, in accordance with its Terms of Reference, on Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment applications and any Exceptional Circumstances renewal applications submitted after 1 March 2012.

"National Contract", means a contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier which sets out the basis on which any Pharmaceutical may be purchased for use in a DHB Hospital, including an agreement as to a national price.

"National Contract Pharmaceutical", means a brand of Pharmaceutical listed in Section H, where PHARMAC has entered into contractual arrangements with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier that specify the terms and conditions of listing, including the Price. Such Pharmaceuticals are recognisable in Section H because the relevant listing identifies the brand and Price.

"National DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of the Total Market Volume up to which all DHB Hospitals may collectively purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Optional Pharmaceuticals", means the list of National Contract Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part III of the Schedule.

"PHARMAC", means the Pharmaceutical Management Agency established by Section 46 of the Act.

"Pharmacode", means the six or seven digit identifier assigned to a Pharmaceutical by the Pharmacy Guild following application from a Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Pharmaceutical", means a medicine, therapeutic medical device, or related product or related thing listed in Sections B to I of the Schedule.

"Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment", means Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer, listed in Sections A to G of the Schedule and identified therein as a "PCT" or "PCT only" Pharmaceutical that DHBs must fund for use in their DHB hospitals, and/or in association with outpatient services provided by their DHB Hospitals, in relation to the treatment of cancers.

"Prescriber Restriction", means a restriction placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Pharmaceutical on the basis of prescriber type (and where relevant in these rules, includes a Local Restriction).

"Price", means the standard national price for a National Contract Pharmaceutical, and, unless agreed otherwise between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier, includes any costs associated with the supply of the National Contract Pharmaceutical to, at a DHB Hospital's discretion, any Designated Delivery Point, or to a Contract Manufacturer (expressly for the purpose of compounding), but does not include the effect of any rebates which may have been negotiated between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Restriction", means a limitation, put in place by PHARMAC or a DHB, restricting the funding of a Pharmaceutical and includes Indication Restrictions, Local Restrictions and Prescriber Restrictions (as defined in this Part I of Section H).

"Schedule", means this Pharmaceutical Schedule and all its sections and appendices.

"Special Authority Approval", means an approval for funding of a Community Pharmaceutical that is marked in Sections B-G of the Schedule as being subject to a Special Authority restriction.

"Total Market Volume", means, for a particular Hospital Pharmaceutical with HSS in any given period, in accordance with the data available to PHARMAC, the sum of:

- a) the total number of Units of the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical with HSS purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit; and
- b) the total number of Units of all the relevant DV Pharmaceuticals purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit.

"Unapproved Indication", means, for a Pharmaceutical, an indication for which it is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981. Clinicians prescribing Pharmaceuticals for Unapproved Indications should be aware of, and comply with, their obligations under Section 25 and/or Section 29 of the Medicines Act 1981 and as set out in rule 23.

"Unit", means an individual unit of a Pharmaceutical (e.g. a tablet, 1 ml of an oral liquid, an ampoule or a syringe). "Unlisted Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical that is within the scope of a Hospital Pharmaceutical, but is not listed in Section H Part II.

- 1.2 In addition to the above interpretations and definitions, unless the content requires otherwise, a reference in the Schedule to:
 - a) the singular includes the plural; and
 - b) any legislation includes a modification and re-enactment of, legislation enacted in substitution for, and a regulation, Order in Council, and other instrument from time to time issued or made under, that legislation.

HOSPITAL SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS

2 Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 2.1 Section H Part II contains the list of Hospital Pharmaceuticals that must be funded by DHB Hospitals. Section H Part II does not currently encompass the following categories of pharmaceuticals except for any items specifically listed in this Section H Part II:
 - a) Medical Devices;
 - b) whole or fractionated blood products;
 - c) diagnostic products which have an ex vivo use, such as pregnancy tests and reagents;
 - d) disinfectants and sterilising products, except those that are to be used in or on a patient;
 - e) foods and probiotics;
 - f) radioactive materials;
 - g) medical gases; and
 - h) parenteral nutrition.

Subject to rule 2.2, the funding of pharmaceuticals identified in a)-h) above is a decision for individual DHB Hospitals.

- 2.2 Section H Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals that PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier have entered into contractual arrangements for the purchase of, including an agreement on a national price and other obligations such as HSS. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III of Section H, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.
- 2.3 Section H Part II does not encompass the provision of pharmaceutical treatments for DHB Hospital staff as part of an occupational health and safety programme. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund pharmaceutical treatments for such use, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.

3 DHB Supply Obligations

- 3.1 In accordance with section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule, which includes these General Rules.
- 3.2 DHB Hospitals are not required to hold stock of every Hospital Pharmaceutical listed in Section H Part II, but they must Give it within a reasonable time if it is prescribed.
- 3.3 DHB Hospitals are able to hold stock of an Unlisted Pharmaceutical if doing so is considered necessary for the DHB Hospital to be able to Give the Unlisted Pharmaceutical in a timely manner under rules 11–17 inclusive.
- 3.4 Except where permitted in accordance with rule 11, DHBs must not Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

4 Funding

- 4.1 The purchase costs of Hospital Pharmaceuticals or Optional Pharmaceuticals administered, provided or dispensed by DHB Hospitals must be funded by the relevant DHB Hospital from its own budget, with the exception of:
 - a) Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments;
 - b) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been brought to the DHB hospital by the patient who is being treated by outpatient Services or who is admitted as an inpatient;
 - c) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been dispensed to a mental health day clinic under a Practitioner's

Supply Order; and

- d) Unlisted Pharmaceutical that have been brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient who is admitted as an inpatient.
- 4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments and Community Pharmaceuticals are funded through the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget, and Unlisted Pharmaceuticals are funded by the patient.

LIMITS ON SUPPLY

5 Prescriber Restrictions

- 5.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has a Prescriber Restriction if it is prescribed:
 - a) by a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical or, subject to rule 5.2, pursuant to a recommendation from such a clinician;
 - b) in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the DHB Hospital; or
 - c) in an emergency situation, provided that the prescriber has made reasonable attempts to comply with rule 5.1(a) above. If on-going treatment is required (i.e. beyond 24 hours) subsequent prescribing must comply with rule 5.1(a).
- 5.2 Where a Hospital Pharmaceutical is prescribed pursuant to a recommendation from a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical:
 - a) the prescriber must consult with a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical; and
 - b) the consultation must relate to the patient for whom the prescription is written; and
 - c) the consultation may be in person, by telephone, letter, facsimile or email; and
 - appropriate records are kept of the consultation, including recording the name of the advising clinician on the prescription/chart.
- 5.3 Where a clinician is working under supervision of a consultant who is of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical, the requirements of rule 5.2 can be deemed to have been met.

6 Indication Restrictions

- 6.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has an Indication Restriction, if it is prescribed for treatment of a patient with the particular clinical circumstances set out in the Indication Restriction.
- 6.2 If a patient has a current Special Authority Approval for the Hospital Pharmaceutical that the DHB Hospital wishes to Give, then the Indication Restriction is deemed to have been met.
- 6.3 If a Hospital Pharmaceutical has an Indication Restriction that is "for continuation only" then the DHB Hospital should only Give the Hospital Pharmaceutical where:
 - a) the patient has been treated with the Pharmaceutical in the Community; or
 - b) the patient is unable to be treated with an alternative Hospital Pharmaceutical, and the prescriber has explained to the patient that the Pharmaceutical is not fully subsidised in the Community.

7 Local Restrictions

- 7.1 A DHB Hospital may implement a Local Restriction, provided that:
 - a) in doing so, it ensures that the Local Restriction does not unreasonably limit funded access to the Hospital Pharmaceutical or undermine PHARMAC's decision that the Hospital Pharmaceutical must be funded;
 - b) it provides PHARMAC with details of each Local Restriction that it implements; and
- 7.2 PHARMAC may, when it considers that a Local Restriction does not conform to rule 7.1 above, require a DHB to amend or remove that Local Restriction.

8 Community use of Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 8.1 Except where otherwise specified in Section H, DHB Hospitals can Give any Hospital Pharmaceutical to a patient for use in the Community, provided that:
 - a) the quantity does not exceed that sufficient for up to 30 days' treatment, unless:
 - i) it would be inappropriate to provide less than the amount in an original pack; or
 - ii) the relevant DHB Hospital has a Dispensing for Discharge Policy and the quantity dispensed is in accordance with that policy; and
 - b) the Hospital Pharmaceutical is supplied consistent with any applicable Restrictions.

9 Community use of Medical Devices

- 9.1 Subject to rules 9.2 and 9.3, DHB Hospitals may Give a Medical Device for patients for use in the Community.
- 9.2 Where a Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is a Community Pharmaceutical, the DHB Hospital must supply:

- a) the brand of Medical Device that is listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
- b) only to patients who meet the funding eligibility criteria set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule.
- 9.3 Where a DHB Hospital has supplied a Medical Device to a patient; and
 - a) that Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is subsequently listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 b) the patient would not meet any funding eligibility criteria for the Medical Device set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and

c) the Medical Device has consumable components that need to be replaced throughout its usable life; then DHB Hospitals may continue to fund consumable products for that patient until the end of the usable life of the Medical Device. At the end of the usable life of the device, funding for a replacement device must be consistent with the Pharmaceutical Schedule and/or in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy.

9.4 DHB Hospitals may also continue to fund consumable products, as in rule 9.3 above, in situations where the DHB has been funding consumable products but where the Medical Device was funded by the patient.

10 Extemporaneous Compounding

- 10.1 A DHB Hospital may Give any Extemporaneously Compounded Product for a patient in its care, provided that:
 - all of the component Pharmaceuticals of the Extemporaneously Compounded Product are Hospital Pharmaceuticals; and
 - b) the Extemporaneously Compounded Product is supplied consistent with any applicable rules or Restrictions for its component Hospital Pharmaceuticals.
- 10.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this rule 10.1 applies to any Extemporaneously Compounded Product, whether it is manufactured by the DHB Hospital or by a Contract Manufacturer.

EXCEPTIONS

11 Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment

- 11.1 A DHB Hospitals may only Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions,
 - in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Policy or rules 12-17 inclusive.

12 Continuation

- 12.1 Where a patient's clinical circumstances have been stabilised via treatment in the Community with a pharmaceutical that has not been funded by the Funder, and that patient is admitted to hospital as an inpatient, a DHB Hospital may fund that pharmaceutical for the duration of the patient's stay, where:
 - a) the patient has not brought (or cannot arrange to bring) the pharmaceuticals to the DHB Hospital, or pharmacy staff consider that the pharmaceuticals brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient cannot be used; and
 - b) interrupted or delayed treatment would have significant adverse clinical consequences; and
 - c) it is not considered appropriate to switch treatment to a Hospital Pharmaceutical.

13 Pre-Existing Use

- 13.1 Subject to 13.2, where a DHB Hospital has Given a pharmaceutical for a patient prior to 1 July 2013, and the pharmaceutical:
 - a) is an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) treatment of the patient would not comply with any relevant Restrictions;

the DHB Hospital may continue to Give that pharmaceutical if it is considered that there would be significant adverse clinical consequences from ceasing or switching treatment.

13.2 Each DHB Hospital must, by no later than 1 October 2013, provide PHARMAC with a report on pharmaceuticals it has Given in accordance with this rule 13 where treatment has continued beyond 1 August 2013.

14 Clinical Trials and Free Stock

- 14.1 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is funded by a third party and is being used:
 - 14.1.1 as part of a clinical trial that has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 14.1.2 for on-going treatment of patients following the end of such a clinical trial.
- 14.2 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is provided free of charge by a supplier, provided that the pharmaceutical is provided as part of a programme of which the DHB, or supplier, has notified PHARMAC.

15 Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments in Paediatrics

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical for use within a paediatric oncology/haematology service for the treatment of

cancer.

16 Other Government Funding

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical where funding for that pharmaceutical has been specifically provided by a Government entity other than PHARMAC or a DHB.

17 Other Exceptions

- 17.1 PHARMAC may also approve the funding of a pharmaceutical within a single DHB Hospital for information gathering purposes or otherwise related to PHARMAC's decision-making process for considering additions to or amendments to the Pharmaceutical Schedule.
- 17.2 Funding approvals granted under rule 17.1 will be subject to specific limitations on use as determined appropriate by PHARMAC in each circumstance, in consultation with the relevant DHB Hospital and/or DHB.

NATIONAL CONTRACTING

18 Hospital Pharmaceutical Contracts

- 18.1 A DHB Hospital may enter into a contract for the purchase of any Pharmaceutical, including any Medical Device, that it is entitled to fund in accordance with this Schedule H and that is not a National Contract Pharmaceutical, provided that such a contract:
 - a) does not oblige the relevant DHB Hospital to purchase a volume of that Pharmaceutical, if that Pharmaceutical is a DV Pharmaceutical, that is greater than the relevant DV Limit;
 - b) enables PHARMAC to access and use future price and volume data in respect of that Pharmaceutical; and
 - c) enables the relevant DHB Hospital to terminate the contract or relevant parts of the contract in order to give full effect to the National Contract on no more than 3 months' written notice to the Pharmaceutical supplier.
- 18.2 From 1 July 2013, where a DHB Hospital has a pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity for which there is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, the DHB may continue purchasing the chemical entity in accordance with its pre-existing supply contract however:
 - a) from the day its pre-existing supply contract expires, that DHB Hospital is to purchase the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, and is to comply with any DV Limits for the National Contract Pharmaceutical where it has HSS;
 - b) if purchase of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, where it has HSS, would not cause the relevant DHB Hospital to be in breach of its pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity; the DHB Hospital must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical.
- 18.3 Following written notification from PHARMAC that a Pharmaceutical is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, either through Section H updates or otherwise, DHB Hospitals must, unless PHARMAC expressly notifies otherwise:
 - a) take any steps available to them to terminate pre-existing contracts or relevant parts of such a contract, and
 - b) not enter any new contracts or extend the period of any current contracts, for the supply of that National Contract Pharmaceutical or the relevant chemical entity or Medical Device.

19 National Contract Pharmaceuticals

- 19.1 DHB Hospitals must take all necessary steps to enable any contracts between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier in relation to National Contract Pharmaceuticals to be given full effect.
- 19.2 The contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and the relevant supplier of a National Contract Pharmaceutical requires it to be made available for purchase at the relevant Price by any or all of the following:
 - a) DHB Hospitals at Designated Delivery Points; and/or
 - b) Contract Manufacturers (expressly for the purpose of compounding).

In the case of Medical Devices, a National Contract may require the Medical Device to be purchased by, and/or supplied to, a third party logistics provider.

20 Hospital Supply Status (HSS)

- 20.1 The DV Limit for any National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS is set out in the listing of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical in Section H, and may be amended from time to time.
- 20.2 If a National Contract Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H as having HSS, DHB Hospitals:
 - a) are expected to use up any existing stocks of DV Pharmaceuticals during the First Transition Period;
 - b) must not purchase DV Pharmaceuticals in volumes exceeding their usual requirements, or in volumes exceeding those which they reasonably expect to use, within the First Transition Period;
 - c) must ensure that Contract Manufacturers, when manufacturing an Extemporaneously Compounded Product on their behalf, use the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS; and

- d) must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS except:
 - to the extent that the DHB Hospital may use its discretion to purchase a DV Pharmaceutical within the DV Limit, provided that (subject to rule 20.2(d)(iii) below) the DV Limit has not been exceeded nationally;
 - ii) if the Pharmaceutical supplier fails to supply that National Contract Pharmaceutical, in which case the relevant DHB Hospital does not have to comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical during that period of non-supply (and any such month(s) included in a period of non-supply will be excluded in any review of the DV Limit in accordance with rule 20.3 below);
 - iii) that where the DV Limit has been exceeded nationally, the DHB Hospital may negotiate with the Pharmaceutical supplier that supplies the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS for written permission to vary the application of that DHB Hospital's Individual DV Limit for any patient whose exceptional needs require a DV Pharmaceutical.
- 20.3 PHARMAC may, in its discretion, for any period or part period:
 - a) review usage by DHB Hospitals of the National Contract Pharmaceutical and DV Pharmaceuticals to determine whether the DV Limit has been exceeded; and
 - b) audit compliance by DHB Hospitals with the DV Limits and related requirements.
- 20.4 PHARMAC will address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit by:
 - a) obtaining the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital's assurance that it will comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS in the remainder of the applicable period and any subsequent periods; and
 - b) informing the relevant supplier of the HSS Pharmaceutical of any individual DHB or DHB Hospital's noncompliance with the DV Limit for that HSS Pharmaceutical.
- 20.5 In addition to the steps taken by PHARMAC under rule 20.4 above to address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit, the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier may require, in its discretion, financial compensation from the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital:
 - a) an amount representing that DHB or DHB Hospital's contribution towards exceeding the DV Limit (where PHARMAC is able to quantify this based on the information available to it); or
 - b) the sum of \$1,000 or \$5,000 (depending on the terms of the applicable national contract applying to the HSS Pharmaceutical),

whichever is the greater as between sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) within the number of business days specified in the notice from the Pharmaceutical supplier requiring such payment to be made.

21 Collection of rebates and payment of financial compensation

- 21.1 Following the receipt of any rebates from a Pharmaceutical supplier in respect of a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical, PHARMAC will notify each relevant DHB and DHB Hospital of the amount of the rebate owing to it, being a portion of the total rebate determined by PHARMAC on the basis of that DHB Hospital's usage of that National Contract Pharmaceutical, where this is able to be determined. Where data to determine individual DHB Hospitals' usage is not available, PHARMAC will apportion rebates on the basis of an alternative method agreed between the relevant DHBs and PHARMAC.
- 21.2 PHARMAC will pay each DHB Hospital the rebate amounts (if any) owing to it, no less frequently than once each calendar quarter in respect of rebates received quarterly (or more often).

22 Price and Volume Data

- 22.1 DHB Hospitals must provide to PHARMAC, on a monthly basis in accordance with PHARMAC's requirements, any volume data and, unless it would result in a breach of a pre-existing contract, price data held by those DHB Hospitals in respect of any Pharmaceutical (including any Medical Device) listed in Section H.
- 22.2 All price and volume data provided to PHARMAC under rule 22.1 above should identify the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical by using a Pharmacode or some other unique numerical identifier, and the date (month and year) on which the DHB Hospital incurred a cost for the purchase of that Hospital Pharmaceutical. Volume is to be measured in units (that being the smallest possible whole Unit e.g. a capsule, a vial, a millilitre etc).

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

23 Unapproved Pharmaceuticals

Prescribers should, where possible, prescribe Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are approved under the Medicines Act 1981. However, the funding criteria (including Restrictions) under which a Hospital Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H of the Schedule may:

- 23.1 in some cases, explicitly permit a DHB to fund a Pharmaceutical that is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981 or for an Unapproved Indication; or
- 23.2 not explicitly prohibit a DHB from funding a Pharmaceutical for use for an Unapproved Indication;

Accordingly, if clinicians are planning on prescribing an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication, they should:

- 23.1 be aware of and comply with their obligations under sections 25 and/or 29 of the Medicines Act 1981, as applicable, and otherwise under that Act and the Medicines Regulations 1984;
- 23.2 be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Consumer Rights, including the requirement to obtain informed consent from the patient (PHARMAC recommends that clinicians obtain written consent); and
- 23.3 exercise their own skill, judgment, expertise and discretion, and make their own prescribing decisions with respect to the use of an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication.

Clinicians should be aware that simply by listing a Pharmaceutical on the Pharmaceutical Schedule, PHARMAC makes no representations about whether that Pharmaceutical has any form of approval or consent under, or whether the supply or use of the Pharmaceutical otherwise complies with, the Medicines Act 1981. Further, the Pharmaceutical Schedule does not constitute an advertisement, advertising material or a medical advertisement as defined in the Medicines Act or otherwise.

Part II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

(Price ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents			
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents			
 ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMET Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone 20 m Oral liq 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone 20 mg per 5 ml Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simethicone 30 mg per 5 ml 	Ig		e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double Strength
SIMETHICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml			-
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sache SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CAF			e.g. Gaviscon Infant
Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate 160 mg			e.g. Gaviscon Double Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbon- ate 160 mg per 10 ml SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)		500 ml	Acidex
Phosphate Binding Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below ♥ Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml) → Restricted Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate bind Anticliarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agent	ing agent	500 ml	Roxane
Antipropulsives			
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2016		400	Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories			
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page			

Cap 3 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→Restricted			
Crohn's disease			
Both:			
 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; 	and		
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Diabetes; or			
2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or			
2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture;			
2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional cort			
2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with		,	f conventional corticactors
2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affec treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or	live disorder) where	e ine risk c	i conventional conticostero
2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional cortico	otoroido ara conside	arad ta ba	optroindicated)
Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)			contrainuicateu).
Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocy	rtic colitic) by colono	econy with	hioneige
alient has a diagnosis of microscopic contis (conagenous of tymphoc) Gut Graft versus Host disease		Scopy with	biopaiea
Patient has a gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone m	arrow transplantatio	n	
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE	25.20	01.1 a	Colifoam
Rectal foam 10% (14 applications) - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	25.30	21.1 g	Comoam
/IESALAZINE			
Tab EC 400 mg		100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg		100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa
Modified release granules 1 g		120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		30 7	Pentasa Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		1	Pentasa
DLSALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg			
Cap 250 mg			
SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE			
Cap 100 mg			
SULPHASALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		100	Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders			
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations			
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE	45.00	<u> 00 -</u>	Drastaadul
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		30 g	Proctosedyl
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	9.90	12	Proctosedyl Proctosedyl
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE	9.90 E AND CINCHOCAII	12	
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchoca	9.90 E AND CINCHOCAII aine	12	Proctosedyl
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE	9.90 E AND CINCHOCAII aine	12	•
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchoca	9.90 E AND CINCHOCAII aine 6.35	12 NE	Proctosedyl

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants			
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Mo	tility		
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		10	Max Health
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE Tab 10 mg		20	Gastrosoothe
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5 90	Buscopan Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg			
H2 Antagonists			
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg			
RANITIDINE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	14.73 4.92	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors			
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Cap 30 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		28 28	Solox Solox
OMEPRAZOLE ↓ Tab dispersible 20 mg →Restricted			
Only for use in tube-fed patients Cap 10 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Cap 40 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Powder for oral lig	2.91 4.42	90 90 90 5 g	Omezol Relief Omezol Relief Omezol Relief Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent		5 5 5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole Dr Reddy's Omeprazole

	D /		
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PANTOPRAZOLE Tab EC 20 mg – 1% DV May-14 to 2016		100	Pantoprazole Actavis
Tab EC 40 mg – 1% DV May-14 to 2016		100	20 Pantoprazole Actavis
Inj 40 mg vial			40
Site Protective Agents			
BISMUTH TRIOXIDE Tab 120 mg		112	De-Nol
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g			
Bile and Liver Therapy			
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE – Restricted see terms below	nded to treatment with	, or are in	tolerant to lactulose, or wher
RIFAXIMIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 550 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 → Restricted	625.00	56	Xifaxan
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of	maximum tolerated do	oses of la	ctulose.
Diabetes			
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors			
ACARBOSE Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		90 90	Accarb Accarb
Hyperglycaemic Agents			
DIAZOXIDE – Restricted see terms below € Cap 25 mg € Cap 100 mg € Oral liq 50 mg per ml → Restricted For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE		100 100 30 ml	Proglicem Proglicem Proglycem
Inj 1 mg syringe kit GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Tab 1.5 g Tab 3.1 g Tab 4 g Gel 40% GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet	32.00	1	Glucagen Hypokit

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per m			
3 ml prefilled pen INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per m 3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per m 3 ml cartridge	ıl,	5	Humalog Mix 50
 INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 r vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 r cartridge Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 r cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 r cartridge 	nl		
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	94.50	5 5 1	Lantus SoloStar Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51 19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
INSULIN GLULISINE		Ū	
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen	46.07	1 5 5	Apidra Apidra Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN NEUTRAL			

Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents	φ	rei	Manufacturer
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg			
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	11.50	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		100	Minidiab
/ETFORMIN			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1,000 500	Apotex Apotex
PIOGLITAZONE			·
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		28	Pizaccord
Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Tab 45 mg – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		28 28	Pizaccord Pizaccord
Digestives Including Enzymes			
ANCREATIC ENZYME Cap EC 10,000 BP u lipase, 9,000 BP u amylase and 210 BP u pr)-		
tease Cap EC 25,000 BP u lipase, 18,000 BP u amylase and 1,000 BP protease	u		
Cap EC 25,000 BP u lipase, 22,500 BP u amylase and 1,250 BP protease	u		
Powder 25,000 u lipase with 30,000 u amylase and 1,400 u proteas per g	e		
JRSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		100	Ursosan
→Restricted			
lagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis Either:			
1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.			
Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury			
All of the following: 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury;	and		
2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN			
3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admis Cirrhosis	sion or reduce dura	ation of s	tay.
Soth:			
 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibod with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver b Distribute the provided and the second s	iopsy; and		sed cholestatic liver enzym
 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 μmol/l; de Pregnancy 	compensated cirrho	USIS.	
Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy. Haematological transplant			
Both:			
			continued.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
ontinued 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and 0 Tractment for up to 10 weaks	impairment and is und	ergoing c	onditioning treatment prior	
2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks. Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis Both:				
 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN cort 		iich is like	ly to be induced by TPN; an	
Laxatives				
Bowel-Cleansing Preparations				
CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSUL Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and s picosulfate 10 mg per sachet			e.g. PicoPrep	
IACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORII Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, sium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and s sulphate 80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, sium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and s sulphate 80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet	potas- sodium potas-	DRIDE	e.g. Glycoprep-C e.g. Glycoprep-C	
IACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICA Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sod carbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium su 5.685 g per sachet	lium bi- ulphate	HLORIDE	AND SODIUM SULPHATE	
Bulk-Forming Agents				
SPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK Powder for oral soln – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5.51	500 g	Konsyl-D	
 TERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – Restricted: For continuation only Powder for oral soln 	у			
Faecal Softeners				
OCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Tab 120 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		100 100	Coloxyi Coloxyi	
OCCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg	4.40	200	Laxsol	
ARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml				
OLOXAMER Oral drops 10% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30 ml	Coloxyl	

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL			
Suppos 1.27 g			
Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	6.50	20	PSM
LACTULOSE			
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml	3.84	500 ml	Laevolac
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBO	NATE AND SOD	IUM CHLOF	RIDE – Restricted see terms
 below Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodiu bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sodiu 			
 Powder for oral soin 13,125 g with polassium chloride 40.0 mg, sould bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 1% I Oct-14 to 2017 	V	30	Lax-Sachets
➡Restricted Either:			
 Both: The patient has problematic constipation despite an ad tulose where lactulose is not contraindicated; and The patient would otherwise require a per rectal prepara For short-term use for faecal disimpaction. 		er oral phar	macotherapies including lac-
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE			
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml			
1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		50	Micolette
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral lig 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%			
Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL			
Tab 5 mg		200	Lax-Tabs
Suppos 5 mg Suppos 10 mg		6 6	Dulcolax Dulcolax
11 5		U	
SENNOSIDES Tab 7.5 mg			

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ARGININE

Powder Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

Fowder

Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician or metabolic disorders dietitian.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IMIGLUCERASE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial

Restricted

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- € Cap 500 mg
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Oral soln 500 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

(Any Oral soln 500 mg per 15 ml to be delisted 1 July 2015)

Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician, metabolic disorders dietitian or neurologist

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 50 mg

Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician, metabolic disorders dietitian or neurologist

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg Powder Soln 100 mg per ml Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Tab 500 mg Oral liq 250 mg per ml Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20175.38	250	Arrow-Calcium
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)6.21	30	Calsource

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
lodine			
POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) – 1% DV Dec-14 to 2 POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%	2017 3.65	90	NeuroTabs
Iron			
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Ferinject
Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	2.89	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg	4.75	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS SULPHATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – 1% DV Apr-14 to 201		30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 5	500 mg		
FERROUS SULPHATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 r	ncg		
IRON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5	Ferrum H
IRON SUCROSE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Venofer
Magnesium			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Zinc	12.65	10	DBL
ZINC			
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops			
ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule			
ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental) – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	11.00	100	Zincaps

tem restricted (see above); ↓Item restricted (see below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORID Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	DE		
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	2.68	200 ml	healthE
CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%			
DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg			
SODIUM CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE WITH PECTIN AND GELATINI Paste Powder	Ξ		
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	5.33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g – 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015	4.95	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml		24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents			
SODIUM HYALURONATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted Otolaryngologist THYMOL GLYCERIN Compound, BPC			
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms or	the next page		o a Cliniciano Multivit ?

e.g.Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Limited to 3 months' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

Note: Multivitamin and mineral supplement capsule composition includes vitamin A 250 IU, thiamine 2.5 mg, riboflavin 2.5 mg, nicotinamide 12.5 mg, vitamin B5 10 mg, pyridoxine 5 mg, vitamin B12 6.2 mcg, vitamin C 125 mg, cholecalciferol 2.5 mcg, vitamin E 25 mg, betaine 12.5 mg, biotin 12.5 mcg, boron 250 mcg, calcium 25 mg, choline 6.2 mg, chromium 25 mcg, citric acid 50 mg, citrus bioflavonoid complex 50 mg, co-enzyme Q10 1.2 mg, copper 125 mcg, folic acid 37.5 mcg, inositol 6.2 mg, iodine 25 mcg, iron 250 mcg, L-Glutamine 6.2 mg, magnesium 12.5 mg, molybdenum 12.5 mcg, manganese 0.5 mg, potassium 5 mg, selenium 18.7 mcg, zinc 1.9 mg.

MULTIVITAMINS	
Tab (BPC cap strength)	e.g. Mvite
Cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, al- pha tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg, cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg	e.g. Vitabdeck
➡ Restricted	
Either:	
 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or 	
2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome.	
Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E	
21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg,	
riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid	
303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg	o a Poodiatria Saravit
► Restricted	e.g. Paediatric Seravit
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.	
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridox-	
ine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid	
500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml	
ampoule (1)	e.g. Pabrinex IV
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridox-	-
ine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid	
500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)	e.g. Pabrinex IM
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine	
hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid	
1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml	
ampoule (1)	e.g. Pabrinex IV
VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C	
Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10	
drops	e.g. Vitadol C

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin A			
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml			
Vitamin B			
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN ACETATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	5.10	3	ABM Hydroxocobalamin
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017 Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Apo-Pyridoxine
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC			
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 Tab chewable 250 mg	7.00	500	Cvite
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg Cap 1 mcg Oral drops 2 mcg per ml		100 100	One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg		30	Airflow
Cap 0.5 mcg	10.10 5.62 18.73	100 30 100	Calcitriol-AFT Airflow Calcitriol-AFT
Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	10.70	100	
CHOLECALCIFEROL Tab 1.25 mg (50,000 iu)	7.76	12	Cal-d-Forte
Vitamin E			

- € Cap 500 u
- ♥ Oral liq 156 u per ml

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis

Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

(e	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Antianaemics				
Hypoplastic and Haemolytic				
EPOETIN ALFA [ERYTHROPOIETIN ALFA] - Restricted see terms below	40.00	0	F	

ŧ	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 mi syringe – 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
t	Inj 2,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018 120.18	6	Eprex
t	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
t	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
t	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
t	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
t	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe - 5% DV May-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
t	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
t	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV May-15 to 28 Feb 2018	1	Eprex

Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin \leq 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate $\leq~$ 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate $\leq~$ 45ml/min; or
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Megaloblastic FOLIC ACID Tab 0.8 mg Tab 5 mg Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosant		25 ml	Biomed
Tab 0.8 mg Tab 5 mg Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		25 ml	Biomed
Tab 5 mg Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		25 ml	Biomed
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		25 ml	Biomed
lnj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		25 111	Diomed
Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosan	ts		
APROTININ – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial			
→Restricted			
Cardiac anaesthetist			
Either:			
 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass proceed Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the adverse effects of the drug. 		ssive blee	eding outweighs the potent
ELTROMBOPAG – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg		28	Revolade
Tab 50 mg	3,542.00	28	Revolade
→Restricted			
Haematologist nitiation (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectom	v)		
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks	¥)		
All of the following:			
1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and			
2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and faile and	d after therapy of 3 m	onths ea	ch (or 1 month for rituximal
3 Any of the following:			
3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platele	ets per microlitre and	has evide	ence of significant mucocut
neous bleeding; or			
3.2 Patient has a platelet count of $\leq 20,000$ platelets per n		dence of a	active bleeding; or
3.3 Patient has a platelet count of ≤ 10,000 platelets per n nitiation - (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for			
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks	spienectomy)		
The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenect	omv.		
Continuation - (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splene			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during	ng the initial approva	l or subs	equent renewal periods a
urther treatment is required.			
Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000	platelets per microlitr	e.	
FERRIC SUBSULFATE			
Gel 25.9%			
Soln 500 ml			
POLIDOCANOL			
Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial			
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE			
Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule			
FHROMBIN Powder			

Powder

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer	
RANEXAMIC ACID				
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2016	23.00	100	Cyklokapron	
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		10	Cyklokapron	
Blood Factors			e j lienapien	
EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] – Restricted s				
Inj 1 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT	
Inj 2 mg syringe	'	1	NovoSeven RT	
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT	
Inj 8 mg syringe	9,310.00	1	NovoSeven RT	
→ Restricted				
When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is mana Jational Haemophilia Management Group.	ged by the Haemophilia Ti	reaters (Group in conjunction with th	
ACTOR EIGHT INHIBITORS BYPASSING AGENT – Restricted	see terms below			
		1	FEIBA	
Inj 1,000 U	,	1	FEIBA	
→ Restricted		•		
When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is mana	and by the Hanmonhilia Ti	raatars (Proup in conjunction with th	
Vational Haemophilia Management Group.	ged by the Hachlophina h	calcib (
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] – Restric			N II	
Inj 250 iu vial		1	Xyntha	
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Xyntha	
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Xyntha	
Inj 2,000 iu vial	,	1	Xyntha	
Inj 3,000 iu vial	2,700.00	1	Xyntha	
→Restricted				
When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is mana	ged by the Haemophilia Ti	reaters (Group in conjunction with th	
National Haemophilia Management Group.				
NONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted se	e terms below			
Inj 250 iu vial		1	BeneFIX	
Ini 500 iu vial		1	BeneFIX	
🖡 Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX	
Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX	
⇒Restricted	_,			
When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is mana	ged by the Haemophilia Ti	reaters (Group in conjunction with th	
Vational Haemophilia Management Group.	3)			
DCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] – Restricted s	an terme on the next need			
		1	Advate	
Inj 250 iu vial		I		
	250.00	1	Kogenate FS	
Inj 500 iu vial		I	Advate	
	500.00		Kogenate FS	
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate	
	1,000.00		Kogenate FS	
Inj 1,500 iu vial		1	Advate	
Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Advate	
	2,000.00		Kogenate FS	
Inj 3,000 iu vial	2,850.00	1	Advate	
	3,000.00		Kogenate FS	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the intervention of the treatment of the treatment is managed.	he Haemophilia Ti	reaters	Group in conjunction with the
National Haemophilia Management Group. Vitamin K			
PHYTOMENADIONE Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule		5	Konakion MM

.....9.21

5

Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 mg vial

Restricted

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg148.00	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	60	Pradaxa
DALTEPARIN		
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe60.03	10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe77.55	10	Fragmin
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	10	Fragmin
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe120.05	10	Fragmin
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe158.47	10	Fragmin

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

➡Restricted

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

Restricted

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(cx man. cxci. ccor) \$	Per	Manufacturer
ENOXAPARIN			
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	74.91	10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Clexane
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	177.60	10	Clexane
ONDAPARINUX SODIUM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
→Restricted			
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance	or heparin intolerance		
HEPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml ampoule			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	61.04	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	39.00	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule		00	THEOR
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg	153.00	15	Xarelto
⇒Restricted			
Either:			
1 Limited to five weeks' treatment for the prophylaxis of ven	ous thromboembolism follo	owing a	total hip replacement: or
2 Limited to two weeks' treatment for the prophylaxis of ven			
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM		0	
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium			
74.6 mcg per ml, 5,000 ml bag			
RISODIUM CITRATE			
Inj 4%, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 46.7%, 3 ml syringe			
Inj 46.7%, 5 ml ampoule			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	ð	Fei	Manulaciurei
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg	0.70	400	
Tab 3 mg		100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11./5	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	1.60	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
	10.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016	5.48	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg	11 52	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		00	r ytazen orr
PTIFIBATIDE – Restricted see terms below	111.00		Later willer
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Integrilin
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial →Restricted		1	Integrilin
Either:			
 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing p 	oroutanoous ooron	any inton	vantion: or
2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coror			
		oronary c	angiographiy.
PRASUGREL – Restricted see terms below	109.00	00	Efficient
Tab 5 mg		28 28	Effient Effient
✓ Tab 10 mg →Restricted	120.00	20	Ellielli
Bare metal stents			
imited to 6 months' treatment			
Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and	is clonidogral-aller	aic	
Drug-eluting stents	is clopidogrei-aller	gic.	
imited to 12 months' treatment			
Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 we	eks and is clopidor	rel-allero	iic.
Stent thrombosis			
Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.			
Myocardial infarction			
imited to 7 days' treatment			
For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infa	rction.		
Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria		or asthm	a (in non-asthmatic patients
developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to			
FICAGRELOR – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 90 mg		56	Brilinta
→Restricted			
Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patier	ts who have recent	lv been d	iagnosed with an ST-elevatio
or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic			
planned.		3.5.1	
FICLOPIDINE			
Tab 250 mg			

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Fibrinolytic Agents			
LTEPLASE Inj 2 mg vial Inj 10 mg vial Inj 50 mg vial			
ENECTEPLASE Inj 50 mg vial			
ROKINASE Inj 10,000 iu vial Inj 50,000 iu vial Inj 100,000 iu vial Inj 500,000 iu vial			
Colony-Stimulating Factors			
Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors			
ILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe – 1% DV Jan-13 to 31 Dec 2015	F40.00	5	Zarzio
Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe – 1% DV Jan-13 to 31 Dec 2015 Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial		5 5	Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Jan-13 to 31 Dec 2015		5	Zarzio
Restricted			
ncologist or haematologist			
EGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe	1,080.00	1	Neulastim
or prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemother Febrile neutropenia risk $\geq 20\%$ after taking into account other risk facto nd Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines.			· /
Fluids and Electrolytes			
ntravenous Administration			
ALCIUM CHLORIDE Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial ALCIUM GLUCONATE			
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule		10	Hospira
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesiun 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconat	е	500 ml	Baxter
	е	500 ml 1,000 ml	Baxter Baxter
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesiun 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconat	e 5.00		
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesiur 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconat 23 mmol/l, bag	e 5.00 3.10		
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesiur 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconat 23 mmol/l, bag OMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE	e 5.00 3.10 n, d		

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
OMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]				
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bi	i-			
carbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, bag	1.77	500 ml	Baxter	
	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter	
OMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE WITH GLUCOSE				
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bi		1 000 ml	Deuter	
carbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l and glucose 5%, bag	5.38	1,000 ml	Baxter	
LUCOSE [DEXTROSE]				
Inj 5%, bag	2.87	50 ml	Baxter	
	2.84	100 ml	Baxter	
	3.87	250 ml	Baxter	
	1.77	500 ml	Baxter	
	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 10%, bag	3.70	500 ml	Baxter	
	5.29	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 50%, bag		500 ml	Baxter	
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	Biomed	
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	14.50	1	Biomed	
Inj 70%, 1,000 ml bag				
Inj 70%, 500 ml bag				
LUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 5% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 5% glucose with 30 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1,000 ml bag		.,		
Inj 10% glucose with 10 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag				
LUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride	e 0.45	500 ml	Devite	
0.18%, bag		500 ml	Baxter	
	4.30	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium chloride				
0.18%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag)-			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag)-			
LUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE				
	4.05	500 ml	Doutor	
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag		500 ml 500 ml	Baxter Baxter	
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag				
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag	5.80	1,000 ml 1,000 ml	Baxter Baxter	
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag	4.04	1,000 mi	Daxier	
OTASSIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule				

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag	2.59	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 n bag	nl		
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml ba	ag		
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/ chloride 156 mmol/l, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial			
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial		1	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.45%, bag	5.50	500 ml	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, bag	1.70	500 ml	Freeflex
	1.71	1,000 ml	Freeflex
	3.01	50 ml	Baxter
	2.28	100 ml	Baxter
	3.60	250 ml	Baxter
	1.77	500 ml	Baxter
	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 3%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule		50	Multichem
	15.50	50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule		50	Multichem
Ini 0.00/ 2 ml ovringe 10/ DV lun 15 to 2019	15.50	20	Pfizer BD PosiFlush
		30	DD POSIFIUSII
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
✓ Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.90	30	BD PosiFlush
► Restricted		30	DD FOSIFIUSII
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
✓ Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		30	BD PosiFlush
⇒Restricted			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule	8.41	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml <i>−</i> 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		5	Biomed
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]			

Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. Go \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
WATER			
Inj, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 5 ml ampoule		50	Multichem
Inj 10 ml ampoule		50	Multichem
Inj 20 ml ampoule Inj 250 ml bag		20	Multichem
lnj 500 ml bag			
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder		300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Powder for oral soln			
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE			
Soln with electrolytes			
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	7.42	200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml			
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg	0 50	100	Sodibic
1 5	0.02	100	Sounic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg			
Oral lig 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder			
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED			
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag		10	Gelofusine
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE, PC	TASSIUM CHLC	RIDE, SODI	UM ACETATE AND SODIU
CHLORIDE	,		
Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.03% sodium acetate 0.463% and sodium chloride 0.6%, 500 ml bag		20	Volulyte 6%
, j		20	volaryte 070
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 6% with sodium chloride 0.9%, 500 ml bag	198.00	20	Voluven
ing 0 /0 with Southin Chionae 0.3 /0, 300 mil bay		20	VOIUVEII

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System			
ACE Inhibitors			
CAPTOPRIL ↓ Oral liq 5 mg per ml		95 ml	Capoten
3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following CILAZAPRIL	cardiac surgery.		
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	4.31	90 90 90	Zapril Zapril Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE			
Tab 5 mg Tab 10 mg Tab 20 mg	1.47	100 100 100	Ethics Enalapril Ethics Enalapril Ethics Enalapril
LISINOPRIL Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	4.08	90 90 90	Arrow-Lisinopril Arrow-Lisinopril Arrow-Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL		00	
Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Tab 4 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		30 30	Apo-Perindopril Apo-Perindopril
QUINAPRIL Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	4.64	90 90 90	Arrow-Quinapril 5 Arrow-Quinapril 10 Arrow-Quinapril 20
TRANDOLAPRIL – Restricted : For continuation only → Cap 1 mg → Cap 2 mg			
ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics			
CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2	016 10.72	100	Apo-Cilazapril/ Hydrochlorothiazide
ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE – Restricte	ed: For continuation	only	,
QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 1% DV Aug-12 to Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 1% DV Aug-12 to		30 30	Accuretic 10 Accuretic 20

ANDESARTAN CILEXETIL - Restricted see terms below Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 4.13 90 Candestar Tab 6 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 6.10 90 Candestar Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 10.18 90 Candestar Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 17.66 90 Candestar Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not resolved by ACE inhibitor retrial (same or new ACE inhibitor or 2 Patient has a history of angioedema. Insatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 1.55 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 1.90 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis SAngiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE 2.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 2.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 2.18 30 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 .6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 .6.75 500	Angiotensin II Antagonists			
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 16 mg 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 10.18 90 Candestar Tab 32 mg 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 17.66 90 Candestar +Restricted CE Inhibitor intolerance 90 Candestar etinitibitor intolerance ither: 1 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not resolved by ACE inhibitor retrial (same or new ACE inhibitor attains and adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an ACE inhibitor. OSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 1.55 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 12.5 mg 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg 1% DV ChOCHLOROTHIAZIDE 1% DV ChOCHLOROTHIAZIDE 1% DV ChOCHLOROTHIAZIDE 1% DV ChOCHLOROTHIAZIDE <	Tab 4 mg – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	4.13	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	5			
Prestricted CE inhibitor intolerance ither: 1 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not resolved by ACE inhibitor retrial (same or new ACE inhibitor or 2 Patient has a history of angioedema. Insatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor atient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an ACE inhibitor. 2 OSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CE inhibitor intolerance ither: 1 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not resolved by ACE inhibitor retrial (same or new ACE inhibitor or 2 2 Patient has a history of angioedema. neatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor atlent is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an ACE inhibitor. CSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017. 1.55 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017. 2.26 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017. 2.26 84 Losartan Actavis Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics SARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017. 2.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017. 2.18 30 Aprow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017. 2.18 30 Aprow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017. 5.00 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENCXYERNZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule HENCXYERNZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin	Tab 32 mg − 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	17.66	90	Candestar
1 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not resolved by ACE inhibitor retrial (same or new ACE inhibitor or 2 Patient has a history of angioedema. Insatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor atient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an ACE inhibitor. OSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017. 1.55 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017. 2.26 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017. 2.26 84 Losartan Actavis Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics 0 84 Losartan Actavis OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017. 2.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Hencorkup and	➡Restricted ACE inhibitor intolerance Either:			
Insatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor attent is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an ACE inhibitor. OSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	1 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not res	solved by ACE inhibit	or retrial	(same or new ACE inhibitor)
atient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an ACE inhibitor. OSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	, ,			
OSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		CE inhibitor		
Tab 12.5 mg -1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 1.55 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 25 mg -1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 1.90 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 50 mg -1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.25 84 Losartan Actavis Tab 100 mg -1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics 0 84 Losartan Actavis OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg -1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 2.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg OXAZOSIN Tab 2 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 0.700 Apo-Prazosin Tab 4 mg -1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg -10 mg -11 mo 0.50				
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		1 55	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017				
Tab 100 mg -1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 2.60 84 Losartan Actavis Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics 0 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg -1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 2.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers 0 According 100 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 2.18 30 Apo-Doxazosin Mab 2 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 .6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg -1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 .6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg .9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule .5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin RAZOSIN				
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 20172.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiaz Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers OXAZOSIN Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	0			
OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 20172.18 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiaz Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers 30 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiaz OXAZOSIN Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin RAZOSIN 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow				
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OXAZOSIN Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		17 2.18	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazic
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE 500 Apo-Doxazosin Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule HENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule RAZOSIN Tab 1 mg 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin ERAZOSIN 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 10.50 28 Arrow Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE	Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 6.75 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE 500 Apo-Doxazosin Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule HENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule RAZOSIN Tab 1 mg 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin ERAZOSIN 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 10.50 28 Arrow Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE	DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 9.67 500 Apo-Doxazosin HENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg 1150 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 1110 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule HENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin RAZOSIN Tab 1 mg 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 2 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE		6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule HENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule RAZOSIN Tab 1 mg	s 1			•
HENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule RAZOSIN Tab 1 mg 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 2 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin ERAZOSIN 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin ERAZOSIN 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg -1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg -1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg -1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg -1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg -1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Antiarrhythmics DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE	PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule RAZOSIN Tab 1 mg 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 2 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin ERAZOSIN 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Antiarrhythmics DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE	Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
RAZOSIN 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 2 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin ERAZOSIN 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Antiarrhythmics DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE	PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE			
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Tab 1 mg 5.53 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 2 mg 7.00 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin ERAZOSIN 11.70 100 Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE	PRAZOSIN			
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ERAZOSIN 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Antiarrhythmics 0.68 28 DENOSINE			100	
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Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.50 28 Arrow Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.45 28 Arrow Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 0.68 28 Arrow Antiarrhythmics DENOSINE DENOSINE DENOSINE	FERAZOSIN			
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Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Arrow Antiarrhythmics DENOSINE				
DENOSINE	.			
	Antiarrhythmics			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	ADENOSINE			

Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Cardiologist AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	
AJMALINE – Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Restricted Cardiologist AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	
 Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Restricted Cardiologist AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	
 → Restricted Cardiologist AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	
Cardiologist AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	
Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	
ATROPINE SULPHATE Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	
DIGOXIN Tab 62.5 mcg Tab 250 mcg Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg Cap 150 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg Cap long-acting 100 mg Cap long-acting 100 mg Cap long-acting 200 mg Cap long-acting 200 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE	
Tab 62.5 mcg Tab 250 mcg Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg Cap 150 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Cap long-acting 100 mg Cap long-acting 200 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule S2.45 MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE	
Tab 250 mcg Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg Cap 150 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg	
Tab 250 mcg Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg Cap 150 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg	
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg Cap 150 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg	
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg Cap 150 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg	
Cap 100 mg Cap 150 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg	
Cap 150 mgFLECAINIDE ACETATETab 50 mgTab 100 mgCap long-acting 100 mgCap long-acting 200 mgInj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampouleStatic TimeStatic Time </td <td></td>	
FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg 38.95 60 Tambocor Tab 100 mg 68.78 60 Tambocor Cap long-acting 100 mg 38.95 30 Tambocor CR Cap long-acting 200 mg 68.78 30 Tambocor CR Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule 52.45 5 Tambocor	
Tab 50 mg38.9560TambocorTab 100 mg68.7860TambocorCap long-acting 100 mg38.9530Tambocor CRCap long-acting 200 mg68.7830Tambocor CRInj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule52.455TambocorMEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE505Tambocor	
Tab 100 mg68.7860TambocorCap long-acting 100 mg	
Cap long-acting 100 mg 38.95 30 Tambocor CR Cap long-acting 200 mg 68.78 30 Tambocor CR Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule 52.45 5 Tambocor MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE 5 Tambocor 5	
Cap long-acting 200 mg 30 Tambocor CR Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule 52.45 5 Tambocor MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE 5 10 10	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE	
Cap 150 mg	
USP	ochloride
Cap 250 mg	ochloride
PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE	
Tab 150 mg	

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 2.5 mg

➡ Restricted

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

S Per Manufacturer SOPROLOL FUMARATE 7 7 8 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017			Per	
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017				
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		2 40	30	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	5			
ARVEDILOL Dicarz Dicarz Tab 62 Smg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	-			
Tab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	Ũ		00	Booraio
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	-	0.00	~~	Discurr
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017. .6.30 60 Dicarz ELIPROLOL Tab 200 mg .19.00 180 Celol SMOLOL HVDROCHLORIDE .19.00 180 Celol Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial .82.3 100 Hybloc Tab 100 mg .10.06 100 Hybloc Tab 100 mg .17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg .17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 10ng-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .1.41 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab 10ng-acting 35 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .2.42 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab 10ng-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab 10ng-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab 10ng-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab 10mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 .1.00 100 Lopresor Tab 10mg - acting 95 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 .1.00 60 Lopresor Tab 10mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 .2.42 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF TOPCLOL TARTRATE Tab 10 mg				
ELIPROLOL Tab 200 mg 19.00 180 Celol SMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial BBETALOL				
Tab 200 mg 19.00 180 Celol SMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Hybloc Tab 50 mg 8.23 100 Hybloc Tab 500 mg 10.06 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 10.06 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 10.06 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 10ng-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 1.41 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 2.42 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab long-acting 90 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 16.00 100 Lopresor Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 16.00 100 Lopresor Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 21.00 60 Lopresor Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 24.00 5 Lopresor Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-13 to 2015 23.74 100 Apo-Nadolol NDOLOL Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2016 9.72 100 Apo-Pindolol	lab 25 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017		60	Dicarz
SMOLOL HVDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial MBETALOL Tab 50 mg 8.23 100 Hybloc Tab 100 mg 10.06 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 10ng-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 1.41 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 1.41 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab long-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab long-acting 19.0 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CF Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 16.00 100 Lopresor Tab 10mg-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 18.00 28 Slow-Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 24.00 5 Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 23.74 100 Apo-Nadolol Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 23.74 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2016 15.62 100 A	ELIPROLOL			
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Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015				
NDOLOL 7 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol ROPRANOLOL 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap Ing-acting 160 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap Ing per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 11 11 mg per ml 11 Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 160 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor				
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 9.72 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol ROPRANOLOL 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 10 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 11 10 mampate Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 160 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor	Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	23.74	100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol ROPRANOLOL 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 160 mg 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA DTALOL 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 160 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor	INDOLOL			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	9.72	100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA DTALOL 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 80 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor			100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA DTALOL 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 80 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor	BOPBANOLOL			-
Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA DTALOL 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 80 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor		3 65	100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 11 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 100 Cardinol LA DTALOL 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 80 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Tab 160 mg 10.50 500 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor	5			
Oral liq 4 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DTALOL Tab 80 mg	5			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DTALOL Tab 80 mg			100	
DTALOL 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 80 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Tab 160 mg 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor				
Tab 80 mg 27.50 500 Mylan Tab 160 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 65.39 5 Sotacor	, , , ,			
Tab 160 mg 10.50 100 Mylan Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule Sotacor 5 Sotacor				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule65.39 5 Sotacor	•			
	5			
MOLOL MALEATE	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	65.39	5	Sotacor
	MOLOL MALEATE			

Tab 10 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Calcium Channel Blockers			
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
AMLODIPINE Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017 Tab 5 mg – 1% DV May-15 to 2017 Tab 10 mg – 1% DV May-15 to 2017	5.04	100 250 250	Apo-Amlodipine Apo-Amlodipine Apo-Amlodipine
 ELODIPINE Tab long-acting 2.5 mg – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Tab long-acting 5 mg – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 Tab long-acting 10 mg – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 	3.10	30 30 30	Plendil ER Plendil ER Plendil ER
ISRADIPINE Tab 2.5 mg Cap 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 5 mg			
VICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist			
3oth: 1 Patient is a paediatric patient; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with 2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or 2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using c	0		
NIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg Tab long-acting 20 mg Tab long-acting 30 mg Tab long-acting 30 mg Tab long-acting 60 mg Tab long-acting 60 mg Cap 5 mg	3.75	100 30 30	Nyefax Retard Adefin XL Adefin XL
NIMODIPINE Tab 30 mg Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 30 mg – 5% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Tab 60 mg – 5% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Cap long-acting 120 mg	8.50 1.91	100 100 30	Dilzem Dilzem Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg	31.83 7.56 47.67	500 30 500	Apo-Diltiazem CD Cardizem CD Apo-Diltiazem CD

Cap long-acting 240 mg 10.22

500

30

500

47.67

63.58

Apo-Diltiazem CD

Apo-Diltiazem CD

Cardizem CD

	Price	-)	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1.01	
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg	7 01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg		250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		250	
			Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
LONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	12.80	4	Catapres-TTS-1
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		4	Catapres-TTS-2
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		4	Catapres-TTS-3
		4	Galapies-110-5
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg - 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015		100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		5	Catapres
IETHYLDOPA			- .
Tab 125 mg		100	Prodopa
Tab 250 mg		100	Prodopa
Tab 500 mg	23.15	100	Prodopa
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
BUMETANIDE			
Tab 1 mg	16 36	100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial		100	Durinex
UROSEMIDE (FRUSEMIDE)			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		1,000	Diurin 40
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015	25.00	50	Urex Forte
Oral lig 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	1.30	5	Frusemide-Claris
Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule			
Osmotic Diuretics			
IANNITOL			
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 15%, 500 ml bag	9.84	500 ml	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag		500 ml	Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
MILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg			
0 0			
MILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg			
5 , 0			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml		100 25 ml	Apo-Amiloride Biomed
SPIRONOLACTONE	0.65	100	Chiroctin
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Oral lig 5 mg per ml	11.80	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	8.95	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]		20	2.004
Tab 25 mg	8.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE			
Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 METOLAZONE – Restricted see terms below	2.25	90	Dapa-Tabs
 Tab 5 mg Restricted Either: Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has therapy; or Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsions 			
Lipid-Modifying Agents			
Fibrates			
BEZAFIBRATE			
Tab 200 mg – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015 Tab long-acting 400 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		90 30	Bezalip Bezalip Retard
GEMFIBROZIL		30	Bezalip Helalu
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	17.60	60	Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		90	Zarator
Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		90	Zarator
Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		90 90	Zarator Zarator
PRAVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		30 30	Cholvastin Cholvastin
1au 40 1110 - 1% DV UCI-14 10 2017	0.30	30	CHOIVASUII

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	(ox main oxon 0.017) \$	Per	Manufacturer
SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		90	Arrow-Simva
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		90	Arrow-Simva
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	2.83	90	Arrow-Simva
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	7.91	90	Arrow-Simva
Resins			
CHOLESTYRAMINE			
Powder for oral lig 4 g			
Grans for oral liq 5 g			
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors			
EZETIMIBE – Restricted see terms below	0.05		
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017		30	Ezemibe
→Restricted			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular dis	sease of at least 15% over	er 5 years	; and
2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and			
3 Any of the following:			
3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as mus	cle aches and creatine k	inase mo	pre than 10 $ imes$ normal) whe
treated with one statin; or			
3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and at	orvastatin; or		
3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol	to less than 2.0 mmol/litr	e with the	use of the maximal tolerate
dose of atorvastatin.			
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017.		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017.		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017.		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017.		30	Zimybe
Restricted			,
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular dis	sease of at least 15% over	r 5 voare	· and
2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and		i J years	, anu
3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less t	than 0.0 mmal/litra with th		the maximal talerated dage
atorvastatin.		le use oi	
Other Lipid-Modifying Agents			
ACIPIMOX Cap 250 mg			
VICOTINIC ACID Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		100 100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid Apo-Nicotinic Acid

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Nitrates			
	0.00	400	Louisete
Tab 600 mcg		100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		10	Nitronal Nitronal
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		10 5	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		o 250 dose	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose		250 dose 250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spra
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		250 00se 30	Glytrin Nitroderm TTS 5
		30	Nitroderm TTS 10
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	10.02	30	
SOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg		30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg	3.94	90	Duride
Other Cardiac Agents			
EVOSIMENDAN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial →Restricted			
leart transplant			
Either:	on coonted for t	rononlont: or	
1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have be	een accepted for t	ranspiant; or	
2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.			
leart failure			
ardiologist or intensivist			
or the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is n	on-responsive to	dobutamine.	
Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule		5	Aspen Adrenaline
	5.25		Hospira
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	27.00	5	Hospira
	27.00 49.00	5 10	Hospira Aspen Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe OBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	49.00		
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe OBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial OPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe OBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial OPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 PHEDRINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline Martindale
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 EPHEDRINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline

Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IETARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
IORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
lnj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	115.50	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
LPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	1,417.50	5	Prostin VR
MYL NITRITE			
Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule			
DIAZOXIDE			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
IYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
🕻 Tab 25 mg			
Restricted			
lither:			
1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or	ta in nationta who are in	atalarant .	\sim have not reasonable to ΛC
 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitral inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. 	ie, în palients who are i	noieranii (or have not responded to AC
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
		5	Apresolitie
/ILRINONE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
/INOXIDIL – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg	70.00	100	Loniten
► Restricted		100	Loniten
For patients with severe refractory hypertension who have failed to re	espond to extensive mu	Itiple ther	apies.
ICORANDIL		•	•
Tab 10 mg		60	lkorel
Tab 20 mg		60	lkorel
APAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
1 9 km / m / m / m			
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Inj 50 mg vial			
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists			
MBRISENTAN – Restricted see terms below			
5 Tab 5 mg		30	Volibris
Tab 10 mg	4,585.00	30	Volibris
Restricted			
 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial In hospital stabilisations in emergency situations. 	Hypertension Panel; or		
OSENTAN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 62.5 mg	1,500.00	60	pms-Bosentan
	4,585.00		Tracleer
Tab 125 mg		60	pms-Bosentan
Restricted	4,585.00		Tracleer
 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial In hospital stabilisation in emergency situations. Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors	Hypertension Panel; or		
ILDENAFIL – Restricted see terms below	1.05		Cile ave
Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg		4 4	Silagra
Tab 100 mg		4	Silagra Silagra
► Restricted		4	Silayia
ny of the following:			
1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial	Hypertension Panel: or		
2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hyperter		HN): or	
3 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or	(<i>,,</i> -	
4 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or			
5 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or	r		
6 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations; or			
7 All of the following:			
7.1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and			
7.2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as se		tal admi	ssion or with a high likeliho
of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); an		ما مما ما	
7.3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper b		of cold	exposure, smoking cessati
support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); an 7.4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite tre		nal blad	core and nitratos (unloss or
traindicated or not tolerated).			
Prostacyclin Analogues			
OPROST	00 50	4	Annew Herrest
Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-15 to 2016 Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml		1 30	Arrow-lloprost
		30	Ventavis

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In hopsital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
FUSIDIC ACID Crm 2% – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2016 Oint 2% – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		15 g 15 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream Foban
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol)	8.56	15 g	Crystaderm
MAFENIDE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below ♥ Powder 50 g sachet ♥ Restricted For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SULPHADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1%		50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 CICLOPIROX OLAMINE		5 ml	MycoNail
Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only			
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only	0.52	20 g	Clomazol
 ► Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1% 			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%			
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017 → Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%	0.55	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
LINDANE [GAMMA BENZENE HEXACHLORIDE] Crm 1%			

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
MALATHION WITH PERMETHRIN AND PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE Spray 0.25% with permethrin 0.5% and piperonyl butoxide 2% Note: Temporary listing to cover out-of-stock.			
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017 Lotn 5% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		120 120	Oratane Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05%			
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015 Lotn, BP – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	1.77	100 g 2,000 ml	Pharmacy Health PSM
CROTAMITON Crm 10% - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients		Ū	
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	1.65	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	4.73	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone
ZINC Crm			
VIIII			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion);Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL	4.00	00.	
Crm Oint, BP - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2017		20 g 20 g	Orion healthE

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			-9
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g Crm 500 g		100 g 500 g	AFT AFT
CETOMACROGOL		5 5 5	
Crm BP, 500 g		500 g	Pharmacy Health
Crm BP, 100 g	1.65	1	healthE
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,		100 g	Pharmacy Health
	2.00 3.20		Pharmacy Health healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%		500 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
	6.50	1,000 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, 500 ml, 1 bottle	5.46	1	healthE
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT			
Oint BP - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	1.84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. Oint BP, 500 g – 1% DV Jul-15 to 2017	0.70	500 a	A E T
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.	2.13	500 g	AFT
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN			
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 1	0%	(e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION			0
Crm – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	2.63	500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Crm, 100 g		1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN			
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%		100 g	healthE
White soft – 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015 Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both Yellow soft		10 g nd yellow s	healthE oft paraffin.
PABAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%		6	e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%		e	e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA			
Crm 10%			

Crm

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Corticosteroids			
ETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%			
Oint 0.05%			
ETAMETHASONE VALERATE Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	3 15	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 Lotn 0.1%		50 g	Beta Ointment
LOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2016	3.20	30 g	Clobetasol BNM
	0.00		Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2016	3.20	30 g	Clobetasol BNM Dermol
Dermol Crm 0.05% to be delisted 1 July 2015)			Definior
Dermol Oint 0.05% to be delisted 1 July 2015)			
LOBETASONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.05%			
IFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted: For continuation only			
Crm 0.1%			
Fatty oint 0.1%			
YDROCORTISONE Crm 1%, 100 g	3 75	100 g	Pharmacy Health
Crm 1%, 500 g		500 g	Pharmacy Health
YDROCORTISONE ACETATE		5	,
Crm 1%	2.48	14.2 g	AFT
YDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 1% DV Dec-	14		
to 2017	10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
YDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		30 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	6.85 6.85	100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid
Milky emul 0.1% – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		100 ml	Locoid Crelo
YDROCORTISONE WITH PARAFFIN AND WOOL FAT			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and wool fat 0.6%			
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1%		15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1%	4.95	15 g	Advantan
	1 70	15	m Mamataaans
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	1.78 3.42	15 g 45 g	m-Mometasone m-Mometasone
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		45 g 15 g	m-Mometasone
•	3.42	45 g	m-Mometasone
Lotn 0.1%			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017 Oint 0.02% - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		100 g 100 g	Aristocort Aristocort
Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL – Restricted see ↓ Crm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3% → Restricted Either:	terms below		
1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or 2 For continuation use BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH FUSIDIC ACID Crm 0.1% with fusidic acid 2%			
HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2%	2.20	15 g	Micreme H
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN Crm 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5% Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%		15 g 15 g	Pimafucort Pimafucort
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAM Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg a gramicidin 250 mcg per g		ATIN	
Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations			
ACITRETIN			
Cap 10 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Cap 25 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		60 60	Novatretin Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL			
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g		30 g 30 g	Daivobet Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL			
Crm 50 mcg per g		100 g	Daivonex
Oint 50 mcg per g		100 g	Daivonex
Soln 50 mcg per ml COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		30 ml	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH TRIETHANOLAMINE LAURYL SULPHATE AND FLU			
Soln 2.3% with triethanolamine lauryl sulphate and fluorescein sodi	um	500 ml 1,000 ml	Pinetarsol Pinetarsol
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2%			
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg Crystals			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
Scalp Preparations			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Scalp app 0.1%	7.75	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05%	6.96	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1% – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations			
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet – 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017		12	Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%		3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator			
Other Skin Preparations			
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%			
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Crm			
Lotn	3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
	5.10	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% – 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015		20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted se		U	
Wound Management Products			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%		1	healthE

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents			
ACETIC ACID Soln 3% Soln 5%			
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINO Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% au ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator			
CHLORHEXIDINE Crm 1% - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	1.24	50 g	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Lotn 1%, 200 ml	6.75	1	healthE
CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016 Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016	1.45	35 g 20 g	Clomazol Clomazol
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		40 g	Micreme
NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s)			
Contraceptives			
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives			
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% I Dec-14 to 2017		168	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives			
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg			
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg	2.30	84 84 84	Ava 20 ED Ava 30 ED Microgynon 50 ED
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg			
NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg			
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width		1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Emergency Contraception LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) − 5% DV Oct-14 to 31 Dec 2017133.65 1 Jadelle (Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day → Restricted Obstetrician or gynaecologist Initiation – heavy menstrual bleeding All of the following: 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other appropriate pharmaceutical therapies as per the Hea Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and 3 Any of the following: 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hysteroscopy or endometrial biopsy. Continuation – heavy menstrual bleeding Either: 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bleeding; or 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion. Initiation – endometriosis Either: 1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis; or 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion. Note:endometriosis is an unregistered indication. MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-13 to 20167.00 1 Depo-Provera NORETHISTERONE			1	Postinor-1
Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) - 5% DV Oct-14 to 31 Dec 2017133.65 1 Jadelle € Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day e.g. Mirena → Restricted Obstetrician or gynaecologist Initiation - heavy menstrual bleeding All of the following: 1 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and 2 2 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and 3 3 Any of the following: 3 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or	Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
Tab 350 mcg	 LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) - 5% DV Oct-14 to 31 Dec Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day Restricted Dostetrician or gynaecologist nitiation - heavy menstrual bleeding All of the following: The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual blee The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and Any of the following: Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 mc 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either Continuation - heavy menstrual bleeding Either: Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 month nitiation - endometriosis The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by la Continuation - heavy mastrued satisfactory management of endome 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 month Note:endometriosis is an unregistered indication. 	eding; and other appropriate pharm onths); or a hysteroscopy or endon rual bleeding; or s of insertion. aparoscopy. triosis; or s of insertion.	naceutica	e.g. Mirena al therapies as per the Heavy opsy.
Obstetric Preparations	Tab 350 mcg			

Antiprogestogens

MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg

Oxytocics

CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg			
Gel 1 mg in 2.5 ml		1	Prostin E2
Gel 2 mg in 2.5 ml	64.60	1	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN			
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-14 to 2015		5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-14 to 2015	5.98	5	BNM
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DV Oct-12 to 2015	11.13	5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 100 mg → Restricted Obstetrician or gynaecologist Both:		30	Utrogestan
1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and 2 Either: 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (define	d as < 25mm at 16 to 28	weeks)	or
2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less that Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to tions) and Part IV (Miscallaneous Provisions) rule 23.1).	an 28 weeks.	,	
TERBUTALINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 500 mcg ampoule → Restricted			
Obstetrician			
Oestrogens			
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator Pessaries 500 mcg			
Urologicals			

5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors

FINASTERIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	1.95	28	Finpro
➡ Restricted			
Both:			
 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 			
2 Either:			
0.1 The notions is intelerent of non-colocities alpha blockers or these	o oro controin	diantadi	or

2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or

2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	⁻) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
TAMSULOSIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 400 mcg – 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016		100	Tamsulosin-Rex
➡Restricted Both:			
 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or thes 	e are contraindicat	ed.	
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below		200 ml	Biomed
The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two year SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017		ation. 28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics		20	Ula
OXYBUTYNIN			
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016 Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016		500 473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin Apo-Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE – Restricted see terms below Tab 5 mg	37 50	30	Vesicare
✓ Tab 10 mg ➡Restricted		30	Vesicare
Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is n	on-responsive to, o	xybutynin.	
TOLTERODINE TARTRATE – Restricted see terms below Tab 1 mg	14 56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
Tab Fing		56 56	Arrow-Tolterodine

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anabolic Agents			
DXANDROLINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
▶Restricted			
or the treatment of burns patients.			
Androgen Agonists and Antagonists			
YPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	18.80	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		50	Siterone
ESTOSTERONE			
Patch 2.5 mg per day		60	Androderm
ESTOSTERONE CYPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Depo-Testosterone
ESTOSTERONE ESTERS			•
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propio 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	0.		
ESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		60	Andriol Testocaps
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		1	Reandron 1000
Calcium Homeostasis			
CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	121.00	5	Miacalcic
OLEDRONIC ACID			
Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial	550.00	1	Zometa
Restricted			
ncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist ny of the following:			
1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or			
2 Both:			
2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and			
2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard fire	st-line treatments; or		
 Both: 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (patholog surgery to bone). 	ical fracture, spinal co	ord comp	pression, radiation to bone of
Corticosteroids		_	
ETAMETHASONE			
Tab 500 mcg Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE			
Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015	5.87	100	Douglas
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015		100	Douglas
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	25.80	10	Dexamethasone- hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016		5	Dexamethasone- hameln
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	1/ 32	100	Florinef
-		100	
	0.40	100	Develop
Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		100 1	Douglas Solu-Cortef
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	4.99	I	Solu-Corter
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE		-	_ .
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		5	Depo-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIGNOCAINE			
Inj 40 mg with lignocaine 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV	Oct-12		
to 2015		1	Depo-Medrol with Lidocaine
	7.50	00 ml	Dedianad
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg		100	Apo-Prednisone S29
	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	51.70	5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

(ex	Price man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Hormone Replacement Therapy			
Oestrogens			
OESTRADIOL Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Patch 25 mcg per day Patch 50 mcg per day Patch 100 mcg per day OESTRADIOL VALERATE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.00	84	Descurato
Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 DESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE) Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg		84 84	Progynova Progynova
Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations			
 OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6) OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate 			
Progestogens			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	13.06	30 100 30	Provera Provera Provera
Other Endocrine Agents			
CABERGOLINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 0.5 mg – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	6.25 25.00	2 8	Dostinex Dostinex
 Restricted Any of the following: Inhibition of lactation; or Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or Patient has acromegaly. 			
CLOMIPHENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	29.84	10	Serophene

Price (ex man. excl. G	,	Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
DANAZOL Cap 100 mg	100 100	Azol Azol
GESTRINONE Cap 2.5 mg		
METYRAPONE Cap 250 mg		
PENTAGASTRIN Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
Other Oestrogen Preparations		
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 10 mcg		
OESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg		
OESTRIOL Tab 2 mg		
Other Progestogen Preparations		
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	100	Provera
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	100	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues		
CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial		
THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial		
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones		
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	10 1	Synacthen Synacthen Depot
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists		
BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial		
GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial		
GOSERELIN Implant 3.6 mg	1	Zoladex
Implant 10.8 mg443.76	1	Zoladex

t Item restricted (see above); ↓Item restricted (see below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg syringe		1	Lucrin Depot PDS
Inj 7.5 mg syringe		1	Eligard
Inj 11.25 mg syringe		1	Lucrin Depot PDS
Inj 22.5 mg syringe		1	Eligard
Inj 30 mg syringe	1,109.40	1	Lucrin Depot PDS
Inj 30 mg vial		1	Eligard
lnj 45 mg syringe		1	Eligard

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg cartridge – 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017	1	Omnitrope
ŧ	Inj 10 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 15 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017	1	Omnitrope

Restricted

Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Either:

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon followup laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is $\leq~$ 14 years (female patients) or $\leq~$ 16 years (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is ≥ 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity \geq 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is \geq 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq 14 years; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is $\geq\,$ 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Renal Physician on the recommendation of a Paediatric Endocrinologist or Endocrinologist

All of the following:

1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq to 14 years (female patients) or \leq to 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR \leq 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l \times 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < $5mg/m^2$ /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Renal Physician on the recommendation of a Paediatric Endocrinologist or Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is \geq 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient's height velocity is < 25th percentile for bone age adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985) or pubertal status over 6 to 12 months; and</p>
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is under two years of age and height velocity has been assessed over a minimum six month period from the age of 12 months, with at least three supine length measurements over this period demonstrating clear and consistent evidence of linear growth failure (with height velocity < 25th percentile); or</p>
 - 3.2 The patient is aged two years or older; and
- 4 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 5 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 6 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by ≥ 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is \geq 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by \geq 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA[®]).

Notes:

For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of $\leq 3 \text{ mcg}$ per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of ≤ 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA^(B)) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA[®] score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg Tab 50 mcg Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mcg

Restricted

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL – Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg	100	PTU
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Restricted

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRELIN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

ŧ	Tab 100 mcg	40	30	Minirin
	Tab 200 mcg		30	Minirin
	Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T
	Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			•
	Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
	Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted			
Nocturnal enuresis			
Either:			
1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or			
2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.			
Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are con	Itraindicated		
TERLIPRESSIN			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule		5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		5	Glypressin

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	L)	Brand or Generic
	(on main onon ale \$	Per	Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
MIKACIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	176.00	10	Biomed
 Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 	421.00	5	DBL Amikacin
► Restricted		5	
nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory ph	vsician		
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE	Joiolait		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	8.56	5	Hospira
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		25	APP Pharmaceuticals
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Pfizer
AROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg		16	Humatin
→Restricted			
nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
TREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
►Restricted			
nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory ph	iysician		
OBRAMYCIN			
Powder			
→Restricted			
or addition to orthopaedic bone cement. Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	00.00	E	DPI Tobromyoin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial ▶Restricted		5	DBL Tobramycin
nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory ph	vsician		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	yololari		
► Restricted			
nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory ph	iysician		
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml	2,200.00	56 dose	TOBI
Restricted			
Patient has cystic fibrosis			
Carbapenems			
RTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
🖡 Inj 1 g vial	70.00	1	Invanz
→Restricted			
nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
MIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN – Restricted see terms below	40.70	4	Iminonom · Oilestatin
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	13.79	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX
→Restricted			NDA
nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
IEROPENEM – Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	DBL Meropenem

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Restricted Ifectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
EFALEXIN			
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015		100 ml 100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015	11.50	100 mi	Ceralexin Sanuoz
EFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	3 99	5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5	AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation			
EFACLOR			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016	26.00	100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016	3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
EFOXITIN		_	
Inj 1 g vial	74.25	5	Hospira
	00.40	50	Zinnat
Tab 250 mg Ini 750 mg vial		50 5	Zinnat Zinacef
Inj 1.5 g vial		1	Zinacef
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation			
EFOTAXIME			
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	17.10	10	DBL Cefotaxime
EFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		1	Fortum
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	1.55 3 34	1 1	Fortum Fortum
▶Restricted		•	
fectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physicia	an		
EFTRIAXONE			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016		1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016 Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016		5 1	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation		•	
EFEPIME – Restricted see terms below			
EFEPIME – Restricted see terms below	8.80	1	DBL Cefepime
Inj 2 g vial		1	DBL Cefepime
Restricted			
nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation			
EFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 600 mg vial	1,450.00	10	Zinforo

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist Multi-resistant organism salvage therapy			
Either: 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity	to standard current the	ranies	
Macrolides		rapioo.	
AZITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
		30	Apo-Azithromycin
↓ Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015		2	Apo-Azithromycin
I Oral liq 40 mg per ml	6.60	15 ml	Zithromax
→ Restricted			
Any of the following:	ant an anala da da far br		a bilita ya na an ya dua na an an
 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires treatment Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Psi 			
2 Patient has cystic librosis and has chronic injection with Psi organisms; or	eudomonas aeruginosa	or Pseudo	monas related gram negativ
3 For any other condition for five days' treatment, with review	after five days		
CLARITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below	aller nive days.		
 Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 	2.09	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
Tab 200 mg − 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 500 mg − 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		14	Apo-Clarithromycin
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml		70 ml	Klacid
✓ Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		1	Martindale
➡ Restricted	20110	•	
Tab 250 mg and oral liquid			
Tab 250 mg and oral liquid			
1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or			
2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug r	esistance or intolerance	e to standa	rd pharmaceutical agents.
Tab 500 mg			
Helicobacter pylori eradication.			
nfusion			
Infusion			
1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or			
 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug r Community acquired programming 	esistance of intolerance	e lo slanda	ro pharmaceutical agents; o
3 Community-acquired pneumonia.			
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)	10.05	100	E Musia
Tab 400 mg		100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	0.77	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)		,	-
Inj 1 g vial		1	Erythrocin IV
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation	only		
➡ Tab 250 mg			
➡ Tab 500 mg			
ROXITHROMYCIN			
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
			-

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Penicillins			
MOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016		500	Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2016	20.94	500	Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral lig 125 mg per 5 ml	0.88	100 ml	Amoxicillin Actavis
Grans for oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Amoxicillin Actavis
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	lbiamox
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	lbiamox
MOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg	1 95	20	Augmentin
tab boo mg mar davaland add 120 mg	9.75	100	Curam Duo
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml -1% D		100	
Nov-12 to 2015		100 ml	Augmentin
		100 111	Auginentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml – 1% D' Nov-12 to 2015		100 ml	Augustin
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		100 ml 10	Augmentin m-Amoxiclav
		10	m-Amoxiclav
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-13 to 20	1314.03	10	m-Amoxiciav
ENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-1	2		
to 2015		10	Bicillin LA
ENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	10.35	10	Sandoz
LUCLOXACILLIN Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	00.00	250	Ctanhlay
		250 500	Staphlex Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015			AFT
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		100 ml	
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		10 10	Flucloxin Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		10	
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	11.60	10	Flucloxin
HENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	1.74	100 ml	AFT
IPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	5.84	1	Tazocin EF
▶Restricted		-	
fectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physicia	n		
ROCAINE PENICILLIN	-		
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	102 50	5	Cilicaine
	120.00	5	Unicame
ICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial			
▶Restricted			

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physician

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Oral liq 50 mg per ml Oral liq 100 mg per ml	2.00	28 28 28	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	41.00	10	Aspen Ciprofloxacin
 Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist MOXIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 400 mg Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bag Restricted Mycobacterium infection Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory pl Either: Active tuberculosis, with any of the following: Documented resistance to one or more first-line med known resistance), as part of regimen containing o Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxic Significant or clinical microbiologist Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethat 1.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxic Significant or clinical microbiologist Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unres Pneumonia Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unres Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococca		or ications; le trial of ere such nent; or	or first-line medications; or therapy is contraindicated
3 Treatment is only for 7 days.			
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	13.50	100	Arrow-Norfloxacin
Tetracyclines			
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg DOXYCYCLINE Tab 50 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	6 75	250	Doxine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		250	Doxine

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only			
TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg		30	Tetracyclin Wolff
TIGECYCLINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM – Restricted see terms below ✔ Inj 1 g vial		5	Azactam
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist CHLORAMPHENICOL – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below	5.80	16	Clindamycin ABM
Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 ⇒Restricted		10	Dalacin C
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] – Restricted = Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		1	Colistin-Link
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory ph	ysician		
DAPTOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 350 mg vial			
Inj 500 mg vial → Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
FOSFOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet			
Restricted			
FUSIDIC ACID - Restricted see terms below			
✓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted		12	Fucidin
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE Tab 1 g			
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms on the next page Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted			
nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
INEZOLID – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 600 mg			
 Oral liq 20 mg per ml Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag 			
► Restricted			
nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
Restricted nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
SULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted			
nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or maternal-foetal	medicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial			
Restricted			
nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
TRIMETHOPRIM Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg		50	TMP
IRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZO]			
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg]		
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml	2.15	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
ANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	2.64	1	Mylan
Restricted nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
Antifungals			
Imidazoles			
KETOCONAZOLE			
Tab 200 mg			
→Restricted Dncologist			
Polyene Antimycotics			
AMPHOTERICIN B		10	AmBisome

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→Restricted			
nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, haematologist, or Either:	ncologist, transplant sp	ecialist or	respiratory physician
1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed 2 Both:	d under an established	protocol;	or
2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious dise ment to be appropriate.	ase physician or a clin	ical microl	piologist) considers the trea
Inj 50 mg vial			
→Restricted			and the term of the set of the set
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, haematologist, or	ncologist, transplant sp	ecialist or	respiratory physician
NYSTATIN Tab 500.000 u	17.00	50	Nilstat
Cap 500,000 u		50 50	Nilstat
Triazoles			
FLUCONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		28	Ozole
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		1	Ozole
Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		28	Ozole
Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml		35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		1	Fluconazole-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	6.47	1	Fluconazole-Claris
►Restricted Consultant			
TRACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	2.00	15	Itrazole
Cap roo nig = 1% DV Oct-15 to 2010 Oral liquid 10 mg per ml	2.99	15	III d2016
► Restricted			
nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, clinical immunolo	aist or dermatologist		
POSACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below	g		
Oral liq 40 mg per ml		105 ml	Noxafil
►Restricted			
nfectious disease physician or haematologist			
nitiation			
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			
Both:			
1 Either:			
1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or	nd in at high rick for an	norailluo ir	faction: and
 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant at 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction th 	•		nection, and
2 Fatient is to be treated with high dose remission induction th		ыару	
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			
loth:			
1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis du	uring remission induction	on therapy	; and
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-ir			
2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation t	therapy; or		
2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer \$ Per VOBICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below ſ Tab 50 mg730.00 56 Vfend ſ 56 Vfend 70 ml Vfend ſ Vfend ſ 1 Restricted Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or haematologist Proven or probable aspergillus infection Both: 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection. Possible aspergillus infection All of the following: 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection: and 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate. Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds All of the following: 1 Patient is immunocompromised, and 2 Fither: 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp: and 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate. **Other Antifungals** CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below Cancidas ſ 1 Cancidas 1 ſ Restricted Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, haematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist or respiratory physician Either: 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or 2 Both: 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate. FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below Cap 500 mg Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist. TERBINAFINE

Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 1.50

Antimycobacterials

Antileprotics

 $\label{eq:clofazimine} \mathsf{CLOFAZIMINE} - \textbf{Restricted} \text{ see terms on the next page}$

Cap 50 mg

Dr Reddy's Terbinafine

14

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or dermatologist			
DAPSONE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		100	Dapsone
↓ Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	110.00	100	Dapsone
Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or dermatologist Antituberculotics			
CYCLOSERINE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg			
Restricted	ion		
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physici	lan		
ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below	40.01	50	Miamhutal
↓ Tab 100 mg		56 56	Myambutol Myambutol
✓ Tab 400 mg → Restricted		50	Wyambuloi
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physici	ian		
ISONIAZID – Restricted see terms below			
✓ Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	20.00	100	PSM
⇒Restricted	20.00	100	
Internal medicine physician, paediatrician, clinical microbiologist, derma	tologist or public he	alth physi	cian
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below	0 1	. ,	
✓ Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg			
 Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg 			
➡ Restricted			
Internal medicine physician, paediatrician, clinical microbiologist, derma	tologist or public he	alth physi	cian
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
Grans for oral liq 4 g		30	Paser
➡ Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physician	ian		
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg		100	Peteha
➡ Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physici	ian		
PYRAZINAMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physici	ian		
RIFABUTIN – Restricted see terms below		_	
€ Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	213.19	30	Mycobutin
➡Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, respiratory physician	i or gastroenterolog	jist	
RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms on the next page	100		B.4. II
↓ Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		30	Rifadin
↓ Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017. ↓		100	Rifadin
 ✓ Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 ✓ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 		100 60 ml	Rifadin Rifadin
 ✔ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 ✔ Inj 600 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 		1	Rifadin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted	tricion or public hos		eion
Internal medicine physician, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paedia Antiparasitics	Inclari or public nea	aim priysi	Clan
Anthelmintics			
ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 200 mg ↓ Tab 400 mg → Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
IVERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 3 mg		4	Stromectol
Restricted Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or dermatologist.			
MEBENDAZOLE			
Tab 100 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml	24.19	24	De-Worm
PRAZIQUANTEL Tab 600 mg			
Antiprotozoals			
ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
ARTESUNATE – Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted se ↓ Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-1			
to 2017		12	Malarone Junior
		40	Malawaya
to 2017 ⇒Restricted		12	Malarone
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
✓ Tab 250 mg →Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or rheu	umatologist		
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below	00.10		
↓ Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017 → Restricted		8	Lariam
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or rheu	umatologist		

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	_	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ETRONIDAZOLE			
Tab 200 mg		100	Trichozole
Tab 400 mg		100	Trichozole
Oral lig benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		5	AFT
Suppos 500 mg		10	Flagyl
ITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below			- 57
Tab 500 mg	1 690 00	30	Alinia
	1,000.00	30	Allfild
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml •Restricted			
fectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
RNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg		10	Arrow-Ornidazole
ENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		5	Pentacarinat
Restricted			
fectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
BIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE – Bestricted see terms below			
Tab 7.5 mg			
•Restricted			
fectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
YRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg			
Restricted			
fectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or maternal-foe	etal medicine specialist		
UININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Restricted			
fectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
UININE SULPHATE			
Tab 300 mg	54.06	500	Q 300
		500	000
ODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Restricted			
fectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
PIRAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
Restricted			
aternal-foetal medicine specialist			
Antiretrovirals			
HV Fusion Inhibitors			
NFUVIRTIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page			
In John Berg vial \times 60			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
 - 2 Enfuvirtide to be given in combination with optimized background therapy (including at least 1 other antiretroviral drug that the patient has never previously been exposed to) for treatment failure; and
 - 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has evidence of HIV replication, despite ongoing therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient has treatment-limiting toxicity to previous antiretroviral agents; and
 - 4 Previous treatment with 3 different antiretroviral regimens has failed; and
 - 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Previous treatment with a non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor has failed; and
 - 5.2 Previous treatment with a nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor has failed; and
 - 5.3 Previous treatment with a protease inhibitor has failed.

Continuation

Patient has had at least a 10-fold reduction in viral load at 12 months

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

➡Restricted

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm3; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < $0.25 \times$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EFAVIRENZ – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t Tab 50 mg		30	Stocrin
t Tab 200 mg		90	Stocrin
t Tab 600 mgt Oral liq 30 mg per ml		30	Stocrin
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Oral suspension 10 mg per ml		60 240 ml	Nevirapine Alphapharm Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

➡Restricted

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 \times total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above

_	Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 229. Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 256.		60 240 ml	Ziagen Ziagen
	BACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms above Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg630.	00	30	Kivexa

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	*	-	
DIDANOSINE [DDI] – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
Cap 125 mg Cap 200 mg			
Cap 250 mg			
Cap 400 mg			
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL	FUMARATE – Restr i	icted see	terms on the preceding page
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil			
marate 300 mg	1,313.19	30	Atripla
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
L Cap 200 mg		30	Emtriva
EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE – Res	stricted see terms on	the prece	eding page
Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg		30	Truvada
LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
STAVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 40 mg Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] – Restricted see terms on the preceding page Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	152 25	100	Retrovir
Oral liq 10 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		200 ml	Retrovir
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on th	e preceding page		
Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		60	Alphapharm
Protease Inhibitors			

➡Restricted

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < $0.25 \times$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	^r) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposition of the prophylaxis following non-occupation of the prophyloxic structure of the prophyloxic struc	ure to HIV		
Both:			
1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post expo	sure; and		
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal interco			
2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipmen2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the		•	-
2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and in laxis is required.	le cliniciari considers in	at the risk a	assessment indicates prophy
Percutaneous exposure			
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV posit	tive.		
TAZANAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the preceding			
Cap 150 mg	01 0	60	Reyataz
Cap 200 mg		60	Reyataz
DARUNAVIR – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			,
Tab 400 mg	837.50	60	Prezista
Tab 600 mg		60	Prezista
NDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the preceding page	,		
Cap 200 mg			
Cap 400 mg			
OPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the pred	ooding page		
Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg		60	Kaletra
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg		120	Kaletra
Oral lig 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml		300 ml	Kaletra
RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the preceding page Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	43 31	30	Norvir
Oral lig 80 mg per ml		50	
Strand Transfer Inhibitors			

➡Restricted

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 $\times\,$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks. Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposu	ire to HIV		
Both: 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post expose 2 Any of the following:	sure; and		
 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercoul 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the laxis is required. 	t with a known HIV positiv	e persor	i; or
Percutaneous exposure			
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positi RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – Restricted see terms on the preced			
Tab 400 mg		60	Isentress
Antivirals			
Hepatitis B			
ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 10 mg	670.00	30	Hepsera
Gastroenterologist or infectious disease physician			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and			
Documented resistance to lamivudine, defined as:			
 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and Either: 	, or viral load ≥ 10 -fold o	ver nadir	;; and
4.1 Both:			
4.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic; and			
4.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination v4.2 Both:	with lamivudine; or		
4.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and			
4.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy	Ι.		
ENTECAVIR – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 0.5 mg		30	Baraclude
→Restricted			
Gastroenterologist or infectious disease physician			
All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive	for more than 6 months)	and	
2 Patient is Hepatitis B nucleoside analogue treatment-naive		, and	
3 Entecavir dose 0.5 mg/day; and	,		
4 Either:			
4.1 ALT greater than upper limit of normal; or	alon on mode and a Char 11		bisteles un en el
4.2 Bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis (Metavir stage 3 or gre	eater or moderate tibrosis) on liver	nistology; and
5 Fither:			
5 Either:			
 5 Either: 5.1 HBeAg positive; or 5.2 Patient has ≥ 2,000 IU HBV DNA units per mI and 	fibrosis (Metavir stage 2	or greate	er) on liver histology: and

	Price ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
6 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and			
7 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and			
8 Neither ALT nor AST greater than 10 times upper limit of normal; a	and		
9 No history of hypersensitivity to entecavir; and			
10 No previous documented lamivudine resistance (either clinical or g	genotypic).		
LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms below	-		
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	6.00	28	Zeffix
Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		240 ml	Zeffix

➡Restricted

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist, paediatrician or general physician

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 HBV DNA positive cirrhosis prior to liver transplantation; or
- 2 HBsAg positive and have had a liver, kidney, heart, lung or bone marrow transplant; or
- 3 Hepatitis B virus naive patient who has received a liver transplant from an anti-HBc (Hepatitis B core antibody) positive donor; or
- 4 Hepatitis B surface antigen positive (HbsAg) patient who is receiving chemotherapy for a malignancy, or who has received such treatment within the previous two months; and
- 5 Hepatitis B surface antigen positive patient who is receiving anti tumour necrosis factor treatment; or
- 6 Hepatitis B core antibody (anti-HBc) positive patient who is receiving rituximab plus high dose steroids (e.g. R-CHOP).

Continuation - patients who have maintained continuous treatment and response to lamivudine

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Have maintained continuous treatment with lamivudine; and
- 2 Most recent test result shows continuing biochemical response (normal ALT); and
- 3~ HBV DNA <100,000 copies per ml by quantitative PCR at a reference laboratory; or

Continuation - when given in combination with adefovir dipivoxil for patients with cirrhosis and resistance to lamivudine

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Lamivudine to be used in combination with adefovir dipivoxil; and
- 2 Patient is cirrhotic; and

Documented resistance to lamivudine, defined as:

- 1 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 $\times\,$ ULN); and
- 2 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load $\geq~$ 10-fold over nadir; and
- 3 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; or

Continuation - when given in combination with adefovir dipivoxil for patients with resistance to adefovir dipivoxil

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

1 Lamivudine to be used in combination with adefovir dipivoxil; and

Documented resistance to adefovir, defined as:

- 1 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 $\times\,$ ULN); and
- 2 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load $\geq~$ 10-fold over nadir; and
- 3 Detection of N236T or A181T/V mutation.

$\label{eq:tensor} \ensuremath{\mathsf{TENOFOVIR}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{DISOPROXIL}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{FUMARATE}}\ \ensuremath{-}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{Restricted}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{see}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{tensor}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{otensor}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{see}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{tensor}}\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{and}}\ \$

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Confirmed hepatitis B

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
 - 1.2 Patient has had previous lamivudine, adefovir or entecavir therapy; and
 - 1.3 HBV DNA greater than 20,000 IU/mL or increased \leq 10-fold over nadir; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Lamivudine resistance detection of M204I/V mutation; or
 - 1.4.2 Adefovir resistance detection of A181T/V or N236T mutation; or
 - 1.4.3 Entecavir resistance detection of relevant mutations including I169T, L180M T184S/A/I/L/G/C/M, S202C/G/I,M204V or M250I/V mutation; or
- 2 Patient is either listed or has undergone liver transplantation for HBV; or
- 3 Patient has a decompensated cirrhosis with a Mayo score > 20.

Pregnant or Breastfeeding, Active hepatitis B

Limited to twelve months' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is HBsAg positive and pregnant; and
- 2 HBV DNA > 20,000 IU/mL and ALT > ULN.

Pregnant, prevention of vertical transmission

Limited to six months' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is HBsAg positive and pregnant; and
- 2 HBV DNA > 20 million IU/mL and ALT normal.

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < 0.25 $\times\,$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the laxis is required. Percutaneous exposure Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive 		the risk a	assessment indicates proph
Hepatitis C			
 BOCEPREVIR – Restricted see terms below Cap 200 mg Restricted Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, first-line Gastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician All of the following: Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and Patient has not received prior pegylated interferon treatment Patient has IL-28B genotype CT or TT; and Patient is to be treated in combination with pegylated interfer Patient is hepatitis C protease inhibitor treatment-naive; and Maximum of 44 weeks therapy. Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, second-line Bastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician. All of the following: Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and Patient has received pegylated interferon treatment; and Any one of: Patient was a responder relapser; or Patient was a partial responder; or Patient is to be treated in combination with pegylated interfero 	; and ron and ribavirin; and nd ron and ribavirin; and	336 100 x10 ⁹	Victrelis // or Albumin <35 g/l.
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR Tab dispersible 200 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab dispersible 400 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab dispersible 800 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	5.98 6.64	25 56 35 5	Lovir Lovir Lovir Zovirax IV
CIDOFOVIR – Restricted see terms below Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Restricted nfectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, otolaryngologist of FOSCARNET SODIUM – Restricted see terms below Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle Restricted nfectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist GANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below	or oral surgeon	5	Cymevene

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VALACICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below T ab 500 mg		30	Valtrex
 Restricted Any of the following: Patient has genital herpes with 2 or more breakthrough episod twice daily. Patient has previous history of ophthalmic zoster and the patient 			
3 Patient has undergone organ transplantation. Immunocompromised patients Limited to 7 days treatment Both: 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and			
2 Patient has herpes zoster. VALGANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below	1,050.00	60	Valcyte
Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Limited to three months' treatment Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valgancic Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Limited to six months' treatment Both:	lovir for CMV prophyla	xis.	
1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patie 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.	nt is cytomegalovirus	negative;	or
Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invas 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absenc 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.			
Influenza			
OSELTAMIVIR – Restricted see terms below Tab 75 mg Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml Restricted Either:			
 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenz For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of 		ved infec	tions control plan.
ZANAMIVIR		20 dose	Relenza Rotadisk
 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenz For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of 		ved infec	tions control plan.

	Price		Brand or Generic
(e	x man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
Immune Modulators			
INTERFERON ALFA-2A			
Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe			
Inj 6 m iu prefilled syringe			
Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe			
INTERFERON ALFA-2B			
Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen			
Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen			
INTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial →Restricted			
Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.			
PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe			
Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (112)			
Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)			_
Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe		4	Pegasys
Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (112)	1,159.84	1	Pegasus RBV Combination Pack
Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)	1,290.00	1	Pegasus RBV Combination Pack

➡Restricted

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
 - 1.2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
 - 1.3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.
- 2 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Notes:

Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation – (Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection) - gastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir; and
- 5 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation (Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior) - Gastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir; and
- 5 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV Both:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection; and
- 2 Maximum of 6 months therapy.

Initiation – Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA ≥ 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (≥ Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon; and
- 11 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Notes:

Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Restricted For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE	98.00	50	AstraZeneca
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampou - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016		10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE Tab 60 mg		100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents			
AURANOFIN Tab 3 mg			
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		100	Plaquenil
LEFLUNOMIDE Tab 10 mg Tab 20 mg Tab 100 mg		30 30 3	Arava Arava Arava
PENICILLAMINE Tab 125 mg Tab 250 mg	61.93	100 100	D-Penamine D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM Tab 40 mg Restricted Both:	133.00	30	Fosamax
 Paget's disease; and Any of the following: Bone or articular pain; or Bone deformity; or Bone, articular or neurological complications; or Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to s Preparation for orthopaedic surgery. 	ite (base of skull, s	pine, loną	g bones of lower limbs); or
Tab 70 mg	12.90	4	Fosamax

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≤ -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD \geq 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score \leq -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy ($\geq 5 \text{ mg per day prednisone equivalents}$) Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH CHOLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu		4	Fosamax Plus
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Restricted

Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD)
 - \geq 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score \leq -2.5) (see Note); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score \leq -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture \geq 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD $\geq\,$ 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score $\leq\,$ -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents)

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≥ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	15.80	100	Arrow-Etidronate
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	6.80	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	13.20	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg	4.00	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID – Restricted see terms on the next page f Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, vial	600.00	100 ml	Aclasta

Pric	e		Brand or
(ex man. ex	(cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted

Inherited bone fragility disorders

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Osteoporosis

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) . 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score . -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score . -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture . 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (. 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD . 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score . -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (. 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score . -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

RALOXIFENE – Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 60 mg	53.76	28	Evista
<u>ا د ا</u>	Pastristad			

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score \geq -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture \geq 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis).

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
TERIPARATIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml cartridge	490.00	1	Forteo	

➡Restricted

Limited to 18 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL

	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		,	Apo-Allopurinol Apo-Allopurinol
	VZBROMARONE – Restricted see terms below	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
•	Tab 100 mg	.45.00	100	Denzbromation AL 100

Restricted

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and appropriate doses of probenecid: or
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite appropriate doses of probenecid; or
 - 1.3 Both:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has renal impairment and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 1.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 1.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 1.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST	Г)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

2 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at http://www.rheumatology.org.nz/benzbromarone_prescriber_information.cfm

COLCHICINE

Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT – Restricted see terms below		
	28	Adenuric
	28	Adenuric

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and appropriate doses of probenecid; or
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite appropriate doses of probenecid; or

3 Both:

- 3.1 The patient has renal impairment and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
- 3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 30 ml/min.

Note: Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearanceadjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

Restricted

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	5 5	Tracrium Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016 3.85 Oral liq 1 mg per ml	100	Pacifen
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 11.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial	1	Botox
Inj 500 u vial1,295.00	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg65.00	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial		e.g. Dantrium IV

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5 5	Mivacron Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE Tab 100 mg			
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		50	AstraZeneca
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	DBL Rocuronium Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-14 to 2017 VECURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 4 mg ampoule Inj 10 mg vial	78.00	50	AstraZeneca
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade			
 SUGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Restricted Any of the following: Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockad using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be neuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; d Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or 	e following rapid sequence undesirable); or of neuromuscular blocka intubated and requires or s contraindicated (for exa	ade is re a rapid	quired; or reversal of anaesthesia and
6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional revers. Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs	al.		

CELECOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 mg
- Cap 200 mg
- Cap 400 mg

⇒Restricted

For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		100	Apo-Diclo
Tab 50 mg dispersible		20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		500	Apo-Diclo
Tab long-acting 75 mg – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		30	Diclax SR
	24.52	500	Diclax SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		500	Diclax SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017.		10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Voltaren
	7.00	10	voitaren
TORICOXIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 30 mg			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 90 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
▶Restricted			
or preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use			
BUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg			
•			
 Tab 400 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 600 mg – Restricted: For continuation only 			
Tab 600 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab lange estimation only	7.00	00	Durates CD
Tab long-acting 800 mg - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2018		30	Brufen SR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	1.89	200 ml	Fenpaed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
IDOMETHACIN			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			
Inj 1 mg vial			
Suppos 100 mg			
ETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg		28	Oruvail SR
IEFENAMIC ACID – Restricted: For continuation only			
Cap 250 mg			
IELOXICAM – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 7.5 mg			
▶Restricted			
ither:			
1 Haemophilic arthropathy, with both of the following:			
1.1 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with	less than or equa	to 5% of	normal circulating function
clotting factor; and			
1.2 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic art	hropathy is inaded	puately cor	ntrolled by alternative fund

- 1.2 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthropathy is inadequately controlled by alternative funded treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options are contraindicated; or
- 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price . excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
1	\$ Per	Manufacturer
NAPROXEN		
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	21.25 500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	22.25 250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	18.00 90	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	21.00 90	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB		
Inj 40 mg vial1	00.00 10	Dynastat
SULINDAC Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg		
TENOXICAM		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2016	3.05 20	Reutenox
Inj 20 mg vial	9.95 1	AFT
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain		
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below		
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Crm 0.025%	9.95 45 g	Zostrix
→nesincieu Baliatha a staath ilis that is astronomia to a successfund and and and an		

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders			
Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Di	sorders		
RILUZOLE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 50 mg		56	Rilutek
Neurologist or respiratory specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i> All of the following: 1 The patient has anyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease dur 2 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and 5 Any of the following: 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or 5.3 The patient is able to swallow. Continuation <i>Re-assessment required after 18 months</i> All of the following: 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 2 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 3 Any of the following: 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 2 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 3 Any of the following: 3.1 The patient is able to use upper limb; or 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limb; or 3.3 The patient is able to swallow. TETRABENAZINE	pacity within 2 months		he initial application; and
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	118.00	112	Motetis
BENZTROPINE MESYLATE Tab 2 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ORPHENADRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg		60 5	Benztrop Cogentin
PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg			
Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents			
AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		60	Symmetrel
BROMOCRIPTINE Tab 2.5 mg Cap 5 mg	119.00	5	Apomine

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	•		manalatarer
	47.00	100	Futanana
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		100	Entapone
VODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg	25.00	100	Madopar 250
VODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg		100	Sinemet
5 1 5			e.g. Kinson
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg		100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg		100	Sinemet
······································			e.g. Sindopa
	05.00	00	Denersia
Tab 200 mcg	25.00	30	Dopergin
AMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2016	7.20	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2016	24.39	100	Ramipex
PINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	2 36	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016		100	Apo-Ropinirole
0		100	
Tab 5 mg			
LCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg		100	Tasmar
naesthetics			
nacomeneo			
eneral Anaesthetics			
SFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	1,230.00	6	Suprane
XMEDETOMIDINE			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	479 85	5	Precedex
		0	TICOCUCK
OMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
DFLURANE			
	1,020.00	6	Aerrane
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015			Biomed
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 TAMINE	27.00	-1	
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 TAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 TAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	25.00	1	Biomed
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 TAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	25.00		
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 TAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	25.00	1	Biomed
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 TAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	25.00	1	Biomed

(6	Price ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	7.60	5	Fresofol 1%
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	7.60	5	Provive MCT-LCT 1%
	42.00		Diprivan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		1	Diprivan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4.00	1	Fresofol 1%
			Provive MCT-LCT 1%
	25.00		Diprivan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	7.60	1	Fresofol 1%
	00.00		Provive MCT-LCT 1%
	30.00		Diprivan
VOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	1,230.00	6	Baxter
HOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM			
Inj 500 mg ampoule			
ocal Anaesthetics			
RTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1%			
RTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Gel 20%			
JPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	.	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 .		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 .		5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag		F	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	150.00	5	
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	150.00	Э	
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	150.00	5	
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	150.00	5	
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag JPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE	150.00	5	
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag		5	Marcain with
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag JPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag JPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-			Marcain with
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag JPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Sep- 14 to 2017	135.00		Marcain with

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
UPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe	72.00	10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe		10	Biomed
UPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
		0	Warouin noavy
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe	05.40		Diamad
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	25.46	1	Biomed
OCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%			
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
THYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 2% – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	3.40	20 ml	Orion
Soln 4%		20 111	Onon
Spray 10% – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (viscous) soln 2% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		200 ml	Xylocaine Viscous
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		200 111	Ayloodano Hooodo
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		1	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule	27.00	10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge		0	ryiooanio
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine
•			
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		TURUCI	TLURIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5			Taniasina
syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Topicaine
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXID	INE		
		4.0	DC
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer
			Pfizer

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	45.00	30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg	115.00	20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA
PIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		50	Scandonest 3%
ILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		10	Citanest
		10	Onariost
ILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
PIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	9.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
	17.50		Naropin
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2017		5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2017		5	Naropin
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
	15.00		Naropin
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
	18.90	_	Naropin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
	18.00	_	Naropin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-15 to 2017	16.30	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
aropin Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 2015)			
aropin Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 2015			
aropin Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 2015			
aropin Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 2015)			
PIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	270.00	5	Naropin
TRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 4%			
nalgesics			
haigooloo			

-	-			
ASPIRIN Tab EC 300 Tab dispersi	0			
	estricted see terms below		45 g	Zostrix HP
For post-herpetic	c neuralgia or diabetic peripheral r	neuropathy		
	RANE – Restricted see terms on t alation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle	the next page		

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Both:

1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and

2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below

	Tab soluble 500 mg Tab 500 mg Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Oct-14 to 2017 4.15	1,000 ml	Paracare
	Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Sep-14 to 20174.35	1,000 ml	Paracare Double Strength
£	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12	Perfalgan
£	Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12	Perfalgan
	Suppos 25 mg	20	Biomed
	Suppos 50 mg	20	Biomed
	Suppos 125 mg	20	Panadol
	Suppos 250 mg	20	Panadol
	Suppos 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	50	Paracare

⇒Restricted

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

SUCROSE

Oral liq 25%

Opioid Analgesics

ALFENIANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	10	Hameln
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg – 1% DV Jul-13 to 20164.75	100	PSM
Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Jul-13 to 20165.80	100	PSM
Tab 60 mg – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016 12.50	100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	60	DHC Continus

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	4.50	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Biomea
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour – 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016	2 92	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	8.90	°,	Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	9.15	Ũ	Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016	•••••	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	11.50	°,	Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	13.60	Ũ	Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	14.50	Ũ	Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 12.5 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 Augu Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 25 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 50 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 75 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 100 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August	2015) 2015) 2015)		
IETHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg	1.85	10	Methatabs
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	5.55	200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	5.55	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	61.00	10	AFT
IORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral lig 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	8 84	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		200 ml	RA-Morph

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	1.95	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	5.52	10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	2.98	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5.75	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	6.45	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016	1.70	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016		10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	9.09	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	9.77	5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	12.43	5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	35.60	5	Hospira
Inj 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		5 5	Hospira
ing ou my per mi, o mi ampoule – 1 /0 DV Sep-15 to 2010		5	поэрна

NERVOUS SYSTEM

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man: exci. dor) \$	Per	Manufacturer
YCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg	7.51	20	OxyContin
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015	6.75	20	Oxycodone ControlledReleas Tablets(BNM)
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015	11.50	20	Oxycodone ControlledReleas Tablets(BNM)
Tab controlled-release 40 mg – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015		20	Oxycodone ControlledReleas Tablets(BNM)
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015		20	Oxycodone ControlledReleas Tablets(BNM)
Cap immediate-release 5 mg	2.83	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg	9.77	20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		5	Oxycodone Orion
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		5	Oxycodone Orion
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-13 to 2015	60.00	5	OxyNorm
RACETAMOL WITH CODEINE Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg	2.11	100	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)
THIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		10	PSM
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015 Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	PSM
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.51	5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.83	5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
MIFENTANIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		5	Ultiva
Inj 2 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 AMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE		5	Ultiva
Tab sustained-release 100 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	2.00	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg $- 1\%$ DV Oct-14 to 2017		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg -1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		20	Tramal SR 200
		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Oral drops 100 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
	4.50	5	Tramal 50

		Ν	ERVOUS SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	2.82	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	10.60	100	Ana Claminramina
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		100	Apo-Clomipramine Apo-Clomipramine
		100	hpo oromprannio
DOTHIEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 75 mg	10.50	100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg		100	Dopress
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg		50	Tofranil
Tel: 05 mm	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	8.80	50	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg Tab 75 mg			
VIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 30 mg			
Restricted			
For continuation only			
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016	4.00	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016	9.00	180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE			
Tab 15 mg			
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015		500	Apo-Moclobemide
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	29.51	100	Apo-Moclobemide
Other Antidepressants			
MIRTAZAPINE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		30	Avanza
Tab 45 mg – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
	Generic		
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after two years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a severe major depressive episode; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient must have had a trial of two different antidepressants and was unable to tolerate the treatments or failed to respond to an adequate dose over an adequate period of time (usually at least four weeks); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is currently a hospital in-patient as a result of an acute depressive episode; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient must have had a trial of one other antidepressant and either could not tolerate it or failed to respond to an adequate dose over an adequate period of time.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after two years

The patient has a high risk of relapse (prescriber determined)

VENLAFAXINE - Some items restricted see terms below

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⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after two years

Both:

- 1 The patient has 'treatment-resistant' depression; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient must have had a trial of two different antidepressants and have had an inadequate response from an adequate dose over an adequate period of time (usually at least four weeks); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is currently a hospital in-patient as a result of an acute depressive episode; and.
 - 2.2.2 The patient must have had a trial of one other antidepressant and have had an inadequate response from an adequate dose over an adequate period of time.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after two years The patient has a high risk of relapse (prescriber determined)

Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors

CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE Tab 20 mg	2.34	84	Arrow-Citalopram
ESCITALOPRAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jul-15 to 2016	1.40	28	Air Flow Products
-	2.65		Loxalate
Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Jul-15 to 2016	2.40	28	Air Flow Products
C C	4.20		Loxalate
(Loxalate Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 July 2015)			
(Levelate Tab 00 ments ha delisted 1 July 0015)			

(Loxalate Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 July 2015)

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	Ŷ		manulaotaron
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	2 50	30	Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016		30 90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
PAROXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE		00	
Tab 20 mg	4 32	90	Loxamine
SERTRALINE		00	Loxamino
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		90	Arrow-Sertraline
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		90	Arrow-Sertraline
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Rivotril
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg		5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg		5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial			
lnj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			

ETHOSUXIMIDE

Cap 250 mg Oral liq 50 mg per ml

NERVOUS SYSTEM

_		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GA €	BAPENTIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 600 mg			
t	Cap 100 mg	7.16	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Nupentin
t	Cap 300 mg	11.00	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Nupentin
t	Cap 400 mg	13.75	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Nupentin

Restricted

- 1 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for up to a total of 8 days' use; or
- 2 For the pain management of burns patients with monthly review.

Initiation - epilepsy

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Fither:

- 1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents.

Note: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Continuation - epilepsy

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life.

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Initiation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with neuropathic pain; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has Chronic Kidney Disease Stage 5-associated pruritus* where no other cause for pruritus can be identified (e.g. scabies, allergy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has persistent pruritus not relieved with a trial of emollient/moisturising creams alone.

Continuation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Fither:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a marked improvement in their control of pain or itch (prescriber determined); or
- 2 The patient has previously demonstrated clinical responsiveness to gabapentin and has now developed neuropathic pain in a new site.

Notes: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. Dosage adjustment of gabapentin is recommended for patients with renal impairment.

LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
Ţ	Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
	•	200.24	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	•	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat
ſ	Ini 10 mg ner ml. 20 ml vial			

inj 10 mg per mi, 20 mi via

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation

LAMOTRIGINE

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Editorritante			
Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg	9.64	30	Lamictal
	15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
Tab dispersible 25 mg	19.38	56	Logem
	20.40		Arrow-Lamotrigine
			Mogine
	29.09		Lamictal
Tab dispersible 50 mg	32.97	56	Logem
	34.70		Arrow-Lamotrigine
			Mogine
	47.89		Lamictal
Tab dispersible 100 mg	56.91	56	Logem
	59.90		Arrow-Lamotrigine
			Mogine
	79.16		Lamictal
LEVETIRACETAM			
	04.00	60	Levetiracetam-Rex
Tab 250 mg		60 60	Levetiracetam-Rex
Tab 500 mg		60 60	Levetiracetam-Rex
Tab 750 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	49.23	60	
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		500	PSM
Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	29.00	500	PSM
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral lig 6 mg per ml			
PRIMIDONE			
Tab 250 mg			

(Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM VALPROATE Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral liq 40 mg per ml			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial			
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below			
		60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	509.29	60	Diacomit
➡ Restricted			
Paediatric neurologist Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Both:			
1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and			
2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate cours	es of sodium valpro	oate, cloi	bazam and at least two of the
following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.			
Continuation			
Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizu	ire frequency from	baseline	
TOPIRAMATE			
Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topiramate Actavis Topamax
Tab 50 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
		00	Topiramate Actavis
	44.26		Topamax
Tab 100 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
-			Topiramate Actavis
	75.25		Topamax
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	100.05		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	129.85	60	Topamax Topamax
Cap sprinkle 15 mg		60 60	Topamax
		00	ropanian
VIGABATRIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg			
► Restricted			

Both:

oun. 1

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

2 Either:

2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6monthly basis thereafter); or

Price	•		Brand or	-
(ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic	
\$		Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes:

"Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharma-cokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

5		
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg		
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg		
RIZATRIPTAN Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20178.10	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	100 100	Arrow-Sumatriptan Arrow-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml cartridge – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	2	Arrow-Sumatriptan
Prophylaxis of Migraine		
PIZOTIFEN Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 201523.21	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents		
APREPITANT – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	3	Emend Tri-Pack
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemo BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE	therapy for	r the treatment of malignancy.
Tab 16 mg – 1% DV Jun-14 to 2017 4.95	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 20150.59	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	100	Prokinex
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
GRANISETRON Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	50	Granirex

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	46.50	5	Hospira
I Patch 1.5 mg − 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016		2	Scopoderm TTS

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	100 10	Metamide Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 4 mg – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	10	Dr Reddy's
······································		Ondansetron
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Jan-14 to 20166.19	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Ondanaccord
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Ondanaccord
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Jun-14 to 20179.75 Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Suppos 25 mg	500	Antinaus
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE – Restricted : For continuation only → Tab 25 mg		
TROPISETRON		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-14 to 2015	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-14 to 2015	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Antipsychotic Agents		
General		
AMISULPRIDE		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	30	Solian
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 201621.92	60	Solian
Tab 400 mg – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	60	Solian
Oral liq 100 mg per ml – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	60 ml	Solian

NERVOUS SYSTEM

- - -

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ARIPIPRAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg		30	Abilify
F Tab 15 mg		30	Abilify
Tab 20 mg		30	Abilify
		30	Abilify

⇒Restricted

Both:

1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effects; or
- 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

CLOZAPINE

Tab 25 mg	50	Clozaril
11.36	100	Clozaril
6.69	50	Clopine
13.37	100	Clopine
Tab 50 mg8.67	50	Clopine
17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg14.73	50	Clozaril
29.45	100	Clozaril
17.33	50	Clopine
34.65	100	Clopine
Tab 200 mg	50	Clopine
69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml 17.33	100 ml	Clopine
HALOPERIDOL		
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	10	Serenace
Tab 25 mg		
Tab 100 mg		
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
LITHIUM CARBONATE		
Tab long-acting 400 mg		
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	500	Lithicarb FC
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 12.83	100	Lithicarb FC
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	100	Douglas

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	0.75	28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	2.55	28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 10 mg vial		28	Zypine ODT
PERICYAZINE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	2.10	90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	7.20	90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE – Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017		60	Actavis
Tab orodispersible 0.5 mg		28	Risperdal Quicklet
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 30 Sep 2017	2.10	60	Actavis
Tab orodispersible 1 mg		28	Risperdal Quicklet
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	2.34	60	Actavis
Tab orodispersible 2 mg		28	Risperdal Quicklet
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	2.55	60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017		60	Actavis
Oral lig 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30 ml	Risperon
₩Restricted			•
Acute situations Both:			
1 For a non-adherent patient on oral therapy with standard	risperidone tablets or rispe	eridone o	ral liquid: and
2 The patient is under direct supervision for administration			
Chronic situations			
Both:			
1. The petient is unable to take standard vieweridens tablets :	wavellieviel av avec stabil		

- 1 The patient is unable to take standard risperidone tablets or oral liquid, or once stabilized refuses to take risperidone tablets or oral liquid; and
- 2 The patient is under direct supervision for administration of medicine.

TRIFLUOPERAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 1 mg

Tab 2 mg

Tab 5 mg

ZIPRASIDONE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

£	Cap 20 mg	 60	Zeldox
Ţ.	Cap 40 mg	 60	Zeldox
	Cap 60 mg	60	Zeldox
	Cap 80 mg	60	Zeldox
	Inj 20 mg		
	Inj 100 mg		

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted			
 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychose Either: An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has the being discontinued, because of unacceptable side e An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has the being discontinued, because of unacceptable side e 	been trialled and has be effects; or been trialled and has be		
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
FLUPHENAZINE DECANOATE		_	
Inj 12.5 mg per 0.5 ml ampoule		5	Modecate Modecate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5 5	Modecate
		5	Wodecale
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.20	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE – Restricted see terms below		U	
Inj 210 mg vial	280.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
 Inj 210 mg viai Inj 300 mg viai 		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
 Inj 405 mg vial 		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
➡ Restricted			·· ·
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:			

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 25 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 75 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
ŧ	Inj 150 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	.98 1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	.71 1	Risperdal Consta
	lnj 50 mg vial	.56 1	Risperdal Consta

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule19.80	5	Clopixol
Anxiolytics		
ALPRAZOLAM Tab 1 mg Tab 250 mcg Tab 500 mcg		
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg	100 100	Pacific Buspirone Pacific Buspirone
CLONAZEPAM Tab 500 mcg6.68 Tab 2 mg12.75	100 100	Paxam Paxam

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
DIAZEPAM		
Tab 2 mg11.44	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg 13.71	500	Arrow-Diazepam
ORAZEPAM		
Tab 1 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	100	Ativan
DXAZEPAM		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 20176.17	100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 20178.53	100	Ox-Pam
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments		
FINGOLIMOD – Restricted see terms below		
Cap 0.5 mg2,650.00 → Restricted	28	Gilenya
Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment C	ommittee	(MSTAC) Applications will I

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial1,750.00
 Tysabri

Restricted

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Natalizumab can only be dispensed from a pharmacy registered in the Tysabri Australasian Prescribing Programme operated by the supplier.

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

Restricted

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA – **Restricted** see terms above

t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector1,170.00	4	Avonex Pen
t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe1,170.00	4	Avonex
t	Inj 6 million iu vial1,170.00	4	Avonex

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE Oral liq 100 mg per ml

Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

➡ Tab 1 mg

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Dev	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MELATONIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab modified-release 2 mg			e.g. Circadin
↓ Tab 1 mg			
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg			
Cap 2 mg			
Cap 3 mg			
➡Restricted			
For in hospital use only. For the treatment of insomnia where benzodiaz	epines and zopiclone	are cor	traindicated.
MIDAZOLAM			
Tab 7.5 mg		100	Hypnovel
Oral liq 2 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		10	Pfizer
	10.75		Hypnovel
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	11.90	5	Hypnovel
			Pfizer
NITRAZEPAM			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	5.22	100	Nitrados
PHENOBARBITONE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TEMAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1.27	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 125 mcg			
➡ Tab 250 mcg			
ZOPICLONE			
Tab 7.5 mg		30	Apo-Zopiclone
Stimulants / ADHD Treatments			
Sumulants / ADHD Treatments			
ATOMOXETINE – Restricted see terms below			
	107.03	28	Strattera
Cap 18 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 25 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 40 mg		28	Strattera
Cap 60 mg		28	Strattera
 Cap 80 mg Cap 100 mg 		28 28	Strattera Strattera
• Oap 100 mg		20	Juallela

Restricted

All of the following:

1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and

- 2 Once-daily dosing; and
- 3 Any of the following:

3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or

Pric			Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. GST)		Generic
\$	5	Per	Manufacturer

continued			
3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant h	has resulted in wors	senina of a	co-morbid substance abuse or
there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised sti			
3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimu of inadeguate clinical response; or	1.27	ed and ha	is been discontinued because
3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is	considered inappro	opriate beo	cause the patient has a history
of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizoph			
4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in		a subsidis	ed formulation of a stimulant.
except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimula			,
Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed m			tablet formulations (immediate
release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine s	sulphate tablets.		,
CAFFEINE			
Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE – Restricted see terms below			
	16 50	100	PSM
► Restricted		100	1.91
ADHD			
Paediatrician or psychiatrist			
Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagno	sed according to D	SM-IV or I	CD 10 criteria
Narcolepsy	ood dooording to D		
Neurologist or respiratory specialist			
Patient suffers from narcolepsy			
METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below	A/		
Tab extended-release 18 mg		30	Concerta
 Tab extended release 27 mg 		30	Concerta
 Tab extended release 27 mg Tab extended-release 36 mg 		30	Concerta
 Tab extended release 54 mg 		30	Concerta
 Tab immediate-release 5 mg 		30	Rubifen
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		30	Ritalin
• ·····			Rubifen
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		30	Rubifen
Tab sustained-release 20 mg		30	Rubifen SR
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	50.00	100	Ritalin SR
Cap modified-release 10 mg		30	Ritalin LA
Cap modified-release 20 mg		30	Ritalin LA
Cap modified-release 30 mg		30	Ritalin LA
Cap modified-release 40 mg		30	Ritalin LA
➡ Restricted			
ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)			
Paediatrician or psychiatrist			
Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagno	sed according to D	SM-IV or I	CD 10 criteria
Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations	5)		
Neurologist or respiratory specialist			
Patient suffers from narcolepsy			
Extended-release and modified-release formulations			
Paediatrician or psychiatrist			
Both:			
1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder)), diagnosed accore	ding to DS	M-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
2 Either:			
			continued

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
- 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

Restricted

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
- 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	90 90	Donepezil-Rex Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below		
Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour90.00	30	Exelon
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	30	Exelon
—		

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BU	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE – Restricted see terms on the next page		
ŧ	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg57.40	28	Suboxone
ŧ	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg	28	Suboxone

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
→Restricted			
Detoxification			
All of the following:			
 Patient is opioid dependent; and 			
2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service		try of H	ealth; and
3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by	the Ministry of Health.		
Maintenance treatment			
All of the following:			
1 Patient is opioid dependent; and			
2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and			
3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment		approve	d by the Ministry of Health; ar
4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by	the Ministry of Health.		
BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	4.97	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg		100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
✓ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	76.00	30	Naltraccord
		30	Nalliaccolu
Alcohol dependence Both:	a recognised comprehe	nsive tre	eatment programme for alcoh
Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation			
Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation			
Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below	n of, a physician working	g in an A	Icohol and Drug Service.
Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation	n of, a physician working		Ncohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic)
Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below	n of, a physician working	g in an A	Ncohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit)
 Alcohol dependence Both: Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 	n of, a physician working	g in an <i>A</i> 384	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below	n of, a physician working	g in an A	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Classic)
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 Alcohol dependence Both: Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 	n of, a physician working 26.13 	g in an <i>F</i> 384 384	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Classic)
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Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Gum 4 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 7 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 21 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 1 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge	n of, a physician working 	g in an A 384 384 28 28 28 28 216	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol
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Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Gum 4 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 7 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 21 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 1 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge → Restricted Any of the following: 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' in	n of, a physician working 	g in an A 384 384 28 28 28 28 216	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol
 Alcohol dependence Both: Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation WICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Gum 4 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 7 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 21 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 1 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge Restricted Any of the following: For use within mental health inpatient units; or For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the set of the set of	n of, a physician working 	g in an A 384 384 28 28 28 28 216	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol
 Alcohol dependence Both: Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation WICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Gum 4 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 7 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 21 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 1 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge →Restricted Any of the following: For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' in For use within mental health inpatient units; or For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the VARENICLINE – Restricted see terms on the next page 	n of, a physician working 	g in an A 384 384 28 28 28 28 216	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Gum 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Gum 4 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 7 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 1 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Lozenge 2 mg – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017 Expression for inhalation 15 mg cartridge → Restricted Any of the following: 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' in 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or	n of, a physician working 	9 in an A 384 384 28 28 216 216	Alcohol and Drug Service. Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	-
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

Restricted

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 3 months' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Chemotherapeutic Agents			
Alkylating Agents			
BUSULFAN Tab 2 mg Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	59.50	100	Myleran
CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial			
CHLORAMBUCIL Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	70.00	50	Fridayan
Tab 50 mg		50 100	Endoxan Procytox
Inj 1 g vial		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial		1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE		·	Endoxan
Inj 1 g vial	96.00	1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial		1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE		·	
Cap 10 mg	132 50	20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg		20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial			
THIOTEPA Inj 15 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu (10 mg) vial			
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D] Inj 0.5 mg vial			
DAUNORUBICIN Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	118.72	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxorubicin hyd Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	Irochloride.		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 55 ml vial – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015 Inj 50 mg vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	17.00	1	Arrow-Doxorubicin
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	65.00	1	Arrow-Doxorubicin

EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	39.38 58.20 94.50 100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	Per 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Generic Manufacturer Epirubicin Ebewe DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 DARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 VITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 VITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted nitiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1. Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	39.38 58.20 94.50 100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 DARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 VITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 VITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted nitiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1. Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	39.38 58.20 94.50 100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Attimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	39.38 58.20 94.50 100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	58.20 94.50 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	94.50 100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	94.50 100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1	Hydrochloride DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	100.00 200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1	Hydrochloride Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1	Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1	Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 WITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 WITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Attimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg vial Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	200.00 79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1	Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	79.75 110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1 1 1	Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1	Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	110.00 100.00 413.21	1 1 1	Mitozantrone Ebewe Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Attimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	100.00 413.21	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	100.00 413.21	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe Onkotrone
Inj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg vial Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	413.21	1	Onkotrone
Antimetabolites AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or			
AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	605.00	1	Vidaza
AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg vial → Restricted Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	605.00	1	Vidaza
 Inj 100 mg vial Restricted nitiation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or	605.00	1	Vidaza
 → Restricted initiation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or 	605.00	I	vidaza
nitiation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1. Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or			
Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or			
All of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or			
 Any of the following: 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or 			
 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPS drome; or The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or 			
drome; or 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or	S) intermediat	e-2 or h	nigh risk myelodysplastic sv
1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% or			
or	6 marrow blast	s withou	it myeloproliferative disorde
1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts a			
	nd multi-lineage	dvspla	sia. according to World Hea
Organisation Classification (WHO); and			J
2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and			
3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome re	sulting from ch	emical	injury or prior treatment w
chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and	•		
4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.			
Notes: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Studies of ter			
those patients with a good performance status (WHO grade 0 or 1 or Karnofs	xy score >80), a	and in p	atients who have had at lea
a partial resection of the tumour.			
Continuation			
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
 No evidence of disease progression, and The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment 	tment.		
CAPECITABINE			
Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2016			Open a Market Million
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2016		60	Capecitabine Winthrop

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5,249.72	7	Leustatin
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016		5	Pfizer
Inj 20 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016		1	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016		1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Jun-12 to 2015	433 50	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial		5	Fludarabine Ebewe
, .		0	
	10.55		L la anima
Inj 25 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		5	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		I	Fluorouracil Ebewe
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		25	Puri-nethol
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Jun-14 to 2015	3.82	30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-14 to 2015		50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		00	ITEXALE
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe – 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	17.19	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe – 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe – 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		5	Hospira
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		1	Hospira
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
THIOGUANINE			
Tab 40 mg			
0			
Other Cytotoxic Agents			

AMSACRINE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule Inj 75 mg			
ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 0.5 mg			
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE Ini 1 mg per ml. 10 ml vial	10	AFT	

Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
30RTEZOMIB – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 1 mg vial	1 1	Velcade Velcade
→Restricted		
nitiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis		
Both:		
 Either: 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or 		
1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myelonia, of 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis *;	and	
2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.	ana	
Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.		
nitiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis		
Il of the following:		
1 Either:		
 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis *; and 		
2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myel	oma or am	loidosis: and
3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and	onia or any	
4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.		
lote: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.		
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	Price		Brand or
(ex r	man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade ≥ 3), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Notes: Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication (refer to Interpretations and Definitions). A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 750 iu per ml, 5 ml vial	00 1	Oncaspar
> Postrictod		

Restricted

Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 5	0 mg	50	Natulan
TEMOZOL	OMIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page		
Cap 5	mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Temaccord
Cap 2	0 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Temaccord
Cap 1	00 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Temaccord
Cap 2	50 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Temaccord

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→Restricted			
All of the following:			
1 Either:			
 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multifo Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocyto 			
2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly			
 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be us dose of 200 mg/m². 	1.4.1	cles of 5	days treatment, at a maxim
lotes: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication.	Studies of temozolomide st	ow that	ite benefit is predominantly
nose patients with a good performance status (WHO grade 0 or			
partial resection of the tumour.		andinp	alients who have had at le
HALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 50 mg	378.00	28	Thalomid
Cap 100 mg		28	Thalomid
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itiation			
ither:			
1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or			
2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or			
3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.			
Continuation			
Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a			
Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in	n the thalidomide risk man	agement	t programme operated by
upplier.			
Aximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati	on therapy regimen.		
ndication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication			
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Cap 10 mg	479.50	100	Vesanoid
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Cap 10 mg Platinum Compounds CARBOPLATIN Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial Inj 10 mg vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors		1 1 1 1 1 1	Carboplatin Ebewe Carbaccord Carbaccord Carboplatin Ebewe Cisplatin Ebewe
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Cap 10 mg Platinum Compounds ARBOPLATIN Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial ISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial INXALIPLATIN Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors ASATINIB – Restricted see terms below Tab 20 mg		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 60	Carboplatin Ebewe Carbaccord Carbaccord Carboplatin Ebewe Cisplatin Ebewe Cisplatin Ebewe Oxaliplatin Actavis 50 Oxaliplatin Actavis 10
Platinum Compounds CARBOPLATIN Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial CISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial DXALIPLATIN Inj 50 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial DXALIPLATIN Inj 100 mg vial Nag vial 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 Inj 100 mg vial Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors DASATINIB DASATINIB	20.00 19.50 48.50 105.00 15.00 21.00 15.32 25.01 3,774.06 6,214.20	1 1 1 1 1 1	Carboplatin Ebewe Carbaccord Carbaccord Carboplatin Ebewe Cisplatin Ebewe Cisplatin Ebewe Oxaliplatin Actavis 50 Oxaliplatin Actavis 10

Sprycel

30

Restricted

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ERLOTINIB – Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		30 30	Tarceva Tarceva

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 1.3.2 Both:
 - 1.3.2.1 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with first line platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment with gefitinib; or
 - 1.3.3 Both:
 - 1.3.3.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib within 6 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 1.3.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
 - 1.4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months, or
- 2 The patient received funded erlotinib prior to 31 December 2013 and radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg	1,700.00	30	Iressa

Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib within 6 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Note: Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted			
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of u	nresectable and/or metasta	atic malig	gnant gastrointestinal stromal
tumour (GIST); and			
2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.			
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber of		00	
Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		60	Imatinib-AFT
Cap 400 mg		30	Imatinib-AFT
LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	1,899.00	70	Tykerb
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Either:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expre	ssing HER-2 IHC 3+ or I	SH+ (inc	luding FISH or other curren
technology); and			
1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzun		sitive me	etastatic breast cancer; and
1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with tras			
1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progressi	on; or		
2 All of the following:			
2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expre	ssing HER-2 IHC 3+ or I	SH+ (inc	luding FISH or other curren
technology); and			
2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic I	preast cancer but discontin	nued tras	stuzumab within 3 months o
starting treatment due to intolerance; and			
2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzuma			
2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with tras			
2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progressi	A A		
	UN.		
Continuation	un.		
Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months	011.		
Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months		ing FISH	or other current technology)
Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HEI	R-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (includ	0	01,
Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HEI and	R-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (includ he previous 12 months whi	0	01,
Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HEI and 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during t	R-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (includ he previous 12 months whi	0	01,
 Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HEI and The cancer has not progressed at any time point during t Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumal Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression. 	R-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (includ he previous 12 months whi	0	
Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HEI and 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during t 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumal	R-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (includ he previous 12 months whi b; and	0	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted			
Initiation			
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in bl	ast crisis, acceler	rated phas	e, or in chronic phase; an
2 Either:			
2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imat	,	furth or tro	atmost with imptinily and
2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with im	atinib precluding	turther tre	atment with imatinid; and
 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only. 			
Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.			
Continuation			
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaem	nia Net Guideline	s; and	
2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiti	ng from treatmer	nt; and	
3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and			
4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.			
PAZOPANIB – Restricted see terms below			
		30	Votrient
	2,669.40	30	Votrient
→Restricted			
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
All of the following:			
1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and			
 Any of the following: 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or 			
2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or			
2.3 Both:			
2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 mor	ths of starting tre	eatment di	e to intolerance. and
2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and			ie te interenance, and
3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2			
4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and			
5 The patient has intermediate or poor prognosis defined as any of	the following:		
5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of no	rmal; or		
5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; or			
5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L);			
5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of s	systemic therapy:	or	

- 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
- 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of \leq 70; or
- 5.6 \geq 2 sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SUNITINIB – Restricted see terms below	0.045.00		0.1.1
↓ Cap 12.5 mg		28	Sutent
Cap 25 mg		28	Sutent
	9,261.54	28	Sutent

Restricted

Re-assessment required after 3 months Initiation - RCC

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 The patient has intermediate or poor prognosis defined as any of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; or
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; or
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of \leq 70; or
 - 5.6 \geq 2 sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

1 Any of the following:

- 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
- 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of ≥ 10% or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of ≥ 15% on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or

continued...

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.
- Notes: RCC Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of $\geq 10\%$ and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

DOCETAXEL		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial – 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL		
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects		
CALCIUM FOLINATE		
Tab 15 mg	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	5	Calcium Folinate
		Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 20177.33	1	Calcium Folinate
		Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	1	Calcium Folinate
		Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	1	Calcium Folinate
		Ebewe
MESNA		
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids		
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial 186.46	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Hospira
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Hospira
		•

(Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VINORELBINE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		1	Navelbine
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below			
	4,276.19	120	Zytiga
⇒Restricted			
Initiation			
Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist Re-assessment required after 5 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has prostate cancer; and			
2 Patient has metastases; and			
 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and 			
4 Either: 4.1 All of the following:			
4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and			
4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA)	after second line	anti-and	rogen therapy; and
4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and			0 17
4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane cher	notherapy; or		
4.2 All of the following:			
4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following prior che4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and	emotherapy contai	ning a ta	xane; and
4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone			
Continuation			
Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist			
Re-assessment required after 5 months			
All of the following:			
 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and No evidence of clinical disease progression; and 			
3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and			
4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting fro	om treatment.		
BICALUTAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	4.90	28	Bicalaccord
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg		100	Flutamin
Tab 160 mg – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	51.55	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE – Some items restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5	DBL
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	22.40	5	DBL
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5	DBL
Inj 10 mg vial		1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 20 mg vial Inj 30 mg vial	,	1 1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 30 mg vial	∠,901.20	I	Sandostatin LAR

	Price		Brand or
(e	ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg 17.50	100	Genox
Tab 20 mg2.63	30	Genox
8.75	100	Genox

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg	.26.55	30	Aremed
			DP-Anastrozole

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	14.50	30	Aromasin
LETROZOLE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	4.85	30	Letraccord
Immunosuppressants			
Calcineurin Inhibitors			
CICLOSPORIN			
Cap 25 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg		50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 0.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 1 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted			
For use in organ transplant recipients			
Fusion Proteins			
ETANERCEPT – Restricted see terms below			
Ini 25 mg vial	949 96	4	Enbrel

t	Inj 25 mg vial	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg autoinjector1,899.92	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg syringe1,899.92	4	Enbrel

Restricted

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
- 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.7 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST))	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

Eitner: 1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

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Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of etanercept treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and

Price		Brand or
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- 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Indication - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone,
 - ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Renewal - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Paediatric rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

(Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Monoclonal Antibodies			
ABCIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1 ry interve	ReoPro
2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention. ADALIMUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	1,799.92	2	Humira
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	1,799.92	2	HumiraPen
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	1,799.92	2	Humira
Restricted Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis Rheumatologist or named specialist Re-assessment required after 4 months			

Either:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
- 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
- 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
- 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:

- . 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or

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- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Indication - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Renewal - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses

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\$	Per	Manufacturer	

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nitiation - adult-onset Still's disease			
Rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Either:			
1 Both: 1.1 Either:			
1.1 Enter: 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority ap	proval for otoporor	nt for adult	ansat Still's disease (AOSD
0r	provarior etarierce	pi ioi auuii	-onset Still's disease (AOSD
1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for A	OSD in a DHB ho	spital in ac	cordance with the HML rule
and			
1.2 Either:			
1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effect	cts from etanercep	t and/or to	cilizumab; or
1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from a	at least a three-mo	nth trial of	etanercept and/or tocilizuma
such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for	r AOSD; or		
2 All of the following:			
2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguo			
2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 mont drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and	ins of glucocortico	sterolas, n	on-steroidal antiinfiammato
2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly con	trolled and active	dicasca	
Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease		136436.	
Rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and f	unctional status.		
BASILIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 20 mg vial	3,200.00	1	Simulect
Restricted			
For use in solid organ transplants			
BEVACIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial			
→Restricted			
Either:			
1 Ocular neovascularisation; or			
2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.			
NFLIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg - 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020		1	Remicade
Restricted			
Graft vs host disease			
Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut nitiation - rheumatoid arthritis			
Rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 3-4 months			
All of the following:			
1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for ada	limumab and/or et	anercept fo	or rheumatoid arthritis: and
2 Either:			
2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from	n a reasonable tria	I of adalim	umab and/or etanercept; or
2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/			

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3-4 months

Both:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has failed to achieve control of severe vision-threatening ocular inflammation following high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids; or
 - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Patient has tried at least two other immunomodulatory agents.

Continuation - ocular inflammation

Both:

- 1 Patient had a good clinical response to initial treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal of infliximab has been trialled and patient has relapsed after trial withdrawal; or
 - 2.2 Patient has Behcet's disease.

Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 One of the following:

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
- 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 4 months of therapy.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 6 weeks of therapy.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is \geq 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is \geq 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by ≥ 2 points from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by \geq 30 points from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

Price		Brand or
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continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, thotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.
- OMALIZUMAB Restricted see terms on the next page

ſ	Inj 150 mg vial		1	Xolair
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\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

Continuation

Respiratory physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and
- 3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

➡Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either
 - 1.1 Age-related macular degeneration; or
 - 1.2 Chorodial neovascular membrane; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has had a severe ophthalmic inflammatory response following bevacizumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has had a myocardial infarction or stroke within the last three months; or
 - 2.3 The patient has failed to respond to bevacizumab following three intraocular injections; or
 - 2.4 The patient is of child-bearing potential and has not completed a family.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 Documented benefit after three doses must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 In the case of but previous non-response to bevacizumab, a retrial of bevacizumab is required to confirm non-response before continuing with ranibizumab.

RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

ŧ	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30	1	Mabthera

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Restricted

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

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Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia. Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient has good renal function (creatinine clearance \geq 30 ml/min); and
- 6 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 7 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 8 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration).

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to <2.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

- All of the following:
 - 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and 3 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.
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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

6 Either:

- 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
- 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to >5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment Either:

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continued...

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura^{*} with a platelet count of $\leq 20,000$ platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Either:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks' treatment

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks' treatment

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient does not have MPO-ANCA positive vasculitis*; or
 - 2.2 Mycophenolate mofetil has not been effective in those patients who have MPO-ANCA positive vasculitis*; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve complete absence of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 4.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide >15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose >15 g; or
 - 4.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 4.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 4.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening $\mathsf{SLE}^*;$ and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

|--|

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.
- Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial1,100.00	1	Actemra

Restricted

Initiation -Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.3 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 1.4.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or

	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	n. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and

1.2 Either:

- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or

continued...

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial3,875.00	1	Herceptin

Restricted

Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned, or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 1.4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 2.2 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
 - 2.4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 2.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
- 3 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.1 All of the following:
 - 3.1.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.1.2 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 3.1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
 - 3.2.3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 3.2.4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 3.3 All of the following:
 - 3.3.1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 3.3.2 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 3.3.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule2,351.	25 5	5 /	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg8.	.28 6	0 /	Azamun
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-14 to 2016	.22 10	00	Azamun
Inj 50 mg vial	.00 1		Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2-8 × 10 [°] 8 CFU vial − 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	.37 1		OncoTICE
Inj 40 mg per ml, vial	.37 3	3 9	SII-Onco-BCG
⇒Restricted			
For use in bladder cancer			
EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
	.76 3	0 /	Afinitor
F Tab 10 mg6,512.		0	Afinitor

➡Restricted

Initiation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	100	CellCept
Powder for oral lig 1 g per 5 ml – 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	4	CellCept

PICIBANIL

Inj 100 mg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg	100	Rapamune
Ł	Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
ŧ	Oral liq 1 mg per ml	60 ml	Rapamune

➡ Restricted

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- · Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- HUS or TTP; or
- Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiallergy Preparations			
Allergy Desensitisation			
 BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below Inj 120 mcg vial with diluent, 6 vial Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Restricted Both: RAST or skin test positive; and Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Restricted Both: RAST or skin test positive; and Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Restricted Both: RAST or skin test positive; and Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Restricted Both: RAST or skin test positive; and Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent 	agent.		
Allergy Prophylactics	•		
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose BUDESONIDE	5.75	200 dose 200 dose	Alanase Alanase
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose		200 dose 200 dose	Butacort Aqueous Butacort Aqueous
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	2.30	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% – 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE Nasal spray 4%	3.95	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017 CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg		100 200 ml	Zetop Histaclear

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
Tab 180 mg			
	1.00	100	Lovofiu
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016 Oral lig 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2016		100 200 ml	Lorafix LoraPaed
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		200 111	Lordi ded
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	1 99	50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015		100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
TRIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
Anticholinergic Agents			
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13		20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-13	8 to 2016	20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor A	gonists		
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per d			
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 r			
poule – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	3.75	20	Duolin
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents			
➡ Restricted			
Initiation			
All of the following:			
 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of bror In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a 			
g.i.d for one month; and	Short doting bronchot		of at least to μ g iplation
3 Either the patient's breathlessness according to the Medica	I Research Council (L	IK) dyspnoe	a scale is:
3.1 Grade 4 (stops for breath after walking about 100 m			
3.2 Grade 5 (too breathless to leave the house, or breat	thless when dressing	or undressir	ng); and
4 Actual FEV_1 as a % of predicted, must be below 60%.			
5 Either:	\		
5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking of		and	
6 The patient has been offered annual influenza immunization		and	
GLYCOPYRRONIUM – Restricted see terms above			
Note: glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient	is also receiving treatr	nent with su	bsidised tiotropium.
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		30 dose	Seebri Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE – Restricted see terms above			
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE – Restricted see terms above Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also	o receiving treatment	with subsidi	sed glycopyrronium.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
SALBUTAMOL			
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	2.06	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	4 00	200 dose	Salamol
	6.00	200 0000	Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-1	2 to 20153.25	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-1	2 to 20153.44	20	Asthalin
ERBUTALINE SULPHATE			
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Cough Suppressants			
PHOLCODINE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml			
Decongestants			
XYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml			
SEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 7.4 mg per ml			
SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Soln for nasal irrigation			
YLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%			
Nasal drops 0.05% Nasal drops 0.1%			
Inhaled Corticosteroids			
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE	0.54	000 data	Declarate 50
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54 9.30	200 dose	Beclazone 50 Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose		200 dose	Beclazone 100
	15.50	200 0030	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		200 dose	Beclazone 250
UDESONIDE			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose			

Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	(ox man: oxoi: ac \$	Per	Manufacturer	
FLUTICASONE				
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.50	120 dose	Flixotide	
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	13.87	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide	
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	27.20	120 dose	Flixotide	
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	24.51	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	

Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists

MONTELUKAST - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Tab 4 mg	28	Singulair
ŧ	Tab 5 mg	28	Singulair
t	Tab 10 mg 18.48	28	Singulair

➡ Restricted

Pre-school wheeze

Both:

- 1 To be used for the treatment of intermittent severe wheezing (possibly viral); and
- 2 The patient has had at least three episodes in the previous 12 months of acute wheeze severe enough to seek medical attention.

Exercise-induced asthma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been trialed with maximal asthma therapy, including inhaled corticosteroids and long-acting beta-adrenoceptor agonists; and
- 2 Patient continues to receive optimal inhaled corticosteroid therapy; and
- 3 Patient continues to experience frequent episodes of exercise-induced bronchoconstriction.

Aspirin desensitisation

Clinical immunologist or allergist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is undergoing aspirin desensitisation therapy under the supervision of a clinical immunologist or allergist; and
- 2 Patient has moderate to severe aspirin-exacerbated respiratory disease or Samter's triad; and
- 3 Nasal polyposis, confirmed radiologically or surgically; and
- 4 Documented aspirin or NSAID allergy confirmed by aspirin challenge or a clinical history of severe reaction to aspirin or NSAID where challenge would be considered dangerous.

Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE

Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose

INDACATEROL

Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL		
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose26.46	120 dose	Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose26.46	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL - Restricted see terms below

- Fowder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg
- Fowder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg
- Fowder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg
- Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg
- Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

Restricted

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient is a child under the age of 12; and
 - 1.2 Has been treated with inhaled corticosteroids of at least 400 mcg per day beclomethasone or budesonide, or 200 mcg per day fluticasone; and
 - 1.3 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional clinical benefit from switching to a combination product; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is over the age of 12; and
 - 2.2 Has been treated with inhaled corticosteroids of at least 800 mcg per day beclomethasone or budesonide, or 500 mcg per day fluticasone; and
 - 2.3 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional clinical benefit from switching to a combination product.

FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg49.69	120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg49.69	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE

Powder for inhalation 20 mg per dose Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

Methylxanthines

AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)14.85 Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule	25 ml 5	Biomed Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml		
Mucolytics and Expectorants		
DORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms on the next page Vebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule	6	Pulmozyme

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(e)	Price (man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted			
Any of the following:			
 Cystic fibrosis and the patient has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis 	rosis Panel; and	l/or	
2 Significant mucus production and meets the following criteria			
3 Treatment for up to four weeks for patients meeting the following:			
3.1 Patient is an in-patient; and			
3.2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest t			
4 Treatment for up to three days for patients diagnosed with empyeme	a.		
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle		90 ml	Biomed
Pulmonary Surfactants			
BERACTANT			
Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial	550.00	1	Survanta
POBACTANT ALFA			
Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial		1	Curosurf
Respiratory Stimulants			
DOXAPRAM			

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	2.76	4 g	Chlorsig
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	1.20	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3%			
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%			
FUSIDIC ACID Eye drops 1%	4.50	5 g	Fucithalmic
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%	11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%			
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%			
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.3% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3%			
GANCICLOVIR Eye gel 0.15%			e.g. Virgan
Combination Preparations			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone – 1% DV Mar- to 2017		10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicid 50 mcg per ml	in		

50 mcg per ml

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN	B SULPHATE		
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b s phate 6,000 u per g - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		3.5 g	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b s phate 6,000 u per ml – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3% – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		5 ml	Tobradex
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%			
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 r and gramicidin 250 mcg per g	ng	7.5 ml	Kenacomb
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations		7.5 m	Reliacomb
Corticosteroids			
DEXAMETHASONE Eye oint 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		3.5 g 5 ml	Maxidex Maxidex
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		5 ml	Flucon
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%			
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%			
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05%			
LODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE Eye drops 2%			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	125.00	12	Fluorescite
Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose ISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg			
ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%			
Irrigation Solutions			
 CALCIUM CHLORIDE WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE, POTASSIUM C SODIUM CITRATE Eye drops 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium ch ride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% a sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml Eye drops 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium ch ride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% a sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml 	lo- nd lo- nd	ACETAT	E, SODIUM CHLORIDE AN e.g. Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
Eye drops 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium ch ride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% a sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml			e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics			
DXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose			
PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%			
FETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Viscoelastic Substances			

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	φ	rei	Manulaclurer
SODIUM HYALURONATE			
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Healon GV
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe	50.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Provisc
SODIUM HYALURONATE WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 r			
ringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate per ml, 0.4 ml syring Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml sy	5	1	Duovisc
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate per ml, 0.55 ml syringe Inj 30 mg with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syring		1	Duovisc
Other			
DISODIUM EDETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial			
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1%			

Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500

Glaucoma Preparations

Beta Blockers

BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201711.80 Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20177.50	5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S	
Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1111 C	Betoptic	
Eye drops 0.25%7.00	5 ml	Betagan	
Eye drops 0.5%7.00 (Betagan Eye drops 0.25% to be delisted 1 July 2015)	5 ml	Betagan	
TIMOLOL			
Eye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20171.45	5 ml	Arrow-Timolol	
Eye drops 0.25%, gel forming – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	2.5 ml	Timoptol XE	
Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20171.45 Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE	
Carbonia Anhudraaa Inhihitara			
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 201717.03 Inj 500 mg	100	Diamox	
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 17.03	100	Diamox	
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 17.03 Inj 500 mg BRINZOLAMIDE	100	Diamox	
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	100	Diamox	
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	100 5 ml	Diamox	

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Miotics			
CETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent			
PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 2% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 2%, single dose Eye drops 4% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.35	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03%			
ATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	1.99	2.5 ml	Hysite
RAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004%			
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	4.32	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%			
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
NTROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	17 36	15 ml	Atropt
CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		10 111	
Eye drops 1% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	φ 		
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER			
Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM			
Eye drops 0.5%			
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%			
Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE			
Eye drops 0.5%	3.92	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN			
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose			
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL			
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, singl dose		24	Systane Unit Dose
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN			
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT		_	
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3% – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL	0.05		
Eye drops 1.4%	2.95 3.62	15 ml	Vistil Liguifilm Tears
Eye drops 3%		15 ml	Vistil Forte
	3.88	10	Liquifilm Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE			·
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose			
RETINOL PALMITATE			
Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE			
Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.00	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh
Other Otological Preparations			

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings			
Antidotes			
ACETYLCYSTEINE Tab eff 200 mg Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-12 to 2015		10	Martindale
Inj 200 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	219.00	4	Acetylcysteine Acetadote
Inj 200 mg pol m, oo mi ka DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB Inj 38 mg vial Inj 40 mg vial		7	, locado lo
ETHANOL Liq 96%			
ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle			
ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule Inj 96%			
FLUMAZENIL Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Anexate
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 5 g vial Inj 2.5 g vial			
NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
PRALIDOXIME IODIDE Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM NITRITE Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM THIOSULFATE Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
SOYA OIL Inj 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle			
Antitoxins			
BOTULISM ANTITOXIN Inj 250 ml vial			
DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN Inj 10,000 iu vial			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antivenoms			
RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM Inj 500 u vial			
SNAKE ANTIVENOM Inj 50 ml vial			
Removal and Elimination			
CHARCOAL Oral liq 200 mg per ml		250 ml	Carbasorb-X
 DEFERASIROX - Restricted see terms below Tab 125 mg dispersible		eferiprone , liver or ca rrhoea; or tosis (defir	and desferrioxamine combi ardiac MRI T2*; or ned as an absolute neutroph
Continuation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 2 years			
 Either: 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatmen in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated a in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2 	* and liver MRI T2* let and has resulted in clir	vels; or nical stabil	
DEFERIPRONE – Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg	E22 17	100	Forriprov
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		250 ml	Ferriprox Ferriprox
Restricted Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congeni	tal inherited anaemia	or acquire	d red cell aplasia.
DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE Inj 500 mg vial DICOBALT EDETATE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		10	Hospira
DIMERCAPROL Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			

VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%		50 ml	healthE
Soln 5%		500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	2.65	1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1 1	healthE healthE
	9.00	I	nealun
ODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	0.00	1	healthE
	9.30	I	nealthe
SOPROPYL ALCOHOL	5.00		DOM
Soln 70%, 500 ml		1	PSM healthE
	5.65		neallne
POVIDONE-IODINE			
Vaginal tab 200 mg			
→Restricted Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%	3 27	25 g	Betadine
Soln 10%		100 ml	Riodine
	6.20	500 ml	Riodine
			Betadine
Soln 5%			
Soln 7.5%			
Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 10% with ethanol 30%		500 ml	Betadine Skin Prep
Soln 10% with ethanol 70%			
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE			

Soln

VARIOUS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Contrast Media	÷		
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per r			
100 ml bottle Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle		100 ml 1	Gastrografin Urografin
		I	ologialli
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156 12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL		50	IUSCAII
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	143.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-	14		
to 2017		10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-	14		
to 2017		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-		10	Visingene
to 2017 Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle – 5% DV Sep-		10	Visipaque
to 2017		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-			
to 2017		10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-			
to 2017		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep- to 2017		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-		10	Ommpaque
to 2017		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-	14		
to 2017		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-		10	Omninggue
to 2017 Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle – 5% DV Sep-		10	Omnipaque
to 2017		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-			F 1
to 2017	114.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-			
to 2017		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle – 5% DV Sep- to 2017		10	Omnipaque

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
ARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet		50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle		240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag		12	Liquibar
Oral lig 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral lig 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral lig 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	VoLumen
Oral lig 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opague-HD
Oral lig 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral lig 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle		1	Liquibar
ARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	•		
sachet		50	E-Z-Gas II
ITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	a		
sachet	5		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			- 3
	004 74	10	NA. Ikihara an
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Multihance
ADOBENIC ACID Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		10 10	Multihance Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL	636.28		
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial	636.28 ed		
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe	636.28 ed 	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille	636.28 ed 	10 5	Multihance Gadovist
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe	636.28 ed 	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe	ed 	10 5 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	ed 	10 5 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	ed 	10 5 10 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	ed 	10 5 10 10 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	ed 	10 5 10 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	ed 	10 5 10 10 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	ed 	10 5 10 10 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe	ed 	10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe ADOTERIC ACID Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	ed 	10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe ADOTERIC ACID Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe	ed 	10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 1	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan Dotarem Dotarem
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial ADOBUTROL Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille syringe ADODIAMIDE Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe	ed 	10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 1 1	Multihance Gadovist Gadovist Omniscan Omniscan Omniscan Dotarem Dotarem Dotarem
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VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
GADOXETATE DISODIUM Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml p syringe		1	Primovist
		ļ	THHOUSE
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		5 10	Magnevist Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
ARGININE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle			
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial			
Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial MANNITOL			
Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			-
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE			
Inj 5 mcg per vial			
TUBERCULIN, PURIFIED PROTEIN DERIVATIVE Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN			
Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PATENT BLUE V			

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	۲۱	Brand or Generic	
	(ex man. exci. GC \$	Per	Manufacturer	
Irrigation Solutions				
CHLORHEXIDINE				
Irrigation soln 0.02%, bottle	2.92	100 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.05%, bottle	3.02	100 ml	Baxter	
	3.63	500 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.1%, bottle	3.10	100 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.5%, bottle	4.69	500 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule				
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE				
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule				
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, bottle		100 ml	Baxter	
	3.47	500 ml	Baxter	
	4.17	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.05% with cetrimide 0.5%, bottle	4.20	100 ml	Baxter	
3	3.87	500 ml	Baxter	
Irrigation soln 0.1% with cetrimide 1%, bottle	4.38	100 ml	Baxter	
	5.81	500 ml	Baxter	
GLYCINE				
Irrigation soln 1.5%, bottle	11.38	2,000 ml	Baxter	
	14.44	3,000 ml	Baxter	
		0,000	20000	
SODIUM CHLORIDE	10.50	001	Dfiner	
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule		30 ml	Pfizer	
Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle	2.49 2.88	100 ml 500 ml	Baxter Baxter	
	2.00	1,000 ml	Baxter	
	10.00	2,000 ml	Baxter	
	12.67	2,000 ml	Baxter	
	12.07	3,000 111	Daxlei	
WATER				
Irrigation soln, bottle		100 ml	Baxter	
	2.61	500 ml	Baxter	
	2.75	1,000 ml	Baxter	
	9.71	2,000 ml	Baxter	
	15.80	3,000 ml	Baxter	
Surgical Preparations				
BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN				

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE Soln 50% Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cardioplegia Solutions			
ELECTROLYTES			
Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmo potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chluride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidin 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calciu chloride, 1,000 ml bag	D- e,		e.g. Custodiol-HTK
Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per m glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 m per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citra 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and tromet mel 11.2260 mg per ml, 264 ml beg	ig te		o o Cordioplacio
mol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag			e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, gli tamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per m potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per m sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg p	nl, nl,		
ml, 527 ml bag			e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 m per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chlorid 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometam	le		
5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag			e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution
Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calciur 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag	n,		e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesiu and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag	m		e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solutior
IONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle			
IONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE			

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag VARIOUS

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations			
CETIC ACID			
Liq LUM			
Powder BP			
RACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]			
SCORBIC ACID Powder			
ENZOIN			
Tincture compound BP			
ISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder			
ORIC ACID			
Powder			
ARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Soln 1.5%			
ETRIMIDE Soln 40%			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Soln 20 %			
CHLOROFORM Lig BP			
ITRIC ACID Powder BP			
CLOVE OIL Liq			
OAL TAR Soln BP			
ODEINE PHOSPHATE Powder			
OLLODION FLEXIBLE Liq			
COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE Soln			
YSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
ISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 r ampoule			
ITHRANOL Powder			

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per		Brand or Generic Manufacturer		
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Powder					
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	35 50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF		
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE					
Suspension	35.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet		
Liq		2,000 ml	ABM		
HYDROCORTISONE Powder - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017		25 g	ABM		
LACTOSE Powder					
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste					
MENTHOL Crystals					
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder					
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder					
METHYLCELLULOSE Powder Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Plus		
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF		
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend		
OLIVE OIL Liq					
PARAFFIN Liq					
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder					
PHENOL Liq					
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder					
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq					
POVIDONE K30 Powder					
PROPYLENE GLYCOL Liq		500 ml	ABM		

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SALICYLIC ACID Powder	Ψ		
SILVER NITRATE Crystals			
SODIUM BICARBONATE Powder BP			
SODIUM CITRATE Powder			
SODIUM METABISULFITE Powder			
STARCH Powder			
SULPHUR Precipitated Sublimed			
SYRUP			
Liq (pharmaceutical grade)	21.75	2,000 ml	Midwest
THEOBROMA OIL Oint			
TRI-SODIUM CITRATE Crystals			
TRICHLORACETIC ACID Grans			
UREA Powder BP			
WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous			
XANTHAN Gum 1%			
ZINC OXIDE Powder			

SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

Restricted

Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children; or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Notes: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- t Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

Fat

Restricted

Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Notes: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	e.g. Calogen
t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	e.g. Calogen
ME	DIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above	
t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle	e.g. Liquigen
t	Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	e.g. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms above

t Liq

e.g. Polycal

		it one further product listed in used in the modular formula <i>e.g. Promod</i> Resource Beneprotein <i>e.g. Protifar</i>
with all of the p	products	used in the modular formula. e.g. Promod Resource Beneprotein
with all of the p	products	used in the modular formula. e.g. Promod Resource Beneprotein
with all of the p	products	used in the modular formula. e.g. Promod Resource Beneprotein
8.95	227 g	Resource Beneprotein
8.95	227 g	Resource Beneprotein
		e.g. Protifar
		e.g. FM 85 e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier
		e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer
		e.g. Super Soluble Duocal

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Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Por

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN Powder

Powder	e.g. Feed Thickener Karicare Aptamil
GUAR GUM	
Powder	e.g. Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH	
Powder	e.g. Resource Thicken Up; Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM	
Powder	e.g. Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID	
Powder	e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

➡Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy: or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms above

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre t per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can t
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can t
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per t 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

e.g. HCU Anamix Infant e.g. XMET Maxamaid

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

e.a. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

- e.g. XMET Maxamum
- e.a. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
sovaleric Acidaemia Products			
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) – Restricted see term: Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fik per 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can		page	e.g. IVA Anamix Infant e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can			e.g. XLEU Maxamum
Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products			
 MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VA Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fit per 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre p 100 ml, 125 ml bottle 	bre	l see tern	ns on the preceding page e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant e.g. MSUD Maxamaid e.g. MSUD Maxamum e.g. MSUD Anamix
			Junior LQ
Phenylketonuria Products			
 MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restricted Tab 8.33 mg Powder 29 g protein, 38 g carbohydrate and 13.5 g fibre per 100 29 g sachet Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib per 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 n 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 n 125 ml bottle Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle 	g, pre ml, ml, per 	receding 125 ml	e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Anamix Junior e.g. PKU Anamix Infant e.g. XP Maxamaid e.g. XP Maxamum e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
 Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 n 125 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 n 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 250 bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 250 carbohydrate 	ml, ml ml,		e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. Easiphen

				SPECIAL FUUDS
		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
P	Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia P	roducts		
AN L	/INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THRE Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr per 100 g, 400 g can		IE) – Re	estricted see terms on page 1s
	per 100 g, 400 g can			Infant
t	Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can			e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid e.g. XMTVI Maxamum
P	Protein Free Supplements			
PF t	ROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 197 Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g car	n		e.g.Energivit
Т	yrosinaemia Products			
AN L	/INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr per 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can	,	e terms	on page 197 e.g. TYR Anamix Infant e.g. XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid
t	Powder 29 g protein, 38 g carbohydrate and 13.5 g fat per 100 g, 29 sachet	•		e.g. TYR Anamix Junior
t	Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre pe 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	er		e.g. TYR Anamix Junior LQ
U	Irea Cycle Disorders Products			
AN t	AINO ACID SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 197 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can			e.g. Dialamine e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix
X	-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products			
GL	YCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 197			

Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 197

Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days;
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or			
6 For patients being tube-fed; or			
7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.			
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pr			
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000			
bottle		1,000 ml	
Liquid 4.2 g protoin 11.2 g componentiate and 4.2 g fot nor 100 r			(Vanilla)
Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 r 1,000 ml bag	111,		e.g. Nutrison Advanced
1,000 mi bag			Diason
	ling nogo		Diabon
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the precedence of the set of the	01 0		
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre p 100 ml, can		237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic
100 mi, can	2.10	237 111	(Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 250	ml		(vanina)
bottle		250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla
Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre p			
100 ml, can		237 ml	Resource Diabetic
			(Vanilla)
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre p	er		
100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Diasip
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
➡Restricted			
Any of the following:			
1 Malabsorption; or			
2 Short bowel syndrome; or			
3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or			
4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or			
5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or			
6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or			
7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.			
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above			
Powder 11.5 g protein, 61.7 g carbohydrate and 0.8 g fat per sache	4.50	80.4 g	Vivonex TEN
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250	ml		
carton			e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms	above		
Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 r	nl,		
1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Advanced
			Peptisorb

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the prec Powder 12.5 g protein, 55.4 g carbohydrate and 3.25 g fat per s Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per	sachet	79 g	Vital HN
400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g	, 400 g		e.g. Peptamen Junior
can			e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
Powder 15.8 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate and 4.65 g fat pe sachet	7.50	76 g	Alitraq
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml,		e 237 ml	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)
Fat Modified Products			
 FAT-MODIFIED FEED – Restricted see terms below Powder 11.4 g protein, 68 g carbohydrate and 11.8 g fat per 400 g can → Restricted Any of the following: 	100 g,		e.g. Monogen
 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or Patient has a chyle leak; or Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrien the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults. Notes: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria a 			
Hepatic Products			
→ Restricted For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant HEPATIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 64 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g,	can78.97	400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products			
 → Restricted Any of the following: Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or Patient requires low electrolyte; or Both: 	rements.		

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DRAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the preceding page Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre p 100 ml, bottle	er	200 ml	Two Cal HN
High Protein Products			
 HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 r 1,000 ml bag 			e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus
 Restricted 3oth: The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; Patient is fluid restricted; or Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre p 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag Restricted Both: The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; and the following: 	high calorie prod Is below er	uct.	e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre
2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using Infant Formulas	high calorie prod	uct.	
AMINO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms on the next page			
 Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 r 400 g can Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 			e.g. Neocate
400 g can Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, c	0.	400 g	<i>e.g. Neocate LCP</i> Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)
Powder 14 g protein, 50 g carbohydrate and 24.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 can	-	400	e.g. Neocate Advance
Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, ca		400 g	Neocate Advance (Vanilla)
Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, c		400 g	Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)
 Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, c Powder 6 g protein, 31.5 g carbohydrate and 5.88 g fat per sachet . 		400 g 48.5 g	Elecare (Unflavoured) Elecare (Vanilla) Vivonex Paediatric

Price	е		Brand or	
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic	
\$		Per	Manufacturer	

Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can

e.g. Gold Pepti Junior Karicare Aptamil

Restricted

Initiation - new patients

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Initiation - step down from amino acid formula

Both:

- 1 The infant is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
- 2 The infant is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an extensively hydrolysed formula.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Galactomin 19

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA			
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 n 900 g can	nl,		e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 n 900 g can	nl,		e.g. S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA			
Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 400 g can	g,		e.g. Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below			
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre p 100 ml, 100 ml bottle	er		e.g. Infatrini
⇒Restricted			
Both: 1 Either:			
 Entrer: The patient is fluid restricted; or The patient has increased nutritional requirements due t Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg. 	o faltering growth;a	nd	
PRETERM FORMULA – Restricted see terms below			
 Powder 1.9 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 14 g, can Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bo 	ttle0.75	400 g 100 ml	S-26 Gold Premgro S26 LBW Gold RTF
Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 n bottle	ni		e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 l	nl		
bottle			e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm
Restricted For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg THICKENED FORMULA	at birth.		
Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 n 900 g can	nl,		e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR
Ketogenic Diet Products			
HIGH FAT FORMULA – Restricted see terms below			
Powder 15.25 g protein, 3 g carbohydrate and 73 g fat per 100 g, ca	n35.50	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 can	•	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)
Restricted For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficienc ditions requiring a ketogenic diet.	y or glucose transp	orted ty	pe-1 deficiency and other con-

			SPECIAL FUUDS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Paediatric Products			
← Restricted			
Both: 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and			
 2 Any of the following: 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserte 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 	ed for the purposes	of feedir	ıg; or
2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing			
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above			
Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 g can		850 g	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms at		5	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre pe			
100 ml, bag		500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms abov Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag		500 ml	Pediasure RTH
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 m		500 mi	
500 ml bag			e.g. Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms about the Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per			
100 ml, bag		500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 m 500 ml bag	nl,		e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
t Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 m bottle		200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry)
		050	Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, ca	an1.34	250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 m 200 ml bottle	nl,		e.g. Fortini
 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle 	er		e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see t	erms below		
Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibr per 100 ml, bottle	re	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
➡Restricted For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.			

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

(Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can			e.g. Kindergen
 Restricted For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, carton 	2.67	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry)
Restricted For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. ONELECTROLYTE ODAL FEED 2 KCAL ALL. Restricted ass terms by	low		Nepro HP (Vanilla)
 LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms be Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, cartor Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml 		237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
 Liquid of g protein, 20.9 g carbohydrate and 3.0 g fat per 100 ml, 20.7 ml bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml carton Restricted For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. 			e.g. Renilon 7.5
Respiratory Products			
OW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term ↓ Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	1.66	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
Surgical Products			
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below ↓ Liquid 7.6 g protein, 18.9 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.4 g fibre per 100 ml, carton		237 ml	Impact Advanced Recovery (Chocolate) Impact Advanced Recovery (Vanilla)
→Restricted Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted set	0,		
♥ Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	6.80	4	preOp
Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERA	S) protocol 2 to 3	hours be	fore major abdominal surge

SPECIAL F	OODS
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Price (ex man. exc \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Standard Feeds			
Restricted			
ny of the following:			
1 For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:			
 BMI < 18.5; or Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient los causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or 	sses ar	nd/or incre	eased nutritional needs fro
6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or			
7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.			
NTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 5.4 g protien, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bottle			e.g. Isosource Standard RTH
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag7.0 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	00	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can		250 ml 1,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH
Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 100 ml, bag7.0	00	1,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
NTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle2.6	65	500 ml	Osmolite RTH
5.2		1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can1.2	24	250 ml	Osmolite
Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per			
100 ml, bottle2.6		500 ml	Jevity RTH
5.2	29	1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per			
100 ml, can	32	237 ml	Jevity
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
NTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per			
Equila 5.55 g protoni, 10.1 g ourbonigatato, 0.50 g lat and Σ g libro per			

	Price		Brand or
(ex m	nan. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t Powder 16 g protein, 59.8 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can	13.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 g, can	3.67	350 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can		900 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject to surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patients more sorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.			criteria and a manufacturer's
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,			
237 ml carton			e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can	1.33	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,			
carton	1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest)
A limit 4 months and 00 F months had at a month 00 ml 000 ml hattle			Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
 Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml 			e.g. Fortijuice
bottle			e.g. Fortisip
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

(ex	Price man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Bacterial and Viral Vaccines			
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted	see terms belov	N	
■ Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis			
toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg per-			
tactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	10	Infanrix IPV
→ Restricted	0.00	10	
Funded for any of the following:			
1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed prin			
2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes	for children (to	the age	of 10 years) to complete full
primary immunisation; or 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immuni	sation for natie	nts nost H	ISCT or chemotherany: pre-
or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialys			
or		,	
4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplan			
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for			
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOP see terms below	HILUS INFLUE	NZAE I Y	PE B VACCINE – Restricted
Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis			
toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg per-			
tactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B			
surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophilus influenzae type B vaccine vial - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	10	Infanrix-hexa
⇒Restricted	0.00	10	IIIIdiii IX-IIEAd
Funded for patients meeting any of the following criteria:			
1 Up to four doses for children up to the age of 10 for primary immunis			
2 Up to four doses (as appropriate) for children are funded for (re-)imi			ost HSCT, or chemotherapy;
pre- or post splenectomy; renal dialysis and other severely immunos 3 Up to five doses for children up to the age of 10 receiving solid organ			
Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes if			of 10 years) to complete full
primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the app			
Bacterial Vaccines			
ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE			
1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	5	ADT Booster
⇒ Restricted			
Any of the following:			
 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients 	tionts: or		
3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or			
4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or			
5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the re-	ecommendation	n of an in	ternal medicine physician or
paediatrician.			
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedul		nogramm	ies.
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE – Restricted see terms on the ne	ext page		
Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenu-			
ated, vial with diluent – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	0.00	10	BCG Vaccine

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis

Note: increased risk is defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; or
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; or
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.
- Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin and 2.5 mcg pertactin in 0.5 ml syringe – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017......0.00
 Boostrix 10

Restricted

Funded for any of the following:

- 1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational weeks 28 and 38 during epidemics.
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 to 17 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation.
- 3 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 to 17 years inclusive for reimmunisation following immunosuppression

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mcg vial with diluent syringe - 1% DV Jul-14 to 20170.00	1	Act-HIB
⇒	Restricted		

One dose for patients meeting any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination of children following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For children aged 0-18 years with functional asplenia; or
- 4 For patients pre- and post-splenectomy; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Menactra

MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and patients with functional or anatomic asplenia; or
- 2 One dose every five years for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 3 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*.

Note: children under seven years of age require a second dose three years after the first and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	1	Neisvac-C
			10	Neisvac-C

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and patients with functional or anatomic asplenia; or
- 2 One dose every five years for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 3 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*.

Note: children under seven years of age require a second dose three years after the first and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Ł	Inj 30.8 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	1	Prevenar 13
		10	Prevenar 13

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 A primary course of up to four doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the age of 59 months inclusive; or
- 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of immunisation for individuals under the age of 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV10; or
- 3 One dose is funded for high risk children who have previously received four doses of PCV10; or
- 4 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients with HIV, patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post- solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens up to the age of 18; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.
- Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcol each trac) 10/ PV lum 15 to 2017

	cal serotype) – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	0.00	1	Pheumovax 23
r		0.00		Dia a

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml vial (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal serotype)0.00 1 Pneumovax 23

(Pneumovax 23 Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml vial (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal serotype) to be delisted 1 December 2015)

Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- or post-splenectomy or with functional asplenia; or
- 2 Up to two doses are funded for high risk children to the age of 18; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

➡ Restricted

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017......0.00
- Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017.....0.00

Havrix Junior Havrix

1

1

Restricted

Funded for patients meeting any of the following criteria:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE ↓ Inj 40 mcg per 1 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
➡Restricted			
Funded for any of the following criteria: 1 For dialysis patients; or 2 For liver or kidney transplant patient.			
Inj 5 mcg in 0.5 ml vial − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
 → Restricted Funded for any of the following criteria: For household or sexual contacts of known hepatitis B carr For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface a For children up to the age of 18 years inclusive who are c additional vaccination; or For HIV positive patients; or For hepatitis C positive patients; or For patients following immunosuppression; or 	ntigen (HBsAg) positive;	or hieved a	positive serology and require
 7 For transplant patients. ✔ Inj 10 mcg in 1 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 → Restricted Funded for any of the following criteria: 	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
 For household or sexual contacts of known hepatitis B carn For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface a For children up to the age of 18 years inclusive who are c additional vaccination; or For HIV positive patients; or For hepatitis C positive patients; or For patients following immunosuppression; or For transplant patients. 	ntigen (HBsAg) positive; onsidered not to have ac	hieved a	positive serology and require
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16 AND 18) VACCINE [HPV] – ↓ Inj 120 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		elow 10	Gardasil
 Restricted Maximum of three doses for patient meeting any of the following cription Females aged under 20 years old; or Patients aged under 26 years old with confirmed HIV infection For use in transplant patients. 	teria:		
INFLUENZA VACCINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 45 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe	90.00	10	Fluarix Influvac
 → Restricted Any of the following: All people 65 years of age and over; or People under 65 years of age who: 			continued

VACCINES

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
continued				

- 2.1.4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 2.1.5 Cerebro-vascular disease; or
- 2.2 Have any of the following chronic respiratory diseases:
 - 2.2.1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
 - 2.2.2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function; or
- 2.3 Have diabetes;
- 2.4 Have chronic renal disease;
- 2.5 Have any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive;
- 2.6 Have any of the following other conditions:
 - 2.6.1 Autoimmune disease;
 - 2.6.2 Immune suppression;
 - 2.6.3 HIV;
 - 2.6.4 Transplant recipients;
 - 2.6.5 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases;
 - 2.6.6 Haemoglobinopathies;
 - 2.6.7 Are children on long term aspirin; or
- 2.7 Are pregnant, or
- 2.8 Are children aged four and under who have been hospitalised for respiratory illness or have a history of significant respiratory illness: or
- 3 Patients who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital in the 2015 season.

Note: The following conditions are excluded from funding:

- asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy; and
- hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease.
- MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE Restricted see terms below
- Inj 1000 TCID50 measles, 12500 TCID50 mumps and 1000 TCID50
 - rubella vial with diluent 1% DV Jul-14 to 20170.00 10 M-M-R-II

Restricted

A maximum of two doses for any patient meeting the following criteria:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE – **Restricted** see terms below

Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe – 1% DV Jul-14 to 20170.00 1 IPOL

Restricted

Up to three doses for patients meeting either of the following:

- 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.

Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

RABIES VACCINE

Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent

ROTAVIRUS LIVE REASSORTANT ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

♥ Oral susp G1, G2, G3, G4, P1(8) 11.5 million CCID50 units per 2 ml,

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
→Restricted			
Maximum of three doses for patients meeting the following:			
1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 15 w	eeks of age; and		
2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 8 mc	onths or over.		
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKEN POX VACCINE] - Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 2,000 PFU vial with diluent – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		1	Varilrix
➡Restricted			
Maximum of two doses for any of the following:			
1 For non-immune patients:			
1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be c	andidates for transplantation	on; or	
1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplan	tation; or		
1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or			
1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*.			
2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplan	tation, on advice of their s	pecialist.	
3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemo	therapy, on advice of their	specialist	
4 For HIV positive non immune to varicella with mild or more than the second	derate immunosuppressio	n on advic	e of HIV specialist

- 4 For HIV positive non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist.
- For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella.
 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella

* immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

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PART III - OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 (ox man: oxol: do1) \$	Per	Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals, including some wound care products and disposable laparoscopic equipment, are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER

1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	20.00	1	Caresens II Caresens N Caresens N POP
Meter	9.00	1	FreeStyle Lite On Call Advanced
	19.00		Accu-Chek Performa
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Blood glucose test strips	10.56	50 test	CareSens
•			CareSens N
	21.65		FreeStyle Lite
	28.75		Accu-Chek Performa
			Freestyle Optium
Blood glucose test strips \times 50 and lancets \times 5 $\hfill 5$	19.10	50 test	On Call Advanced
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
Meter	40.00	1	Freestyle Optium
INSULIN PEN NEEDLES			
29 g × 12.7 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
$31 \text{ g} \times 5 \text{ mm}$		100	B-D Micro-Fine
$31 \text{ g} \times 6 \text{ mm}$		100	ABM
31 g × 8 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine
$32\mathrm{g}\times4\mathrm{mm}$	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE			
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g \times 12.7 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g \times 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.5 ml with 29 g \times 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g \times 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g \times 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g \times 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
KETONE BLOOD BETA-KETONE ELECTRODES			
Test strips	15.50	10 strip	Freestyle Optium Ketone
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Size 2	2.00	1	EZ-fit Paediatric Mask
	2.99	I	EZ-III FAQUALIIC MASK
PEAK FLOW METER			
Low Range		1	Breath-Alert
Normal Range	11.44	1	Breath-Alert
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE			
Cassette	22.80	40 test	Innovacon hCG One Step Pregnancy Test

PART III - OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Test strip	6.00	50 strip	Accu-Chek Ketur-Test
SPACER DEVICE 230 ml (single patient) 800 ml		1 1	Space Chamber Plus Volumatic

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