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Introducing PHARMAC

PHARMAC, the Pharmaceutical Management Agency, is a Crown entity established pursuant to the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000 (The Act). The primary objective of PHARMAC is to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided.

The PHARMAC Board consists of up to six members appointed by the Minister of Health. All decisions relating to PHARMAC's operation are made by or under the authority of the Board. More information on the Board can be found at www.pharmac.govt.nz The functions of PHARMAC are set out in section 48 of the Act. PHARMAC is required to perform these functions within the amount of funding provided to it and in accordance with its statement of intent and any directions given by the Minister (Section 103 of the Crown Entities Act). The Government has agreed that PHARMAC will assume responsibility for the assessment, prioritisation and procurement of medical devices on behalf of DHBs. Medical devices come within the definition of Pharmaceuticals in the Act. PHARMAC is assuming responsibility for procurement of some medical devices categories immediately, as a first step to full PHARMAC management of these categories within the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Decision Criteria

PHARMAC takes into account the following criteria when considering amendments to the Schedule:

- a) the health needs of all eligible people within New Zealand;
- b) the particular health needs of Māori and Pacific peoples;
- c) the availability and suitability of existing medicines, therapeutic medical devices and related products and related things;
- d) the clinical benefits and risks of pharmaceuticals;
- e) the cost-effectiveness of meeting health needs by funding pharmaceuticals rather than using other publicly funded health and disability support services;
- f) the budgetary impact (in terms of the pharmaceutical budget and the Government's overall health budget) of any changes to the Schedule:
- g) the direct cost to health service users:
- h) the Government's priorities for health funding, as set out in any objectives notified by the Crown to PHARMAC, or in PHARMAC's Funding Agreement, or elsewhere; and
- such other criteria as PHARMAC thinks fit. PHARMAC will carry out appropriate consultation when it intends to take any such "other criteria" into account.

PHARMAC's clinical advisors

Pharmacology and Therapeutics Advisory Committee (PTAC)

PHARMAC works closely with the Pharmacology and Therapeutics Advisory Committee (PTAC), an expert medical committee which provides independent advice to PHARMAC on health needs and the clinical benefits of particular pharmaceuticals for use in the community and/or in DHB Hospitals. The chair of PTAC sits with the PHARMAC Board in an advisory capacity.

Contact PTAC C/-PTAC Secretary, Pharmaceutical Management Agency, PO Box 10 254, WELLINGTON 6143, Email: PTAC@pharmac.gov

PTAC Subcommittees

PTAC has subcommittees from which it can seek specialist advice in relation to funding applications. PTAC may seek advice from one or more subcommittees in relation to a funding application, or may make recommendations to PHARMAC without seeking the advice of a subcommittee:

Analgesic Subcommittee
Anti-Infective Subcommittee
Cancer Treatments Subcommittee
Cardiovascular Subcommittee
Dermatology Subcommittee
Diabetes Subcommittee
Endocrinology Subcommittee

Gastrointestinal Subcommittee
Haematology Subcommittee

Hospital Pharmaceuticals Subcommittee

Immunisation Subcommittee Mental Health Subcommittee Neurological Subcommittee Nephrology Subcommittee Ophthalmology Subcommittee

Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Subcommittee

Rare Disorders Subcommittee

Reproductive and Sexual Health Subcommittee

Respiratory Subcommittee Rheumatology Subcommittee Special Foods Subcommittee Tenders Subcommittee

Transplant Immunosuppressants Subcommittee

PTAC also has a Tender Medical Evaluation Subcommittee to provide advice on clinical matters relating to PHARMAC's annual multi-product tender and other purchasing strategies. Current membership of PTAC's subcommittees can be found on PHARMAC's website: http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about/committees/ptac

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy

Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment (NPPA) provides a mechanism for individual patients to receive funding for medicines not listed in the Pharmaceutical Schedule (either at all or for their clinical circumstances). PHARMAC will assess applications that meet the prerequisites according to its Decision Criteria before deciding whether to approve applications for funding. The Decision Criteria will be used to assess both the individual clinical circumstances of each NPPA applicant, and the implications of each NPPA funding decision on PHARMAC's ability to carry out its legislative functions.

For more information on NPPA, or to apply, visit the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/tools-resources/forms/named-patient-pharmaceutical-assessment-nppa-forms, or call the Panel Coordinators at (04) 9167553 or (04) 9167521.

The Pharmaceutical Schedule

The purpose of the Schedule is to list:

- the Community Pharmaceuticals that are subsidised by the Government and to show the amount of the subsidy paid to contractors, as well as the manufacturer's price and any access conditions that may apply:
- the Hospital Pharmaceuticals that may be used in DHB Hospitals, as well as any access conditions that may apply; and
- the Pharmaceuticals,including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals for which national prices have been negotiated by PHARMAC.

The purpose of the Schedule is not to show the final cost to Government of subsidising each Community Pharmaceutical or to DHBs in purchasing each Hospital Pharmaceutical or other Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals, since that will depend on any rebate and other arrangements PHARMAC has with the supplier and, for some Hospital Pharmaceuticals, or other Pharmaceuticals, including Medical Devices, used in DHB Hospitals, on any logistics arrangements put in place by individual DHB Hospitals.

Finding Information in Section H

Section H lists Pharmaceuticals that can be used in DHB Hospitals, and is split into the following parts:

- Part I lists the rules in relation to use of Pharmaceuticals by DHB Hospitals.
- Part II lists Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are funded for use in DHB Hospitals. These are classified based on the Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) system used for Community Pharmaceuticals. It also provides information on any National Contracts that exist, and an indication of which products have Hospital Supply Status (HSS).
- Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals for which National Contracts exist, and DHB Hospitals may choose to fund. These
 are listed alphabetically by generic chemical entity name and line item, the relevant Price negotiated by PHARMAC and, if
 applicable, an indication of whether it has Hospital Supply Status (HSS) and any associated Discretionary Variance Limit
 (DV Limit).

The index located at the back of the Section H can be used to find page numbers for generic chemical entities and product brand names, for Hospital Pharmaceuticals The listings are displayed alphabetically (where practical) within each level of the classification system. Each anatomical section contains a series of therapeutic headings, some of which may contain a further classificatio

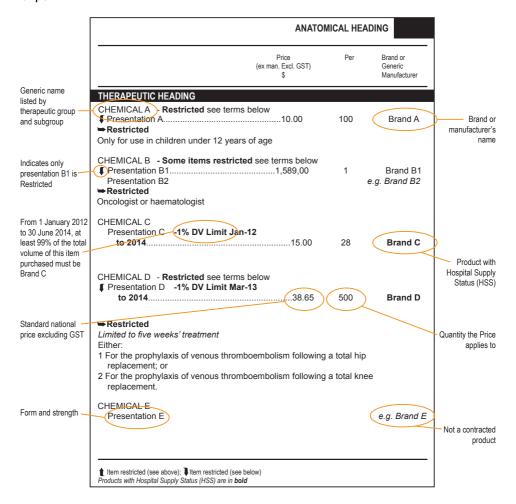
Glossary

Units of Measure gramg kilogramkg international unitiu	microgrammcg milligrammg millilitreml	millimolemmol unitu
Abbreviations		
applicationapp	enteric coatedEC	ointmentoint
capsulecap	granulesgrans	solutionsoln
creamcrm	injectioninj	suppositorysuppos
dispersibledisp	linctuslinc	tablettab
effervescenteff	liquidliq	tincturetinc
emulsionemul	lotionlotn	

HSS Hospital Supply Status (Refer to Rule 20)

Guide to Section H listings

Example



INTRODUCTION

Section H contains general rules that apply, and other information relating, to Hospital Pharmaceuticals and Optional Pharmaceuticals.

Where relevant, Section H shows the Price at which a Pharmaceutical can be purchased directly from the Pharmaceutical supplier by DHBs, providers of logistics services, wholesalers or other such distributors, or Contract Manufacturers.

The Price is determined via contractual arrangements between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Where a Pharmaceutical is listed in Part II of Section H, but no Price and/or brand of Pharmaceutical is indicated, each DHB may purchase any brand and/or pay the price that the DHB negotiates with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier.

As required by section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of Pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

1 Interpretation and Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Act", means the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.

"Combined Pharmaceutical Budget", means the pharmaceutical budget set for PHARMAC by the Crown for the subsidised supply of Community Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments including for named patients in exceptional circumstances.

"Community", means any setting outside of a DHB Hospital.

"Community Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical listed in Sections A to G or I of the Pharmaceutical Schedule that is subsidised by the Funder from the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget and, for the purposes of this Section H. includes Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments (PCTs).

"Contract Manufacturer", means a manufacturer or a supplier that is a party to a contract with the relevant DHB Hospital to compound Pharmaceuticals, on request from that DHB Hospital.

"Designated Delivery Point", means at a DHB Hospital's discretion:

- a) a delivery point agreed between a Pharmaceutical supplier and the relevant DHB Hospital, to which delivery
 point that Pharmaceutical supplier must supply a National Contract Pharmaceutical directly at the Price;
 and/or
- any delivery point designated by the relevant DHB Hospital or PHARMAC, such delivery point being within 30 km of the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier's national distribution centre.

"DHB", means an organisation established as a District Health Board by or under Section 19 of the Act.

"DHB Hospital", means a hospital (including community trust hospitals) and/or an associated health service that is funded by a DHB including (but not limited to) district nursing services and child dental services.

"DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the National DV Limit or the Individual DV Limit.

"DV Pharmaceutical", means a discretionary variance Pharmaceutical that does not have HSS but is used in place of one that does. Usually this means it is the same chemical entity, at the same strength, and in the same or a similar presentation or form, as the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS. Where this is not the case, a note will be included with the listing of the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical.

"Extemporaneously Compounded Product", means a Pharmaceutical that is compounded from two or more Pharmaceuticals, for the purposes of reconstitution, dilution or otherwise.

"First Transition Period", means the period of time after notification that a Pharmaceutical has been awarded HSS and before HSS is implemented.

"Funder", means the body or bodies responsible, pursuant to the Act, for the funding of Pharmaceuticals listed on the Schedule (which may be one or more DHBs and/or the Ministry of Health) and their successors.

"Give", means to administer, provide or dispense (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) a Pharmaceutical, or to arrange for the administration, provision or dispensing (or, in the case of a Medical Device, use) of a Pharmaceutical, and "Given" has a corresponding meaning.

"Hospital Pharmaceuticals", means the list of Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part II of the Schedule which includes some National Contract Pharmaceuticals.

"HSS", stands for hospital supply status, which means the status of being the brand of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical that DHBs are obliged to purchase, subject to any DV Limit, for the period of hospital supply,

as awarded under an agreement between PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier. Pharmaceuticals with HSS are listed in Section H in bold text.

"Indication Restriction", means a limitation placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Hospital Pharmaceutical which restricts funding to treatment of particular clinical circumstances.

"Individual DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS and a particular DHB Hospital, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of that DHB Hospital's Total Market Volume up to which that DHB Hospital may purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Local Restriction", means a restriction on the use of a Pharmaceutical in specific DHB Hospitals on the basis of prescriber type that is implemented by the relevant DHB in accordance with rule 7.

"Medical Device", has the meaning set out in the Medicines Act 1981.

"Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Advisory Panel", means the panel of clinicians, appointed by the PHARMAC Board, that is responsible for advising PHARMAC, in accordance with its Terms of Reference, on Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment applications and any Exceptional Circumstances renewal applications submitted after 1 March 2012.

"National Contract", means a contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier which sets out the basis on which any Pharmaceutical may be purchased for use in a DHB Hospital, including an agreement as to a national price.

"National Contract Pharmaceutical", means a brand of Pharmaceutical listed in Section H, where PHARMAC has entered into contractual arrangements with the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier that specify the terms and conditions of listing, including the Price. Such Pharmaceuticals are recognisable in Section H because the relevant listing identifies the brand and Price.

"National DV Limit", means, for a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS, the discretionary variance limit, being the specified percentage of the Total Market Volume up to which all DHB Hospitals may collectively purchase DV Pharmaceuticals of that National Contract Pharmaceutical.

"Optional Pharmaceuticals", means the list of National Contract Pharmaceuticals set out in Section H Part III of the Schedule.

"PHARMAC", means the Pharmaceutical Management Agency established by Section 46 of the Act.

"Pharmacode", means the six or seven digit identifier assigned to a Pharmaceutical by the Pharmacy Guild following application from a Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Pharmaceutical", means a medicine, therapeutic medical device, or related product or related thing listed in Sections B to I of the Schedule.

"Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatment", means Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer, listed in Sections A to G of the Schedule and identified therein as a "PCT" or "PCT only" Pharmaceutical that DHBs must fund for use in their DHB hospitals, and/or in association with outpatient services provided by their DHB Hospitals, in relation to the treatment of cancers.

"Prescriber Restriction", means a restriction placed by PHARMAC on the funding of a Pharmaceutical on the basis of prescriber type (and where relevant in these rules, includes a Local Restriction).

"Price", means the standard national price for a National Contract Pharmaceutical, and, unless agreed otherwise between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier, includes any costs associated with the supply of the National Contract Pharmaceutical to, at a DHB Hospital's discretion, any Designated Delivery Point, or to a Contract Manufacturer (expressly for the purpose of compounding), but does not include the effect of any rebates which may have been negotiated between PHARMAC and the Pharmaceutical supplier.

"Restriction", means a limitation, put in place by PHARMAC or a DHB, restricting the funding of a Pharmaceutical and includes Indication Restrictions, Local Restrictions and Prescriber Restrictions (as defined in this Part I of Section H).

"Schedule", means this Pharmaceutical Schedule and all its sections and appendices.

"Special Authority Approval", means an approval for funding of a Community Pharmaceutical that is marked in Sections B-G of the Schedule as being subject to a Special Authority restriction.

"Total Market Volume", means, for a particular Hospital Pharmaceutical with HSS in any given period, in accordance with the data available to PHARMAC, the sum of:

- a) the total number of Units of the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical with HSS purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit; and
- b) the total number of Units of all the relevant DV Pharmaceuticals purchased by all DHB Hospitals, or by a particular DHB Hospital in the case of the Individual DV Limit.

"Unapproved Indication", means, for a Pharmaceutical, an indication for which it is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981. Clinicians prescribing Pharmaceuticals for Unapproved Indications should be aware of, and comply with, their obligations under Section 25 and/or Section 29 of the Medicines Act 1981 and as set out in rule 23.

"Unit", means an individual unit of a Pharmaceutical (e.g. a tablet, 1 ml of an oral liquid, an ampoule or a syringe). "Unlisted Pharmaceutical", means a Pharmaceutical that is within the scope of a Hospital Pharmaceutical, but is not listed in Section H Part II.

- 1.2 In addition to the above interpretations and definitions, unless the content requires otherwise, a reference in the Schedule to:
 - a) the singular includes the plural; and
 - any legislation includes a modification and re-enactment of, legislation enacted in substitution for, and a regulation, Order in Council, and other instrument from time to time issued or made under, that legislation.

HOSPITAL SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS

2 Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 2.1 Section H Part II contains the list of Hospital Pharmaceuticals that must be funded by DHB Hospitals. Section H Part II does not currently encompass the following categories of pharmaceuticals except for any items specifically listed in this Section H Part II:
 - a) Medical Devices:
 - b) whole or fractionated blood products;
 - c) diagnostic products which have an ex vivo use, such as pregnancy tests and reagents;
 - d) disinfectants and sterilising products, except those that are to be used in or on a patient;
 - e) foods and probiotics;
 - f) radioactive materials;
 - g) medical gases; and
 - h) parenteral nutrition.

Subject to rule 2.2, the funding of pharmaceuticals identified in a)-h) above is a decision for individual DHB Hospitals.

- 2.2 Section H Part III lists Optional Pharmaceuticals that PHARMAC and the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier have entered into contractual arrangements for the purchase of, including an agreement on a national price and other obligations such as HSS. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III of Section H, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.
- 2.3 Section H Part II does not encompass the provision of pharmaceutical treatments for DHB Hospital staff as part of an occupational health and safety programme. DHB Hospitals may choose whether or not to fund pharmaceutical treatments for such use, but if they do, they must comply with any National Contract requirements.

3 DHB Supply Obligations

- 3.1 In accordance with section 23(7) of the Act, in performing any of its functions in relation to the supply of pharmaceuticals, a DHB must not act inconsistently with the Pharmaceutical Schedule, which includes these General Rules.
- 3.2 DHB Hospitals are not required to hold stock of every Hospital Pharmaceutical listed in Section H Part II, but they must Give it within a reasonable time if it is prescribed.
- 3.3 DHB Hospitals are able to hold stock of an Unlisted Pharmaceutical if doing so is considered necessary for the DHB Hospital to be able to Give the Unlisted Pharmaceutical in a timely manner under rules 11–17 inclusive.
- 3.4 Except where permitted in accordance with rule 11, DHBs must not Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

4 Funding

- 4.1 The purchase costs of Hospital Pharmaceuticals or Optional Pharmaceuticals administered, provided or dispensed by DHB Hospitals must be funded by the relevant DHB Hospital from its own budget, with the exception of:
 - a) Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments;
 - b) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been brought to the DHB hospital by the patient who is being treated by outpatient Services or who is admitted as an inpatient;
 - c) Community Pharmaceuticals that have been dispensed to a mental health day clinic under a Practitioner's

- Supply Order; and
- d) Unlisted Pharmaceutical that have been brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient who is admitted as an inpatient.
- 4.2 For the avoidance of doubt, Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments and Community Pharmaceuticals are funded through the Combined Pharmaceutical Budget, and Unlisted Pharmaceuticals are funded by the patient.

LIMITS ON SUPPLY

5 Prescriber Restrictions

- 5.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has a Prescriber Restriction if it is prescribed:
 - a) by a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical or, subject to rule 5.2, pursuant to a recommendation from such a clinician;
 - b) in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the DHB Hospital; or
 - c) in an emergency situation, provided that the prescriber has made reasonable attempts to comply with rule 5.1(a) above. If on-going treatment is required (i.e. beyond 24 hours) subsequent prescribing must comply with rule 5.1(a).
- 5.2 Where a Hospital Pharmaceutical is prescribed pursuant to a recommendation from a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical:
 - a) the prescriber must consult with a clinician of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical; and
 - b) the consultation must relate to the patient for whom the prescription is written; and
 - c) the consultation may be in person, by telephone, letter, facsimile or email; and
 - appropriate records are kept of the consultation, including recording the name of the advising clinician on the prescription/chart.
- 5.3 Where a clinician is working under supervision of a consultant who is of the type specified in the restriction for that Pharmaceutical, the requirements of rule 5.2 can be deemed to have been met.

6 Indication Restrictions

- 6.1 A DHB Hospital may only Give a Hospital Pharmaceutical that has an Indication Restriction, if it is prescribed for treatment of a patient with the particular clinical circumstances set out in the Indication Restriction.
- 6.2 If a patient has a current Special Authority Approval for the Hospital Pharmaceutical that the DHB Hospital wishes to Give, then the Indication Restriction is deemed to have been met.
- 6.3 If a Hospital Pharmaceutical has an Indication Restriction that is "for continuation only" then the DHB Hospital should only Give the Hospital Pharmaceutical where:
 - a) the patient has been treated with the Pharmaceutical in the Community; or
 - b) the patient is unable to be treated with an alternative Hospital Pharmaceutical, and the prescriber has explained to the patient that the Pharmaceutical is not fully subsidised in the Community.

7 Local Restrictions

- 7.1 A DHB Hospital may implement a Local Restriction, provided that:
 - a) in doing so, it ensures that the Local Restriction does not unreasonably limit funded access to the Hospital Pharmaceutical or undermine PHARMAC's decision that the Hospital Pharmaceutical must be funded;
 - b) it provides PHARMAC with details of each Local Restriction that it implements; and
- 7.2 PHARMAC may, when it considers that a Local Restriction does not conform to rule 7.1 above, require a DHB to amend or remove that Local Restriction.

8 Community use of Hospital Pharmaceuticals

- 8.1 Except where otherwise specified in Section H, DHB Hospitals can Give any Hospital Pharmaceutical to a patient for use in the Community, provided that:
 - a) the quantity does not exceed that sufficient for up to 30 days' treatment, unless:
 - i) it would be inappropriate to provide less than the amount in an original pack; or
 - ii) the relevant DHB Hospital has a Dispensing for Discharge Policy and the quantity dispensed is in accordance with that policy; and
 - b) the Hospital Pharmaceutical is supplied consistent with any applicable Restrictions.

9 Community use of Medical Devices

- 9.1 Subject to rules 9.2 and 9.3, DHB Hospitals may Give a Medical Device for patients for use in the Community.
- 9.2 Where a Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is a Community Pharmaceutical, the DHB Hospital must supply:

- a) the brand of Medical Device that is listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
- b) only to patients who meet the funding eligibility criteria set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule.
- 9.3 Where a DHB Hospital has supplied a Medical Device to a patient; and
 - a) that Medical Device (or a similar Medical Device) is subsequently listed in Sections A-G of the Schedule; and
 - the patient would not meet any funding eligibility criteria for the Medical Device set out in Sections A-G of the Schedule: and
 - c) the Medical Device has consumable components that need to be replaced throughout its usable life; then
 - DHB Hospitals may continue to fund consumable products for that patient until the end of the usable life of the Medical Device. At the end of the usable life of the device, funding for a replacement device must be consistent with the Pharmaceutical Schedule and/or in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment policy.
- 9.4 DHB Hospitals may also continue to fund consumable products, as in rule 9.3 above, in situations where the DHB has been funding consumable products but where the Medical Device was funded by the patient.

10 Extemporaneous Compounding

- 10.1 A DHB Hospital may Give any Extemporaneously Compounded Product for a patient in its care, provided that:
 - all of the component Pharmaceuticals of the Extemporaneously Compounded Product are Hospital Pharmaceuticals; and
 - the Extemporaneously Compounded Product is supplied consistent with any applicable rules or Restrictions for its component Hospital Pharmaceuticals.
- 10.2 For the avoidance of doubt, this rule 10.1 applies to any Extemporaneously Compounded Product, whether it is manufactured by the DHB Hospital or by a Contract Manufacturer.

EXCEPTIONS

11 Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment

- 11.1 A DHB Hospitals may only Give:
 - a) an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) a Hospital Pharmaceutical outside of any relevant Restrictions.

in accordance with the Named Patient Pharmaceutical Assessment Policy or rules 12-17 inclusive.

12 Continuation

- 12.1 Where a patient's clinical circumstances have been stabilised via treatment in the Community with a pharmaceutical that has not been funded by the Funder, and that patient is admitted to hospital as an inpatient, a DHB Hospital may fund that pharmaceutical for the duration of the patient's stay, where:
 - a) the patient has not brought (or cannot arrange to bring) the pharmaceuticals to the DHB Hospital, or pharmacy staff consider that the pharmaceuticals brought to the DHB Hospital by the patient cannot be used;
 and
 - b) interrupted or delayed treatment would have significant adverse clinical consequences; and
 - c) it is not considered appropriate to switch treatment to a Hospital Pharmaceutical.

13 Pre-Existing Use

- 13.1 Subject to 13.2, where a DHB Hospital has Given a pharmaceutical for a patient prior to 1 July 2013, and the pharmaceutical:
 - a) is an Unlisted Pharmaceutical; or
 - b) treatment of the patient would not comply with any relevant Restrictions;
 - the DHB Hospital may continue to Give that pharmaceutical if it is considered that there would be significant adverse clinical consequences from ceasing or switching treatment.
- 13.2 Each DHB Hospital must, by no later than 1 October 2013, provide PHARMAC with a report on pharmaceuticals it has Given in accordance with this rule 13 where treatment has continued beyond 1 August 2013.

14 Clinical Trials and Free Stock

- 14.1 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is funded by a third party and is being used:
 - 14.1.1 as part of a clinical trial that has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 14.1.2 for on-going treatment of patients following the end of such a clinical trial.
- 14.2 DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical that is provided free of charge by a supplier, provided that the pharmaceutical is provided as part of a programme of which the DHB, or supplier, has notified PHARMAC.

15 Pharmaceutical Cancer Treatments in Paediatrics

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical for use within a paediatric oncology/haematology service for the treatment of

cancer.

16 Other Government Funding

DHB Hospitals may Give any pharmaceutical where funding for that pharmaceutical has been specifically provided by a Government entity other than PHARMAC or a DHB.

17 Other Exceptions

- 17.1 PHARMAC may also approve the funding of a pharmaceutical within a single DHB Hospital for information gathering purposes or otherwise related to PHARMAC's decision-making process for considering additions to or amendments to the Pharmaceutical Schedule.
- 17.2 Funding approvals granted under rule 17.1 will be subject to specific limitations on use as determined appropriate by PHARMAC in each circumstance. in consultation with the relevant DHB Hospital and/or DHB.

NATIONAL CONTRACTING

18 Hospital Pharmaceutical Contracts

- 18.1 A DHB Hospital may enter into a contract for the purchase of any Pharmaceutical,including any Medical Device, that it is entitled to fund in accordance with this Schedule H and that is not a National Contract Pharmaceutical, provided that such a contract:
 - a) does not oblige the relevant DHB Hospital to purchase a volume of that Pharmaceutical, if that Pharmaceutical is a DV Pharmaceutical, that is greater than the relevant DV Limit:
 - b) enables PHARMAC to access and use future price and volume data in respect of that Pharmaceutical; and
 - enables the relevant DHB Hospital to terminate the contract or relevant parts of the contract in order to give full effect to the National Contract on no more than 3 months' written notice to the Pharmaceutical supplier.
- 18.2 From 1 July 2013, where a DHB Hospital has a pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity for which there is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, the DHB may continue purchasing the chemical entity in accordance with its pre-existing supply contract however:
 - a) from the day its pre-existing supply contract expires, that DHB Hospital is to purchase the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, and is to comply with any DV Limits for the National Contract Pharmaceutical where it has HSS;
 - b) if purchase of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical listed in Section H at the Price, where it has HSS, would not cause the relevant DHB Hospital to be in breach of its pre-existing supply contract for a particular brand of chemical entity; the DHB Hospital must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical.
- 18.3 Following written notification from PHARMAC that a Pharmaceutical is a National Contract Pharmaceutical, either through Section H updates or otherwise, DHB Hospitals must, unless PHARMAC expressly notifies otherwise:
 - a) take any steps available to them to terminate pre-existing contracts or relevant parts of such a contract, and
 - b) not enter any new contracts or extend the period of any current contracts, for the supply of that National Contract Pharmaceutical or the relevant chemical entity or Medical Device.

19 National Contract Pharmaceuticals

- 19.1 DHB Hospitals must take all necessary steps to enable any contracts between PHARMAC and a Pharmaceutical supplier in relation to National Contract Pharmaceuticals to be given full effect.
- 19.2 The contractual arrangement between PHARMAC and the relevant supplier of a National Contract Pharmaceutical requires it to be made available for purchase at the relevant Price by any or all of the following:
 - a) DHB Hospitals at Designated Delivery Points; and/or
 - b) Contract Manufacturers (expressly for the purpose of compounding).

In the case of Medical Devices, a National Contract may require the Medical Device to be purchased by, and/or supplied to, a third party logistics provider.

20 Hospital Supply Status (HSS)

- 20.1 The DV Limit for any National Contract Pharmaceutical which has HSS is set out in the listing of the relevant National Contract Pharmaceutical in Section H, and may be amended from time to time.
- 20.2 If a National Contract Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H as having HSS, DHB Hospitals:
 - a) are expected to use up any existing stocks of DV Pharmaceuticals during the First Transition Period;
 - must not purchase DV Pharmaceuticals in volumes exceeding their usual requirements, or in volumes exceeding those which they reasonably expect to use, within the First Transition Period;
 - must ensure that Contract Manufacturers, when manufacturing an Extemporaneously Compounded Product on their behalf, use the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS; and

- d) must purchase the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS except:
 - i) to the extent that the DHB Hospital may use its discretion to purchase a DV Pharmaceutical within the DV Limit, provided that (subject to rule 20.2(d)(iii) below) the DV Limit has not been exceeded nationally;
 - ii) if the Pharmaceutical supplier fails to supply that National Contract Pharmaceutical, in which case the relevant DHB Hospital does not have to comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical during that period of non-supply (and any such month(s) included in a period of non-supply will be excluded in any review of the DV Limit in accordance with rule 20.3 below);
 - iiii) that where the DV Limit has been exceeded nationally, the DHB Hospital may negotiate with the Pharmaceutical supplier that supplies the National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS for written permission to vary the application of that DHB Hospital's Individual DV Limit for any patient whose exceptional needs require a DV Pharmaceutical.
- 20.3 PHARMAC may, in its discretion, for any period or part period:
 - a) review usage by DHB Hospitals of the National Contract Pharmaceutical and DV Pharmaceuticals to determine whether the DV Limit has been exceeded; and
 - b) audit compliance by DHB Hospitals with the DV Limits and related requirements.
- 20.4 PHARMAC will address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit by:
 - a) obtaining the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital's assurance that it will comply with the DV Limit for that National Contract Pharmaceutical with HSS in the remainder of the applicable period and any subsequent periods; and
 - informing the relevant supplier of the HSS Pharmaceutical of any individual DHB or DHB Hospital's noncompliance with the DV Limit for that HSS Pharmaceutical.
- 20.5 In addition to the steps taken by PHARMAC under rule 20.4 above to address any issues of non-compliance by any individual DHB or DHB Hospital with a DV Limit, the relevant Pharmaceutical supplier may require, in its discretion, financial compensation from the relevant DHB or DHB Hospital:
 - a) an amount representing that DHB or DHB Hospital's contribution towards exceeding the DV Limit (where PHARMAC is able to quantify this based on the information available to it); or
 - b) the sum of \$1,000 or \$5,000 (depending on the terms of the applicable national contract applying to the HSS Pharmaceutical).

whichever is the greater as between sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) within the number of business days specified in the notice from the Pharmaceutical supplier requiring such payment to be made.

21 Collection of rebates and payment of financial compensation

- 21.1 Following the receipt of any rebates from a Pharmaceutical supplier in respect of a particular National Contract Pharmaceutical, PHARMAC will notify each relevant DHB and DHB Hospital of the amount of the rebate owing to it, being a portion of the total rebate determined by PHARMAC on the basis of that DHB Hospital's usage of that National Contract Pharmaceutical, where this is able to be determined. Where data to determine individual DHB Hospitals' usage is not available, PHARMAC will apportion rebates on the basis of an alternative method agreed between the relevant DHBs and PHARMAC.
- 21.2 PHARMAC will pay each DHB Hospital the rebate amounts (if any) owing to it, no less frequently than once each calendar quarter in respect of rebates received quarterly (or more often).

22 Price and Volume Data

- 22.1 DHB Hospitals must provide to PHARMAC, on a monthly basis in accordance with PHARMAC's requirements, any volume data and, unless it would result in a breach of a pre-existing contract, price data held by those DHB Hospitals in respect of any Pharmaceutical (including any Medical Device) listed in Section H.
- 22.2 All price and volume data provided to PHARMAC under rule 22.1 above should identify the relevant Hospital Pharmaceutical by using a Pharmacode or some other unique numerical identifier, and the date (month and year) on which the DHB Hospital incurred a cost for the purchase of that Hospital Pharmaceutical. Volume is to be measured in units (that being the smallest possible whole Unit e.g. a capsule, a vial, a millilitre etc).

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

23 Unapproved Pharmaceuticals

Prescribers should, where possible, prescribe Hospital Pharmaceuticals that are approved under the Medicines Act 1981. However, the funding criteria (including Restrictions) under which a Hospital Pharmaceutical is listed in Section H of the

Schedule may:

- 23.1 in some cases, explicitly permit a DHB to fund a Pharmaceutical that is not approved under the Medicines Act 1981 or for an Unapproved Indication; or
- 23.2 not explicitly prohibit a DHB from funding a Pharmaceutical for use for an Unapproved Indication;

Accordingly, if clinicians are planning on prescribing an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication, they should:

- 23.1 be aware of and comply with their obligations under sections 25 and/or 29 of the Medicines Act 1981, as applicable, and otherwise under that Act and the Medicines Regulations 1984;
- 23.2 be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Consumer Rights, including the requirement to obtain informed consent from the patient (PHARMAC recommends that clinicians obtain written consent); and
- 23.3 exercise their own skill, judgment, expertise and discretion, and make their own prescribing decisions with respect to the use of an unapproved Pharmaceutical or a Pharmaceutical for an Unapproved Indication.

Clinicians should be aware that simply by listing a Pharmaceutical on the Pharmaceutical Schedule, PHARMAC makes no representations about whether that Pharmaceutical has any form of approval or consent under, or whether the supply or use of the Pharmaceutical otherwise complies with, the Medicines Act 1981. Further, the Pharmaceutical Schedule does not constitute an advertisement, advertising material or a medical advertisement as defined in the Medicines Act or otherwise.

Part II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antacids and Antiflatulents

Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETHICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone 20 mg

Oral liq 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simethicone 20 mg per 5 ml

Oral lig 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simethicone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.g. Mylanta

e.g. Mylanta Double Strenath

SIMETHICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

e.g. Gaviscon Infant

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate 160 ma

e.a. Gaviscon Double Strength

Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbon-

500 ml Acidex

SODIUM CITRATE

Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

500 ml Roxane

⇒Restricted

Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate binding agent

Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

Antipropulsives

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 2 mg

400 Diamide Relief

Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Cap 3 mg

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies

Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has a gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE	TISONE ACETATE
------------------------	----------------

Rectal foam 10% (14 applications) – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	21.1 g	Colifoam
MESALAZINE		
Tab EC 400 mg49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg49.50	100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg59.05	100	Pentasa
Modified release granules 1 g141.72	120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg22.80	20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201854.60	30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 201544.12	7	Pentasa

OLSALAZINE

Tab 500 mg

Cap 250 mg

SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE

Cap 100 mg

SULPHASALAZINE

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	11.68	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	12.89	100	Salazopyrin EN

Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders

Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations

15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
9.90	12	Proctosedyl
CINCHOCAL	NE	
6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
2.66	12	Ultraproct
	9.90 CINCHOCAI 6.35	90 12 CINCHOCAINE 6.35 30 g

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants			
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Moti	lity		
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	28.56	10	Max Health
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE Tab 10 mg	1.48 9.57	20 5	Gastrosoothe Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg			
H2 Antagonists			
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg			
RANITIDINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	14.73 4.92	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors			
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Cap 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		28 28	Solox Solox
OMEPRAZOLE ■ Tab dispersible 20 mg ■ Restricted			
Only for use in tube-fed patients Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Powder for oral liq Inj 40 mg ampoule Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent	2.91 4.42 42.50 19.00	90 90 90 5 g 5	Omezol Relief Omezol Relief Omezol Relief Midwest Dr Reddy's Omeprazole Dr Reddy's Omeprazole

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PANTOPRAZOLE			
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV May-14 to 2016	2.68	100	Pantoprazole Actavis 20
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV May-14 to 2016	3.54	100	Pantoprazole Actavis 40
Inj 40 mg vial			
Site Protective Agents			
BISMUTH TRIOXIDE Tab 120 mg	32.50	112	De-Nol
SUCRALFATE			

Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

■ Grans for oral liquid 3 q

⇒Restricted

Tab 1 q

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

Diabetes

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

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м	\cup A	п	BC	כי	_

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	9.82	90	Accarb
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	15.83	90	Accarb

Hyperglycaemic Agents

DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 25 mg110.00	100	Proglicem
t	Cap 100 mg280.00	100	Proglicem
t	Oral liq 50 mg per ml	30 ml	Proglycem

⇒Restricted

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 q

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE

Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%. 18 a sachet

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per n 3 ml prefilled pen	,	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		·	
INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE			
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per n 3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per n 3 ml cartridge	nl,	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE		ŭ	. iaa.iog
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 u vial	ml		
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 i	ml		
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 i	ml		
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 cartridge	ml		
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN GLARGINE			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Lantus
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations	53.00	1	Lantus
• •			
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
INSULIN GLULISINE			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen	46.07	5	Apidra Solostar
INSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			

INSULIN NEUTRAL

Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents				
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg				
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	11.50	500	Glizide	
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	3.00	100	Minidiab	
METFORMIN Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1,000 500	Apotex Apotex	
PIOGLITAZONE Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	1.50	28	Pizaccord	
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		28 28	Pizaccord Pizaccord	

Digestives Including Enzymes

PANCREATIC ENZYME

Cap EC 10,000 BP u lipase, 9,000 BP u amylase and 210 BP u protease

Cap EC 25,000 BP u lipase, 18,000 BP u amylase and 1,000 BP u protease

Cap EC 25,000 BP u lipase, 22,500 BP u amylase and 1,250 BP u protease

Powder 25,000 u lipase with 30,000 u amylase and 1,400 u protease per a

URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

■ Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017......53.40 100 Ursosan

⇒Restricted

Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Fither:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Cirrhosis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 μ mol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Haematological transplant

Both:

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer continued... 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks. Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis Both: 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition. Laxatives **Bowel-Cleansing Preparations** CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet e.g. PicoPrep MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID. POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet e.a. Glycoprep-C Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet e.g. Glycoprep-C MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBONATE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM SULPHATE Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate Klean Prep

Bulk-Forming	Agents
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ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

Konsyl-D

500 q

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – Restricted: For continuation only

Powder for oral soln

Faecal Softeners

DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 20172.31 Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 20173.13	100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg4.40	200	Laxsol
PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml		
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	30 ml	Coloxyl

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	6.50	20	PSM
LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml	3.84	500 ml	Laevolac
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBON below ■ Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodium biochbasets 20.3 mg, and addition ableride 175.4 mg.		JM CHLOF	RIDE – Restricted see terms
bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sodiur bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg − 1% D¹ Oct-14 to 2017	V	30	Lax-Sachets
⇒Restricted Either: 1 Both:			
 1.1 The patient has problematic constipation despite an ade tulose where lactulose is not contraindicated; and 1.2 The patient would otherwise require a per rectal preparat 2 For short-term use for faecal disimpaction. 		r oral phar	macotherapies including lac-
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		50	Micolette
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			·
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg Suppos 5 mg Suppos 10 mg	3.00	200 6 6	Lax-Tabs Dulcolax Dulcolax
SENNOSIDES Tab 7.5 mg			

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ARGININE

Powder

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician or metabolic disorders dietitian.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IMIGLUCERASE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Oral soln 500 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

(Any Oral soln 500 mg per 15 ml to be delisted 1 July 2015)

⇒Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician, metabolic disorders dietitian or neurologist

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 50 mg

⇒Restricted

Metabolic disorders physician, metabolic disorders dietitian or neurologist

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Tab 500 mg

Oral lig 250 mg per ml

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.38	250	Arrow-Calcium
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)	6.21	30	Calsource

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

Price man. excl. GST) \$3.65	90 1	Brand or Generic Manufacturer NeuroTabs
3.65	90	
		NeuroTabs
		NeuroTabs
150.00	1	
150.00	1	
150.00	1	
		Ferinject
2.89	100	Ferro-tab
4.75	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
2.06	30	Ferrograd
10.28	500 ml	Ferodan
15.22	5	Ferrum H
100.00	5	Venofer
12.65	10	DBL
11.00	100	Zincaps
	15.22	2.06 30 30 500 ml 3

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Mouth and Throat

Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Soln 0.15%

Spray 0.15%

Spray 0.3%

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE

SODIUM CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE

Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Oral spray

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE

Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%

DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL

Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg

Paste

Powder

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives

AMPHOTERICIN B

Lozenge 10 mg5.86 20 Fungilin

MICONAZOLE

NIX/OTATINI

Other Oral Agents

SODIUM HYALURONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

⇒Restricted

Otolaryngologist

THYMOL GLYCERIN

Compound, BPC

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

G M

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Vitamins

Multivitamin Preparations

MULTIVITAMINS

Tab (BPC cap strength)

e.g. Mvite

Cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, alpha tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg, cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg

e.g. Vitabdeck

⇒ Restricted

Fither:

- 1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome.
- Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg

e.a. Paediatric Seravit

⇒Restricted

Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.

Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1)

e.g. Pabrinex IV

Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)

e.g. Pabrinex IM

Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1)

e.g. Pabrinex IV

VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C

Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 drops

e.g. Vitadol C

Vitamin A

RETINOL

Tab 10,000 iu

Cap 25,000 iu

Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml

Vitamin B

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN ACETATE

ABM

Hydroxocobalamin

(ex	Price man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
V	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	2.15	90	Vitamin B6 25
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	11.55	500	Apo-Pyridoxine
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
VITAMIN B COMPLEX			
Tab strong, BPC			
Vitamin C			
Vitallilli C			
ASCORBIC ACID			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	7.00	500	Cvite
Tab chewable 250 mg			
Vitamin D			
W. T. O. W. O. D. O.			
ALFACALCIDOL	00.00	400	0 411
Cap 0.25 mcg		100	One-Alpha
Cap 1 mcg Oral drops 2 mcg per ml	87.98	100	One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL			
Cap 0.25 mcg		30	Airflow
005	10.10	100	Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg		30	Airflow
Oval lie 1 mag nay ml	18.73	100	Calcitriol-AFT
Oral liq 1 mcg per ml			
Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
CHOLECALCIFEROL			
Tab 1.25 mg (50,000 iu)	7.76	12	Cal-d-Forte

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u

⇒Restricted

Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

continued...

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis

Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA [ERYTHROPOIETIN ALFA] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 201848.68	6	Eprex
Inj 2,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018120.18	6	Eprex
Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	6	Eprex
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018243.26	6	Eprex
Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018291.92	6	Eprex
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018395.18	6	Eprex
	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Mar-15 to 28 Feb 2018

⇒Restricted

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin ≤ 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus: and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate ≤ 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate ≤ 45ml/min; or
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

r

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg

Tab 5 mg

Oral liq 50 mcg per ml24.00 25 ml Biomed

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,542.00	28	Revolade

⇒Restricted

Haematologist

Initiation (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of ≤ 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of < 10.000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation - (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POI IDOCANOI

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

THROMBIN

Powder

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	D	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
RANEXAMIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2016	23.00	100	Cyklokapron
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	124.73	10	Cyklokapron
Blood Factors			
PTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] – Res	tricted see terms below		
Inj 1 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
►Restricted		•	
/hen used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment ational Haemophilia Management Group.	is managed by the Haemophilia T	reaters (Group in conjunction wit
ACTOR EIGHT INHIBITORS BYPASSING AGENT – Re	estricted see terms below		
Inj 500 U		1	FEIBA
Inj 1,000 U		1	FEIBA
◆Restricted		'	FEIDA
/hen used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment	is managed by the Haemophilia T	reaters (Group in conjunction wit
lational Haemophilia Management Group.	io managou zy mo maomopima .	· outoro	aroup in conjunction in
OROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] -	Restricted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial		1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu vial	,	1	Xyntha
▶Restricted	2,700.00	'	λγιιιία
When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment lational Haemophilia Management Group.	is managed by the Haemophilia T	reaters (Group in conjunction with
ONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] – Restr	ictad saa tarms halow		
Inj 250 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
Inj 500 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
Inj 1,000 iu vial	•	1	BeneFIX
Inj 2,000 iu vial	2,480.00	1	BeneFIX
•Restricted	to accompany the description of the second state of		O
When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment lational Haemophilia Management Group.	is managed by the Haemophilia I	reaters (Group in conjunction wit
OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Res	tricted see terms on the next page		
Inj 250 iu vial		1	Advate
,	250.00		Kogenate FS
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Advate
1 	500.00	-	Kogenate FS
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
11g 1,000 to that	1 000 00	'	Kananata FO

1,000.00

2,000.00

3,000.00

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Kogenate FS

Kogenate FS

Kogenate FS

Advate Advate

Advate

Inj 3,000 iu vial2,850.00

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or

Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Ini 10 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 mg vial

⇒Restricted

Fither:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg	148.00	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	148.00	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	148.00	60	Pradaxa
DALTEPARIN			
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	39.94	10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe	60.03	10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	77.55	10	Fragmin
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	99.96	10	Fragmin
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	120.05	10	Fragmin
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe	158.47	10	Fragmin

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

■ Ini 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

⇒Restricted

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

¶ Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

⇒Restricted

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag

Price (exman.excl. GST) Generic Generic Generic				
S Per Manufacturer				
ENOXAPARIN Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015			Dor	
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		Ψ	rei	Manuaciurei
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015				
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe = 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	, , , , , , ,	37.24	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	, ,			•
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe −1% DV Sep-12 to 2015				
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015				***************************************
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	, , , , , , ,			***************************************
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe	, , , , , ,			***************************************
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM — Restricted see terms below				
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe → Restricted For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule 66.80 50 Hospira Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml ampoule 61.04 50 Pfizer Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 14.20 5 Hospira Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule 14.20 5 Hospira Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 236.60 50 Pfizer HEPARINISED SALINE 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 10 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00			10	Olexane
♣ Restricted For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule 66.80 50 Hospira Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml ampoule 61.04 50 Pfizer Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 61.04 50 Pfizer Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule 14.20 5 Hospira Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 236.60 50 Pfizer HEPARINISED SALINE 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule 39.00 50 Pfizer				
→Restricted For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml ampoule Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml ampoule				
HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		hanarin intolorance		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		nopami intoloranoc		
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml ampoule Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg Iab 25 mg Iab 50 mg PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN − Restricted see terms below I Tab 10 mg I Tab 10	, , ,	66.80	50	Hoenira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		00.00	50	Ποσριια
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		61.04	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
HEPARINISED SALINE Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		14.20	5	Hospira
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	236.60	50	Pfizer
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule PHENINDIONE Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below ¶ Tab 10 mg		39.00	50	Pfizer
PHENINDIONE Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below ¶ Tab 10 mg				
Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg	Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg	PHENINDIONE			
Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg				
Tab 50 mg PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg	•			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg	· ·			
RIVAROXABAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg				
■ Tab 10 mg	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
•		153.00	15	Yaralta
	→ Restricted	100.00	13	Autolio

Either:

- 1 Limited to five weeks' treatment for the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism following a total hip replacement; or
 - 2 Limited to two weeks' treatment for the prophylaxis of venous thromboembolism following a total knee replacement.

SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74.6 mcg per ml, 5,000 ml bag

TRISODIUM CITRATE

Inj 4%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7%, 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7%, 5 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg Tab 3 mg	0.70	100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg		100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016		90	Ethics Aspirin EC
0 000	10.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016	5.48	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg	11.52	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
EPTIFIBATIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Integrilin
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial → Restricted	324.00	1	Integrilin
Either:			
1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergo	ing percutaneous coro	nary interv	vention: or
2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-	0 1	•	•
PRASUGREL – Restricted see terms below	,	,	,
▼ Tab 5 mg	108.00	28	Effient
▼ Tab 10 mg	120.00	28	Effient

⇒Restricted Bare metal stents

Limited to 6 months' treatment

Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Drug-eluting stents

Limited to 12 months' treatment

Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Myocardial infarction

Limited to 7 days' treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 90 mg	90.00	56	Brilinta

⇒Restricted

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

1.000 ml

Baxter

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 1% DV Jan-13 to 31 Dec 2015540.00	5	Zarzio
■ Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial650.00	5	Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 1% DV Jan-13 to 31 Dec 2015864.00	5	Zarzio
⇒Restricted		
Oncologist or haematologist		
PEGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe1,080.00	1	Neulastim

⇒Restricted

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk $\geq 20\%$ *).

*Febrile neutropenia risk ≥ 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines.

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

CALCIUM CHLORIDE Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule	34.24	10	Hospira
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES Inj sodium 140 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l and gluconate			
23 mmol/l, bag	5.00	500 ml	Baxter
· ·	3.10	1,000 ml	Baxter
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj glucose 50 g with 140 mmol/l sodium, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and			

23 mmol/l gluconate, bag7.00

	Price			
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]				
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, b	oi-			
carbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, bag		500 ml	Baxter	
	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter	
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE WITH GLUCOSE				
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, t	ni_			
carbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l and glucose 5%, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter	
		1,000 1111	Daxiei	
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]	2.27	50 1	ъ.	
Inj 5%, bag		50 ml	Baxter	
	2.84	100 ml	Baxter	
	3.87	250 ml	Baxter	
	1.77	500 ml	Baxter	
la: 400/ la a	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 10%, bag		500 ml	Baxter	
In: 500/ Jan	5.29	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 50%, bag Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		500 ml 5	Baxter Biomed	
Inj 50%, 10 mi ampoule = 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Biomed	
Inj 70%, 1,000 ml bag	14.50	'	Diolilea	
Inj 70%, 1,000 mi bag Inj 70%, 500 ml bag				
-				
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 5% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, bag	7.36	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 5% glucose with 30 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1,000 ml bag				
Inj 10% glucose with 10 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag				
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlorid	de			
0.18%, bag	3.45	500 ml	Baxter	
	4.30	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 30 mmol/l and sodium chloride	de			
0.18%, bag	3.62	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag	0-			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chl ride 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	0-			
-				
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag		500 ml	Baxter	
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, bag		500 ml	Baxter	
lai aluana 50/ with andiwa ablavida 0.00/ ban	5.80	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.9%, bag	4.54	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj glucose 5% with sodium chloride 0.2%, 500 ml bag				
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule				

Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule

_	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 20 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag	3.85	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 30 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 40 mmol/l potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, bag		1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 bag		.,		
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml	bag			
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	· ·			
RINGER'S SOLUTION				
	01/1			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mm chloride 156 mmol/l, bag	oi/i, 5.13	1,000 ml	Baxter	
SODIUM ACETATE				
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule				
SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial				
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial	19.95	1	Biomed	
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial	20.50	1	Biomed	
SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 0.45%, bag	5.50	500 ml	Baxter	
Inj 0.9%, bag		500 ml	Freeflex	
, ,	1.71	1.000 ml	Freeflex	
	3.01	50 ml	Baxter	
	2.28	100 ml	Baxter	
	3.60	250 ml	Baxter	
	1.77	500 ml	Baxter	
	1.80	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 3%, bag	5.69	1,000 ml	Baxter	
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule	10.85	50	Multichem	
	15.50		Pfizer	
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule	11.50	50	Multichem	
·	15.50		Pfizer	
■ Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe – 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	10.65	30	BD PosiFlush	
⇒Restricted				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 Restricted	10.80	30	BD PosiFlush	
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 Restricted	11.25	30	BD PosiFlush	
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule	8 41	20	Multichem	
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		5	Biomed	
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle	01.20	3	5	
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]				
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule				

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
WATER			
Inj, bag	10.25 11.25	1,000 ml 50 50 20	Baxter Multichem Multichem Multichem
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
Powder for oral soln			
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE Soln with electrolytes			
PHOSPHORUS Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Oral lig 2 mmol per ml	7.42	200	Span-K
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg	8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder			
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag	92.50 108.00	10	Gelafusal Gelofusine
(Gelafusal Inj 4%, 500 ml bag to be delisted 1 May 2015)	100.00		Gelolusille
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE, PO CHLORIDE Inj 6% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.03%		RIDE, SODI	UM ACETATE AND SODIUM
sodium acetate 0.463% and sodium chloride 0.6%, 500 ml bag .	198.00	20	Volulyte 6%
HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4 WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 6% with sodium chloride 0.9%, 500 ml bag	198.00	20	Voluven

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

ACE Inhibitors

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

\$ Per

90

90

Arrow-Lisinopril

Arrow-Lisinopril

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

A aramia Affaatina	the Renin-Angiotensi	0
	1101-1124-101101-1010101011011011-10151	A VICTAIN
AGCIILO AIICCLIIIG	the Hellin-Angletensi	

urgery.		
2.00	90	Zapril
4.31	90	Zapril
6.98	90	Zapril
1.19	100	Ethics Enalapril
1.47	100	Ethics Enalapril
1.91	100	Ethics Enalapril
	2.00	2.00 90 4.31 90 6.98 90 1.19 100 1.47 100

PERINDOPRIL Tab 2 mg -

 Tab 2 mg
 - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017
 3.75
 30
 Apo-Perindopril

 Tab 4 mg
 - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017
 4.80
 30
 Apo-Perindopril

QUINAPRIL

lab 5 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	3.44	90	Arrow-Quinaprii 5
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	4.64	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	6.34	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20

TRANDOLAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Cap 1 mg
- → Cap 2 mg

ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016 10.72 100 Apo-Cilazapril/

Hydrochlorothiazide

ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg

QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 20153.37	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 4.57	30	Accuretic 20

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL – Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 4 mg − 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		90	Candestar
▼ Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		90	Candestar
▼ Tab 16 mg − 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015 ▼ Tab 32 mg − 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		90 90	Candestar Candestar
➡Restricted ACE inhibitor intolerance Either:			
 Patient has persistent ACE inhibitor induced cough that is not re or 	solved by ACE inhibit	or retria	I (same or new ACE inhibitor);
2 Patient has a history of angioedema.			
Unsatisfactory response to ACE inhibitor	or taking		
Patient is not adequately controlled on maximum tolerated dose of an Af	JE inhibitor.		
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017		84 84	Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics	2.00	04	LOSAITAII ACTAVIS
Angiotensin ii Antagonists with Didietics			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 20	17 2.18	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazid
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	9.67	500	Apo-Doxazosin
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg	5.53	100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 5 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
TERAZOSIN			*
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	0.50	28	Arrow
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		28	Arrow
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		28	Arrow
Antiarrhythmics			
•			
ADENOSINE			

Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

¶ Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
⇒Restricted	Ψ	rei	Manuaciurei
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.			
AJMALINE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
⇒Restricted			
Cardiologist			
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016	22.80	6	Cordarone-X
ATROPINE SULPHATE			
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	71.00	50	AstraZeneca
DIGOXIN			
Tab 62.5 mcg			
Tab 250 mcg			
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial			
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE			
Cap 100 mg			
Cap 150 mg			
FLECAINIDE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg	38.95	60	Tambocor
Tab 100 mg		60	Tambocor
Cap long-acting 100 mg		30	Tambocor CR
Cap long-acting 200 mg	68.78	30	Tambocor CR
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	52.45	5	Tambocor
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 150 mg	65.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
			USP
Cap 250 mg	102.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
			USP
PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 150 mg			
Antihypotensives			
•			
MIDODRINE – Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 2.5 mg			
■ Tab 5 mg			
➡Restricted Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.			
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
ATENOLOL			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		500	Mylan Atenolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		500	Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	21.25	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT

BISOPROLOL FUMARATE Tab 2.5 mg - 11% DV Mar-15 to 2017.				
S				
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE				
Tab 2.5 mg — 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017		\$	Per	Manufacturer
Tab 2.5 mg — 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	2.40	30	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017			30	Bosvate
CARVEDILOL			30	Bosvate
Tab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017. 21.00 30 Dicarz	•			
21.00 30 Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dilatend Dilaten		2.00	60	Dicarz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017. 27.00 30 Dicarz Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017. 33.75 30 Dilatrend Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017. 33.75 30 Dilatrend Dilatrend Tab 6.25 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015) (Dilatrend Tab 12.5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015) (Dilatrend Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015) CELIPROLOL Tab 200 mg 19.00 180 Celol ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial LABETALOL Tab 50 mg 8.23 100 Hybloc Tab 100 mg 10.06 100 Hybloc Tab 200 mg 17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 10.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule METOPROLOL SUCCINATE Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 0.96 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 1.41 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 2.42 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 1.46 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 1.40 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 1.40 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 1.40 Metoprolol - AFT CR METOPROLOL TARTRATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 1.600 100 Lopresor Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 1.600 100 Lopresor Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 1.600 100 Lopresor Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 1.600 100 Lopresor Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 1.600 100 Apo-Nadolol Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015. 1.557 100 Apo-Nadolol Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2016. 1.562 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 1.562 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 1.562 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 1.562 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 1.562 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 1.562 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 1.562 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 10 mg	1ab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Juli-15 to 2017			
27.00 30 Dilatrend Dicarz 33.75 30 Dilatrend Dicarz 33.75 30 Dilatrend Dicarz 33.75 30 Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dicarz Dilatrend Dil	Tob 10 5 mg 10/ DV lun 15 to 2017			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	1ab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017			
Dilatrend Tab 6.25 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015	Tab 05 mm 40/ DV hum 45 to 0017			
Dilatrend Tab 6.25 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015	1ab 25 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017			
Dilatrend Tab 12.5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015 Dilatrend Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015 CELIPROLOL	(D)	33.75	30	Dilatrend
Dilatrend Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015 CELIPROLOL	,			
CELIPROLOL Tab 200 mg	,			
Tab 200 mg	(Dilatrend Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 June 2015)			
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial LABETALOL Tab 50 mg	CELIPROLOL			
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial LABETALOL Tab 50 mg	Tab 200 mg	19.00	180	Celol
LABETALOL	·			
LABETALOL				
Tab 50 mg 8.23 100 Hybloc Tab 100 mg 10.06 100 Hybloc Tab 200 mg 17.55 100 Hybloc Tab 400 mg 17.55 100 Hybloc METOPROLOL SUCCINATE 17.55 10.96 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 23.75 mg − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 0.96 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 95 mg − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 2.42 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 2.42 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR METOPROLOL TARTRATE 16.00 100 Lopresor Tab 50 mg − 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 21.00 60 Lopresor Tab 100 mg − 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 21.00 60 Lopresor Tab long-acting 200 mg − 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 18.00 28 Slow-Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 24.00 5 Lopresor NADOLOL 15.57 100 Apo-Nadolol Tab 30 mg − 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 23.74 100 Apo-Nadolol PINDOLOL 23.74 100 <t< td=""><td>ing to mg per mi, to mi viai</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	ing to mg per mi, to mi viai			
Tab 100 mg	LABETALOL			
Tab 200 mg	Tab 50 mg	8.23	100	Hybloc
Tab 400 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule METOPROLOL SUCCINATE Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	Tab 100 mg	10.06	100	Hybloc
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	Tab 200 mg	17.55	100	Hybloc
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .0.96 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .1.41 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .2.42 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 .4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR METOPROLOL TARTRATE .4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR METOPROLOL TARTRATE .4.60 100 Lopresor Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 .21.00 60 Lopresor Tab 100 rg-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 .18.00 28 Slow-Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 .24.00 5 Lopresor NADOLOL	Tab 400 mg			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg − 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		0.96	30	Metoprolol - AFT CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg — 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015				•
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015. 4.66 30 Metoprolol - AFT CR METOPROLOL TARTRATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 16.00 100 Lopresor Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 21.00 60 Lopresor Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015. 18.00 28 Slow-Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015. 24.00 5 Lopresor NADOLOL Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015. 15.57 100 Apo-Nadolol Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015. 23.74 100 Apo-Nadolol PINDOLOL Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 9.72 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016. 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 40 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA				•
METOPROLOL TARTRATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015				•
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 16.00 100 Lopresor Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 21.00 60 Lopresor Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015 18.00 28 Slow-Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 24.00 5 Lopresor NADOLOL Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 15.57 100 Apo-Nadolol Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 23.74 100 Apo-Nadolol PINDOLOL Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 9.72 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA		т.оо	00	metoprotor- At 1 off
Tab 100 mg — 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015				
Tab long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015	-			•
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	5			•
NADOLOL Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 15.57 100 Apo-Nadolol Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 23.74 100 Apo-Nadolol PINDOLOL 3.65 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 9.72 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA	• • • • • •			•
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Tab 80 mg — 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	NADOLOL			
Tab 80 mg — 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	15.57	100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 9.72 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA			100	•
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Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 15.62 100 Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 16.06 100 Cardinol LA		0.70	100	Ana Dindalal
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016 23.46 100 Apo-Pindolol PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 100 Cardinol LA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•
PROPRANOLOL 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 10 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 100 Cardinol LA	•			•
Tab 10 mg 3.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml	<u> </u>	23.46	100	Apo-MI100101
Tab 40 mg 4.65 100 Apo-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml	PROPRANOLOL			
Cap long-acting 160 mg16.06 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml	Tab 10 mg	3.65	100	Apo-Propranolol
Oral liq 4 mg per ml	Tab 40 mg	4.65	100	Apo-Propranolol
Oral liq 4 mg per ml	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100	
	, , , ,			

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg	27.50	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg	10.50	100	Mylan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	65.39	5	Sotacor
TIMOLOL MALEATE Tab 10 mg			
Calcium Channel Blockers			
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
AMLODIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	2.21	100	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV May-15 to 2017		250	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV May-15 to 2017		250	Apo-Amlodipine
FELODIPINE			
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	2.90	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		30	Plendil ER
ISRADIPINE Tab 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 2.5 mg Cap long-acting 5 mg			
NIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg			
Tab long-acting 20 mg	9.59	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30	Adefin XL
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Cap 5 mg		30	Adefin XL
NIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Sep-12 to 2015	4.60	100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Sep-12 to 2015		100	Dilzem
Cap long-acting 120 mg		30	Cardizem CD
	31.83	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg	7.56	30	Cardizem CD
	47.67	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg		30	Cardizem CD
	63.58	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg	15.20	250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		250	Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	7.54	5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	12.80	4	Catapres-TTS-1
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		4	Catapres-TTS-2
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		4	Catapres-TTS-3
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Tab 25 mcg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015	15.09	112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg - 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015		100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		5	Catapres
// // // // // // // // // // // // //		Ü	outupi oo
-	14.05	100	Dradona
Tab 125 mg Tab 250 mg		100	Prodopa
Tab 500 mg		100	Prodopa Prodopa
· ·	23.13	100	гтойора
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
BUMETANIDE			
Tab 1 mg	16.36	100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial			
FUROSEMIDE (FRUSEMIDE)			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	10.25	1,000	Diurin 40
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015		50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	1.30	5	Frusemide-Claris
Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule		-	
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL	44.04	4 000!	Dester
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		1,000 ml	Baxter
Inj 15%, 500 ml bag		500 ml	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag	10.80	500 ml	Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ELIROSEMIDE			

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE

Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mgOral liq 1 mg per ml		100 25 ml	Apo-Amiloride Biomed
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Oral lig 5 mg per ml	11.80	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
Tab 25 mg	8.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	2.25	90	Dapa-Tabs
METOLAZONE - Restricted see terms below		retics and	. d/or loop-thiazide combinatior
2 Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unrespons sions	ive to high dose loop did	uretics ar	nd concentrated albumin infu
Lipid-Modifying Agents			
Fibrates			
BEZAFIBRATE Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015 Tab long-acting 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	9.70 5.70	90 30	Bezalip Bezalip Retard
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	17.60	60	Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015 Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	4.17 7.32	90 90 90 90	Zarator Zarator Zarator Zarator

PRAVASTATIN Tab 10 mg

30

30

Cholvastin

Cholvastin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
SIMVASTATIN				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	0.95	90	Arrow-Simva	
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1.61	90	Arrow-Simva	
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	2.83	90	Arrow-Simva	
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	7.91	90	Arrow-Simva	
Davins				

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral lig 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral liq 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

EZETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 10 mg

⇒Restricted

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 × normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg
- Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg
- Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg
- Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg

⇒Restricted

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

NICOTINIC ACID

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	3.96	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	17.37	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Nitrates			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Tab 600 mcg	8.00	100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	22.70	10	Nitronal
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	86.60	10	Nitronal
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose	4.45	250 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	17.10	100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg	7.50	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg		90	Duride

Price

(ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic

Other Cardiac Agents

I EVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- ¶ Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Heart failure

cardiologist or intensivist

Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics ADRENALINE Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule4.98 Aspen Adrenaline Hospira Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule27.00 5 Hospira 49.00 10 Aspen Adrenaline Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015......69.77 10 Martindale **EPHEDRINE** Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-15 to 201751.48 Max Health 10 **ISOPRENALINE**

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer \$ Per MFTARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Ini 1 ma per ml. 10 ml svringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule NORADRENALINE Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Ini 0.12 mg per ml. 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule (Any Ini 1 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2015) PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE 25 Neosynephrine HCL **Vasodilators** ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015......1,417.50 5 **Prostin VR** AMYL NITRITE Lig 98% in 3 ml capsule DIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg ⇒Restricted Either: 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. Inj 20 mg ampoule25.90 Apresoline MILRINONE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule MINOXIDIL - Restricted see terms below **▼** Tab 10 mg70.00 100 I oniten ⇒ Restricted For patients with severe refractory hypertension who have failed to respond to extensive multiple therapies. NICORANDII 60 Ikorel 60 Ikorel PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Ini 30 mg per ml. 1 ml vial 5 Hospira

47

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]

Tab 400 mg

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

AMBRISENTAN – Restricted see terms below	۷
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⇒Restricted

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 In hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

ЪО	OLIVIAN - Nestricted see terms below			
t	Tab 62.5 mg1,	,500.00	60	pms-Bosentan
	4,	,585.00		Tracleer
t	Tab 125 mg	,500.00	60	pms-Bosentan
	4,	,585.00		Tracleer

⇒Restricted

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 In hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg	4	Silagra
_	Tab 50 mg1.85	4	Silagra
t	Tab 100 mg7.45	4	Silagra

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 4 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 5 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 6 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations; or
- 7 All of the following:
 - 7.1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
 - 7.2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
 - 7.3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
 - 7.4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Prostacyclin Analogues

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	89.50	1	Arrow-lloprost
ţ	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml	,185.00	30	Ventavis

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Gen Per Man

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with approval by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In hopsital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Manufacturer **Anti-Infective Preparations Antibacterials FUSIDIC ACID** DP Fusidic Acid Cream 15 a 15 g Foban HYDROGEN PEROXIDE 15 q Crystaderm Soln 3% (10 vol) MAFENIDE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below Powder 50 g sachet ⇒Restricted For the treatment of burns patients. **MUPIROCIN** Oint 2% SULPHADIAZINE SILVER 50 g Flamazine **Antifungals AMOROLFINE** 5 ml MycoNail CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% Soln 1% - Restricted: For continuation only CLOTRIMAZOLE 20 q Clomazol ⇒ Soln 1% - Restricted: For continuation only **ECONAZOLE NITRATE** → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1% **KETOCONAZOLE** 100 ml Sebizole **METRONIDAZOLE** Gel 0.75% MICONAZOI F NITRATE 15 g Multichem → Lotn 2% – Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%

Antiparasitics

Crm 100,000 u per g

LINDANE [GAMMA BENZENE HEXACHLORIDE]

Crm 1%

NYSTATIN

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON]	*		
Lotn 0.5%			
Shampoo 1%			
MALATHION WITH PERMETHRIN AND PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE Spray 0.25% with permethrin 0.5% and piperonyl butoxide 2% Note: Temporary listing to cover out-of-stock.			
PERMETHRIN			
Crm 5% - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017 Lotn 5% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE			
Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	28.91	120	Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05%			
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015 Lotn, BP - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		100 g 2,000 ml	Pharmacy Health PSM
CROTAMITON		_,000 1111	
Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	3.48	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE			
Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	1.65	100 g	healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	4.73	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 5%
ZINC			
Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion);Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL Crm	1.63	20 g	Orion
Oint, BP		9	

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g Crm 500 g		100 g 500 g	AFT AFT
CETOMACROGOL			
Crm BP, 500 g		500 g	Pharmacy Health
Crm BP, 100 g	1.65	1	healthE
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,		100 g	Pharmacy Health
	2.00 3.20		Pharmacy Health healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%		500 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
	6.50	1,000 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, 500 ml, 1 bottle	5.46	1	healthE
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT			
Oint BP - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	1.84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. Oint BP, 500 g	3.04	500 g	AFT
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN			
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%	6		e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION Crm - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	2.63	500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Crm, 100 g		1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN			,,
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%	3.10	100 g	healthE
White soft - 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015		10 g nd yellow s	healthE oft paraffin.
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA Crm 10%			
WOOL FAT			
Crm			

Drica Brand or

Corticosteroids			
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	FIICE		Dianu oi

3.15	50 g	Beta Cream
3.15	50 g	Beta Ointment
	· ·	
3.68	30 g	Dermol
3.68	30 g	Dermol
	ŭ	
2.75	100 a	Dharmany Haalth
	•	Pharmacy Health Pharmacy Health
14.00	300 g	i namacy neami
0.40	140 ~	ACT
2.48	14.2 g	AFT
10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
	250 ml	
2.30	30 g	Locoid Lipocream
2.30 6.85	30 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream
2.30 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid
2.30 6.85	30 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream
2.30 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid
2.30 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo Advantan Advantan m-Mometasone
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85 4.95 4.95	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml 15 g 15 g 45 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo Advantan Advantan m-Mometasone m-Mometasone
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85 4.95 4.95 1.78 3.42	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml 15 g 15 g 45 g 15 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo Advantan Advantan m-Mometasone m-Mometasone m-Mometasone
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85 4.95 4.95	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml 15 g 15 g 45 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo Advantan Advantan m-Mometasone m-Mometasone
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85 4.95 4.95 1.78 3.42	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml 15 g 15 g 45 g 15 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo Advantan Advantan m-Mometasone m-Mometasone m-Mometasone
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85 4.95 4.95 1.78 3.42 1.78 3.42	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml 15 g 15 g 45 g 15 g 45 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Crelo Advantan Advantan m-Mometasone m-Mometasone m-Mometasone m-Mometasone m-Mometasone
2.30 6.85 6.85 6.85 4.95 4.95 1.78 3.42	30 g 100 g 100 g 100 ml 15 g 15 g 45 g 15 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid Lipocream Locoid Locoid Crelo Advantan Advantan m-Mometasone m-Mometasone m-Mometasone
	3.15	3.15 50 g3.68 30 g3.68 30 g3.75 100 g14.00 500 g

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Fither:

1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or

2 For continuation use

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH FUSIDIC ACID

Crm 0.1% with fusidic acid 2%

HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2%2.20 15 g Micreme H

HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations

ACITRETIN		

····=····			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	17.86	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	41.36	60	Novatretin

BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL

CALCIPOTRIOL

 Crm 50 mcg per g
 45.00
 100 g
 Daivonex

 Oint 50 mcg per g
 50 mcg per ml
 100 g
 Daivonex

 Soln 50 mcg per ml
 16.00
 30 ml
 Daivonex

COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR

Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%

COAL TAR WITH TRIETHANOLAMINE LAURYL SULPHATE AND FLUORESCEIN

Soln 2.3% with triethanolamine lauryl sulphate and fluorescein sodium3.36 500 ml Pinetarsol 5.82 1,000 ml Pinetarsol

METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]

Cap 10 mg

Lotn 1.2%

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Tab 400 mg

Crystals

Scalp Preparations

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE

DERMATOLOGICALS

		DEH	IMATOLOGICALS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS' \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05%	6.96	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1% – 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	3.65	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations			
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	17.98	12	Apo-Imiquimod Cream 5%
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%	33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator			
Other Skin Preparations			
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%			
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY			
Crm Lotn	3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
	5.10	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% – 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015	25.16	20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see ¶ Crm 16% → Restricted Dermatologist or plastic surgeon	terms below	Č	
Wound Management Products			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			

Gel 2.5% _______21.00 1 healthE

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents			
ACETIC ACID			
Soin 3% Soin 5%			
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOL Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% an ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator			
CHLORHEXIDINE Crm 1% - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	1.24	50 g	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE		Ū	
Lotn 1%, 200 ml	6.75	1	healthE
CLOTRIMAZOLE	4.45	05	01
Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016		35 g 20 g	Clomazol Clomazol
MICONAZOLE NITRATE	2.20	20 9	Olomazor
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	3.95	40 g	Micreme
NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s)			
Contraceptives			
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives			
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% D' Dec-14 to 2017		168	Ginet
	5.30	100	dillet
Combined Oral Contraceptives			
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg			
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL			
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets		84	Ava 20 ED
Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg	2.30	84	Ava 30 ED
Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg	9.45	84	Microgynon 50 ED
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg			
NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg			
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE			
IUD 29.1 mm length \times 23.2 mm widthIUD 33.6 mm length \times 29.9 mm width		1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

e.a. Mirena

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per \$ Manufacturer **Emergency Contraception** LEVONORGESTREL Postinor-1 **Progestogen-Only Contraceptives** LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 \times 75 mg rods) - 5% DV Oct-14 to 31 Dec 2017133.65 1 Jadelle.

⇒Restricted

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Initiation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and
- 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other appropriate pharmaceutical therapies as per the Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or
 - 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or
 - 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hysteroscopy or endometrial biopsy.

Continuation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bleeding; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Initiation - endometriosis

The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by laparoscopy.

Continuation - endometriosis

Fither:

- 1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Note:endometriosis is an unregistered indication.

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-13 to 20167.00 1 Depo-Provera

NORETHISTERONE

Tab 350 mcg

Obstetric Preparations

Antiprogestogens

MIFFPRISTONE

Tab 200 mg

Oxytocics

CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg			
Gel 1 mg in 2.5 ml	52.65	1	Prostin E2
Gel 2 mg in 2.5 ml		1	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	94.70	5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN			
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2015	4.75	5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2015		5	BNM
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -19 DV Oct-12 to 2015		5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE – Restricted see terms below	16.50	30	Utrogestan

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- Either:
 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks) or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part IV (Miscallaneous Provisions) rule 23.1).

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below

¶ Inj 500 mcg ampoule

⇒Restricted

Obstetrician

Oestrogens

OESTRIOL

Crm 1 mg per g with applicator

Pessaries 500 mcg

Urologicals

5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors

FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or
 - 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
TAMSULOSIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 400 mcg – 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016	13.51	100	Tamsulosin-Rex
→ Restricted Both:	are contraindicate	d.	
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE – Restricted see terms below ■ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml Restricted Both:	30.00	200 ml	Biomed
The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017		ation. 28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics	2.93	20	Olai
OXYBUTYNIN			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016 Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016		500 473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin Apo-Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg ↓ Tab 10 mg → Restricted		30 30	Vesicare Vesicare
Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is nor	n-responsive to, ox	ybutynin.	
TOLTERODINE TARTRATE – Restricted see terms below	14.50	50	Awan Talkanadia a
		56 56	Arrow-Tolterodine Arrow-Tolterodine

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLINE

→ Restricted

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

	ACFTATE

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 201518.80	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	50	Siterone

TESTOSTERONE

Patch 2.5 mg per day80.00 60 Androderm

TESTOSTERONE CYPIONATE

TESTOSTERONE ESTERS

Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE

 Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015
 31.17
 60
 Andriol Testocaps

 Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
 86.00
 1
 Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN

⇒Restricted

Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement: and
 - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
 - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015	5.87	100	Douglas
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015		100	Douglas
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
EXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	25.80	10	Dexamethasone- hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	17.98	5	Dexamethasone- hameln
LUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	1/1/32	100	Florinef
· ·	14.02	100	i ioiiiiei
YDROCORTISONE	0.40	400	. .
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	4.99	1	Solu-Cortef
IETHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	37.50	1	Solu-Medrol
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	33.50	5	Depo-Medrol
ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIGNOCAINE			
Inj 40 mg with lignocaine 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-1	2		
to 2015		1	Depo-Medrol with Lidocaine
REDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	7.50	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
REDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg	2.13	100	Apo-Prednisone S29
-	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg	12.09	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg	11.09	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg	29.03	500	Apo-Prednisone
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	20.80	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		5	Kenacort-A 40
		-	
RIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

Tab 1 mg

Tab 2 mg

Patch 25 mcg per day

Patch 50 mcg per day

Patch 100 mcg per day

OESTRADIOL VALERATE

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

Tab 300 mcg

Tab 625 mcg

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestra-

diol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	30	Provera

Other Endocrine Agents

CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	6.25	2	Dostinex
		25.00	8	Dostinex

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation; or
- 2 Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or
- 3 Patient has acromegaly.

CLOMIPHENE CITRATE

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	29.84	10	Serophene

				_
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
DANAZOL				
Cap 100 mg	68.33	100	Azol	
Cap 200 mg	97.83	100	Azol	
GESTRINONE Cap 2.5 mg				
METYRAPONE				
Cap 250 mg				
PENTAGASTRIN				
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				

Other Oestrogen Preparations

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

Tab 10 mcg

OESTRADIOL

Implant 50 mg

OESTRIOL

Tab 2 mg

Other Progestogen Preparations MEDROXYPROGESTERONE 700 Provera Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 96.50 NORETHISTERONE 18.29 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 18.29 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 100 Primolut N

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule17	7.18	10	Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule2	9.56	1	Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERELIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORELIN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSFRELIN

 Implant 3.6 mg
 166.20
 1
 Zoladex

 Implant 10.8 mg
 443.76
 1
 Zoladex

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot PDS
Inj 7.5 mg syringe	166.20	1	Eligard
Inj 11.25 mg syringe	591.68	1	Lucrin Depot PDS
Inj 22.5 mg syringe	443.76	1	Eligard
Inj 30 mg syringe	1,109.40	1	Lucrin Depot PDS
Inj 30 mg vial	591.68	1	Eligard
Inj 45 mg syringe	832.05	1	Eligard

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017109.50	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 10 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017219.00	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 15 mg cartridge - 1% DV Jan-15 to 31 Dec 2017	1	Omnitrope

⇒Restricted

Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Either:

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is ≥ 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist
Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity ≥ 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq 14 years; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Renal Physician on the recommendation of a Paediatric Endocrinologist or Endocrinologist

All of the following:

1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is \leq to 14 years (female patients) or \leq to 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR ≤ 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Renal Physician on the recommendation of a Paediatric Endocrinologist or Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is \leq 14 years (female patients) or \leq 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred;
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient's height velocity is < 25th percentile for bone age adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985) or pubertal status over 6 to 12 months; and</p>
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is under two years of age and height velocity has been assessed over a minimum six month period from the age of 12 months, with at least three supine length measurements over this period demonstrating clear and consistent evidence of linear growth failure (with height velocity < 25th percentile); or</p>
 - 3.2 The patient is aged two years or older; and
- 4 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 5 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 6 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by ≥ 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is ≥ 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is ≥ 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is ≤ 14 years (female patients) or ≤ 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by ≥ 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA[®]).

Notes:

For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of ≤ 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of ≤ 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist

Paediatric Endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA⁽⁵⁾) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA[®] score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOI F

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mca

⇒Restricted

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

¶ Tab 50 mg35.00 100 PTU

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRELIN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

•		•	
1	7 Tab 200 mcg	30	Minirin
ŧ	Tab 100 mcg36.40	30	Minirin

Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017......22.95 6 ml Desmopressin-PH&T Ini 4 mcg per ml. 1 ml ampoule

Ini 15 mcg per ml. 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

tltem restricted (see → above); tltem restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→Restricted

Nocturnal enuresis

Either:

- 1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or
- 2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.

Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	215.00	5	Glypressin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	176.00	10	Biomed
Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Restricted		5	DBL Amikacin
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic	cian		
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.56	5	Hacnira
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		25	Hospira APP Pharmaceuticals
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below		10	i iizoi
	126.00	16	Humatin
⇒Restricted	120.00	10	Hamatin
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic	cian		
TOBRAMYCIN Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	00.00	-	DDI Tahramusin
■ Restricted ■ Restricted	29.32	5	DBL Tobramycin
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	cian		
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic		EG doos	TOBI
	2,200.00	56 dose	IODI
Patient has cystic fibrosis			
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
	70.00	1	Invanz
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2017	13.79	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX
	18.37		Primaxin
(Primaxin Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial to be delisted 1 June 2 → Restricted			Timaxiii
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	DBL Meropenem
	65.21	10	DBL Meropenem



	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
CEFALEXIN Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	8.50	20 100 ml 100 ml	Cephalexin ABM Cefalexin Sandoz Cefalexin Sandoz
CEFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	3.99	5 5	AFT AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation			
CEFACLOR Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016		100 100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Inj 1 g vial	74.25	5	Hospira
CEFUROXIME Tab 250 mg Inj 750 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 Inj 1.5 g vial - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	3.70	50 5 1	Zinnat Zinacef Zinacef
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation			
CEFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial		1 10	Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
CEFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial −1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Inj 1 g vial −1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Inj 2 g vial −1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Restricted Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic CEFTRIAXONE	1.55 3.34	1 1 1	Fortum Fortum Fortum
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016 Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016 Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	5.22	1 5 1	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation			
CEFEPIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial → Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist	8.80 17.60	1	DBL Cefepime DBL Cefepime
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation			
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Inj 600 mg vial	1,450.00	10	Zinforo

ECTIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

Multi-resistant organism salvage therapy

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg10.00	0 30	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-13 to 2015	5 2	Apo-Azithromycin
ſ	Oral lig 40 mg per ml 6.60	0 15 ml	7ithromax

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires treatment or prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms; or
- 3 For any other condition for five days' treatment, with review after five days.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml23.12	70 ml	Klacid
t	Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017 20.40	1	Martindale

⇒Restricted

Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents.

Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Infusion

Infusion

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia (clarithromycin is not to be used as the first-line macrolide).

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml5.00	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml6.77	100 ml	E-Mycin

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

Inj 1	1 g vial	16.00	1	Erythrocin IV
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ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg

ROXITHROMYCIN

Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	7.48	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	14.40	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	r) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Penicillins	•		
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	16.18	500	Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2016	20.94	500	Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Amoxicillin Actavis
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Amoxicillin Actavis
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10 10	Ibiamox Ibiamox
, ,	17.29	10	IDIAIIIOX
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID	4.05	00	A
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg		20	Augmentin
Overe for evel lie OF men with also where a sid COF men may rel. 40/ F	9.75	100	Curam Duo
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml - 1% I		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral lig 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml - 1% [100 1111	Augmentin
Nov-12 to 2015		100 ml	Augmentin
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-13 to 201		10	m-Amoxiclav
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-13 to 20		10	m-Amoxiclav
BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-	12		
to 2015		10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	10.35	10	Sandoz
		10	Cundoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	22.00	250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		500	Staphlex
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	9.20	10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	11.60	10	Flucloxin
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	2.88	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2016	1.74	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial − 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	5.84	1	Tazocin EF
Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physici	an		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN	400	_	0 111 1
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	123.50	5	Cilicaine
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial			
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physici	an		

rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ne agents; or or ulosis medic	ations; or	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox Aspen Ciprofloxacin Avelox Avelox IV 400 e contracted in an area with
rapy or where	e such th ent; or	erapy is contraindicated
ly resistant to injury lium; and	other ar	ntibiotics.
13.50	100	Arrow-Norfloxacin
	` 7E	275 050

Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Doxine

250

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg			
Cap 500 mg	46.00	30	Tetracyclin Wolff
TIGECYCLINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM – Restricted see terms below			
	131.00	5	Azactam
CHLORAMPHENICOL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial → Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
	5.80	16	Clindamycin ABM
	100.00	10	Dalacin C
→Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist	amera la alam		
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] – Restricted see to Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		1	Colistin-Link
→ Restricted			Odiotiii Eiriit
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physician	an		
DAPTOMYCIN − Restricted see terms below Inj 350 mg vial Inj 500 mg vial			
➡ Restricted Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
FOSFOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet			
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
FUSIDIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
	34.50	12	Fucidin
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g			
LINCOMYCIN − Restricted see terms on the next page Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST)

\$

Per

Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below

- Oral liq 20 mg per ml
- Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

NITROFURANTOIN

Tab 50 mg

Tab 100 mg

PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

SULPHADIAZINE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

TEICOPLANIN - Restricted see terms below

¶ Ini 400 mg vial

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

TRIMETHOPRIM

Tab 100 mg

50 **TMP** Tab 300 mg9.28

TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE]

Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg

Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml2.15 100 ml Deprim

Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

Mvlan

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

⇒Restricted

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

10 **AmBisome**

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ P

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, haematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist or respiratory physician Fither:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Ini 50 mg vial

⇒ Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, haematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist or respiratory physician

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u	50	Nilstat
Cap 500,000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	28	Ozole
t	Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	1	Ozole
t	Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 20179.69	28	Ozole
	Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml98.50	35 ml	Diflucan
		1	Fluconazole-Claris
	Ini 2 mg per ml 100 ml vial = 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016 6 47	1	Fluconazole-Claris

⇒Restricted

Consultant

ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

		ricotricted coo territo beloti			
t	Cap 100 mg -	- 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	2.99	15	Itrazole

Oral liquid 10 mg per ml

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, clinical immunologist or dermatologist

POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted

Infectious disease physician or haematologist

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VORICONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 50 mg	730.00	56	Vfend
▼ Tab 200 mg	2,930.00	56	Vfend
■ Oral lig 40 mg per ml	730.00	70 ml	Vfend
Inj 200 mg vial	185.00	1	Vfend

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or haematologist

Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Possible aspergillus infection

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised, and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015667.50	1	Cancidas
t	Inj 70 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015862.50	1	Cancidas

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, haematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist or respiratory physician Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist.

TERBINAFINE

Antimycobacterials

Antileprotics

CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Cap 50 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
⇒Restricted	<u> </u>		
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or dermatologist			
DAPSONE – Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	95.00	100	Dapsone
▼ Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	110.00	100	Dapsone
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or dermatologist			
Antituberculotics			
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below			
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic	cian		
ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below	10.01	50	Managhastal
Tab 100 mg		56 56	Myambutol
↓ Tab 400 mg → Restricted	49.34	56	Myambutol
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic	cian		
ISONIAZID – Restricted see terms below	Jian		
■ Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	20.00	100	PSM
⇒Restricted			
Internal medicine physician, paediatrician, clinical microbiologist, derma	atologist or public hea	ılth physi	cian
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
⇒Restricted			
Internal medicine physician, paediatrician, clinical microbiologist, derma	atologist or public hea	ılth physi	cian
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			_
■ Grans for oral liq 4 g	280.00	30	Paser
⇒Restricted	nion		
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic	Jidi i		
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below	205.00	100	Peteha
▼ Tab 250 mg → Restricted	305.00	100	relena
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physic	cian		
PYRAZINAMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 500 mg			
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or respiratory physician microbiologist or respiratory physician microbiologist or respiratory physician microbiologist or respiratory physician microbiologist physici	cian		
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below			
	213.19	30	Mycobutin
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, respiratory physician	an or gastroenterologi	st	
RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		30	Rifadin
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		100	Rifadin
		100	Rifadin Pifadin
■ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017 ■ Inj 600 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		60 ml 1	Rifadin Rifadin
• inj 000 ing viai - 1/0 DV 140V-14 to 2017	120.00	'	illiaulli

INFECTIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

12

Malarone Junior

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Internal medicine physician, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician or public health physician

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 400 mg
- ⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 3 mg17.20 Stromectol

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or dermatologist.

MFBFNDAZOI F

24 De-Worm

Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml

PRAZIQUANTEL

Tab 600 mg

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below

Ini 60 mg vial

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-14

Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-14

12 Malarone

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 250 mg

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or rheumatologist

MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below

Lariam

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or rheumatologist

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
METPONIDAZOLE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
METRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg	10.45	100	Trichozole
Tab 400 mg		100	Trichozole
Oral lig benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017		5	AFT
Suppos 500 mg		10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below			0,
▼ Tab 500 mg	1,680,00	30	Alinia
▼ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml		•	7 1111100
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
ORNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg	16.50	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial − 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	180.00	5	Pentacarinat
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
⇒ Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 25 mg			
⇒Restricted			
Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist or maternal-foetal n	nedicine specialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial → Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
QUININE SULPHATE Tab 300 mg	54.06	500	Q 300
· ·	54.00	300	Q 300
SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial → Restricted			
Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist			
SPIRAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg			
⇒ Restricted			
Maternal-foetal medicine specialist			
material restal modeline operation			

Antiretrovirals

HIV Fusion Inhibitors

ΕN	FUVIRTIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page			
t	Inj 108 mg vial \times 602,38	30.00	1	Fuzeon

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection: and
- 2 Enfuvirtide to be given in combination with optimized background therapy (including at least 1 other antiretroviral drug that the patient has never previously been exposed to) for treatment failure; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has evidence of HIV replication, despite ongoing therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient has treatment-limiting toxicity to previous antiretroviral agents; and
- 4 Previous treatment with 3 different antiretroviral regimens has failed; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Previous treatment with a non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor has failed; and
 - 5.2 Previous treatment with a nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor has failed; and
 - 5.3 Previous treatment with a protease inhibitor has failed.

Continuation

Patient has had at least a 10-fold reduction in viral load at 12 months

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³: or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts $< 0.25 \times$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	,	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
EFAVIRENZ – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
↑ Tab 50 mg	158.33	30	Stocrin
↑ Tab 200 mg	474.99	90	Stocrin
t Tab 600 mg	474.99	30	Stocrin
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
↑ Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015 Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	95.94 134.55	60 240 ml	Nevirapine Alphapharm Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts $< 0.25 \times$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ARACAVIR	SIII PHATE -	Restricted	see terms above

↑ Tab 30	0 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	229.00	60	Ziagen
♠ Oral liq	20 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	256.31	240 ml	Ziagen
ABACAVIR	SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms al	bove		
↑ Tab 600	0 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	630.00	30	Kivexa

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$

Per

30

Manufacturer

Emtriva

DIDANOSINE [DDI] - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

- Cap 125 mg
- Cap 200 mg
- Cap 250 mg
- Cap 400 mg

EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

1 Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil fu-

Atripla

EMTRICITABINE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg838.20 Truvada

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

Oral lig 10 mg per ml

STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

- Cap 30 mg
- Cap 40 mg
- Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml

ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	100	Retrovir
t	Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-13 to 201630.45	200 ml	Retrovir
t	Ini 10 mg per ml. 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	5	Retrovir IV

ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

60 **Alphapharm**

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under: or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < $0.25 \times$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the preceding page t Cap 150 mg		60 60	Reyataz Reyataz
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
↑ Tab 400 mg837.	50	60	Prezista
↑ Tab 600 mg	00	60	Prezista
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the preceding page t Cap 200 mg t Cap 400 mg			
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
↑ Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg		60	Kaletra
↑ Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg735.		20	Kaletra
↑ Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml	00 30	0 ml	Kaletra
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t Tab 100 mg − 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	31	30	Norvir

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts $< 0.25 \times$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease physician

All of the following:

1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and

Documented resistance to lamivudine, defined as:

- 1 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and
- 2 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load ≥ 10-fold over nadir; and
- 3 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Both:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic: and
 - 4.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and
 - 4.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.

ENTECAVIR - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease physician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B nucleoside analogue treatment-naive; and
- 3 Entecavir dose 0.5 mg/day; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 ALT greater than upper limit of normal; or
 - 4.2 Bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis (Metavir stage 3 or greater or moderate fibrosis) on liver histology; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Patient has $\geq 2,000$ IU HBV DNA units per ml and fibrosis (Metavir stage 2 or greater) on liver histology; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 6 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 7 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 8 Neither ALT nor AST greater than 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 9 No history of hypersensitivity to entecavir; and
- 10 No previous documented lamivudine resistance (either clinical or genotypic).

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	28	Zeffix
t	Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017270.00	240 ml	Zeffix

⇒ Restricted

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist, paediatrician or general physician

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 HBV DNA positive cirrhosis prior to liver transplantation; or
- 2 HBsAg positive and have had a liver, kidney, heart, lung or bone marrow transplant; or
- 3 Hepatitis B virus naive patient who has received a liver transplant from an anti-HBc (Hepatitis B core antibody) positive donor; or
- 4 Hepatitis B surface antigen positive (HbsAg) patient who is receiving chemotherapy for a malignancy, or who has received such treatment within the previous two months; and
- 5 Hepatitis B surface antigen positive patient who is receiving anti tumour necrosis factor treatment; or
- 6 Hepatitis B core antibody (anti-HBc) positive patient who is receiving rituximab plus high dose steroids (e.g. R-CHOP).

Continuation - patients who have maintained continuous treatment and response to lamivudine

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Have maintained continuous treatment with lamivudine; and
- 2 Most recent test result shows continuing biochemical response (normal ALT); and
- 3 HBV DNA <100,000 copies per ml by quantitative PCR at a reference laboratory; or

Continuation - when given in combination with adefovir dipivoxil for patients with cirrhosis and resistance to lamivudine Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Lamivudine to be used in combination with adefovir dipivoxil; and
- 2 Patient is cirrhotic: and

Documented resistance to lamivudine, defined as:

- 1 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and
- 2 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load ≥ 10-fold over nadir; and
- 3 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; or

Continuation - when given in combination with adefovir dipivoxil for patients with resistance to adefovir dipivoxil

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

1 Lamivudine to be used in combination with adefovir dipivoxil; and

Documented resistance to adefovir, defined as:

- 1 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and
- 2 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load ≥ 10-fold over nadir; and
- 3 Detection of N236T or A181T/V mutation.

TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

ŧ	Tab 300 mg531.00	30	Viread
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Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

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Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Confirmed hepatitis B

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
 - 1.2 Patient has had previous lamivudine, adefovir or entecavir therapy; and
 - 1.3 HBV DNA greater than 20,000 IU/mL or increased ≤ 10-fold over nadir; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Lamivudine resistance detection of M204I/V mutation; or
 - 1.4.2 Adefovir resistance detection of A181T/V or N236T mutation; or
 - 1.4.3 Entecavir resistance detection of relevant mutations including I169T, L180M T184S/A/I/L/G/C/M, S202C/G/I,M204V or M250I/V mutation; or
- 2 Patient is either listed or has undergone liver transplantation for HBV; or

3 Patient has a decompensated cirrhosis with a Mayo score > 20. Pregnant or Breastfeeding, Active hepatitis B

Limited to twelve months' treatment

Limited to six months' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is HBsAq positive and pregnant; and
- 2 HBV DNA > 20,000 IU/mL and ALT > ULN.

Pregnant, prevention of vertical transmission

Both:

- 1 Patient is HBsAg positive and pregnant; and
- 2 HBV DNA > 20 million IU/mL and ALT normal.

Confirmed HIV

Both:

- 1 Confirmed HIV infection: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Symptomatic patient; or
 - 2.2 Patient aged 12 months and under; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 Patient aged 1 to 5 years; and
 - 2.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.2.1 CD4 counts < 1000 cells/mm³; or
 - 2.3.2.2 CD4 counts < $0.25 \times$ total lymphocyte count; or
 - 2.3.2.3 Viral load counts > 100000 copies per ml; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 Patient aged 6 years and over; and
 - 2.4.2 CD4 counts < 500 cells/mm³

Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

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continued...

2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Hepatitis C

BOCEPREVIR - Restricted see terms below

336 Victrelis

⇒Restricted

Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, first-line

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior pegylated interferon treatment; and
- 3 Patient has IL-28B genotype CT or TT: and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 5 Patient is hepatitis C protease inhibitor treatment-naive; and
- 6 Maximum of 44 weeks therapy.

Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, second-line

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician.

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has received pegylated interferon treatment; and
- 3 Any one of:
 - 3.1 Patient was a responder relapser; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received pegylated interferon prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with pegulated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 5 Maximum of 44 weeks therapy.

Note: Due to risk of severe sepsis boceprevir should not be initiated if either Platelet count <100 x109 /l or Albumin <35 g/l.

Herpesviridae

ACICI OVIR

Tab dispersible 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	35	Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Mar-13 to 201514.09	5	Zovirax IV

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician, clinical microbiologist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon

FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Cvmevene

⇒Restricted

Infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VALACICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below ■ Tab 500 mg	102.72	30	Valtrex

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has genital herpes with 2 or more breakthrough episodes in any 6 month period while treated with aciclovir 400 mg twice daily.
- 2 Patient has previous history of ophthalmic zoster and the patient is at risk of vision impairment.
- 3 Patient has undergone organ transplantation.

Immunocompromised patients

Limited to 7 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has herpes zoster.

VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to three months' treatment

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to six months' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

⇒Restricted

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

⇒Restricted

Fither:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2A

Ini 3 m iu prefilled syringe

Inj 6 m iu prefilled syringe

Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Ini 60 m iu. 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

¶ Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe
- ¶ Ini 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (112)
- Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)
 Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe900.00
- Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe
 4
 Pegasys

 Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (112)
 1,159.84
 1

 Pegasus RBV
- Combination Pack
- Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)1,290.00 1 Pegasus RBV

Combination Pack

⇒Restricted

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
 - 1.2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
 - 1.3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.
- 2 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Notes:

Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation – (Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection) - gastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed: or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir; and
- 5 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation (Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior) - Gastroenterologist, infectious disease physician or general physician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir; and
- 5 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV Both:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection; and
- 2 Maximum of 6 months therapy.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA > 2.000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (> Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon; and
- 11 Maximum of 48 weeks therapy.

Notes:

Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
⇒Restricted			
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE			
	00.00	50	A -t7
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		50	AstraZeneca
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE	•		
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampou	lle		
- 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	27.86	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE			
Tab 60 mg	38.90	100	Mestinon
Ü		100	Modulion
Antirheumatoid Agents			
AURANOFIN			
Tab 3 mg			
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	18.00	100	Plaquenil
LEFLUNOMIDE			
Tab 10 mg	55.00	30	Arava
Tab 20 mg	76.00	30	Arava
Tab 100 mg	54.44	3	Arava
PENICILLAMINE			
Tab 125 mg	61.03	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg		100	D-Penamine
<u> </u>		.00	D i dilamino
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE			
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM			
▼ Tab 40 mg	133.00	30	Fosamax
⇒Restricted			
Both:			
1 Paget's disease; and			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Bone or articular pain; or			
2.2 Bone deformity; or			
2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or			
2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to s	site (base of skull, sp	ine, long	bones of lower limbs); or
2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.			
▼ Tab 70 mg	12.90	4	Fosamax

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted

Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≤ -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD ≥ 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH CHOLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) > 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score < -2.5) (see Note): or

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≤ -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note): or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD ≥ 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

LIDDONIATE DICODILIM

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents)

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≥ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	.15.80	100	Arrow-Etidronate
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	6.80	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	.13.20	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	.19.20	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg	4.00	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID – Restricted see terms on the next page			
Ini 5 mg per 100 ml, vial	600.00	100 ml	Aclasta

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Osteogenesis imperfecta

Patient has been diagnosed with clinical or genetic osteogenesis imperfecta.

Osteoporosis

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score ≥ -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and

2 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD ≥ 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (≥ 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity: or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
- 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
- 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than one infusion in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 60 mg53.76 28 Evista

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) ≥ 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score ≤ -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score ≥ -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture ≥ 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis).

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score ≤ -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TERIPARATIDE – Restricted see terms below ■ Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml cartridge	490.00	1	Forteo

⇒Restricted

Limited to 18 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL	

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	,	Apo-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Mar-15 to 201715.91	500	Apo-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE – Restricted see terms below		

T. T. 100

 ■ Tab 100 mg
 45.00
 100
 Benzbromaron AL 100

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and appropriate doses of probenecid: or
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite appropriate doses of probenecid; or
 - 1.3 Both:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has renal impairment and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 1.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 1.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 1.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at http://www.rheumatology.org.nz/benzbromarone_prescriber_information.cfm

COLCHICINE		
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 201610.08	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT – Restricted see terms below		
▼ Tab 80 mg	28	Adenuric
▼ Tab 120 mg39.50	28	Adenuric
⇒Restricted		

Any of the followina:

- 1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and appropriate doses of probenecid; or
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite appropriate doses of probenecid; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 The patient has renal impairment and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 30 ml/min.

Note: Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

⇒ Restricted

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	5 5	Tracrium Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016	100	Pacifen
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015209.29	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial467.50	1	Botox
Inj 500 u vial1,295.00	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg77.00	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial		e.g. Dantrium IV

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE	<u> </u>		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	33.92	5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	67.17	5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE Tab 100 mg			
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	260.00	50	AstraZeneca
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	38.25	10	DBL Rocuronium Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-14 to 2017	78.00	50	AstraZeneca
VECURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 4 mg ampoule			

Inj 10 mg vial

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SU	GAMMADEX – Restricted see terms below			
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	00.00	10	Bridion
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	00.00	10	Bridion

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 200 mg

⇒Restricted

For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
DICLOFENAC SODIUM				
Tab EC 25 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	4 00	100	Apo-Diclo	
Tab 50 mg dispersible		20	Voltaren D	
Tab EC 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		500	Apo-Diclo	
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015		30	Diclax SR	
····· ···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	24.52	500	Diclax SR	
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	42.25	500	Diclax SR	
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	Voltaren	
Suppos 12.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Voltaren	
Suppos 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Voltaren	
Suppos 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Voltaren	
Suppos 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	7.00	10	Voltaren	
ETORICOXIB – Restricted see terms below ¶ Tab 30 mg ¶ Tab 60 mg ¶ Tab 90 mg ¶ Tab 120 mg → Restricted For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use IBUPROFEN Tab 200 mg → Tab 400 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 600 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab long-acting 800 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml – 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016 Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	8.12	30 200 ml	Brufen SR Fenpaed	
INDOMETHACIN Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg Cap long-acting 75 mg Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg KETOPROFEN Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR	
MEFENAMIC ACID – Restricted: For continuation only				
_				

→ Cap 250 mg

MELOXICAM - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted

Fither:

- 1 Haemophilic arthropathy, with both of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with less than or equal to 5% of normal circulating functional clotting factor; and
 - 1.2 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthropathy is inadequately controlled by alternative funded treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options are contraindicated; or
- 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' use.

(ex	Price man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	21.25	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	18.00	90	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	21.00	90	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB Inj 40 mg vial	100.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg			
TENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2016	3.05	20	Reutenox
Inj 20 mg vial	9.95	1	AFT

Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - **Restricted** see terms below

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limb; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZTROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg7.99	60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule95.00	5	Cogentin

ORPHENADRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 50 mg

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE	HYDROCHLORIDE
	IIIDIIOOIILOIIDL

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	38.24	60	Symmetrel

APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Ini 10 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule

BROMOCRIPTINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 5 mg

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	47.92	100	Entapone
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			·
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	10.00	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
	20.00	100	Madopai 200
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg	20.00	100	Sinemet
			e.g. Kinson
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg		100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg	40.00	100	Sinemet
			e.g. Sindopa
LISURIDE HYDROGEN MALEATE			
Tab 200 mcg	25.00	30	Dopergin
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			1 0
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2016	7.00	100	Dominov
•			Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2016	24.39	100	Ramipex
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	2.36	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	5.32	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	7.72	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	14.48	100	Apo-Ropinirole
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
•			
Tol. 100 mg	100.00	100	Toomar
Tab 100 mg	120.20	100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	1 230 00	6	Suprane
·		O	Capitalic
DEXMEDETOMIDINE		_	
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	479.85	5	Precedex
TOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
SOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	1 020 00	6	Aerrane
	1,020.00	U	ACITALIC
KETAMINE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Biomed
Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	14.00	1	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
ing to mg por mi, oo mi vidi			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	Φ	Per	Manufacturer
PROPOFOL Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	7.60	5	Fresofol 1%
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		5 5	Provive MCT-LCT 1%
ing to mg per mi, 20 mi viai	42.00	J	Diprivan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		1	Diprivan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Fresofol 1%
			Provive MCT-LCT 1%
	25.00		Diprivan
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	7.60	1	Fresofol 1% Provive MCT-LCT 1%
	30.00		Diprivan
SEVOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	1,230.00	6	Baxter
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM			
Inj 500 mg ampoule			
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE			
Gel 20%			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	50.00	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	4 5 25 00	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Oct-12 to 20 Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5 50	Marcain Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Oct-12 to 201		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	•20.00	J	maroani
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Oct-12 to 201	5 28.00	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	150.00	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag			
(Marcain Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2015)			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Se			
14 to 2017	135.00	5	Marcain with
In: Fare near miliosith advantables 4,000,000,00 miliosity 40/ DM Com	4		Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-1 to 2017		5	Marcain with
tu 2017	113.00	J	Marcain with Adrenaline
			Adicilallic

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	rei	iviariulacturei
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	70.00	40	D'amad
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	92.00	10	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	25.46	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%			
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
ETHYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
• •			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE	0.40	001	Outon
Gel 2% - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	3.40	20 ml	Orion
Spray 10% – 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (viscous) soln 2% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		200 ml	Xylocaine Viscous
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		200 1111	Aylocalile viscous
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015	8.75	25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2015		1	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe	43.26	10	Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule	27.00	10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			,
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE	AND TETRACAINF	HYDROCI	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5			
syringe – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Topicaine
, ,		•	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDI		10	Pfizer
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe			FIIZEI
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHR	INE HYDROCHLOR	IDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	45.00	30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg	115.00	20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	55.00	10	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	75.00	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Naropin
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	45.00	5	Naropin
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	84.00	5	Naropin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampouleInj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	54.00	5	Naropin
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	270.00	5	Naropin
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIRIN

Tab EC 300 mg

Tab dispersible 300 mg

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

Zostrix HP 45 g

⇒ Restricted

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

		Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
PA	RACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms below			
	Tab soluble 500 mg			
	Tab 500 mg			
	Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Oct-14 to 2017	4.15	1,000 ml	Paracare
	Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Sep-14 to 2017	4.35	1,000 ml	Paracare Double
				Strength
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12.90	12	Perfalgan
ţ	Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12.90	12	Perfalgan
	Suppos 25 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
	Suppos 50 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
	Suppos 125 mg	7.49	20	Panadol
	Suppos 250 mg		20	Panadol
	Suppos 500 mg = 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	20.70	50	Paracare

⇒Restricted

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

SUCROSE

Oral liq 25%

Opioid Analgesics

ALFENTANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-15 to 201739.0	7 10	Hameln
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 20164.75	5 100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 20165.8	0 100	PSM
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	0 100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	4 60	DHC Continus

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	4.50	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	11.77	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	185.00	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016	2.92	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	8.90		Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016	3.66	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	9.15		Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016	6.64	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	11.50		Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016	9.18	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	13.60		Mylan Fentanyl Patch
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 1% DV Aug-15 to 2016		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
	14.50		Mylan Fentanyl Patch
(Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 12.5 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August (Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 25 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August 2 (Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 50 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August 2 (Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 75 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August 2 (Mylan Fentanyl Patch Patch 100 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 August METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE	2015) 2015) 2015)		
Tab 5 mg	1.85	10	Methatabs
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		200 ml	Biodone
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral lig 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	8 84	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		200 ml	RA-Morph

	Price (COT)		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	1.95	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-15 to 2017	5.52	10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	2.98	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5.75	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	6.45	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016	1.70	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016	2.50	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-14 to 2016		10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	87.50	10	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	12.48	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	9.09	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	9.77	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	12.43	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			•
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	35.60	5	Hospira

Hospira

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Dox	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg	7.51	20	OxyContin
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015	6.75	20	Oxycodone
			ControlledRelease
			Tablets(BNM)
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015	11.50	20	Oxycodone
			ControlledRelease
			Tablets(BNM)
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015	18.50	20	Oxycodone
-			ControlledRelease
			Tablets(BNM)
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2015	34.00	20	Oxycodone
v			ControlledRelease
			Tablets(BNM)
Cap immediate-release 5 mg	2.83	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg	5.58	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg	9.77	20	OxyNorm
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	10.08	5	Oxycodone Orion
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015	19.87	5	Oxycodone Orion
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-13 to 2015	60.00	5	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg	2.11	100	Paracetamol + Codeine
Tab parassamer see mg mar seasone prospirate sing minimum			(Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			(********)
Tab 50 mg = 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	2.05	10	PSM
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	5.00	10	row
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.51	5	DBL Pethidine
11) 50 mg per mi, 1 mi ampoule 170 by sep-14 to 2017		3	Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.83	5	DBL Pethidine
11) 30 mg per mi, 2 mi ampoule – 170 by 3ep-14 to 2017		3	Hydrochloride
DEMISSATANII IIV/DDOOUII ODIDE			riyaroomonac
REMIFENTANIL HYDROCHLORIDE	10.00	_	11145
Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017		5	Ultiva
Inj 2 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2017	18.00	5	Ultiva
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	2.50	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral drops 100 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	4.50	5	Tramal 100

	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017 CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	1.68	100 100 100	Arrow-Amitriptyline Arrow-Amitriptyline Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015		100 100	Apo-Clomipramine Apo-Clomipramine
DOTHIEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 75 mg Cap 25 mg DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg		100 100	Dopress Dopress
Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg IMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg	6.58	50 60 50	Tofranil Tofranil Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg Tab 75 mg MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ▼ Tab 30 mg → Restricted			
For continuation only NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-13 to 2016		100 180	Norpress Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg			
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015 Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015		500 100	Apo-Moclobemide Apo-Moclobemide
Other Antidepressants			
MIRTAZAPINE – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		30 30	Avanza Avanza

Price

Brand or

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after two years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a severe major depressive episode; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient must have had a trial of two different antidepressants and was unable to tolerate the treatments or failed to respond to an adequate dose over an adequate period of time (usually at least four weeks); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is currently a hospital in-patient as a result of an acute depressive episode; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient must have had a trial of one other antidepressant and either could not tolerate it or failed to respond to an adequate dose over an adequate period of time.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after two years

The patient has a high risk of relapse (prescriber determined)

VENLAFAXINE - Some items restricted see terms below

	Tab modified release 37.5 mg	5.06	28	Arrow-Venlafaxine XR
	Tab modified release 75 mg		28	Arrow-Venlafaxine XR
	Tab modified release 150 mg	3.86	28	Arrow-Venlafaxine XR
	Tab modified release 225 mg14	4.34	28	Arrow-Venlafaxine XR
t	Cap modified release 37.5 mg	3.68	28	Efexor XR
	Cap modified release 75 mg12		28	Efexor XR
	Cap modified release 150 mg20		28	Efexor XR

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after two years

Both:

- 1 The patient has 'treatment-resistant' depression; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient must have had a trial of two different antidepressants and have had an inadequate response from an adequate dose over an adequate period of time (usually at least four weeks); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is currently a hospital in-patient as a result of an acute depressive episode; and.
 - 2.2.2 The patient must have had a trial of one other antidepressant and have had an inadequate response from an adequate dose over an adequate period of time.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after two years

The patient has a high risk of relapse (prescriber determined)

Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors

CITAL OPRAM HYDROBROMIDE 84 Arrow-Citalopram **ESCITALOPRAM** 28 Loxalate Loxalate 28 FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE 30 Arrow-Fluoxetine Arrow-Fluoxetine PAROXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE 90 I oxamine

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SERTRALINE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		90 90	Arrow-Sertraline Arrow-Sertraline
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	11.83	5 5 5	Rivotril Hospira Stesolid
Rectal tubes 5 mg		5	Stesolid
PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE Tab 200 mg Tab long-acting 200 mg Tab 400 mg Tab long-acting 400 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml		100 100 100 100 250 ml	Tegretol Tegretol CR Tegretol Tegretol CR Tegretol
CLOBAZAM Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE Cap 250 mg Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
GABAPENTIN – Restricted see terms on the next page			
	7.16	100	Arrow-Gabapentin
	11.00	100	Nupentin Arrow-Gabapentin Nupentin
	13.75	100	Arrow-Gabapentin Nupentin

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted

- 1 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for up to a total of 8 days' use; or
- 2 For the pain management of burns patients with monthly review.

Initiation - epilepsy

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Either:

- 1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents.

Note: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Continuation - epilepsy

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life.

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Initiation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with neuropathic pain; or
- 2 Roth
 - 2.1 The patient has Chronic Kidney Disease Stage 5-associated pruritus* where no other cause for pruritus can be identified (e.g. scabies, allergy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has persistent pruritus not relieved with a trial of emollient/moisturising creams alone.

Continuation - Neuropathic pain or Chronic Kidney Disease-associated pruritus

Either:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a marked improvement in their control of pain or itch (prescriber determined); or
- 2 The patient has previously demonstrated clinical responsiveness to gabapentin and has now developed neuropathic pain in a new site.

Notes: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications. Dosage adjustment of gabapentin is recommended for patients with renal impairment.

LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
	Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
·	3	200.24	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	·	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg	9.64	30	Lamictal
	15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
Tab dispersible 25 mg	19.38	56	Logem
	20.40		Arrow-Lamotrigine
			Mogine
	29.09		Lamictal
Tab dispersible 50 mg	32.97	56	Logem
	34.70		Arrow-Lamotrigine
			Mogine
	47.89		Lamictal
Tab dispersible 100 mg	56.91	56	Logem
	59.90		Arrow-Lamotrigine
			Mogine
	79.16		Lamictal
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	24.03	60	Levetiracetam-Rex
Tab 500 mg		60	Levetiracetam-Rex
Tab 750 mg		60	Levetiracetam-Rex
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	28.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015		500	PSM
DUENIVION			

PHENYTOIN

Tab 50 mg

PHENYTOIN SODIUM

Cap 30 mg

Cap 100 mg

Oral liq 6 mg per ml

PRIMIDONE

Tab 250 mg

SODIUM VALPROATE

Tab 100 mg

Tab EC 200 mg

Tab EC 500 mg

Oral liq 40 mg per ml

Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below Cap 250 mg Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet		60 60	Diacomit Diacomit	

⇒ Restricted

Paediatric neurologist

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

Tab 25 mg	7 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topiramate Actavis
26.04	4	Topamax
Tab 50 mg18.8	1 60	Arrow-Topiramate
•		Topiramate Actavis
44.26	3	Topamax
Tab 100 mg31.99	9 60	Arrow-Topiramate
•		Topiramate Actavis
75.29	5	Topamax
Tab 200 mg55.19	9 60	Arrow-Topiramate
·		Topiramate Actavis
129.89	5	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	4 60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	4 60	Topamax

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
- 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes:

"Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute	Migrai	ne Tre	eatment

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE

Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

RIZAT	RIP	'TAN
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Prophylaxis of Migraine

PIZOTIFEN

Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015.......23.21 100 Sandomigran

Antinausea and Vertigo Agents

APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below

 \P Cap 2 \times 80 mg and 1 \times 125 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017100.00 3 Emend Tri-Pack

⇒Restricted

Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemotherapy for the treatment of malignancy.

BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

CYCLIZINE LACTATE

DOMPERIDONE

DROPERIDOL

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

GRANISETRON

HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE

F Patch 1.5 mg − 1% DV Dec-13 to 201611.95 2 Scopoderm TTS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

→Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective;
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	100	Metamide
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20174.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-14 to 20165.51	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 20171.00	10	Dr Reddy's
		Ondansetron
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Oct-14 to 20171.50	10	Ondansetron
		ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13 to 20161.82	5	Ondanaccord
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13 to 20162.18	5	Ondanaccord
PROCHLORPERAZINE		
Tab buccal 3 mg		
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-14 to 20179.75	500	Antinaus
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Suppos 25 mg		
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE – Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Tab 25 mg		
TROPISETRON		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-14 to 2015	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-14 to 2015	1	Tropisetron-AFT
170 by May-14 to 201310.33	'	nopiaciion-Ai i

Antipsychotic Agents

General

AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	6.22	30	Solian
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	21.92	60	Solian
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	44.52	60	Solian
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Jul-13 to 2016	52.50	60 ml	Solian
ARIPIPRAZOLE – Restricted see terms on the next page			
▼ Tab 10 mg	123.54	30	Abilify
▼ Tab 15 mg	175.28	30	Abilify
▼ Tab 20 mg	213.42	30	Abilify
▼ Tab 30 mg	260.07	30	Abilify

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

50

100

11.36

Clozaril

Clozaril

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Both:

1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and

Tab 25 mg5.69

- - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effects; or
 - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 10 mg

Tab 25 mg

Tab 100 mg

Oral lig 10 mg per ml

Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

CLOZAPINE

	6.69	50	Clopine
	13.37	100	Clopine
Tab 50 mg	8.67	50	Clopine
	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	14.73	50	Clozaril
-	29.45	100	Clozaril
	17.33	50	Clopine
	34.65	100	Clopine
Tab 200 mg	34.65	50	Clopine
-	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	17.33	100 ml	Clopine
ALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	29.72	100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	23.84	100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	21.55	10	Serenace

LEVOMEPROMAZINE

Tab 25 mg

HA

Tab 100 mg

Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

LITHIUM CARBONATE

Tab long-acting 400 mg

Tab 400 mg	- 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12.83	500 100 100	Lithicarb FC Lithicarb FC Douglas
LANZAPINE				
Tab 0 E ma	10/ DV Con 14 to 2017	0.75	00	7. mino

OL

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	75 28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	65 28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	75 28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20172.	55 28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	05 28	Zypine ODT

Inj 10 mg vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GS		
	\$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	2.10	90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	7.20	90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	12.00	90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE – Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	1.90	60	Actavis
■ Tab orodispersible 0.5 mg	21.42	28	Risperdal Quicklet
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 30 Sep 2017	2.10	60	Actavis
■ Tab orodispersible 1 mg	42.84	28	Risperdal Quicklet
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	2.34	60	Actavis
■ Tab orodispersible 2 mg	85.71	28	Risperdal Quicklet
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	2.55	60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	3.50	60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	9.75	30 ml	Risperon
⇒ Restricted			

Acute situations

Roth:

- 1 For a non-adherent patient on oral therapy with standard risperidone tablets or risperidone oral liquid; and
- 2 The patient is under direct supervision for administration of medicine.

Chronic situations

Both:

- 1 The patient is unable to take standard risperidone tablets or oral liquid, or once stabilized refuses to take risperidone tablets or oral liquid; and
- 2 The patient is under direct supervision for administration of medicine.

TRIFLUOPERAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 1 mg

Tab 2 mg

Tab 5 mg

ZIPRASIDONE - Some items restricted see terms below

t	Cap 20 mg87.88	60	Zeldox
	Cap 40 mg164.78	60	Zeldox
	Cap 60 mg247.17	60	Zeldox
t	Cap 80 mg	60	Zeldox
	Inj 20 mg		

Inj 100 mg

⇒Restricted

- 1 Patient is suffering from schizophrenia or related psychoses; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of unacceptable side effects; or
 - 2.2 An effective dose of risperidone or quetiapine has been trialled and has been discontinued, or is in the process of being discontinued, because of inadequate clinical response.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE

Ini 50 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	20.90	5 5 5	Fluanxol Fluanxol Fluanxol
FLUPHENAZINE DECANOATE Inj 12.5 mg per 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	27.90	5 5 5	Modecate Modecate Modecate
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5 5	Haldol Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE – Restricted see terms below Inj 210 mg vial Inj 300 mg vial Inj 405 mg vial Restricted	460.00	1 1 1	Zyprexa Relprevv Zyprexa Relprevv Zyprexa Relprevv

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
		435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
		9435.12	1	Invega Sustenna

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per \$ Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

BISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial217.56	1	Risperdal Consta

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following: 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5 Clopixol

Anxiolytics

ALPRAZOLAM

Tab 1 mg

Tab 250 mcg

Tab 500 mcg

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg28.0	0 100	Pacific Buspirone
Tab 10 mg17.0	0 100	Pacific Buspirone
CLONAZEPAM		
Tab 500 mcg6.6	8 100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg12.7		Paxam
DIAZEPAM		
Tab 2 mg11.4	4 500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg13.7	1 500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM		
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201810.79	9 250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-15 to 201813.8	8 100	Ativan

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017		100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	8.53	100	Ox-Pam
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments			
FINGOLIMOD – Restricted see terms below			
	2,650.00	28	Gilenya

- Oup 0.0 ii

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Natalizumab can only be dispensed from a pharmacy registered in the Tysabri Australasian Prescribing Programme operated by the supplier.

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms above

t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector	4	Avonex Pen
t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe	4	Avonex
t	Inj 6 million iu vial1,170.00	4	Avonex

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHI ORAL HYDRATE

Oral lig 100 mg per ml

Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

e.a. Circadin

- Tab 1 mg
- Tab 2 mg
- ▼ Tab 3 mg
- Cap 3 mg
- ⇒Restricted

For in hospital use only. For the treatment of insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1 61	Ivialidiacidiei
MIDAZOLAM			
Tab 7.5 mg	40.00	100	Hypnovel
Oral lig 2 mg per ml			,,
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	10.00	10	Pfizer
, , ,	10.75		Hypnovel
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	11.90	5	Hypnovel
			Pfizer
NITRAZEPAM			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	5.22	100	Nitrados
PHENOBARBITONE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TEMAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	1 27	25	Normison
			110111110011
TRIAZOLAM – Restricted : For continuation only			
→ Tab 125 mcg			
→ Tab 250 mcg			
ZOPICLONE			
Tab 7.5 mg	1.90	30	Apo-Zopiclone

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOI	MOXETINE – Restricted see terms below			
t (Cap 10 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
t (Cap 18 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
	Cap 25 mg		28	Strattera
	Cap 40 mg		28	Strattera
t (Cap 60 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
t (Cap 80 mg	139.11	28	Strattera
	Cap 100 mg		28	Strattera

⇒Restricted

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Once-daily dosing; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in worsening of co-morbid substance abuse or there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised stimulant therapy; or
 - 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has been trialled and has been discontinued because of inadequate clinical response; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is considered inappropriate because the patient has a history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizophrenia; and
- 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in combination with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant, except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimulant therapy to atomoxetine.

Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed methylphenidate hydrochloride tablet formulations (immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine sulphate tablets.

CAFFFINE

Tab 100 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE − Restricted see terms below Tab 5 mg − 1% DV Mar-13 to 2015	16.50	100	PSM	
→ Restricted ADHD Paediatrician or psychiatrist Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diag Narcolepsy Neurologist or respiratory specialist Patient suffers from narcolepsy	nosed according to Da	SM-IV or I	CD 10 criteria	
METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see terms be ¶ Tab extended-release 18 mg		30	Concerta	
■ Tab extended-release 27 mg ■ Tab extended-release 36 mg ■ Tab extended-release 36 mg	65.44	30 30	Concerta Concerta	

Concerta

Rubifen

Ritalin LA

30

ŧ	lab immediate-release 10 mg3.00	30	Ritalin
			Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg10.95	30	Rubifen SR
	50.00	100	Ritalin SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg	30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 30 mg	30	Ritalin LA

Tab extended-release 54 mg86.24

⇒Restricted

ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria

Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy

Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eve movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	5.48	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-15 to 2017	10.51	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Fatch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
⇒Restricted			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate: and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BUPREN	ORPHINE WITH NALOXONE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 2	9 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg57.40	2	8	Suboxone
Tab 8	mg with naloxone 2 mg166.00	2	В ;	Suboxone

⇒ Restricted

Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016......4.97 Zyban

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg	24.30	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ¶ Tab 50 mg − 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016 → Restricted	76.00	30	Naltraccord
Alcohol dependence			
Both: Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a rec dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of,			, ,
Constipation			
For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation			
NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	26.13	384	Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	30.12	384	Habitrol (Classic) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
Patch 7 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	12.40	28	Habitrol (
Patch 14 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	13.27	28	Habitrol
Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017		28	Habitrol
Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017		216	Habitrol
Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-14 to 2017	16.60	216	Habitrol
¶ Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
⇒Restricted			
Any of the following:			
 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instru For use within mental health inpatient units; or 	iction; or		

3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg \times 11 and 1 mg \times 1460.48	25	Champix
t	Tab 1 mg	28	Champix
	135.48	56	Champix

⇒Restricted

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking;
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme. which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy: or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 3 months' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or Generic Manufacturer Per

100

50

100

1

1

20

20

1

1

Myleran

Endoxan

Procytox

Endoxan

Fndoxan

Holoxan

Holoxan

Ceenu

Ceenu

(ex man. excl. GST) \$

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating	Agents
------------	--------

BUSULFAN Tab 2 mg59.50

Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

CARMUSTINE

Inj 100 mg vial

CHLORAMBUCIL

Tab 2 mg

CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE

Inj 2 g vial70.06

IFOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial96.00

Inj 2 g vial180.00 LOMUSTINE

MFI PHAI AN

Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial

THIOTEPA

Inj 15 mg vial

Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics

BLEOMYCIN SUI PHATE

Inj 15,000 iu (10 mg) vial

DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]

Inj 0.5 mg vial

DAUNORUBICIN

Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Aug-13 to 2016......118.72

DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE

Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxorubicin hydrochloride.

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Inj 50 mg vial

Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial

Pfizer

Arrow-Doxorubicin

Arrow-Doxorubicin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE	•		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015		1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015	58.20	1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015	94.50	1	DBL Epirubicin Hydrochloride
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	100.00	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	79.75	1	Arrow
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	110.00	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
lnj 2 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial		1	Onkotrone

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE – **Restricted** see terms below

5 Inj 100 mg vial605.00 1 Vidaza

→ Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome: or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Notes: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Studies of temozolomide show that its benefit is predominantly in those patients with a good performance status (WHO grade 0 or 1 or Karnofsky score >80), and in patients who have had at least a partial resection of the tumour.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE

Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2016	30.00	60	Capecitabine Winthrop
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2016	120.00	120	Capecitabine Winthrop

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1)	Per	Manufacturer
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5,249.72	7	Leustatin
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	55 00	5	Pfizer
Inj 20 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016		1	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016		1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-12 to 2015	433 50	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial		5	Fludarabine Ebewe
, ,		Ü	Tiddalabillo Ebollo
FLUOROURACIL	10.55	4	Hamina
Inj 25 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1 5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		5 1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
, ,	34.50	1	Fluorouracii Ebewe
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	15.89	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	49.41	25	Puri-nethol
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-14 to 2015	3.82	30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-14 to 2015		50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	17.19	1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	17.25	1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	17.38	1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	17.63	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe - 1% DV Jan-14 to 2016	17.75	1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		5	Hospira
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		1	Hospira
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	99.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
THIOGUANINE			
Tab 40 mg			
Other Cytotoxic Agents			
AMSACRINE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 75 mg			
ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 0.5 mg			
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4,817.00	10	AFT
, g po, . o			. 11 1

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BORTEZOMIB – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 mg vial	540.70	1	Velcade
Inj 1 ing vial Inj 3.5 mg vial Inj 5.5 mg vial		1	Velcade

⇒Restricted

Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis *; and
- 2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis *; and
- 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and
- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE] Inj 10,000 iu vial102.32	1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE		
Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-13 to 201651.84	1	Hospira
ETOPOSIDE		
Cap 50 mg340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial25.00	1	Hospira
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)		
Inj 100 mg vial40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA		
Cap 500 mg31.76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-12 to 201523.34	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page		
	21	Revlimid
	21	Revlimid

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

50

Natulan

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and 2 Either:
- - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade ≥ 3), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Notes: Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication (refer to Interpretations and Definitions). A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

1 Oncaspar

⇒Restricted

Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

ΙE	MOZOLOMIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 20168.00	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016175.00	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016410.00	5	Temaccord

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of six cycles of 5 days treatment, at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m².

Notes: Indication marked with a * is an Unapproved Indication. Studies of temozolomide show that its benefit is predominantly in those patients with a good performance status (WHO grade 0 or 1 or Karnofsky score >80), and in patients who have had at least a partial resection of the tumour.

THALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms bel	low
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t	Cap 50 mg	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg756.00	28	Thalomid

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen.

Indication marked with * is an Unapproved Indication

TRETINOIN

Cap 10 mg479.50	100	Vesanoid

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPLATIN			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	20.00	1	Carboplatin Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	19.50	1	Carbaccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	48.50	1	Carbaccord
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	105.00	1	Carboplatin Ebewe
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	15.00	1	Cisplatin Ebewe
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	21.00	1	Cisplatin Ebewe
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015	15.32	1	Oxaliplatin Actavis 50
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Aug-12 to 2015	25.01	1	Oxaliplatin Actavis 100

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 20 mg3,774.06	60	Sprycel
	Tab 50 mg6,214.20	60	Sprycel
t	Tab 70 mg7,692.58	60	Sprycel
t	Tab 100 mg6,214.20	30	Sprycel

→ Restricted

For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
ERLOTINIB – Restricted see terms below ≰ Tab 100 mg − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018 ⋠ Tab 150 mg − 1% DV Jun-15 to 2018	*	30 30	Tarceva Tarceva	

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC);
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
 - 1.3 Fither:
 - 1.3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 1.3.2 Both:
 - 1.3.2.1 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with first line platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment with gefitinib; and
 - 1.4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months, or
- 2 The patient received funded erlotinib prior to 31 December 2013 and radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both

- 1 Patient has treatment naive locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Note: Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017		60 30	Imatinib-AFT Imatinib-AFT
LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted	1,899.00	70	Tykerb

→ Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NII OTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg6,532.00	120	Tasigna

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib: or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines: and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg1,334.70	30	Votrient
t	Tab 400 mg2,669.40	30	Votrient

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 The patient has intermediate or poor prognosis defined as any of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; or
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; or
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of \leq 70; or

 $5.6 \geq 2$ sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg2,315.38	28	Sutent
	Cap 25 mg		Sutent
t	Cap 50 mg	28	Sutent

⇒ Restricted

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Initiation - RCC

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval: or

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

2.4 Both:

- 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 The patient has intermediate or poor prognosis defined as any of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; or
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; or
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of ≤ 70; or
 - $5.6 \ge 2$ sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of ≥ 10% or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of ≥ 15% on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of ≥ 10% and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

DOCETAXEL

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1 61	Wallulacturer
PACLITAXEL	45.00	_	D19
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		5 1	Paclitaxel Ebewe Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg	82.45	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	7.33	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	67.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	227.50	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016		15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-13 to 2016	339.90	15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	186.46	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	64.80	5	Hospira
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016	69.60	5	Hospira
VINORELBINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015	64.25	1	Navelbine
Endocrine Therapy			
BICALUTAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	4.90	28	Bicalaccord
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg	55.00	100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE			
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Jan-13 to 2015	51.55	30	Apo-Megestrol

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OCTREOTIDE – Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	13.50	5	DBL
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	22.40	5	DBL
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	89.40	5	DBL
■ Inj 10 mg vial	1,772.50	1	Sandostatin LAR
■ Inj 20 mg vial	2,358.75	1	Sandostatin LAR
■ Inj 30 mg vial	2,951.25	1	Sandostatin LAR

⇒Restricted

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas: and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
TAMOXIFEN CITRATE			
Tab 10 mg	17.50	100	Genox
•		30	Genox
Tab 20 mg			
	8.75	100	Genox
Aromatase Inhibitors			
ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg	26 55	30	Aremed
Tab Ting	20.00	00	DP-Anastrozole
			DI Aliastrozoic
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	14.50	30	Aromasin
LETROZOLE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	4.85	30	Letraccord
v			
Immunosuppressants			
Calcineurin Inhibitors			
CICLOSPORIN			
Cap 25 mg	44 63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg		50	Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015		10	Sandimmun
	270.00	10	Garianinian
TACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 0.5 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 1 mg - 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 5 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018	428.00	50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
→Restricted			
For use in organ transplant recipients			
Fusion Proteins			

Fusion Proteins

⇒Restricted

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:

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- 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
- 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
- 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold: or

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- 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Fither:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and

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2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of etanercept treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment: and

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1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or

- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Indication - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Renewal - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD);
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Paediatric rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

ReoPro

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)			
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Monoclonal Antibodies				
ABCIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below				

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	2	HumiraPen
ſ	Ini 40 ma per 0.8 ml syringe	2	Humira

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Initiation - iuvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or

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2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroguine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold: or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

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Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

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continued...

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or

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continued...

- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values: or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Indication - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pvoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications (refer to Section A: General Rules, Part I (Interpretations and Definitions) and Part V (Miscellaneous Provisions) rule 5.5).

Renewal - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses

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continued...

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD);
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

For use in solid organ transplants

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 25 mg per ml. 16 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- ⇒Restricted

Fither:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation; or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 mg - 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020806.00 1 Remicade

⇒Restricted

Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3-4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept: and

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3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3-4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

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- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has failed to achieve control of severe vision-threatening ocular inflammation following high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids; or
 - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Patient has tried at least two other immunomodulatory agents.

Continuation - ocular inflammation

Both:

- 1 Patient had a good clinical response to initial treatment; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal of infliximab has been trialled and patient has relapsed after trial withdrawal; or
 - 2.2 Patient has Behcet's disease.

Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 One of the following:

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- 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
- 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 4 months of therapy.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and

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- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 6 weeks of therapy.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after further 6 months.

Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 The Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is ≥ 4
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 SCCAI score has reduced by ≥ 2 points from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

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Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, thotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

OMALIZUMAB -	- Restricted	see terms	on t	he next page
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⇒Restricted

Initiation

Respiratory physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6: and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

Continuation

Respiratory physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and
- 3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10 mg per ml. 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Fither
 - 1.1 Age-related macular degeneration; or
 - 1.2 Chorodial neovascular membrane; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has had a severe ophthalmic inflammatory response following bevacizumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has had a myocardial infarction or stroke within the last three months: or
 - 2.3 The patient has failed to respond to bevacizumab following three intraocular injections; or
 - 2.4 The patient is of child-bearing potential and has not completed a family.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 Documented benefit after three doses must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 In the case of but previous non-response to bevacizumab, a retrial of bevacizumab is required to confirm non-response before continuing with ranibizumab.

RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2	Mabthera
t	Ini 10 mg per ml. 50 ml vial	1	Mabthera

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⇒Restricted

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

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Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient has good renal function (creatinine clearance ≥ 30 ml/min); and
- 6 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 7 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles;
- 8 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration).

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to <2.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept;
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulphasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

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Per

continued...

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

I imited to 4 weeks' treatment

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

I imited to 4 weeks' treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to >5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Fither:

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continued...

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of ≤ 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

Fither:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

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Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

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Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks' treatment

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks' treatment

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

I imited to 4 weeks' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient does not have MPO-ANCA positive vasculitis*; or
- 2.2 Mycophenolate mofetil has not been effective in those patients who have MPO-ANCA positive vasculitis*; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve complete absence of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 4.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide >15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose >15 g; or
 - 4.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 4.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 4.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Limited to 4 weeks' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

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Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are Unapproved Indications.

TOCIL IZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

⇒Restricted

Initiation -Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.3 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 1.4.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated: or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

continued...

2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and

2.5 Either:

- 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

2.6 Fither:

- 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD);
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the HML rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial		1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial	3,875.00	1	Herceptin

⇒Restricted

Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months' treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 1.4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 2.2 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
 - 2.4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 2.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 All of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

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- 3.1.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3.1.2 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 3.1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
 - 3.2.3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 3.2.4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 3.3 All of the following:
 - 3.3.1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 3.3.2 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 3.3.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITITINOCTTE GEODOLIN (EQUINE)			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2,351.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg	8.28	60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-14 to 2016	13.22	100	Azamun
Inj 50 mg vial		1	Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below			
¶ Inj 2-8 × 10 ⁸ CFU vial − 1% DV Sep-13 to 2016		1	OncoTICE
Inj 40 mg per ml, vial	149.37	3	SII-Onco-BCG
⇒Restricted			
For use in bladder cancer			
EVEROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 5 mg	4,555.76	30	Afinitor
▼ Tab 10 mg		30	Afinitor

⇒ Restricted

Initiation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Brand or

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Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-13 to 2016	4	CellCept

PICIBANIL

Inj 100 mg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg813.00	100	Rapamune
t	Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
ţ	Oral liq 1 mg per ml	60 ml	Rapamune

⇒Restricted

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- · Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- . HUS or TTP; or
- Leukoencepthalopathy: or
- Significant malignant disease

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 120 mcg vial with diluent, 6 vial
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

⇒ Restricted

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

¶ Ini 550 mcg vial with diluent

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy Prophylactics

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	4.85	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	5.75	200 dose	Alanase
BUDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	4.85	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	5.75	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Apr-13 to 2015	2.30	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% - 1% DV Jan-15 to 2017	3.95	15 ml	Univent
SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE Nasal spray 4%			

Antihistamines

INF HYD	

Tab 10 mg1.59	100	Zetop
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-15 to 20172.99	200 ml	Histaclear

CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE

Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 4 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GS [*]	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-13 to 2016 Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Nov-14 to 2016		100 200 ml	Lorafix LoraPaed
ROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015		50 100 ml	Allersoothe Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
RIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
Anticholinergic Agents			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13 Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-13		20 20	Univent Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Ag	jonists		
ALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per do Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 m poule – 1% DV Nov-12 to 2015	ıl am-	20	Duolin
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents		20	Duolili
Restricted			
itiation			
Il of the following:			
 1 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of brone 2 In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a sq.i.d for one month; and 			
3 Either the patient's breathlessness according to the Medical	Research Council (LI	K) dysnnoe	a scale is:
3.1 Grade 4 (stops for breath after walking about 100 me			
3.2 Grade 5 (too breathless to leave the house, or breath			
4 Actual FEV ₁ as a % of predicted, must be below 60%.			
5 Either:			
 5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only); 5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking continuous of the patient has been offered annual influenza immunization. 	essation counselling;	and	
LYCOPYRRONIUM – Restricted see terms above	also receiving treatr	nent with su 30 dose	ıbsidised tiotropium. Seebri Breezhaler
Note: glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	61.00	30 003 0	Occorr Diccznaici
Note: glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is	61.00	30 dose	GCCDII DICCZIIAICI
Note: glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	receiving treatment v		

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL

TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE

Oral liq 1 mg per ml

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 7.4 mg per ml

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
9.30		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	Beclazone 100
15.50		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mon per dose	200 dosa	Reclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	(ex man. excl. GST)	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LUTICASONE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.50	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	8.67	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	13.87	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	24.51	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
MONTELUKAST – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 4 mg	18.48	28	Singulair
Tab 5 mg	18.48	28	Singulair
Tab 10 mg	18.48	28	Singulair
- Destricted			•

→ Restricted

Pre-school wheeze

Both:

- 1 To be used for the treatment of intermittent severe wheezing (possibly viral); and
- 2 The patient has had at least three episodes in the previous 12 months of acute wheeze severe enough to seek medical attention.

Exercise-induced asthma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been trialed with maximal asthma therapy, including inhaled corticosteroids and long-acting beta-adrenoceptor agonists; and
- 2 Patient continues to receive optimal inhaled corticosteroid therapy; and
- 3 Patient continues to experience frequent episodes of exercise-induced bronchoconstriction.

Aspirin desensitisation

Clinical immunologist or allergist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is undergoing aspirin desensitisation therapy under the supervision of a clinical immunologist or allergist; and
- 2 Patient has moderate to severe aspirin-exacerbated respiratory disease or Samter's triad; and
- 3 Nasal polyposis, confirmed radiologically or surgically; and
- 4 Documented aspirin or NSAID allergy confirmed by aspirin challenge or a clinical history of severe reaction to aspirin or NSAID where challenge would be considered dangerous.

Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE

Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose

Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose

INDACATEROL

Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	26.46	120 dose	Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	26.46	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL - Restricted see terms below

- Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg
- Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg
- Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg
- Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg
- Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg

⇒ Restricted

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient is a child under the age of 12; and
 - 1.2 Has been treated with inhaled corticosteroids of at least 400 mcg per day beclomethasone or budesonide, or 200 mcg per day fluticasone; and
 - 1.3 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional clinical benefit from switching to a combination product; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is over the age of 12; and
 - 2.2 Has been treated with inhaled corticosteroids of at least 800 mcg per day beclomethasone or budesonide, or 500 mcg per day fluticasone; and
 - 2.3 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional clinical benefit from switching to a combination product.

FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg37.4	8 120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg37.4	8 60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg49.6	9 120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg49.6	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE

Powder for inhalation 20 mg per dose

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

Methylxanthines

AM	INOI	PHY	ш	NF

Inj 25 mg per mi, 10 mi ampoule – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017	5	DBL Aminophylline
--	---	-------------------

CAFFFINE CITRATE

Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)14.85	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule55.75	5	Biomed

THEOPHYLLINE

Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms on the next page			
■ Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule	250.00	6	Pulmozvme

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis and the patient has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel; and/or
- 2 Significant mucus production and meets the following criteria
- 3 Treatment for up to four weeks for patients meeting the following:
 - 3.1 Patient is an in-patient: and
 - 3.2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques; or
- 4 Treatment for up to three days for patients diagnosed with empyema.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT

PORACTANT ALFA

 Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial
 425.00
 1
 Curosurf

 Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial
 695.00
 1
 Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TAI C

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

SENSORY ORGANS Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer \$ Per **Anti-Infective Preparations Antibacterials CHLORAMPHENICOL** 4 g Chlorsig Ear drops 0.5% Chlorafast 10 ml Eye drops 0.5%, single dose **CIPROFLOXACIN** Eve drops 0.3% FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5% **FUSIDIC ACID Fucithalmic** 5 g **GENTAMICIN SULPHATE** Genoptic 5 ml PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1% SUI PHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10% **TOBRAMYCIN Tobrex** 3.5 q Eye drops 0.3% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017......11.48 5 ml Tobrex **Antifungals** NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5% **Antivirals ACICLOVIR**

Eye oint 3%

GANCICLOVIR

Eve gel 0.15%

e.g. Virgan

Combination Preparations

CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE

Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone -1% DV Mar-15

10 ml Ciproxin HC Otic

DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN

Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicidin 50 mcg per ml

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN	3 SULPHATE		
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b single 6,000 u per g - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017		3.5 g	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b si phate 6,000 u per ml - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	ıl-	5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3% - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	12 64	5 ml	Tobradex
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%	12.0	0	TODICUOX
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 r	ng		
and gramicidin 250 mcg per g	5.16	7.5 ml	Kenacomb
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations			
Corticosteroids			
DEXAMETHASONE Eye oint 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017		3.5 g 5 ml	Maxidex Maxidex
FLUOROMETHOLONE		0 1111	MUNICON
Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Dec-12 to 2015 PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1% PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	3.80	5 ml	Flucon
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.1%, single dose KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%	13.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 OLOPATADINE Eye drops 0.1%	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE Eye drops 2%			

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Decongestants

NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations

Diagnostic Dyes

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM

Eye drops 2%, single dose

Ophthalmic strips 1 mg

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose

LISSAMINE GREEN

Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg

ROSE BENGAL SODIUM

Ophthalmic strips 1%

Irrigation Solutions

CALCIUM CHLORIDE WITH MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM ACETATE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CITRATE

Eye drops 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and

sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

Eye drops 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%. 250 ml

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

Eye drops 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%. 500 ml

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

Ocular Anaesthetics

OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.4%, single dose

PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eve drops 0.5%

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose

Eye drops 1%, single dose

Viscoelastic Substances

HYPROMELLOSE

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe

Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM HYALURONATE			
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	50.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	50.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-12 to 2015	30.00	1	Provisc
SODIUM HYALURONATE WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE			
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml s	sy-		
ringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate per ml, 0.4 ml syringe	64.00	1	Duovisc
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syring	ge		
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate per ml, 0.55 ml syringe	74.00	1	Duovisc
Inj 30 mg with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe			

Other

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE

Soln trans epithelial riboflavin

Inj 0.1%

Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500

Glaucoma Preparations

Beta Blockers

BETAXOLOL		
Eye drops 0.25% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5 ml	Betoptic S
Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 7.50	5 ml	Betoptic
LEVOBUNOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE	5l	Dataman
Eye drops 0.25%	5 ml 5 ml	Betagan
Eye drops 0.5%	J IIII	Betagan
TIMOLOL		
Eye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 20171.45	5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.25%, gel forming -1% DV Mar-14 to 2016	2.5 ml	Timoptol XE
Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors		
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	100	Diamox
BRINZOLAMIDE Eye drops 1%		
DORZOLAMIDE Eye drops 2%		
•		
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eva dropp 20/, with timolol 0.50/	5 ml	Cocont
Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5%	IIII C	Cosopt

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent			
PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 2% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 2%, single dose Eye drops 4% - 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017	5.35	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% LATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% - 1% DV Sep-12 to 2015 TRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004%	1.99	2.5 ml	Hysite
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE			
Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Mar-15 to 2017	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%	4.32	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	17.36	15 ml	Atropt
CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-14 to 2017 Eye drops 1%, single dose		15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Oct-14 to 2017 Eye drops 1%, single dose		15 ml	Mydriacyl Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			

PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Den	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER			
Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM Eye drops 0.5%			
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			
Eye drops 1%			
Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%	2.02	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN		13 1111	Methopt
Eve drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose			,
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL			
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, sing dose		24	Systane Unit Dose
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT			
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3% - 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL			
Eye drops 1.4%	2.95 3.62	15 ml	Vistil Liquifilm Tears
Eye drops 3%		15 ml	Vistil Forte
-,	3.88		Liquifilm Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE			
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose			
RETINOL PALMITATE		_	
Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE	20.00	10 ml	Llula Eraah
Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.00	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM

Ear drops 0.5%



Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 30 ml vial219.00

Martindale

Acetylcysteine Acetadote

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule170.10

Anexate

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule48.84

5

5

Hospira

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Ini 500 mg per ml. 20 ml ampoule

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Ini 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CH	ARCOAL			
	Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DE	FERASIROX – Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade
t	Tab 250 mg dispersible	552.00	28	Exjade
	Tab 500 mg dispersible		28	Exjade

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μ L) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μ L)

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒Restricted

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

DIMERCAPROL

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule



Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID

Cap 100 mg

SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Soln

Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Antiseptics and Disinfectants

CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%1	.86 50	0 ml l	nealthE
Soln 5%	.50 50	00 ml h	nealthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	GE.	1 h	nealthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml			nealthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml			nealthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml			nealthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml			nealthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml			nealthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml			nealthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml			nealthE
, ,	.00		ioanii L
IODINE WITH ETHANOL	00		=
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml9	.30	1 h	nealthE
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL			
Soln 70%, 500 ml5	.00	1 F	PSM
5.	.65	ł	nealthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
▼ Vaginal tab 200 mg			
⇒Restricted			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%	.27 2	25 g E	Betadine
Soln 10%		•	Riodine
6.	.20 50	00 ml F	Riodine
		E	Betadine
Soln 5%			
Soln 7.5%			
Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 10% with ethanol 30%	.00 50	00 ml E	Betadine Skin Prep
Soln 10% with ethanol 70%			

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	22.50	100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle		1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	143.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	220.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	430.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	220.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	430.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	850.00	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	57.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	150.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	59.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	114.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017	150.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle - 5% DV Sep-14			1 1
to 2017	290.00	10	Omnipaque

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube	36.51	454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag		12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	a		
sachet	•	50	E-Z-Gas II
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	g		5.7.040#
sachet			e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille	hd		
syringe		5	Gadovist
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille		J	Cauovisi
syringe		10	Gadovist
	700.00	10	Gauovisi
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe	320.00	10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	24.50	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
, - Jr			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
GADOXETATE DISODIUM				
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml pre syringe		1	Primovist	
Syllinge MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE		ı	Filliovist	
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		5	Magnevist	
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	185.00	10	Magnevist	
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin	
Ultrasound Contrast Media			·	
PERFLUTREN				
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial - 5% DV Sep-14 to 2017		1	Definity	
	720.00	4	Definity	
Diagnostic Agents				
ARGININE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle				
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE				
Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial				
Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial				
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE				
Powder 100 mg				
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule				
SINCALIDE				
Inj 5 mcg per vial				
TUBERCULIN, PURIFIED PROTEIN DERIVATIVE Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial				
Diagnostic Dyes				
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln				
INDIGO CARMINE				
Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial				
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
PATENT BLUE V				
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical	

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ **Irrigation Solutions** CHI ORHEXIDINE 100 ml Baxter 100 ml Baxter 500 ml Baxter 100 ml Baxter 500 ml Baxter Irrigation soln 0.02%, 500 ml bottle Irrigation soln 0.1%, 30 ml ampoule CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule 100 ml Baxter 500 ml Baxter 4.17 Baxter 1.000 ml 100 ml Baxter 3.87 500 ml Baxter Irrigation soln 0.1% with cetrimide 1%, bottle4.38 100 ml Baxter 500 ml Baxter **GLYCINE** 2.000 ml **Raxter** 14.44 3.000 ml Baxter SODIUM CHLORIDE Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule19.50 Pfizer 30 ml 100 ml Baxter 2.88 500 ml Baxter 2.96 1,000 ml Baxter 10.00 2.000 ml Baxter 12.67 3.000 ml Baxter WATER Irrigation soln, bottle2.68 100 ml Baxter 2.61 500 ml Baxter 2.75 1.000 ml Baxter

9.71

15.80

2.000 ml

3.000 ml

Baxter

Baxter

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml baq

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per N

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

AI UM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL Lia

COAL TAR

Soln BP

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Liq

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

			Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. Go	Per	Manufacturer
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Powder			
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	35.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	35.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL Liq	19.80	2,000 ml	ABM
HYDROCORTISONE Powder - 1% DV Dec-14 to 2017	59.50	25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste			
MENTHOL Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder			
METHYLCELLULOSE Powder Suspension	35.50	473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	35.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension	35.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL Liq			
PARAFFIN Liq			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
PHENOL Liq			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
PROPYLENE GLYCOL Liq	10.00	E00!	ABM
_ц	12.00	500 ml	MOINI

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

SALICYLIC ACID

Powder

SILVER NITRATE

Crystals

SODIUM BICARBONATE

Powder BP

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

Liq (pharmaceutical grade)21.75 2,000 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1%

ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted

Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children; or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted

Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption: or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites: or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

 t
 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle
 e.g. Calogen

 t
 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle
 e.g. Calogen

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle e.g. Liquigen
t Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle e.g. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms above

t Liq

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Protein

→ Restricted

Use as an additive

Fither:

- Protein losing enteropathy: or
- 2 High protein needs.

Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g

Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can8.95 227 g Resource Beneprotein

Powder 89 g protein, <1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g e.a. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet

Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

Fortifier e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk

e.g. S26 Human Milk

Fortifer

e.a. FM 85

e.a. Promod

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Super Soluble Duocal

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children: or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth; or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MAI TODEXTRIN

Powder

e.a. Feed Thickener Karicare Aptamil

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

Per \$

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.a. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre

per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. HCU Anamix Infant Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can e.a. XMET Maxamaid Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can e.g. XMET Maxamum

Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per

100 ml. 125 ml bottle

e.g. HCU Anamix Junior 10

Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. IVA Anamix Infant

e.g. XLEU Maxamaid

e.a. XLEU Maxamum

SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g. 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant e.g. MSUD Maxamaid

e.g. MSUD Maxamum

e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

Phenylketonuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted see terms on the preceding page

- ↑ Tab 8.33 mg *e.g. Phlexy-10*
- Powder 29 g protein, 38 g carbohydrate and 13.5 g fibre per 100 g, 29 g sachet

e.g. PKU Anamix Junior

e.g. PKU Anamix Infant

e.g. XP Maxamaid

e.g. XP Maxamum

e.g. Phlexy-10

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
 Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet
 - Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle

e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10

Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
- 125 ml

PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ

(Orange)
PKU Anamix Junior LQ
(Unflavoured)

- ★ Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle
 - Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle
- Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml
- Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle
 - Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml carton

- e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
- e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
- e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
- e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
- e.g. Easiphen

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on page 196

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. MMA/PA Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid

Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.a. XMTVI Maxamum

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 196

Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g.Energivit

Tyrosinaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 196

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

e.a. TYR Anamix Infant e.g. XPHEN, TYR

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

Maxamaid

Powder 29 g protein, 38 g carbohydrate and 13.5 g fat per 100 g, 29 g

e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

10

Urea Cycle Disorders Products

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 196

Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can

e.g. Dialamine

Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix

X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 196

Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 196

Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency: or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days;
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism: or

continued...

			SI ECIAL I CODS
(ex ma	Price an. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 6 For patients being tube-fed; or 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the preceding	g page		
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	7.50	1,000 ml	Glucerna Select RTH (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the preceding page Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre per 100 ml, can		237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle	1.88	250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre per 100 ml, can	2.10	237 ml	Resource Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Diasip
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above			
Powder 11.5 g protein, 61.7 g carbohydrate and 0.8 g fat per sachet AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above	4.50	80.4 g	Vivonex TEN
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml carton			e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Advanced

Peptisorb

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the precedir Powder 12.5 g protein, 55.4 g carbohydrate and 3.25 g fat per sach Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100	et4.40	79 g	Vital HN
400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 40			e.g. Peptamen Junior
can	9		e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
Powder 15.8 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate and 4.65 g fat per 76 sachet	•	76 g	Alitraq
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, car		237 ml	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)
Fat Modified Products			
AT-MODIFIED FEED – Restricted see terms below Fowder 11.4 g protein, 68 g carbohydrate and 11.8 g fat per 100 400 g can → Restricted Any of the following: 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or 3 Modified as a modular feed for adults.	g,		e.g. Monogen
Hepatic Products			
Restricted for children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant HEPATIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above the Powder 11 g protein, 64 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can High Calorie Products	78.97	400 g	Heparon Junior
◆Restricted			
Any of the following: 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or 3 Both: 3.1 Any of the following: 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements. ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bot	tle5.50	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre p 100 ml, bottle		1,000 m	TwoCal HN RTH (Vanill
DRAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre	ner		

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

High Protein Products

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate and 2.1 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Fortimel Regular

(e.g. Fortimel Regular Liquid 10 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate and 2.1 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle to be delisted 1 May 2015)

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Decompensating liver disease without encephalopathy; or
- 2 Protein losing gastro-enteropathy; or
- 3 Patient has increased protein requirements without increased energy requirements.

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Infant Formulas

AMINO ACID FORMULA – Restricte	ed see	terms b	elow
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Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml. e.g. Neocate

Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Neocate LCP Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00 Neocate Gold 400 a (Unflavoured)

Powder 14 g protein, 50 g carbohydrate and 24.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g

e.g. Neocate Advance Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, can53.00 Neocate Advance 400 a (Vanilla) Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can53.00 Elecare LCP 400 q

(Unflavoured) Elecare (Unflavoured) Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can53.00 400 a

Elecare (Vanilla) 48.5 a

Vivonex Paediatric

⇒Restricted

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken: and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g. 450 g can

e.g. Gold Pepti Junior Karicare Aptamil

⇒Restricted

Initiation - new patients

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption: or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea: or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis: or

continued...

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure.

Initiation - step down from amino acid formula

Both:

- 1 The infant is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
- 2 The infant is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an extensively hydrolysed formula.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or sov infant formula has been undertaken: and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.a. Galactomin 19

LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml,

e.a. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml,

e.a. S26 Lactose Free

e.g. Locasol

LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA

100 ml. 100 ml bottle

Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g.

PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per

e.g. Infatrini

⇒Restricted

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

400 a S-26 Gold Premaro 100 ml

Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle0.75 S26 LBW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml bottle

e.a. Pre Nan Gold RTF

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

bottle

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

⇒Restricted

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.a. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Ketogenic Diet Products			
HIGH FAT FORMULA – Restricted see terms below Fowder 15.25 g protein, 3 g carbohydrate and 73 g fat per 100 g, ca	n35.50	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 can	•	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)
➡Restricted For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficient ditions requiring a ketogenic diet.	cy or glucose transp	orted type-	1 deficiency and other con-
Paediatric Products			
 → Restricted Both: Child is aged one to ten years; and Any of the following: The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be insert Any condition causing malabsorption; or Faltering growth in an infant/child; or Increased nutritional requirements; or The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding 		of feeding;	or
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 14.9 g protein, 54.3 g carbohydrate and 24.7 g fat per 100 can	g,	850 g	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms at Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre protein, 100 ml, bag	er	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms about Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml bag	g2.68	500 ml <i>e</i>	Pediasure RTH .g. Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms at Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre protein, 100 ml, bag	er 6.00	500 ml <i>e</i>	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above t Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 r bottle		200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate)
t Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, c PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above t Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 m		250 ml	Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla)
200 ml bottle Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre p 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	er		.g. Fortini .g. Fortini Multifibre

			SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Renal Products			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML − Restricted see I Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fib per 100 ml, bottle	ore	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
➤ Restricted For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100	g,		
400 g can → Restricted For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML			e.g. Kindergen
Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre p 100 ml, carton		220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms ↓ Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, cart ↓ Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237	ton3.31	237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
bottle ↓ Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 carton → Restricted For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.	ml		e.g. Renilon 7.5
Respiratory Products			
LOW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML − Restricted see to Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 r bottle	ml, 1.66	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
Surgical Products	Ĭ		
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms be Liquid 7.6 g protein, 18.9 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.4 g fibre p 100 ml, carton	per	237 ml	Impact Advanced Recovery (Chocolate) Impact Advanced Recovery (Vanilla)
→ Restricted Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted: ✓ Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200	see terms on the ne	ext page	
bottle		4	preOp

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Standard Feeds

→Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5: or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism: or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 5.4 g protien, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml,		
	1,000 ml bottle	6	e.g. Isosource Standard RTH
t t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag7.00 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
	100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	6	e.g. Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can1.75	250 ml	Ensure Plus HN
t	Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bag7.00 Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per	1,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN RTH
	100 ml, bag7.00	1,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
ΕN	TERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above		
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle2.65	500 ml	Osmolite RTH
_	5.29	1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can1.24	250 ml	Osmolite
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle2.65	500 ml	Jevity RTH
	5.29	1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per		
	100 ml, can	237 ml	Jevity
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,		
	1,000 ml bag	6	e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1000 ml bag	é	e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
ΕN	TERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above		
1	Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per		
•	100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	6	e.g. Jevity Plus RTH

	(1	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OF	RAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t	Powder 16 g protein, 59.8 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can	13.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
t	Powder 21.9 g protein, 53.5 g carbohydrate and 14.5 g fat per 100 g, can	3 67	350 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can		900 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
	Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patients sorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.			
OF	RAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,			
	237 ml carton			e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
OF	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the preceding page			
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, ca	n1.33	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,			
	carton	1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest)
				Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml			e.g. Fortijuice
	bottle			e.g. Fortisip
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer **Bacterial and Viral Vaccines** DIPHTHERIA. TETANUS. PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Ini 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe 10 Infanrix IPV ⇒Restricted Funded for any of the following: 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ¶ Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophilus Infanrix-hexa ⇒Restricted Funded for patients meeting any of the following criteria: 1 Up to four doses for children up to the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or

- 2 Up to four doses (as appropriate) for children are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE

¶ Ini 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid in 0.5 ml svringe −

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or
- 2 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or
- 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenu-

tem restricted (see → above); fltem restricted (see → below)
e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis

Note: increased risk is defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; or
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; or
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Funded for any of the following:

- 1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational weeks 28 and 38 during epidemics.
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 to 17 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation.
- 3 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 to 17 years inclusive for reimmunisation following immunosuppression

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

One dose for patients meeting any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination of children following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For children aged 0-18 years with functional asplenia; or
- 4 For patients pre- and post-splenectomy; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and patients with functional or anatomic asplenia; or
- 2 One dose every five years for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 3 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*.

Note: children under seven years of age require a second dose three years after the first and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

 Price

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and patients with functional or anatomic asplenia; or
- 2 One dose every five years for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 3 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*.

Note: children under seven years of age require a second dose three years after the first and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 A primary course of up to four doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the age of 59 months inclusive; or
- 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of immunisation for individuals under the age of 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV10; or
- 3 One dose is funded for high risk children who have previously received four doses of PCV10; or
- 4 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients with HIV, patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post- solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens up to the age of 18; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml vial (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal serotype)

⇒Restricted

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- or post-splenectomy or with functional asplenia; or
- 2 Up to two doses are funded for high risk children to the age of 18; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

⇒Restricted

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017......0.00
1 Havrix Junior

⇒Restricted

Funded for patients meeting any of the following criteria:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE			
	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
Restricted			
Funded for any of the following criteria:			
 For dialysis patients; or For liver or kidney transplant patient. 			
, , ,	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
Inj 5 mcg in 0.5 ml vial − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	ı	пвуахрно
➡ Restricted			
Funded for any of the following criteria:			
1 For household or sexual contacts of known hepatitis B carr			
2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface at			nacitive corelects and require
3 For children up to the age of 18 years inclusive who are control additional vaccination; or	onsidered not to have acr	lieveu a	positive serology and require
4 For HIV positive patients; or			
5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or			
6 For patients following immunosuppression; or			
7 For transplant patients.			
Inj 10 mcg in 1 ml vial − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
⇒ Restricted			
Funded for any of the following criteria:			
1 For household or sexual contacts of known hepatitis B carr	iers; or		
2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface at			
3 For children up to the age of 18 years inclusive who are compared to the second s	onsidered not to have ach	nieved a	positive serology and require
additional vaccination; or			
4 For HIV positive patients; or			
5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or			
6 For patients following immunosuppression; or			
7 For transplant patients.	Bartistani ara taman bal		
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16 AND 18) VACCINE [HPV] –			Candaail
¶ Inj 120 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 1% DV Jul-14 to 2017 ⇒Restricted	0.00	10	Gardasil
Maximum of three doses for patient meeting any of the following cri	toria:		
1 Females aged under 20 years old; or	iona.		
Patients aged under 26 years old with confirmed HIV infect	tion: or		
3 For use in transplant patients.	,		
INFLUENZA VACCINE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 45 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe	90.00	10	Fluarix
			Influvac
➡ Restricted			
Any of the following:			
1 All people 65 years of age and over; or			
2 People under 65 years of age who:			
2.1 Have any of the following cardiovascular diseases:			

continued...

2.1.1 Ischaemic heart disease; or2.1.2 Congestive heart disease; or2.1.3 Rheumatic heart disease; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per \$ Manufacturer continued... 2.1.4 Congenital heart disease: or 2.1.5 Cerebro-vascular disease: or 2.2 Have any of the following chronic respiratory diseases: 2.2.1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or 2.2.2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function; or 2.3 Have diabetes: 2.4 Have chronic renal disease: 2.5 Have any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; 2.6 Have any of the following other conditions: 2.6.1 Autoimmune disease: 2.6.2 Immune suppression; 2.6.3 HIV: 2.6.4 Transplant recipients; 2.6.5 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases: 2.6.6 Haemoglobinopathies; 2.6.7 Are children on long term aspirin; or 2.7 Are pregnant, or 2.8 Are children aged four and under who have been hospitalised for respiratory illness or have a history of significant respiratory illness. Note: The following conditions are excluded from funding: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy; and hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease. MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Ini 1000 TCID50 measles, 12500 TCID50 mumps and 1000 TCID50 10 M-M-R-II ⇒Restricted A maximum of two doses for any patient meeting the following criteria: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** ⇒Restricted Up to three doses for patients meeting either of the following: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. RABIES VACCINE Ini 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS LIVE REASSORTANT ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ¶ Oral susp G1, G2, G3, G4, P1(8) 11.5 million CCID50 units per 2 ml, 10 RotaTeq

→ Restricted

Maximum of three doses for patients meeting the following:

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 15 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 8 months or over.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKEN POX VACCINE] − Restricted see ter Inj 2,000 PFU vial with diluent − 1 % DV Jul-14 to 2017		1	Varilrix	

⇒ Restricted

Maximum of two doses for any of the following:

- 1 For non-immune patients:
 - 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
 - 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
 - 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
 - 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*.
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist.
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist.
- 4 For HIV positive non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist.
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella.
 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune
- compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

 7. For household contacts of adult nations who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severally immunocompro-
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella
- * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

PART III - OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a number of additional Optional Pharmaceuticals, including some wound care products and disposable laparoscopic equipment, are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER	ιι αρριγ ιο ιι	iciii.	
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	20.00	1	Caresens II Caresens N
			Caresens N POP
Meter	9.00	1	FreeStyle Lite
			On Call Advanced
	19.00		Accu-Chek Performa
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Blood glucose test strips	10.56	50 test	CareSens
			CareSens N
	21.65		FreeStyle Lite
	28.75		Accu-Chek Performa
			Freestyle Optium
Blood glucose test strips × 50 and lancets × 5	19.10	50 test	On Call Advanced
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
Meter	40.00	1	Freestyle Optium
INSULIN PEN NEEDLES			, ,
29 g × 12.7 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 5 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 6 mm		100	ABM
31 g × 8 mm		100	ABM
01 g × 0 11111	10.00	100	B-D Micro-Fine
32 g × 4 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
(ABM 31 g × 8 mm to be delisted 1 May 2015)	10.00	100	B B Innois i ins
, ,			
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE	10.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g \times 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g \times 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle		100	ABM
Syninge i ini wiiii 29 g x 12.7 iniin needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g \times 8 mm needle	13.00	100	ABM
Syninge i ini wiai oi g x o iniii needie	10.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
(ABM Syringe 1 ml with 29 g \times 12.7 mm needle to be delisted 1 May 2015)			B B Gilla i illo ii
(ABM Syringe 1 ml with 31 g \times 8 mm needle to be delisted 1 May 2015)			
KETONE BLOOD BETA-KETONE ELECTRODES			
Test strips	15 50	10 otrin	Erocatula Ontium Katana
	15.50	10 strip	Freestyle Optium Ketone
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Size 2	2.99	1	EZ-fit Paediatric Mask
PEAK FLOW METER			
Low Range	11.44	1	Breath-Alert
Normal Range	11.44	1	Breath-Alert

PART III - OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE Cassette	22.80	40 test	Innovacon hCG One Step Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Test strip	6.00	50 strip	Accu-Chek Ketur-Test
SPACER DEVICE 230 ml (single patient)	4.72 8.50	1 1	Space Chamber Plus Volumatic

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